GUIDE TO THE RECORDS

OF THE

SOUTH ARCOT DISTRICT

17[illegible] TO 1835

S-7

MADRAS
PRINTED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS

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1934

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SOUTH ARCOT DISTRICT

GUIDE TO THE RECORDS

1708 to 1835.

CHAPTER I.

INTRODUCTION.

The records of the South Arcot District, now preserved in the Madras Record Office, consist of 346 large volumes and 65 bundles and include the consultations of the Council at Cuddalore and Fort St. David from 1708 to 1790 with Collectorate records from 1793 to 1835. They are catalogued under two sets of serial numbers, owing to the fact that the volumes from 1821 to 1835 were called up from the district at a date subsequent to the rest.

2. It would appear that the following volumes have been lost.

Correspondence.	Year.
(*a*) From the Board	1792–8 1800–1 1809 1814
(*b*) To the Board	1792–4 1796–812
(*c*) To and from the Board	1795–7 1800–5 1813
(*d*) Jamabandi	F. 1218 (1808–9)

3. Forty-five of the earlier volumes have already been included in the Press List of Ancient Records which runs to 1800; 51 were press-listed in the district in 1905. The following table shows the details of each series.

Series. (1)	Press list of Ancient Records. (2)	District press list of 1905. (3)	Total. (4)
	Volume number.	Volume number.	
Fort St. David Consultations	40–61 63–5	62	26
Miscellaneous Correspondence	148–57 159–60 163 165–6 169	161–2 164 167 170–3	24
Cuddalore Consultations	70–1 74 84	66–9 72–3 75–83 85–106	41
Letters to and from the Board of Revenue	..	323–5	3
Letters to the Board of Revenue	..	272	1
Letters from the Board of Revenue	..	282	1
Total ..	45	51	96

These 96 volumes have therefore been omitted from the table of contents.

4. The remaining volumes and bundles number 315. Of these, the contents of 86 have been listed completely, the substance of each letter being entered in the table of contents, with the exception of reminders and covering letters which have no intrinsic interest. This series ends with the year 1820. For the remaining 229 the list includes only a selection of the more important papers.

5. Chapter III gives a list of original papers reprinted at the district press. The student is recommended to study these before coming direct to the original volumes.

CHAPTER II.

HISTORICAL SKETCH.

1. *Physical Features.*—South Arcot is a compact coastal district south of Madras lying between the parallels of latitude 11° and 12° 30′ north, and of longitude 78° and 80° east, the latter of which it just crosses at the point where its coast line ends at the Chingleput District. It is occupied by a flat plain sloping gently towards the sea, bounded on the north-west by the Gingee Hills and on the west by the Kalrayans which extend into the Salem district. The forests which once covered the latter range have been sadly depleted by neglect and by the shifting cultivation of the hill people. Four important rivers cross the district, the Ponnaiyar and Gadilam in the centre and the Vellar and Coleroon in the south.

2. *Early History.*—In the Kalrayans are found the earliest traces of man, in the form of stone celts, which the people now regard as sacred, and stone coffins containing fragments of bone, pottery and iron. Adjacent to this mountain region on the east lies a country described in the ancient Tamil poems as Maladu or Malayaman Nadu, the territory of "the mountain chief," possibly the same dynasty as that referred to in the Pallava inscription on the rock of Trichinopoly. Later on, the Pallavas of Conjeeveram ruled the district from the north and, in the 10th century, it came under the growing power of the Cholas of the south, who held it with varying fortunes till the 14th century when the kings of Vijayanagar united the whole of the southern Deccan against Mahometan attack. At this time, the fortress of Gingee was probably constructed. It became the seat of a governor and a place of great strategical importance.

3. *European Settlements.*—Towards the end of the 16th century, the Portuguese founded the settlement of Porto Novo. They were supplanted in the east by the Dutch, who established factories at Porto Novo and Devanampatnam (Fort St. David). In 1674, the French obtained permission from the local governor at Gingee to settle at and fortify the village of Pondicherry. The East India Company who had obtained their charter in 1600, founded the factory of Masulipatam in 1611 and the city of Madras in 1639. In 1674, Mohammad Khan, the governor of Gingee, invited them to settle at or near Porto Novo and Valudavur to free him "from the importunities of the French and the Dutch." This led to the establishment of the factory at Cuddalore in 1682 and in 1683 to that of Porto Novo. In 1690, the Company purchased from Rama Raja, the Maratha chief of Gingee, the fort of Devanampatnam, which they renamed Fort St. David. For 50 years the settlement succeeded in weathering all the dangers which threatened it by hostile attack from the land. In 1745, when the French captured Madras, Fort St. David became the seat of the Company's government on the coast.

4. *Wars with the French.*—From 1744 to 1814 the French and the English were in a state of chronic hostility. There is no room here to attempt an extended account of their campaigns: a few dates must suffice. The Presidency was retransferred to Madras in 1752. The French took Fort St. David in 1756 and razed the fortifications to the ground. The English captured Pondicherry from the French three times, under Sir Eyre Coote in 1761, Sir Hector Munro

in 1778 and Col. Braithwaite in 1793. After each occasion, it was restored to the French by treaty. The period is one which produced many remarkable men on both sides, not the least of whom was Dupleix of whom we get a first hand account in the diary of the dubash, Ananda Ranga Pillai.

Pondicherry remained under the government of English officers from 1793 to 1816 when it was finally restored to France. Government, in 1819, constituted the appointment of Special Agent for Foreign Settlements and appointed Captain J. S. Fraser to the post, which he held till 1834. The post was abolished in that year and the Special Agency for Pondicherry is now held by the Collector of South Arcot.

5. *The Renting System.*—Meanwhile the Mahometan rulers of the south seemed bent on killing the goose that laid the golden eggs. Nothing was more calculated to paralyse the functions of the state and induce a general bankruptcy than the pernicious system of revenue renting. By a singular irony, the process of their extinction was hastened by a servant of the Nawab of the Carnatic, Rayoji, a Hindu of great administrative ability, who first managed and finally rented the district over a period of years for the enormous sum of 13½ lakhs of pagodas. In 1780, the year of Rayoji's death, Haidar Ali put the finishing touches to his work by wasting the Carnatic with fire and sword.

6. *Land Revenue in the Eighteenth Century.*—In this part of India, the Company came early into direct contact with the cultivator, when in 1690, they bought from Rama Raja the fort of Devanampatam, they obtained with it the "cannon ball villages," those within "the randome shott of a great gun" fired from the ramparts of Fort St. David. They acquired also from the Nawab of Arcot the jaghir of Tiruvendipuram in 1749 and the estate of Chinnamanayakampalaiyam in 1762. They usually rented out the dry land for a rent fixed either annually or by immemorial custom. On some of the wet lands they took a share of the crops, others they rented out like the dry. This system of mixed renting and direct collection (amani) lasted till 1787, when the recently established Board of Revenue, considering that the amani system was too complicated for Europeans to manage, rented the villages throughout and thus fired the first gun in the great controversy between the supporters of permanent renting and the system of direct relation between government and the ryot which, under the names of kulwar, patcat and ryotwari finally drove its rival from the field.

7. *The Early Nineteenth Century.*—In 1801 the British took possession of the whole district from the Nawab of Arcot. But though many of its Collectors were men of character and ability, half a century was to elapse before the administration of the land revenue recovered from the policy of over-assessment which had come down to them from Rayoji. Captain Graham, the first Collector, reduced the assessment 30 per cent but, as he continued the system of renting, it was the renters and not the ryots who benefited. He had little grip over the intricacies of the problem and in the following year, the Board superseded him by its Secretary, Mr. Garrow. He, in turn, was removed, not for incompetence, but for undue severity. Major McLeod, who took his place, was opposed by the Board in his efforts to mitigate the assessment and took leave in 1805. His successor, Mr. Ravenshaw, returned to the charge. He succeeded in convincing the Board that relief was urgently needed and began a survey and settlement which was completed in 3 taluks. But in 1808, Government directed that all the villages in certain districts, including South Arcot, should be leased out for 3 years. The experiment proving a failure, decennial leases were tried in 1812, in the hope of encouraging the ryots to extend and improve their land. The Court of Directors finally adopted the policy of a ryotwari system and Mr. Hyde (1812–26) was instructed to introduce it as the ten year leases fell in. He and his successor Mr. Brooke Cunliffe pressed for a reduction of Mr. Ravenshaw's rates, but with only very partial success.

8. *The Modern Period.*—In 1851, Mr. Edward Maltby, an officer of merit, took charge of the district. In his report of 1853, he showed that over-assessment was driving people out of the district and that the district was assessed

at much higher rates than its neighbours. The Board and Government agreed generally with the reductions which he proposed and in 1854–5, they were given effect to. In 1861, a re-settlement, based on a regular survey, was introduced into 2 taluks. Between 1883 and 1887 the operation was extended to the entire district.

9. *Survivals.*—The district records contain many valuable hints as to the ancient forms of administration and land tenure. Reference is made to the Nattars of the Tiruvendipuram Estate who were probably the lineal descendants of Chola and possibly also of Pallava officials controlling a group of villages. In the same estate were found Poligars, the military and police officers of the Vijayanagar administration. Traces also existed of the ancient right of miras enjoyed by a privileged class of cultivator who received, by hereditary right, a share of the crop, possibly originally intended to support a leisured class who bore definite responsibilities of service to the central government. There were traces even of an ancient system of periodically sharing out the land, both wet and dry. In fact, this custom was abolished only as late as 1876 in villages included in Villupuram and Tirukkoyilur.

CHAPTER III.

LIST OF REPRINTS.

South Arcot.

Volumes 4–17, 485, 327–30.

Reprint volume number.	Title of paper.	Date.	From	To	Volume number in the original.	Page number in the original.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
4	**Settlement** Tiruvendipuram.	30- 6-1775	Board	Government.	Collectorate records, Vol. 364.	1–94
5	——Fort St. David Farm. ..	22-10-1775	Do.	Do.	Collectorate records, Vol. 365.	1–47
6	**Records** 1755–800, Press-list. ..	1905	..	..	..	..
7	**Settlement** F. 1212.	12- 7-1802	Collector	Board	Collectorate records, Vol. 178.	220–91
		8- 9-1802	Board	Collector ..	Collectorate records, Vol. 177.	430–4
8	——F. 1215.	1- 7-1806	Collector	Board ..	Collectorate records, Vol. 226.	31–7
	——F. 1216.	15- 8-1807	Do. ..	Do. ..	Collectorate records, Vol. 328.	56–66
		3-12-1807	Board	Collector ..	Board's Pro., Vol. 457.	9389
	Survey and Settlement Report.	10- 5-1808	Collector	Board ..	Collectorate records, Vol. 369.	1–36
9	**Dutch Settlements** Restitution of.	28- 1-1816	Mr. John Hodgson, Commissioner.	Government.	Collectorate records, Vols. 372	1–124
					373 (1) ..	1–263
10	**Ryotwari Settlement** Introduction of.	21- 9-1818	Board	Collector ..	Board's Pro., Vol. 803.	10262–9
		10-2 -1820	Collector	Board ..	Collectorate records, Vol. 281.	11–68
		4-12-1820	Board	Collector ..	Board's Pro., Vol. 872.	10335–65
		15- 6-1821	Collector	Board ..	Board's Pro., Vol. 886.	5594–602
		2- 7-1821	Board	Collector ..	Do.	5602–4
		27- 7-1821	Government ..	Board ..	Board's Pro., Vol. 892.	6856–9
	Revenue System Madras Presidency Memoir.	1- 1-1820	Bundla Ramaswami Naidu.	Mr. John Hodgson.	..	..

Reprint volume number.	Title of paper.	Date.	From	To	Volume number in the original.	Page number in the original.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
12 Settlement						
	Pt. 1234, 1235, Instructions.	..	Collector	..	..	..
13 Buildings, Private						
	Renting, Objection of the inhabitants.	2-12-1841	Board	Collector ..	..	..
	— Minutes of Consultation.	11-11-1841	Government ..	Board ..	Board's Pro., Vol. 1783.	17828-912
		31- 8-1841	Mr. Dent, Commissioner.	Government.	Do.	Do.
14 Irrigation						
	Godavari, Kistna and Coleroon Anicuts, Minutes of Consultation.	29- 5-1852	Government ..	..	Revenue Cons., Vol. 765.	3192-4
	— Board's Proceedings. ..	23-10-1854	Board	..	Board's Cons., Vol. 2442.	14395-6
	— Minutes of Consultation.	7-12-1854	Government ..	..	Rev. Cons, Vol. 822.	7371-2
	— Board's Proceedings. ..	2- 4-1855	Board	..	Board's Cons., Vol. 2465.	4906
	— Minutes of Consultation.	14- 4-1855	Government ..	..	Rev. Cons., Vol. 831.	1986
		19- 4-1855	Board	Government.	Board's Pro., Vol. 2468.	6019
		29- 7-1854	Sub-Collector, Rajahmundry.	Board ..	Board's Cons., Vol. 2435.	11959-72
		23- 9-1854	Do.	Do. ..	Board's Cons., Vol. 2442.	14261-3
		4- 5-1853	Do.	Chief Engineer.	Do.	14264-312
	— Memorandum by Mr. Stokes.	..	..	..	Rev. Cons., Vol. 832.	2507-51
	— Minutes of Consultation.	26- 4-1855	Government ..	..	Do.	2552-5
	— Board's Proceedings. ..	21- 5-1855	Board	..	Board's Cons., Vol. 2474.	8120-95
		6- 2-1855	Collector	Board ..	Do.	8188-9
		9- 7-1855	Commissioner, Northern Circars.	Government.	Northern Circars Commissioner's Cons., Vol. 86.	3231-306
		19- 9-1857	Commandant of Engineers.	Do.	Rev. Printed Pro., Vol. July-September 1858.	392-3
	— Memorandum on Mr. Goldingham's Report.	12- 9-1857	Col. A. Cotton ..	..	Do.	394-413
		25- 7-1856	District Engineer ..	Commissioner, Northern Circars.	Do.	414-5
		4- 3-1858	Commandant of Engineers.	Government.	Do.	416
	— Memorandum on the papers of the Board of Revenue.	..	Col. A. Cotton ..	..	Do.	416-24
	— Memorandum of Col. A. Cotton, Board's reply.	22- 5-1858	Mr. Goldingham, First Member, Board of Revenue.	Government.	Do.	425-8
		5- 6-1856	Board	Do.	Do.	429-40
	— Memorandum by Mr. Taylor.	31- 5-1858	Collector.	Do.	Do.	440-1
	— Minutes of Consultation.	10- 8-1856	Government ..	..	Do.	442-3
15 Assessment						
	— Revision.	17-12-1852	Collector	Board ..	Board's Cons., Vol. 2416.	5685-764
		8- 2-1854	Do.	Do. ..	Do.	5765-75
	— Board's Proceedings. ..	27- 4-1854	Board ..	Government.	Do.	5776-801
	— Minutes of Consultation.	26- 6-1854	Government ..	Board ..	Rev. Cons., Vol. 812.	3380-402
	— Board's Proceedings ..	17- .. 1854	Board	Government.	Board's Cons., Vol. 2427.	9479-91
	— Minutes of Consultation.	4- 8 -1854	Government ..	Board ..	Rev. Cons., Vol. 814.	4424-31

Reprint volume number.	Title of paper.	Date*	From	To	Volume number in the original.	Page number in the original.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
16	**Assessment**					
	Revision.	18- 7-1855	Court of Directors.	Government.	Rev. Des. from the Court of Directors No. 11, dated 18th July 1855.	..
	Human Sacrifice					
	Meriah Agency's report ..	17- 9-1856	Court of Directors.	Government of India	..	..
	Motarpha					
	Abolition.	5-11-1856	Do.	Do.	Rev. Des. from the Court of Directors No. 14 of 1856.	..
	Hyderabad					
	Assigned Districts, Administration.	6- 5-1857	Court of Directors.	Government of India.	..	..
	Public Works					
	Charges.	9- 7-1856	Do.	Do.	..	..
		17- 4-1857	Do.	Do.	..	..
17	**Irrigation**					
	Disputes between the English and the French, Conventions and engagements.	26- 9-1806 16- 6-1826	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
485	**Settlement**					
	F. 1271, Instructions. ..	..	..	..	..	..
327	**Survey and Settlement**					
	Chidambaram and Mannargudi.	23-11-1858	Deputy Director, Revenue Settlement.	Director, Revenue Settlement.	Board's Pro., Vol. 20.	61-85
		27- 8-1859	Director, Revenue Settlement.	Board ..	Do.	24-6[illegible]
	— Board's Proceedings. ..	3-11-1859	Board	..	B.P. No. 4498, dated 3rd November 1859.	..
	— Proceedings of Government.	19-10-1860	Government ..	..	Rev. Pro., October 1860.	627-8
		11- 5-1861	Director, Revenue Settlement.	Government.	Rev. Pro., May 1861.	1271
		27- 5-1861	Government ..	..	Do.	Do.
		31- 3-1863	Director, Revenue Settlement.	Board ..	Board's Pro., Vol. 66.	4279-99
	— Proceedings of the Board.	23- 7-1863	Board	..	Do.	4300-4
	— Proceedings of Government.	1- 9-1863	Government ..	..	Rev. Pro., September 1863.	1876-8
	— Board's Proceedings. ..	11- 9-1863	Board	..	Board's Pro., Vol. 68.	5324
		14- 6-1864	Collector	Board ..	Board's Pro., Vol. 77.	3829-39
	— Board's Proceedings. ..	22- 6-1864	Board	..	Do.	3840
	— Proceedings of Government.	25- 7-1864	Government. ..	..	Rev. Pro., July 1864.	1801-2
		23-11-1864	Secretary of State for India.	Government.	Rev. Pro., January 1865.	86
	Do.	17- 1-1865	..	..	Do.	Do.
328	**Settlement**					
	Revised instructions. ..	..	..	..	..	..
329	**Groundnut**					
	Mr. C. A. Barber's report	21-11-1899	..	..	..	..
330	**Sugar**					
	Mr. C. A Barber's report.	28-11-1899	..	..	B.P. (Settlement) No. 6186, dated 18th December 1899.	..

CHAPTER IV.

THE CATALOGUE.

Abstract.

South Arcot.

Record Office Catalogue. Section.	Sub-section.	Period.	Serial number of volumes.	Number of volumes.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Fort St. David Consultations	..	1708-57	40-85	26
Cuddalore Consultations	..	1767-90	86-99	34
Letters to and from the Commercial Resident on Investments, etc.	..	1795-807	100-17	18
Correspondence on Military Matters	..	1793-819	118-35	18
Correspondence on Political Matters	..	1765-828	136 (1)-(21), 137-47 (1)-(11).	52
Miscellaneous Correspondence	..	1746-820	148-271	124
Letters to the Board of Revenue	..	1795-820	272-81	10
Letters from the Board of Revenue	..	1799-820	282-322	41
Letters from and to the Board of Revenue.	..	1792-814	323-39	17
Jamabandi Statements	..	Fl. 1211-30	340-63	24
Miscellaneous Reports	..	1775-820	364-73 (1)	11
Statements	..	1816	4495	1
Masulipatam Factory	From the Board of Revenue.	1815-9	4496	1
Salt Monopoly	From the Government.	1816-9	4497	1
Register	Quit-rent	1808-20	4498	1
Letters from the Board of Revenue	..	1821-35	4499-513	15
Miscellaneous	From the Board of Revenue, etc.	1830-5	4514-9	6
Index				
	(1) Letters received	1834	4520	1
	(2) Letters sent	1835	4521	1
Register	Quit-rent	1821-34	4522	1
Mahe	Letters to the British Commissioner.	1825-34	4523	1
Dutch Settlements	Do.	1818-29	4524-5	2
Miscellaneous	Do.	1822-35	4526-30	5
			Total	411

THE CATALOGUE.

South Arcot.

Serial number.	Contents.	Period.	Number of pages.	Shelf number.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
40-106 *	Commercial	1708-99	..	1386-8
107	Cloth export, Commercial	2-1-1800 26-12-1800	149	1388
108	Do.	1-1-1801 18-12-1801	37	"
109	Do.	31-12-1801 14-12-1802	59	"
110	Do.	4-1-1803 26-12-1803	38	"
111	Do.	5-1-1803 24-12-1803	204	"
112	Statements	1-5-1803 30-4-1804	145	"
113	Cloth export, Commercial ,Weavers	2-1-1804 29-12-1804	157	"
114	Statements	1-5-1804 30-4-1805	99	"
115	Cloth export, Factory House, Investment	4-1-1805 30-12-1805	67	"
116	Garden House, Military	2-1-1806 23-12-1806	128	"
117	Do.	8-1-1807 17-11-1807	74	"
118	Statements	1-6-1793 30-12-1793	173	"
119	Military	3-4-1794 10-2-1795	312	"
120	French prisoners of war, Military	26-1-1795 28-9-1797	209	"

* Indicates that the volume has been press-listed.

1842

Serial number. (1)	Contents. (2)	Period. (3)	Number of pages. (4)	Shelf number. (5)
121	Choultry Courts, French prisoners of war, Military, Superior Council.	26- 1-1795 5- 4-1796	166	1388
122	Military	15- 4-1795 24- 5-1797	654	,,
123	Statements	4- 4-1796 14- 5-1798	118	,,
124	Do.	1- 3-1796 31- 8-1798	114	,,
125	Military	1-12-1797 14- 1-1799	118	,,
126	Do.	5- 7-1798 31- 1-1799	143	,,
127	French prisoners of war, Police Regulations ..	18- 9-1803 16- 6-1804	182	,,
128	Military	27-10-1803 14- 1-1804	109	,,
129	Do.	29-10-1803 1- 2-1816	76	,,
130	Do.	17- 1-1804 18- 3-1805	304	,,
131	French prisoners of war, Pensions	23- 8-1809 13-11-1810	180	,,
132	Do.	26- 4-1812 9- 7-1813	306	,,
133	French prisoners of war, Pensions, Salt	16-12-1813 5- 8-1814	166	,,
134	French Settlements	29- 7-1814 2- 9-1815	338	,,
135	Do.	1- 1-1819 31-12-1819	138	,,
136 (1)	Courts, Jaghir, Karikal	1- 8-1798 28- 5-1809	173	,,
136 (2)	Pondicherry, Settlement, Survey	5-15-1815 17- 2-1818	154	,,
136 (3)	Dutch Settlements	19- 5-1802 23- 6-1803	32	,,
136 (4)	French privileges	8-10-1808	12	,,
136 (5)	Dutch and French Settlements	1-10-1801 13- 8-1814	12	,,
136 (6)	Karikal, Mahe and Pondicherry	21-10-1816 17- 2-1819	63	,,
136 (7)	Salt and Tobacco	10- 1-1817 12- 4-1820	109	,,
136 (8)	French Settlements	31- 5-1797 18-11-1816	38	,,
136 (9)	Dutch and French Settlements	10- 6-1816 9- 3-1821	44	,,
136 (10)	Calicut Factory—French claim to	7- 2-1817 3-11-1818	25	,,
136 (11)	Masulipatam Factory—French claim to	25- 2-1817 8- 5-1819	28	,,
136 (12)	Allowances—French prisoners of war	29- 5-1807	6	,,
136 (13)	Do.	17- 9-1794 16- 3-1819	93	,,
136 (14)	Foreign Settlements—Examination of witnesses—Procedure.	2-12-1817	18	,,
136 (15)	Rupee—Introduction	15- 7-1807 22- 8-1807	12	,,
136 (16)	Pondicherry Rupee	11- 1-1817 16- 9-1817	32	,,
136 (17)	Military march	23- 1-1817	3	,,
136 (18)	Lt. Ness—Claim to his sword	25-10-1796 16- 9-1818	43	,,
136 (19)	Foreign offenders	27-10-1817 25-11-1817	26	,,
136 (20)	Customs—British right of collection	29- 7-1814 24- 5-1820	593	,,
136 (21)	Customs, French and Dutch Settlements, Salt and opium monopoly	19-12-1816 23-11-1820	496	,,
137	French Settlements—Restoration	10- 6-1815 30- 8-1819	2486	,,
138	Index to Vol. 137	Do.	82	1389
139	Do.	Do.	82	,,
140	Do.	Do.	85	,,
141	French Settlements—Restoration	18- 3-1764 13- 3-1784	56	,,
142 (1)	Register of letters received and sent	2- 2-1818 3- 8-1818	197	,,
142 (2)	Dutch Settlements—Restitution	28- 1-1818 29- 9-1818	247	,,
142 (3)	Do.	10- 1-1818 7-12-1819	176	,,
142 (4)	Dutch Settlements, Pearl fisheries	31- 1-1818 2- 1-1819	122	,,
142 (5)	Factories at Poto Novo and Tinnevelly—Dutch claim to	7- 8-1806 2- 2-1819	82	,,

CL34

Serial number. (1)	Contents (2)	Period. (3)	Number of pages. (4)	Shelf number. (5)
142 (6)	Pulicat—Restoration to the Dutch	27- 8-1819 6-10-1819	66	1389
142 (7)	Salt, Tranquebar—Restoration	11- 2-1808 24-11-1818	310	"
142 (8)	Cloth monopoly, Factories, Parawas, Pearl fisheries	22- 1-1815 29- 9-1820	198	"
142 (9)	Do.	3- 7-1819 4-12-1819	95	"
142 (10)	Parawas	25- 9-1789 12-12-1789	20	"
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CHAPTER V.

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

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2. The spelling of words of Indian origin in the title and sub-title is in the modern style. The original spelling has generally been retained in the precis.

3. Abbreviations are sparingly used. Examples are 'f.' for 'fasli' 'O.C.' for 'Officer Commanding', 'Rt.' for regiment' and 'Bn.' for 'Battalion.'

4. References to the same subject occurring in different letters have sometimes been grouped so as to facilitate collation and save space.

5. Page numbers, when consecutive, have been coalesced thus: 12–5, 16, 17–9 would be printed 12–9. The page numbers do not, therefore, necessarily correspond precisely with the dates opposite which they are printed.

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Assignment of Land.
Assistant
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Avenues.

B

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Base Coins.
Bazaar Fund.
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Bengal Recruits.
Betel
Tobacco, Ganja, etc.

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Bound Hedge.
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Breach of Contract.
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C

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Captured Arms.
Carnatic Debts.
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Balance, Bills, Escort, Estimate, Indent, Receipts, Remittances.

Caste Dispute.
Casualty Roll.
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Census.
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Cloth
Dyers, Export, Indent, Manufacture.

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Cognizance.
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Collector's
Commission, Diary, Office.

Collectorate Schools.
Commerce.
See Cloth, External Commerce Reporter, Trade, Woollen Goods.

Commercial
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See Boats, Bridges, Chatrams, Choultries, Ferries, Roads, Travellers' bungalows, Vessels.

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Customs
Establishment, Offences, Peons, Regulations, Revenue, Tariff.

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D

Danish

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Dismissal.
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E

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See also Currency, Exchange, Famine, Flood damage, Foodgrains, Forced labour, Migration, Prices.

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Estates.
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Europeans.
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Explosives.
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The Committee of Reform reports that:—		
1. Although the price of cloth has risen since 1770 by 27 per cent, still the weaver derives from his labour only a moderate subsistence. The price of a corge of 14 Punjum cloth at Vizagapatam in 1770 was St. Pag 37½. In 1800, it was St. Pag. 47. The price of cotton has fallen from 7¼ viss per pagoda to 5½ viss per pagoda.		
2. The price of cotton thread has increased from Rs. 70 per candy to Rs. 110.		
3. The committee recommends the cultivation of superior cotton from Saddahnagpore on the coast.		

Item	Date.	Page number
Cash Remittance		
Advice of	30-5-00	100
	31-7-00	108
	26-11-00	143
Audit	11-6-00	101-3
	12-11-00	138
Government Buildings		
Adjustment of house-rent	8-7-00	105-6
		120
Company's Servants		
Loans.	25-7-00	106-7
The Court of Directors prohibits the Company servants from engaging in loans or conniving at such transactions.		
Cash Receipt	30-7-00	108
Audit Regulations	16-8-00	109-15
Civil servants		
Regulation governing allowances to.	16-8-00	115-6
Currency		
Exchange Regulation.	18-8-00	116-9
The exchange of panams is fixed as follows :—	14-11-00	141-2
16¼ Coilly panams per star pagoda.		
30 Sully panams per star pagoda.		
120 Porto Novo pagodas are equal to 100 star pagodas.		
Randall, Mr. Benjamin		
Appointed Commercial Assistant.	22-8-00	119
Civil Fund		
Stoppages.	11-10-00	122
	29-10-00	125
Bills	..	122-3
Stationery Indent	15-10-00	124
Ecclesiastical Allowances		
Sanction of.	24-10-00	125
Hurst, Mr. John		
Divine service	24-10-00	126
An allowance of Pag. 5. per month is given to Mr. Hurst "for reading Divine Service at Cuddalore".		
Company's Weavers		
Advances.	27-10-00	131-2
A sum of Rs. 2,000 has been sanctioned for the advance to weavers.		
Cash Estimate	3-11-00	133
Accounts		
Transmission of.	12-11-00	137-8
Assistant Commercial Resident		
Commission.	28-11-00	144-5
The Assistants in the Commercial Department are allowed to draw the commission before completing the period of 3 years if they are qualified for the post of Deputy Commercial Resident.		
Cash Escort		
Adjustment of charges	12-12-00	146-7
Vital Statistics		
The Court of Directors observe that an annual statement of births, marriages and burials should be sent properly attested.	20-12-00	147-8
Cloth Manufacture		
Different assortments—Statement called for.	27-12-00	148
Deputy Commercial Residents		
House accommodation	26-12-00	149
The Government direct that Deputy Commercial Residents should be provided with apartments in the Factory House and the allowance of house-rent may be discontinued.		

Item.	Date.	Vol. 108. Page number.
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Accounts		
Transmission of.	1- 1-1801	1
	8- 1-01	5
	5- 2-01	8
	5- 3-01	11
	10- 3-01	13
	5- 4-01	15-8
	1- 6-01 } 3- 7-01 }	20-1
	10- 7-01	23
	5- 8-01	25
Bills		
	1- 1-01	2
	4-12-01	37
Cloth Manufacture		
Assortment statement. The Commercial Resident informs the Board of Trade that the weavers are satisfied with their earnings. The Company is at no risk in the investment, as the weavers are made responsible for debased fabric, etc.	7- 1-01	3-4
Cloth Export		
Advice of.	16- 2-01	9
		32
Currency		
Exchange rates.	26-11-01	36
Stationery Indent	13- 3-01	14
Cash Estimate	14- 3-01	14
	15- 6-01	21
	15- 7-01	23
	15- 8-01	26
	24-10-01	33
	17-11-01	35
Flagstaff		
Control of. The Commercial Resident understands that the flagstaff should be under the Beach Master. It had hitherto been under the orders of the Commandant.	28- 5-01	19
Cash Indent		22
Audit	21- 7-01	24-5
Accounts		
Transmission of.	5- 9-01	28
	10-10-01	30
	5-11-01 } 12-11-01 }	53-4
Coir and Cordage		
Import of. The Commercial Resident informs the Board of Trade that a very small quantity of coir is imported into the district from the Maldives or Laccadives.	3- 9-01	28

Item.	Date.	Vol. 109. Page number.
Letters to and from the Commercial Resident on Investments, etc. 1802.		
Bills	2- 1-1802	1, 6, 8, 12, 27
Brown, Mr. Joseph Thomas		
Appointment. The Secretary to Government informs the Commercial Resident that Mr. Joseph Thomas Brown has been appointed to be the Reporter General of External Commerce and he has been deputed to investigate the external commerce of the coasts of Malabar, Coromandel and Mysore.	7- 1-02	2-7
Weavers		
List called for.	9- 1-02	6
Randall, Mr. Benjamin		
Junior Assistant, Leave and appointment as Commercial Resident at Nagore.	16- 1-02 } 19- 1-02 }	6-7
	30- 1-02	9

Item	Date.	Page number
Brooke, Mr. Arthur		
Head Assistant—Leave and resignation.	22- 1-02	8
	25- 6-02	28
	31- 7-02	35, 38
Mackenzie, Mr. Alexander		
Appointed Secretary to the Board of Trade.	23- 2-02	10
Sherson, Mr. Robert		
Appointed Reporter of External Trade in the Presidency.	6- 3-02	10
Investment		
Statements called for.	10- 3-02	11
	30- 4-02	24
———— Estimate.	22- 4-02	20
Accounts and Audit		
Offices amalgamated.	29- 3-02	13-4
Graham, Maj. James George		
Collector, Accommodated in the upper portion of the Factory house	2- 4-02	14
Loans to Government		
Advertisement of.	8- 1-02	15-9
Investment		
Cuddalore statement	24- 4-02	21-3
Cash Remittance		
Advice of.	7- 6-02	27
Stationery Indent	23- 6-02	28-9
Tents		
Supply of cloth.	1- 7-02	29-30
Government Bonds		
Transfer of. 1. The Accountant-General sends to the Commercial Resident a copy of the Government advertisement relative to the establishment of a Register and Transfer office for Company's Paper. 2. Every creditor possessing a bond may transfer the whole amount of bond or a part thereof to any person, on producing the bond at the office.	30- 6-02	30-2
Revenue Arrears		
The Board informs the Commercial Resident that he will be held "personally responsible" for bad debts.	5- 7-02	32
Plague		
The Secretary to Government informs the Commercial Resident that plague has spread throughout Egypt and directs him to take precautions whenever any ship arrives from the Red Sea.	17- 7-02	33
Cloth Manufacture		
Inspection report.	19- 7-02	33-4
	13- 9-02	46-9
	6-10-02	51-4
Holland, Mr. Edward		
Appointed Secretary to the Board of Trade.	24- 7-02	35
Cloth		
Competition by private traders. The Commercial Resident complains that it is difficult to contend with private merchants. The Board is of opinion that it would be "more advantageous to withdraw the factory from Cuddalore than submit the Company.....to a charge from which no benefit can be derived to their service." (See pp. 55-6.)	31- 7-02	36
Civil Fund		
Subscription statement.	17- 8-02	36-7
	11- 9-02	46
Smith, Mr. John Stuart		
Assistant—Leave sanctioned.	20- 8-02	38
Porto Novo		
Danish possessions. The Secretary to Government directs the Commercial Resident to hand over the Danish factory at Port Novo, together with its property, to any person authorized to receive charge of it on behalf of H.E. the Governor of Tranquebar. Mr. Stevenson has been appointed to take charge of the Port Novo Factory. (See 110/33-4.)	24- 8-02 27- 9-02	39, 49-51

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Rama Row		
Appointed writer, Provincial Court of Appeal, Madura.	28- 8-03	39
Investment		
Cash advance—Estimate of.	28- 8-02	40
Cloth Export		
Bill of lading—Transmission of.	31- 8-02	41, 45
Craufurd, Mr. Daniel		
Appointed Secretary, Board of Trade.	29-10-02	55
Looms		
List called for.	3-11-02	55
Cloth		
Private traders. (See p. 36).	19-11-02	55-6
The Board of Trade has resolved that private traders who purchase cloth from the registered weavers of the Company, shall be liable to punishment.		
Military Cash		
The Commercial Resident is to supply cash on the requisition of the Commander-in-Chief.	2-12-02	56-9

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Accounts		
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	6- 2-02	6
	5- 9-02	30
	5-10-02	35
Bills	14- 1-02	1-2, 13-5
Randall, Mr. Benjamin		
Assistant—Leave.	16- 1-02	2
Investment		
Statement.	3- 2-02	2-6
Cloth Manufacture		
Proposals called for.	2- 3-02	8-9
Smith, Mr. John Stuart		
Assistant—House-rent allowance.	14- 4-02	11-2
Company's Weavers		
Private trade.	30- 5-02	19
The Commercial Resident asks his Assistant to direct the weavers not to engage in any private concern until the Company's business is first executed.		
———The Commercial Resident informs the Board of Trade that the registered weavers should be placed under his control as he finds it difficult to prevent the competition by private merchants.	15- 6-02	21
	27- 7-02	26
The weavers find employment by private individuals to be more advantageous, as a consequence of which the Company suffers a loss from the investment.		
Cloth		
Price statement.	30- 6-02	22-3
Cloth Export		
Advice.	22- 8-02	28-9
	22- 9-02	32
Brooke, Mr. Arthur		
Assistant, Resignation of.	14- 9-02	31
Investment		
Proposals.	24- 9-02	32-3
Porto Novo		
Danish possessions—Restoration. (See 109/49-51.)	26- 9-02 } 2-10-02 }	33-4
The Commercial Resident informs Government that no one has come to receive charge of the Danish factory at Porto Novo. Mr. Stevenson has been deputed to take charge of the factory.		

Letters to and from the Commercial Resident on Investments, etc.

1803.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Accounts		
Transmission of.	5- 1-1803	1
	10-2-03	11
Cloth Export		
Advice of.	13-1-03	2-3
	9-3-03	23
	11-3-03	38-9
Bills	..	4-15
		19-21
Investment		
Estimate called for.	20-1-03	5
Cash Remittance		
Advice of.	1- 2-03	9
	5- 2-03	9-10
Brooke, Mr. Arthur		
Assistant—Commission.	- 2-03	9
Cloth Manufacture		
Inspection report.	17- 2-03	12-4
	1- 3-03	17-9
Tents		
Cloth indent.	24- 2-03	15-6
Correspondence		
Civil Servants with the Rajah of Travancore—Prohibited.	17- 2-03	16-7
Weavers		
Employed by private agents—List called for.	9- 3-03	24-5
The Board of Trade directs the Commercial Resident to furnish them with a list of weavers employed by private agents.		
Investment		
System of management.	8-3-03	23-37
In the opinion of the Directors, the *amani* or agency system is not necessary. Several Commercial Assistants have acquired sufficient knowledge of the native language so that they can dispense with the assistance of native Interpreters.		
The Directors send an estimate of goods to be sent from Cuddalore.		
Company's Weavers		
Remission of loom tax.	15-3-03	40
	3-4-03	48-9
Cloth Export		
Advice of.	19-3-03	41
	11-5-03	50, 57-9
	11-6-03	80
Irrigation Dispute		
Bandepollam.	22-3-03	41-2
The Collector informs the Commercial Resident that people at Bandepollam have cut the anicut and let the water flow.		
Cloth Manufacture		
Inspection report.	24-3-03	42-7
	20-6-03	73-6
	2-8-03	131-5
	16-8-03	140-3
Investment		
Division into jurisdictions.	18-4-03	51-2
The Commercial Resident proposes to the Board of Trade that the investment of Nagore Factory should be confined to the villages south of the Coleroon River, comprising Tanjore and Trichinopoly and that of Cuddalore to the north side of the Coleroon.		
The Board approves of the boundary suggested for Nagore and Cuddalore.	29-4-03	55-6
Stationery Indent	..	53-4
Customs		
Exemption—Company's cloth.	25-4-03	55

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Wynox, Mr. Charles		
Appointed Secretary to the Board of Trade.	16-5-03	59
Sherson, Mr. Robert		
Appointed External Reporter of Commerce.	18-5-03	59-60
Reporter of External Commerce		
Instructions to.	11-5-03	60-1
Mr. Sherson is directed to enquire into external commerce in the subordinate stations for "the purpose of establishing a systematic record of external commerce and of introducing uniformity and efficiency in the administration of the Customs."		
Investment		
Statement.	23-5-03	62-4
	4-6-03	67-8
	20-6-03	72
Bills	..	67-9
		72-3
		78
		120
		126-7
Cash Balance		
Report.	11-7-03	81
Commercial Resident		
Powers—Draft regulation.	11-7-03	82-8
		163-6
Company's Weavers		
Regulation.	14-3-94	89-120
The Board sends a copy of the draft regulation for the protection of weavers, on the lines of those established in Bengal.		
Cloth Export		
Complaint of detention.		
The Commercial Resident complains that the Collector detained some bales from being exported on the ground that particulars should be given about the quantity and quality of goods exported.	30-7-03	124-5
Tiruvendipuram		
Poligar's allowances.	3-8-03	127-8
The Collector informs the Commercial Resident that the allowances to the Poligar have not been paid. If they are paid he can send taliars to watch the new bleachery at Tiruvendipuram.		
Cloth Manufacture		
Bleachery at Tiruvendipuram.	4-8-03	128-9
	5-8-03	135-7
The Collector sends an account of peons employed in watching cloth for the Commercial Resident.		
Dyers		
Working for private merchants.	4-8-03	130-1
	28-9-03	162-3
The Commercial Resident has notified that dyers who undertake to dye cloths belonging to private merchants "shall be fined 24 pagodas, punished with 24 lashes and be returned out of the bounds." The Collector objects to this notification and insists that dyers should be left to themselves and should be free to enter into any engagement. There is no authority to levy a fine from them. The infliction of corporal punishment is entrusted solely to the Magistrate. Punishment is a punishment suitable only for acts more criminal than working for individuals.		
——— Government direct the Commercial Resident to withdraw the notification.	6-10-03	171-3
Government Buildings		
The Collector asks the Commercial Resident to allow him the lower part of the factory house for the use of the Cutcherry.	7-8-03	138-9

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Investment		
Forms—Transmission of.	24-8-03	143-4.
Bills	..	145-9, 153, 169, 182, 184, 196-8
Cloth Export		
Advice of.	8-9-03	152-3, 158-60, 174-5, 177
Cloth Manufacture		
Inspection report.	27-9-03	155-8
Company's Weavers		
Allegations of torture.	20-11-03 1-12-03 9-12-03	185-6 190-1 193-4
Cloth Indent		
Blue goods.	26-11-03	188-90
The Court of Directors remarks that blue goods are not received and they are "entirely destitute of them" and directs the Commercial Resident to comply with the present indent of 2,822 bales amounting to Pag. 2,70,832.		
Accounts		
Transmission.	2-12-03	192-3
Cash Indent	22-12-03	195-6
Valentia, Lord Viscount		
Tour in India.	1-12-03	200-2
Lord Viscount Valentia has received permission from the Court of Directors to proceed to India to study the natural history of the country. The Court direct that due assistance should be given to His Lordship during his stay in India.		

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1803-4.

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1804.

Accounts		
Transmission of.	2-1-1804	1, 14-5, 64-5
Bills	..	2, 13, 31-3, 40, 56, 69-71, 86-90
Cloth Manufacture		
Inspection report.	31-12-03	3-10
Cloth		
Watching charges.	4-1-04 15-2-04	11 27
The Board directs the Commercial Resident to discharge the bill of the cavelgar of Tiruvendipuram, amounting to St. Pag. 14.		
Cloth		
Loss of.	4-1-04 31-1-04	11-22 24
The Board directs the Commercial Resident to report how the cavelgar was made accountable for a quantity of cloth washed away by the overflowing of the river Gadilam.		
The Commercial Resident reports that the cloth was carried away by thieves and not by the river and the cavelgar was held responsible for his negligence.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Tents		
Cloth indent.	5- 1-04	12-3
Cash Remittance		
Advice.	7- 1-04	15
History of India		
Compilation of.	14- 1-04	16-7
The Board directs the Commercial Resident to give assistance to the Company's Historiographer to complete a general history of the British affairs in the East Indies (including China).		
Cloth Export		
Advice of.	20- 1-04	17 19, 34
Cloth Indent		
Marine—Bunting blue pieces.	4- 1-04 29- 3-04	18 48
Bills		
On the Court of Directors.	21- 1-04	20-1
The Accountant-General authorises the Commercial Resident to receive money for bills on the Court of Directors at the rate of 8 *s.* 9*d.* per star pagoda payable three months after sight.		
Cloth		
Inspection report.	23- 1-04 28- 3-04 3- 5-04 29-10-04	21-3 46-8 62-4 133-4
Company's Weavers		
Loom tax.	16- 2-04	27
The Commercial Resident asks the Collector to direct the Tahsildar not to press the weavers in the boundary villages of Cuddalore and Tiruvendipuram to pay the loom tax.		
Weavers		
Alleged ill-treament.	18- 2-04	29-30
The Collector informs Government that there is no foundation to the charge of the Commercial Resident that weavers were ill-treated by the revenue servants.		
Commission		
Commercial Resident.	6- 3-04	35
The Court of Directors order that Government may advance to the Commercial Resident the whole commission instead of half, so that he may not sustain loss by an unfavourable exchange upon England. "The second moiety will be considered as remaining under the Court's controlling power, until our approbation of the goods shall be received in India."		
Stationery Indent	29- 2-04	38-9
Passports		
Tranquebar.	10- 3-04	42-3
Passports for those who are desirous of moving from Tranquebar will be issued by the Resident at Tanjore.		
Vessels		
Arrival report.	17- 3-04	43
Company's Weavers		
Quit-rent—Adjustment in the commercial treasuries.	21- 3-04 18- 7-04	44-5 82-5
Slingsby, Mr. A.		
Appointed Assistant to the Commercial Resident.	9- 4-04	51
The Board of Trade hopes that "Mr. Slingsby will endeavour to retrieve the former impropriety of his conduct by future assiduity."		
Cloth		
Manufactured for private merchants.	10- 4-04	51-3
The Board of Trade authorises the Commercial Resident to maintain a register for ascertaining the quantity of cloth manufactured for private merchants.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Investment		
Subscriptions by private merchants.	16- 4-04	56-60
1. Under instructions from the Court of Directors a plan has been introduced for the provision of goods on account of private traders through the agency of the Company.		
2. *Subscriptions.*—A subscription has been opened to the extent of 8 lakhs to be subscribed by instalments by private traders, who are invited to submit proposals specifying the quantity of goods they desire. The minimum sum that will be accepted is Pag. 5,000 and it must include all contin ent charges on the preparation and carriage of goods to Madras.		
3. *Goods*.—The goods shall be dyed, bleached, embaled and exported to Madras, where they will be examined and divided among the subscribers.		
Kinchant, Mr. Richard		
Commercial Resident—Retrenchment.	3- 5-04	62
Audit	21- 5-04	68
	14- 7-04	81-2
	24- 9-04	120
Investment		
Suspension of.	30- 5-04	72-3
The Board of Trade informs the Commercial Resident that the Cuddalore investment has been temporarily suspended.	14- 6-04	76-7
——— Messrs. Richard Kinchant and S. Smith request Government to grant them a suitable allowance during the suspension of the investment.	14-11-04	137-8
——— The Board of Trade informs the Commercial Resident that the suspension will be only temporary.		
Passports		
Dutch and French subjects.	19- 6-04	77
The Government direct the Commercial Resident not to issue passports to Dutch and French subjects without their sanction.		
Factory Buildings		
Repair estimate.	29- 6-04	78
Vaccination		
Encouragement of.	4- 9-04	93-112
Under instructions from Government, the Board of Trade directs the Commercial Residents to encourage the native practitioners employed in vaccinating by means of rewards and suitable allowances.		
Cloth Export		
Advice of.	15- 9-04	113
		120
		125-6
		128-9
Natural History of India		
Dr. Buchanan.	7- 9-04	113-8
The Commercial Residents are to give every assistance to Dr. Buchanan who has been appointed to superintend the compilation of the book on the natural history of India.		
Bills	..	118-9
		155-7
Company's Weavers		
Quit-rent.	1-10-04	121-4
In case of grievances the Commercial Resident should give every assistance to the weavers to obtain redress from the courts, the expense of such suits being considered as a public charge.		
The quit-rent due from the weavers employed by the Company may be paid from the commercial treasuries.		
In the case of zemindaris, when the demand is high, it should be resisted and they should be allowed to seek redress in Zillah Courts but in the case of proper claims sufficient documents shall be demanded to substantiate the claims.		

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Cash Indent	22-10-04 5-11-04	130 136
Cloth Manufacture		
Improvement of quality—The Board's instructions.	23-10-04	130-1
Patriotic Fund		
Receipt of subscriptions.	29- 9-04 31-10-04	131-3 135
Commercial Buildings		
Cost of.	14-11-04	138
The Accountant-General instructs the Commercial Resident to credit Pag. 31,405 to the head of "Commercial Buildings at Cuddalore."		
Factory Establishment	15-11-04	137
Reduction of.	26-11-04	150
In view of the suspension of the investment, the Commercial Resident informs the Board of Trade that he has discharged all provincial servants. The warehouse at Porto Novo is retained as the rent is low (Pag. 6 a month).		
Company's Weavers		
Quit-rent in zamindaris.	13-11-04	139-49
Quit-rent on the houses occupied by weavers in zemindaris should be paid by the Commercial Residents to the zemindars from the conclusion of the permanent settlement of the respective zemindaris.		
Factory Establishment		
List called for.	26-11-04	150-1
——— Employment as private agents.	29-11-04	151-2
The Chief Secretary to Government informs the Board of Trade that Commercial Residents may be "employed on the footing of private agents for the provision of goods during the period of the suspension of the public investment."		
Company's Weavers		
Quit-rent.	12-12-04	154-5
Government direct that quit-rent need not be paid on behalf of weavers who are not actually employed during the suspension of the investment.		

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Cash Escort		
Charges.	3- 1-1805	1
Police Establishment		
Revision Committee.	4- 1-05	1-5
Government have appointed the following members to the Committee to investigate and revise the present establishment of police in the Presidency:—		
Messrs. M. Dick, J. Hodgson, T. B. Hurdis, Major J. Leith and E. C. Greenway.		
——— The Committee calls for certain information about the police from the Commercial Resident.	20- 3-05	28-31
Cash Remittances		
Advice of.	5- 1-05	5
Bills	26-12-04	6, 12, 14-6 19-21 32-3, 38 74-5

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Accounts		
Transmission.	9- 1-05 5- 4-05	7 32
Cloth Indent	10- 1-05	8-9
Naval		
Vessel captured by the French.	22- 1-05 26- 1-05	9-12
Singanah Chetti reports to the Board of Trade that his vessel containing 4,000 bags of rice was captured by a French ship of war and requests that she may be restored to him.		
Naval		
French vessel.	23- 1-05	10-1
The Board of Trade informs the Commercial Resident that the French national frigate the 'Psyche,' commanded by Mons. Bergerel, is near Madras.	30- 1-05	13
Company's Weavers		
Loom tax—Exemption from.	7- 2-05	15
Misconduct		
Mr. Andrew Slingsby.	23- 2-05	17
The Commercial Resident directs Mr. Slingsby to take charge of the factory at Porto Novo. He is displeased at the disobedience of Mr. Slingsby.	28- 3-05	28
Darvall, Mr. R.		
Appointed Member of the Board of Trade.	26- 2-05	18
Mitford, Mr. J.		
Resigns the Board of Trade.	26- 2-05	18
Cloth Export		
Advice.	23- 2-05 27- 5-05	23-5 49
Audit	29- 3-05 7- 5-05	25-7 47
Cloth Manufacture		
Advance.	10- 4-05	34
Marriages, Baptisms and Funerals		
In the absence of a clergyman, marriages, etc., may be performed by either the Magistrate, Collector or Commercial Resident.	27- 3-05	35-7
Cloth Indent		
Marine—Bunting.	20- 4-05 8-10-05	40, 46 72
Irrigation Repairs		
Estimate.	24- 4-05 3- 6-05 5- 6-05	41 52-4
Misconduct		
Mr. Slingsby.	26- 4-05	42
The Commercial Resident reports that Mr. Slingsby, his Assistant, is disobeying his orders in spite of his repeated warning and that he flogs the servants unnecessarily. He recommends that Mr. Slingsby be removed from his appointment.	4- 5-05	43
——— Mr. Slingsby is directed to proceed to the Presidency.	8- 5-05	50-1
Cloth		
Examination report.	1- 5-05 14- 6-05	44 56-7
Cloth		
Receipt of.	8- 6-05	54
The Commercial Resident acknowledges receipt of 190 bales from Ramnad.	31- 8-05 17-10-05	68 74

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Police Establishment		
Revision of.	10- 7-05	60-1
The Commercial Resident reports to the Committee of Enquiry that there are no separate police establishments in any part of the district nor any duties assigned for that office. The Collectors and Tahsildars investigate all disputes. The heads of castes are not answerable for the conduct of individual members of their respective sects nor are they called upon to apprehend or produce offenders.		
Certain regulations are in force fixing the hire of artificers, coolies, palankeen bearers, boat hire, etc.		
Cash Indent	25- 7-05	62
Marine Stores		
Export—Advice of.	1- 8-05	63
Cloth		
Theft of.	15-10-05	73

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Letters to and from the Commercial Resident on Investments, etc.

1806.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Piece-goods		
Transport charges.	2- 1-1806 22- 1-06	1 8
Accounts		
Transmission of.	7- 1-06	2 5, 18
Investment		
Estimate of.	7- 1-06	3
Bills	..	3-5, 12-3 15-7 20-1 44, 49 55-7 87-8
Piece-goods		
Receipt of.	17- 1-06	6-7
Commercial Allowances		
The Board informs the Commercial Resident that the new commercial allowances will commence from the 1st of Nov. 1805.	16- 1-06	10-1
Investment		
Advances—Statement of.	29- 1-06	11
Investment		
The Superintendent, Export Warehouse, informs the Commercial Resident that Government intend to renew the investment and reminds him that the cloths should be of standard quality.	13- 3-06	21-2
Company's Weavers		
Quit-rent and motarpha.	17- 3-06	22-9
The Board directs the Commercial Resident to resist any claim brought forward by the proprietors for quit-rent or motarpha as the taxes have been abolished.	11- 4-06	37-43
Garden House		
The Board informs the Commercial Resident that it is the intention of the Government to transfer the Garden House occupied by him to the Military Department.	27- 3-06 2- 4-06	29-30
Cadet Company		
Transfer of.	1- 4-06	35-6
Government resolve to transfer the Cadet Company from Tiruppachchur to Cuddalore.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Flagstaff		
Erection charges.	8- 3-06 1- 5-06	46 47-8
Garden House		
The Commercial Resident requests that he may be allowed a suitable compensation for the Company's Garden House which has been allotted for the use of the gentlemen cadets.	12- 5-06 18- 6-06	51 60-1
Factories		
Jurisdictions.	12- 5-06	50-1
The Commercial Resident objects to the action of the Principal Collector of Tanjore and Trichinopoly in calling the weavers on this side (north) of the Coleroon to receive the advance. He points out to the Collector that he should confine himself to the south of the Coleroon.		
Piece-goods		
Indent.	6- 6-06	58-9
Master Attendant		
Establishment—Sanction for.	18- 6-06	60
Commercial Residents		
Travelling allowances.	3- 5-06	62-3
The Court of Directors order that the Commercial Resident on the Coast will receive the same allowances for travelling as those at Bengal.		
——— Conduct.	24- 6-06	61-74
The Board transmits a copy of the general instructions to Commercial Residents and their Assistants, as approved by the Governor-General in Council.		
Padlocks		
Supply of.	28- 6-06	74
Dutch Factory House		
Porto Novo.	15- 7-06	76-7
Mr. H. Stevenson, Master Attendant at Porto Novo, asks the permission of the Board to occupy the Dutch Factory House at that place, which is empty.	27- 7-06	80
Audit	24- 7-06 28- 7-06 29- 7-06	79-82
Piece-goods		
Examination report.	4- 8-06	84-6
Investment		
Proposal.	6-8-06	88
The Board informs the Commercial Resident that Pag. 70,000 have been appropriated to the Cuddalore Factory for 1806 (1 July to 31 December).		
Dutch Factory House		
Porto Novo.	27- 7-06	80
The Commercial Resident suggests that if certain repairs are made the Factory will be fit for occupation.	20- 8-06	90-2
——— The Board informs him that his suggestion "to charge the usual house-rent for the purpose of making repairs" has been approved. The materials of the Dutch Factory are ordered to be sold.	25- 8-06 8- 9-06	94-5
Copper Coins		
Shortage of.	23- 8-06	91-2
Dutch Factory Ground		
Cuddalore.	8- 9-06	94-5
The Board directs the Commercial Resident to dispose of the ground of the Dutch Factory House at Cuddalore.		
Piece-goods		
Examination report.	9- 9-06 20- 9-06	95-7 102-3

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
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Transmission of.	11- 9-06	97-8
	6-10-06	105
	14-12-06	114
	8-12-06	122-3
Investment		
Advance statement.	12- 9-06	98-9
Bills	..	99, 112
		118-9
		121, 123
Company's Weavers		
Loom-tax statement.	3-10-06 } 6-10-07 }	104-6
Piece-goods		
Export to Madras.	21-10-06	106-7
As the weather is rough, the Board directs the Commercial Resident not to export the goods till the weather is settled.		
——— Export—Estimate called for.	23-10-06	107
	27-10-06	110
Audit	23-10-06	108
	7-11-06	112-3
	15-11-06	115-7
Piece-goods		
Bales from Tinnevelly—Receipt of.	26-10-06	109
——— Bunting—Requisition for.	4-11-06	111
Indian Languages		
Comparative Vocabulary.	8-11-06	119-21
Sir James Mackintosh, Founder and President of Literary Society of Bombay, is deputed by the Society to compile a comparative Vocabulary of Indian Languages. He circulates a plan throughout India to collect materials.		
Kinchant, Mr. R.		
Master Attendant.	16-12-06	124
Mr. R. Kinchant asks the Board to grant him an allowance for discharging the duties of Master Attendant of Cuddalore Port.		
Investment		
Forms explained.	13-12-06	124-5
Native Troops		
Discontent.	13-12-06	127-8
Much discontentment prevails among the Native troops. From enquiry it appears that some mischievous people are spreading a rumour among them that the British Government are trying to convert them to Christianity. Government have issued a circular assuring them that "the same respect which has been invariably shown by the British Government for their (Natives) Religion and for their Customs will be always continued."		

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1807.

Accounts		
Transmission of.	8- 1-1807	1-2, 4-5
		12
	12- 3-07	21-2
	14- 4-07	31
	17-10-07	66-7
	12-11-07	73
Stationery Indent	8- 1-07	1, 5-6
Customs Establishment		
Porto Novo and Pondicherry.	16- 1-07	2

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Stevenson, Mr. Henry		
Customs Superintendent, Porto Novo.	20- 1-07	2
The Commercial Resident informs the Board that the anonymous petition was sent by a broker whose mischievous activities are prevented by the appointment of Mr. Stevenson.	9- 2-07	4-5
Piece-goods		
Export—Advice of.	23- 2-07	7-11
Customs		
Exemption—Indigo.	17- 3-07	14-5
Rice		
Import into Southern Provinces.	24- 3-07	15-7
The Board directs the Commercial Resident to make preparations to receive rice from Bengal, at Nagore.		
Marine		
Deserters.	25- 3-07	18-21
Under direction from the Court of Directors the Governor of Ceylon asks the Government of Madras to apprehend Mr. John Larking, a deserter from the ship 'Walthamstow'.		
Messrs. Thomas Ricketts, Robert Clifford and John Larking quitted the ship at Colombo. Messrs. Ricketts and Clifford were apprehended and detained at Colombo to be sent to England. Mr. Larking came to India on his way to Bombay.		
Piece-goods		
Examination report.	6- 4-07	23-5
Civil Servants		
List called for	30- 3-07	29-31
Roebuck, Mr. R.		
Appointed to superintend the introduction of the new coins.	16- 4-07	32
Bills	20- 4-07	34, 37-8 42-3
Arab Vessels		
Protection of.	25- 3-07	35-6
A representation has been made to the Governor-General in Council to protect the Arab vessels trading with several ports of the Company's Settlements, from the French cruizers. The Commander in Chief has issued a general order to give every assistance to the Arab vessels.		
Cash		
Receipt.	26- 4-07 1- 5-07 11- 9-07	37 39 63-4
Investment		
Estimate.	1- 5-07	38-9
The Board informs the Commercial Resident that 2 lakhs of pagodas have been provided for the coming year.		
Investment		
Customs collections.	5- 5-07 6- 6-07	40 48
The Government sanction the appropriation to the purpose of the investment the net collections in the Customs Department.	2-11-07	71
Factory Establishment		
List called for.	11- 5-07	41-2
Factory House		
Cost of repairs.	16- 5-07	43-4
The Commerical Resident informs the Board that the sum of Pag. 10 a month allotted for the repair of the building is inadequate.		
Military Batta		
The Accountant-General directs that batta to troops should be paid in panams, and if they are not available, in star pagodas, calculated at the current rate of exchange.	23- 5-07	46-7

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Post Office		
Vriddhachalam—Establishment proposed.	20-5-07	47
Customs		
Exemption from duty.	23-7-07	53-5
M. Parisot of Karikal states that he has paid land customs on certain merchandize and requests that he may be exempted from export duty on the same goods and ship stores. Government direct that a second duty need not be paid on the same goods and order the Board to allow M. Parisot's goods and the ship stores to pass free of duty.		
Wynox, Mr. Charles		
Appointed Member of the Board of Trade.	3-8-07	55
Gwatkin, Mr. John		
Appointed Secretary of the Board of Trade.	3-8-07	55
Company's Weavers		
Loom-tax statement.	28-8-07 7-9-07	58-9 62
Passports		
Regulations.	1-9-07	59-61
Casamaijor, Mr. J. H.		
Appointed President of the Board of Trade.	14-9-07	65
Piece-goods		
Bunting indent.	15-9-07	65
Panams		
Exchange rate.	2-10-07	68-9
The proposal of the Accountant-General to fix the exchange of panams at 45 per pagoda is approved by the Government.		
——— The exchange is temporarily suspended.	31-10-07	71
Flagstaff		
Pondicherry—Repairs—Not sanctioned.	27-10-07	70
Piece-goods		
Export—Compensation to Boat people.	26-10-07 5-11-07	70-2

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1793.

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Despatch book—Postal Account	1-8-1793 to 30-12-93	1-173

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1794-5.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Garrison Orderly Book	3-4-1794 to 10-3-95	1-312

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Correspondence on Military Matters.
1795-7.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Military Misconduct		
Ensign John Lalor.	26-1-1795	1
The Adjutant-General of the Army informs Lt.-Col. Sterling that Ensign John Lalor has been suspended from rank and directed to apologize publicly to Capt. Barbutt and other officers of the corps.	26-1-95	1
Ralph, Lt.		
73rd Rt.—Leave application.	11-5-95	2
March		
Detachment of the 73rd Rt., To Walajabad.	28-6-95	3
Dutch Prisoners		
Transfer of.	1-4-96	4
Smith, John		
Juggler.	2-4-96	5
The body of John Smith, a juggler, was found near the cantonment at Pondicherry. The Town Major reports that a sum of 19 panams was spent on burying him.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
French Prisoners		
Transfer of.	4- 4-96	6
	9- 5-96	11
	11- 5-96	13
	1-12-96	75
Deserter		
Apprehension of.	14- 4-96	7-10
	25- 4-96	
	7- 5-96	
	14- 5-96	14-8
	23- 5-96	20-2
	1- 6-96	
	1- 8-96	30-1
Military Stores		
Indent for.	10- 5-96	11
Military Supplies	..	24-5
Cash Escort	31- 7-96	28
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	24-11-96	72
Deserter		
Apprehension of.	17- 8-96	33-8
	13- 9-96	42-3
	5-10-96	47
	18-10-96	50
	22-10-96	52-3
	26-10-96	55-6
	28-11-96	72-4
French Prisoners		
List called for.	10- 9-96	39-40
Prisoners of War		
Report on.	18- 9-96	44
The Town Major, Fort St. George, informs the Town Major of Pondicherry that a report of all prisoners of war should be sent to him every month.	1-10-96	47
Deserters		
Apprehension—Reward for.	24- 9-96 28- 9-96	45-6
Military Supplies		
Sheep.	19-10-96	48-50
Maj.-Genl. Brathwaite directs Lt. P. Box to hand over 900 sheep seized from the butcher.		
Dulaurent, Capt.		
French prisoner.	22-10-96	51-2
Capt. Dulaurent was formerly captured while carrying despatches from the French Government to Tippoo Sultan.		
Maj.-Genl. Brathwaite has issued him a passport to go to Madras on three months' leave.		
Liard, M.		
Restoration to office.	24-10-96	53-5
Under instructions from Maj.-Genl. Brathwaite the Town Major directs M. Beaufort, Chief de Police, to restore M. Liard to his office of Commis au Greffe de la Chaudrie.		
Etherton, James		
James Etherton, a native of Manchester, offers himself for enlistment.	26-10-96	56-7
	30-10-96	59-60
Slaves		
Liberation of.	3-11-96	61-3
Maj.-Genl. Brathwaite directs the Chief de Police to liberate a slave girl who is much ill-treated.		
Military		
'Sentry' box—Repair of.	11-11-96	63-5
Military Stores		
Receipt.	11-11-96	65-8

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Stationery Indent	19-11-96	69-70
Troops		
Distribution of.	10-12-96	76-7
Military Stores		
Indent for.	26-11-96 } 2-12-96 }	77-9
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Deserters		
Apprehension of.	9-12-96	79-81
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	5- 3-97 } 14- 3-97 }	111-3
	17- 3-97	116
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March		
Detachment under Lt. Conway, To Pondicherry. The Detachment was detained on the way by rain.	13-12-96	82
Military Invalids		
Privates, 52nd Rt.	15-12-96	82-5
	5- 1-97 } 14- 1-97 }	87-91
March		
Detachment, 2nd Rt. E.I. and 23rd Bn., N.I. under Lt. J. H. S. Conway, From the Red Hills to Pondicherry. (See also page 82.)	22-12-96	85
——— 2nd Bn. European Artillery under Lt. Adam Mackie, From Pondicherry to Trichinopoly.	29-12-96	86
——— Royal Artillery under Sergeant Skene, From Pondicherry to Madras.	6- 2-97	96
La Salle, Capt.		
Prisoner of War—Leave.	6- 1-97 } 15- 1-97 }	89-91
Prisoners of War		
Leave applications. The Town Major, Pondicherry, directs that all applications for leave from the French prisoners of war should be sent to him, mentioning the period and place of their destination. They should also report their arrival at the cantonment after the expiry of leave.	26- 1-97	94-5
Military Invalids		
Allowance—Receipt of.	13- 1-97	95
	10- 2-97	101-2
Pensioners of War		
Report of death. The Town Major reports to Fort St. George the death of the following French pensioners :— Mesdames Clairot and de Febre and Capt. Dukeep.	13- 2-97	98
Woodcock, Sergt.		
Appointed Store-keeper.	12- 2-97	98-9
Passports		
Issue of.	11- 2-97	99-100
	26- 6-97	171
Stewart, Lt. John.		
2nd Rt. E.I., Death of.	17- 2-97	103
Military Stores		
Transmission of.	22- 2-97	103-4
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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Military Invalids		
Transmission of.	26- 2-97, 27- 2-97, 1- 3-97	107-9
	14- 3-97	165
Military Supplies	..	109
De La Faye, M.		
Arrest of.	1- 3-97	111-2
Maj.-Genl. John Brathwaite directs the Town Major to seize M. de la Faye and all papers in his possession and put a guard upon his person.		
Prisoners of War		
Departure to Madras of French prisoners.	19- 3-97	116-7
Josset, Lt.-Col.		
Prisoner of war—Missing.	20- 3-97	118
Military Stores		
Statement of.	20- 3-97	119-20
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Transfer of.	16- 4-97	133
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		142, 150-2
Toddy		
Security for supply of.	31- 4-97	137-8
Courson, Lt.		
French prisoner of war—Leave.	30- 4-97	144-5
Daniels, Dr. Joseph		
Adjutant Surgeon—Death of.	7- 5-97	147
Prisoners of War		
Allowances—Statement called for.	25- 5-97	161
Military Stores		
Escort.	19- 5-97	161-2
Government Buildings		
Repair.	28- 5-97	163-4
Prisoners of War		
Allowances.	7- 6-97	166
Lt. Leeson, a Dutch prisoner of war, claims that his allowance may be paid.	11- 6-97	168-9
Beaufort, M.		
Appointed to the Sovereign Council.	8- 6-97	166-7
Maj.-Genl. John Brathwaite informs Mons. Beaufort that he has been appointed a member of the Sovereign Council and directs him to hand over the Police Department to Capt. Blair, Town Major.		

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Military Stores		
Indent.	2- 7-97 18- 9-97	172 191
Military Clothing		
The Adjutant of 2nd Bn. Artillery directs the Town Major to effect stoppages from Native Officers and Lascars "to defray the expence of the new turbans."	8- 7-97	175-6
Govindo		
Gun Lascar.	18- 7-97	177
Govindo, Second Tindall with the detail of Gun Lascars, is promoted to First Tindal with the party at Trichinopoly.		
Military Discharges		
The Town Major sends a number of Europeans whose terms of service have expired, to Chingleput.	24- 7-97	177-8
Military Invalids		
List called for.	20- 8-97	192-3
Griffiths, Mr. Julius		
Master Attendant, Pondicherry. The Town Major informs Mr. Griffiths that Government have not given him permission to leave India.	14- 9-97 20- 9-97 22- 9-97	201-6
Deserters		
Apprehension of.	14- 9-97 18- 9-97 19- 9-97 21- 9-97 26- 9-97 25- 9-97 28- 9-97	202-9
Larcher, Lt.		
French prisoner of war. The Town Major informs Lt. Larcher that he will be confined as he is contracting debts. He adds "you have disgraced the profession you belong to."	28- 9-97	206

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Main Guard—Repair estimate.	25- 1-1795 18- 3-95	1-2 24-5 27
Military Stores		
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Military Cash		
Requisition.	..	12-3
Military Stores		
Disposal of.	10- 2-95 11- 2-95	13-4 16-7 21
Prendergast, Ensign		
Appointed French Interpreter.	21- 2-95	17
French Plot		
Attempt.	4- 3-95	19-20
Col. Shiling reports to the Town Major of Fort. St. George that four Frenchmen formed a plot to capture a vessel at Cuddalore. They were captured and sent to Madras.		
Marine		
Tippoo Sultan's flag. M. P. Monneron, in the service of Tippoo Sultan, asks the permission of Col. Shiling to hoist the flag of Tippoo Sultan in his ship which is lying at Pondicherry. The Government refuse permission and direct the Colonel not to allow anyone belonging to Pondicherry to go on board the ship.	28- 2-95 10- 3-95	17 21
Military Invalids		
Allowances.	31- 3-95	29

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Prisoners of War		
French—Allowances.	31- 3-95 20- 4-95	31 38
Military Stores		
Statement called for.	5- 4-95	31-2
Beaufort, M.		
Appointed President of the Choultry Court, Pondicherry.	13- 4-95	32 35-6
	15- 4-95 } 5- 5-95 }	39-41
Cash Indent	13- 4-95	33-4
Military Stores		
Transmission.	21- 4-95	37
Prisoners of War		
French Veterans. The O.C. recommends that the usual allowance should be given to the French Veterans.	30- 4-95	38-9
Murder		
A servant woman was murdered by a Moplah. He was arrested and sent to Madras by the O.C.	7- 5-95	42-4
Conway, Mr.		
Misconduct—Enquiry.	18- 5-95	45-6
Beaufort, M.		
Appointed Vendor Master of the Choultry Court.	21- 5-95	47, 54
Police		
Pondicherry. The O.C. proposes that (*a*) the President of the Choultry Court should be appointed as the Vendor Master and (*b*) a native Kotwal should be appointed to supervise bazaars and palanquin boys and to enquire into all disputes and discussions relating to castes. From the new arrangement there is a saving of Rs. 320 a month. The proposals are accepted by Government.	16- 5-95 5- 6-95 29- 5-95	48-9 62 55
Courts		
Execution of decree. The O.C. directs that 5 per cent of the net produce of the property under execution should be collected to defray the charges, etc.	24- 5-95 2- 6-95	51 56-7
Military Stores		
Indent—Statement called for.	22- 6-95	53 73-4
Prisoners of War		
French—Transfer of.	4- 6-95 6- 6-95	59-61 63, 65 92-3
Superior Council		
Pondicherry. The O.C. informs the President of the Superior Council that the Superior Council will consist of only 3 members and the services of Messrs. Cornet and Beancourt may be dispensed with. A pension has been granted to them.	8- 6-95 3- 7-95 28- 7-95	62-4 74-5 79
Choultry Court		
Abolition of the offices of Assessors.	8- 6-95	63-4
Military Stores		
Grain report.	8- 6-95	65
Touffreville, Col.		
The O.C. informs Cols. Touffreville and Maisonneuve that their services are not required and appreciates highly their spirit and gallantry.	10- 7-95	75-6
Mayrand, M.		
M. Mayrand was appointed on the production of a commission from the Governor-General of the Isle of France. Government direct that officers may be appointed on the production of a commission from the Governor-General of the Isle of France.	24- 6-95	77

Items.	Date.	Page number.
Superior Council		
Interference with the Choultry Court.		
The O.C. informs the President of the Superior Council that the Council should not have interfered with the rights and privileges of the Choultry Court. A petition from one Mootoosamy has been proceeded with by the Council without giving sufficient time to the Choultry Court to investigate the cases. He directs the President to dismiss the petition.	10- 9-95 15- 9-95	84-6 88-90
——— The Attorney-General upholds the action of the Superior Council and confirms its legality.	12-10-95	95-6
Military		
Barracks and hospitals—Estimates called for.	26- 8-95	86-7 91
Passports		
Issue of.	3-10-95	92
The Secretary to Col. Brathwaite directs the O.C. that while issuing passports some security should be taken to ensure the return of the person.		
Superior Council		
Jurisdiction.	8-10-95	93
The Secretary to Government enquires of the O.C. whether the Superior Council can take cognizance of a murder committed by a Frenchman in the Nizam's territories.		
Prisoners		
Transfer.	18-10-95	94
Judicial Charges		
Statement called for.	15-10-95	97-8
Superior Council		
M. Beaufort's accusations.	20-10-95	99-100
The O.C. directs Col. Marchand to state whether the accusations of M. Beaufort against the Superior Council are founded on facts. It seems that M. Beaufort, President of the Choultry Court, wrote a letter to Col. Marchand accusing the Superior Council of a certain grave injustice. But the letter was destroyed and an enquiry is being conducted.		
——— The O.C. reports the matter to Government and recommends that Mr. Gerrard, President of the Superior Council, should be dismissed, as he is "unworthy any longer to fill so respectable a station."	20-10-95 17-11-95	100-10
——— The Superior Council was suspended from their function.	18-11-95 20-11-95	111-2
——— They are allowed to function again.	15-12-95 18-12-95 31-12-95	115 118-9
French King		
The O.C. in a letter to Col. Chermont deplores the fate of the French King and the Prince. Of the young prince, he says that "the complicated injuries he had sustained rendered him ill calculated to brave the storms which inevitably awaited his struggle for the throne of his ancestors." However, the Colonel hopes that his efforts will be crowned with success and that "every loyal subject of France will very soon experience the blessing of tranquillity restored."	23-11-95	113
Military Supplies		
Sheep.	6-11-95	114
Sterling, Lt.-Col. M.P.		
O.C. Pondicherry—Death of.	22-12-95	116
Capt. A. Campell takes charge of the office.		
Kandy		
Ambassadors received.	23-12-95	117
The Captain reports about the reception of the Ambassadors from the King of Candy. They were very much astonished at the palatial buildings and the "Michanism of the Spiral Stair-case" and their dress reminded him of the Picture of King Henry the Eighth.		

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Distribution of.	28-12-95	120 123
March		
Detachment, 2nd Bn. under Lt. Col. Richard Tolson, To Pondicherry.	30- 1-96	123-5
Brathwaite, Col. John		
He takes command at Pondicherry from Major A. Campbell.	12- 2-96 7- 2-96	125-6 133
Griffiths, Mr. Julius		
Secretary—Residence.	13- 2-96	126
The O.C. recommends that a house may be allotted for the accommodation of Mr. J. Griffiths and his family.		
Superior Council		
Restoration of functions.	14- 2-96	128-9
The O.C. directs the President, M. Gerrard, to resume his seat as President and assemble the Council and destroy all the papers connected with the prosecution as the sole prosecutor, Lt.-Col. Sterling, is dead.		
Prisoners of War		
French officers—Proceeding to France.	25- 2-96	131-3
M. Lameth, late Secretary to the French Government, and Lt. Le. Fen request that they may be provided with passports for returning to France.	4- 3-96 9- 3-96 31- 3-96	128-40 143-4 160-1
——— Application for increased allowances.	20- 2-96	130-1 146-7
Native Battalion		
Inspection.	2- 3-96 6- 3-96	134-5 140-1
The O.C. reports that the 33rd N. Bn. is completely disciplined and will "establish its own reputation and do credit to the service."		
——— Colours are presented to the N. Bn.	15- 3-96 21- 3-96	145-6 149
Choultry Court		
Irregularity.	2- 3-96	135-8
The President and Members of the Superior Council complain against certain irregularities of the Choultry Court.		
The Commandant calls for an opinion from the Procureur du Roi.		
Military Stores		
Statement.	11- 3-96	142-3
Griffiths, Mr. Julius		
Appointed Interpreter.	9- 3-96	143-4
——— Leave.	15- 3-96	146
Cash Balance		
Statement called for.	14- 3-96	144-5
Passports		
Issue.	9- 3-96	144, 148
The Secretary to Government directs the Commandant that all passports for ships should be issued under the authority of the Government at the Presidency.		
Bengal Recruits		
Escort.	17- 3-96	148-9
The Adjt.-Genl. directs the Commandant to send a detachment from the 39th Bn. to escort a draft of one hundred Bengal recruits.		
Prisoners of War		
French, Transfer to the Presidency.	23- 3-96 27- 3-96 }	156-7
	5- 4-96	165-6
Bengal Recruits		
Apprehension of deserters.	25- 3-96 26- 3-96	152 156

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Prisoners of War		
Proceeding to France.	25- 3-96	152-3
The Secretary directs the Commandant to provide passage money for the French prisoners of war who wish to return to France or the Isle de France.		
Superior Council		
Jurisdiction.	28- 3-96	153-4
The Council, under the French Administration, exercised jurisdiction over Karikal and Chandranagore. Mr. Benjamin Salman, Attorney-General, is of opinion that the same kind of jurisdiction may be extended to the French factories within the Presidency.	2- 4-96	162
The question arose from the dispute between Mr. and Madame D'Aubigny.		
Military Coolies		
Desertion of.	17- 3-96	154-5
Prisoners of War		
Discount on sales.	27- 3-96	159-60
A discount of 5 per cent. is levied on all sales for the maintenance of the prisoners.		
Fines		
Appropriation for prisoners.	28- 3-96	160
The Commandant directs that the fines levied by the Choultry Court should be appropriated for the maintenance of the prisoners.		
Charitable Fund		
Widows and orphans of Europeans.	4- 4-96	163-4
In accordance with the legacy of M. Boyoux and the gift of Genl. Conway, a Committee was appointed to superintend the distribution of the sums to the widows and orphans of Europeans.		
The Commandant directs the Rev. Father Capucin to form the committee.		

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Prisoners of War Transfer.	18- 9-1803	1-3
Military Stores Supply.	15- 9-03 20- 9-03	4 11
Prisoners of War Transfer to Poonamallee. The Adjt.-Genl., Fort St. George, directs the O.C. Pondicherry to send the French prisoners of war under an escort to Poonamallee. A ship, 'Sheerness,' is sent to Pondicherry to accommodate such officers and their families as could not march with the troops.	15- 9-03 } 11- 9-03 } 19- 9-03 } 20- 9-03 } 21- 9-03	5-10 12-4
Military Supplies Bullocks.	27- 9-03	11-2
Nixon, Lt. Leave refused.	2-10-03	14-5
Prisoners of War Allowances to French prisoners—Statement called for.	29- 9-03 } 12-10-03 }	15, 33-8
Prisoners of War French Officers.	1-10-03	15-7
The Chief Secretary to Government informs the O.C. Pondicherry that Mons. Binot, the officers of his staff and others who have families are allowed to remain at Pondicherry.		
——— The O.C. Pondicherry informs the Chief Secretary that many French Officers who were captured in 1793 at Pondicherry request permission to return to France.	6- 9-03	17-8
——— Adjt.-Commandant Binot asks the O.C. Pondicherry to arrange to send off the Civilians who were made prisoners at Pondicherry.	7-10-23	20-2
Dubuc M. M. Dubuc says that he did not belong either to Civil or Military Departments. He came to India to stay in Pondicherry. He expresses his desire to take the Oath of Allegiance to the British Government.	6-10-03	19-20
Leger, Madame The O.C. Pondicherry recommends that a passport may be issued to Madame Leger, wife of the Prefect of the Civil Administration, to enable her to return to Europe.	11-10-03 13-10-03	23 32-3
Prisoners of War Transfer to France. The O.C. informs Adjt.-Commandant Binot that the ship 'Matilda' has been engaged to convey the French troops and Civil Administration under his command to France.	11-10-03 } 12-10-03 } 13-10-03	24-8 30
French Spies The O.C. Pondicherry reports that two Frenchmen, MM. Swarsc and Sevre, are continually passing in country craft between Madras, Pondicherry and Tranquebar. He suspects them of carrying intelligence to the French. They are sent to France.	12-10-03 } 13-10-31 } 24-10-31 16-10-31	28-30 52 66-7
Military Cash Indent.	14-10-03	31
Military Supplies Poultry, etc.	11-10-03	31-2
Prisoners of War Transfer to France. The Chief Secretary informs the O.C. that the ship 'Matilda' will be ready to sail on the 19th October to take the prisoners of war who wish to sail for France. Other officers who wish to remain in Pondicherry may be permitted to remain on their own means.	14-10-03 } 18-10-03 } 10-10-03 12-10-03	38-41 44 47-9 68-70
——— The parole of honour was signed by the French prisoners of war. The O.C. objects to certain portions being altered by Adjt.-Commandant Binot.	24-10-03 23-10-03 18-10-03	50-2 56-60 88-9
Dubuc, Mons. French prisoner of war—Allowance.	18-10-03	49
Binot, Adjutant Commandant Allowances.	24-10-03	52-4

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Prisoners of War		
Paroles of honour.	19-10-03	64-5
The Town Major sends to the O.C. several paroles of honour signed by the French officers.	30-10-03	71
	9-11-03	79
Prisoners of War		
Transfer to France.	28-10-03	66
The Commander of the ship ' Wilhelmina ' informs the O.C. that the bartel, conveying the French Prisoners of War to France, has been carried off.		
——— The O.C. reports to the Chief Secretary that no accident occurred. Some of them relanded. Genl. Binot is also sailing in the ship which is proceeding towards the Cape of Good Hope.	1-11-03	71-2
	23-10-03	77-9
——— Charges—Statement.	29-11-03	86-7
Misconduct		
Mr. Collins, Register of Mortgages, is arrested.	10-12-03	95-6
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Accommodation.	11-11-03	79-80
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French—Statement of.	20-11-03	85
Captured Arms		
Transmission to Madras.	23-11-03	86
Baptiste, Jean		
The Collector of Coimbatore reports that Jean Baptiste was apprehended travelling without a passport.	15-11-03	89-90
Military Stores		
Inspection report.	28-11-03 } 10-12-03 }	94-5
Military Police		
Control of.	11-12-03	96-9
The O.C. Pondicherry informs the Chief Secretary that the police authority should remain with the military and the Collector should not be allowed to interfere. He gives the following reasons in support of his proposal :—		
At present in Pondicherry there are about 400 Europeans and five or six thousand Portuguese, among whom are several families of distinction. The late arrival of the French expedition has aroused their feelings and they are trying to restore the French authority.		
Differences among the inhabitants are decided by the native Court of Judicature. But it will be very injurious to the feelings of many respectable French families to subject them to its jurisdiction.		
If the duty is entrusted to the Collector it would be expensive and would be " injurious to the public service."		
If the police duties are entrusted to the military they will be promptly carried out.		
DeMainville, Col.		
Leave and allowances.	7- 12-03	99
	6- 4-04	156-7
French Property		
Statement called for.	7-12-03	100
	14-12-03	103-4
——— Arms, etc.—Transfer to Madras.	21- 1-04	112-3
		115-6
	29- 2-04	140-1
	5- 4-04	152

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Misconduct	13-12-03	100-2
Escort of Mr. Collins, a prisoner.		
Prisoners of War		
French—Transfer charges.	14-12-03	102-3
	27-12-03 20-1-04	108-11
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Gay, Dr.		
Surgeon to late French expedition. Proceeding to Calcutta.	28-12-03	106-7
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Parisot, Capt. Charles		
French prisoner of war—Allowance.	12-1-04	117-8
Drescott, Lt.		
Leave.	7-9-04	120
Monneron, M.		
French merchant—Passport to Isle of France.	13-2-04	120-1
	23-2-04	136
Dubus, M.		
Passport to Europe.	12-2-04	121
French Spies	11-10-03	123-7
Lt.-Genl. T. Stuart gives the following instructions to the O.C. Pondicherry.		
He should maintain a strict watch over the French residents at Pondicherry and prevent them from giving any information to the French, which would be hostile to the British. No concessions should be given to any suspicious character. He must prevent any attempt of the French troops to effect a landing at Pondicherry.		
Prisoners of War		
French—Transfer to Madras proposed.	14-2-04	128-32
——— List of.	1-3-04	136-8
	10-3-04 14-3-04	142-4
Talbiade, M.		
French officer proceeding to Madras.	19-1-04	133-4
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French—Allowances account.	12-3-04	143
	7-4-04	153
		174
Panchand, M.		
Civil pensioner.	15-3-04	146
A monthly allowance of Rs. 138 was sanctioned to Mons. Panchand, a French Civil Officer.		
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Arrival and departure—Statement called for.	27-3-04	149
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Appointed Member of Council.	6-4-04	154
Lestache, M.		
Appointed Keeper of Mortgages.	6-4-04	154
Military Misconduct		
The O.C. reports that a quarrel arose between the soldiers and the tobacco renter's peons, in which one of the peons was killed.	11-4-04 12-4-04 16-4-04	154-8
Blin, M. Venditin		
Allownces.	13-3-04	165-6
M. Blin states that he came to India before the War as Commis Principal, on a salary of 4,000 Fr. livres per annum and requests that he may be treated as a prisoner of war and an allowance equal to his pay made to him.		
The Superintendent is of opinion that his claim may be admitted. 4,000 Fr. livres at the rate of 10 livres for Rs. 2¼ amounts to Rs. 1,400.		

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Prisoners of War		
French.		
The O.C. sends a list of persons who are desirous of returning to Europe.	..	168–9
Casanove, M.		
French prisoner.		
The O.C. recommends that an allowance may be granted to him in view of his old age.	26–5–04	170–3.
Binet, Adjutant Commandant		
French prisoner of war.		
He consents to be a prisoner of war, with the detachment of civil servants under his orders, under the following conditions:— (*a*) All the arms, except those of the officers shall be surrendered. (*b*) Private properties shall be retained. (*c*) The prisoners shall be embarked for France within 3 months. (*d*) The English Government shall feed and provide for the usual pay of the troops and officers, according to their ranks. (*e*) The wives of the officers and privates should be treated in the same manner as their husbands. (*f*) The invalids should be treated at the expense of the British Government and sent to France after their recovery. (*g*) The prisoners should be allowed to take their belongings with them. (*h*) The Adjt.-Commandant should be permitted to keep his own staff. (*i*) The Adjt.-Commandant relies on the honour of the English for the safety of their prisoners of war.	24 Fructidor year (from 18th August to 16th September) 11 of French Republic.	176–82

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Missionaries		
Passports.		
Government direct the O.C. Pondicherry to issue passports to the missionaries for a limited distance.	25–8–1809	1
Passports		
Issue.	..	2, 59, 62, 65, 90–1, 104, 152
Government House		
Pondicherry—Repair charges.	21–8–09	3
Travelling Allowances		
Disallowed.		
The Commandant has disallowed the travelling charges of several officers as they have come to Pondicherry at their own option.	1–9–09 7–9–09 21–9–09	2 4 10

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Transfer to France—List.	20- 9-09	11-3
	6-10-09	22-3
——— The cartel with the French prisoners of war left Pondicherry.	8-10-09	27-8
	22-10-09	42-3
Military Misconduct		
Lt. Boyn, 1st Bn., 19th Rt., struck a Brahmin writer and the matter was reported to the Adjt.-Genl. of the Army at Madras, by the Commandant.	22- 9-09	12
Prisoners of War		
Proceeding to France, Colombo, etc.	25- 9-09	14
	30- 9-09	19
	3-10-09	21
	10-10-09	25
Court Martial		
Lt.-Col. Lockhart, O.C. Pondicherry.	4-10-09	18
The Commandant explains his inability to attend the court martial as he is engaged in the transfer of French prisoners of war to different places.	6-10-09	20
———Lt.-Col. James George Graham is appointed to command at Pondicherry during the absence of Lt.-Col. Lockhart.	18-10-09	32-3
Villard, Lt.		
French prisoner of war—Allowance.	7-10-09	20
Vessels		
Capture by the French.	11-10-09	26
An Armenian reports that a ship in which he was travelling was captured by the French.	12-10-09	28
Pensions		
Lapsed.	1- 1-09	26-7
The Court of Directors have accepted the recommendation of the Magistrate and Collector to continue the lapsed pensions "on other distressed and descending objects" but it should not be treated as a precedent.	15- 8-10	151
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Transfer.	..	29
Kysawzan, M.		
French prisoner of war—Proceeding to the Isle of France.	12-10-09	30
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French—Proceeding to France, etc.	14-10-09 }	31-4
——— Allowances.	18-10-09 }	
All the officers proceeding to France are allowed two months' subsistence as advance for providing themselves with clothes and provisions.	17-10-09	35-6
Chidambaram Pillai		
French and Native Interpreter—Death.	25-10-09	41
——— Petition for family pension. (See pp. 98-9.)	16- 1-10	74
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Merchant—Passports.	31-10-09	47
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Tentre, Jean Baptiste		
Pension.	15-11-09	52
Government are pleased to continue the pension of Rs. 8 a month to J. B. Tentre in consideration of his destitute condition.	24-11-09	56-7
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Dent, Mr. Cotton Bowerbank		
Paymaster—Leave.	31-12-09	66

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Van Narsen, Mr. Card		
A resident of the Island of Java—Arrival.	30- 1-10	80
Prisoners of War		
French—Allowance.	4- 2-10	81-2
Charitable Allowances		
The Commandant recommends that charitable allowances may be granted to widows Gaybis and David and other residents of Pondicherry, who are in straitened circumstances.	5- 2-10 } 8-2- 10 }	83-6
	28- 2-10	98-9
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	28- 3-10	106-8
	17- 4-10	114
	7- 5-10	119-22
	6- 6-10	130
Fortin, Mr. C. F.	23- 8-10	152-3
He asks the Commandant to issue him a licence to enable him to marry.	7- 2-10	84-5
Europeans		
Pondicherry.	10- 2-10	88
The Commandant states there are 3 classes of Europeans :— Those born in France, Those born in India of European parents and Merties or half castes.		
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Chidambaram Pillai		
Family pension. (See pp. 78-9.)	28- 2-10	98-9
A pension of Pag. 3 a month is sanctioned for the maintenance of the family.	10- 3-10	102-3
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		112
Durostier, M. Vincesias		
Proceeding to Madras.	15- 3-10	102
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Acting Commandant—Table allowance.	19- 9-10	116

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Capt. J. L. Jones of the Invalids.	11- 6-10	132-5
The Commandant directs him to pay the arrears due to a native merchant.	14- 6-10	
——— The O.C. reports the matter to the Adjt.-Genl.	14- 7-10	144
Collins, Mr.		
Suit.	15- 6-10	136
Government send some documents to the Commandant to be handed over to Mr. Collins, connected with a suit pending decision.		
He is permitted to go to Pondicherry to conduct his cause.	26- 6-10	140-1
Military Invalids		
Natives—Clothing allowance.	5- 7-10	142-6
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Thomasin, M.		
Prisoner of war.	28- 9-10	162
The Town Major, Fort St. George, informs the Commandant that M. Thomasin, a French prisoner of war, is sent to Pondicherry.		
Coplands, Mr. James		
Invalid Conductor—Permitted to reside at Cuddalore.	28- 9-10	162-3
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Chappatté, M.		
Prisoner of war.	18-10-10	167
M. Chappatté relinquished his pension and took to law for his livelihood. But as he is unable to maintain himself, he again applies for subsistence.		174-5
Theft ..	20-10-10	167-8
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In the dispute between Govindarama Chetty and Appavoo Chetty Government set aside the decree of the Court of Pondicherry and ordered retrial on the ground that opportunity was not given for arbitration, as laid down by the regulation. The cause arose from a bond executed to the complainant.		
Bromekam, M.		
Prisoner of war—Pension.	10-11-10	178

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The Commandant reports to Government on a certain difference of opinion between the senior member and the coadjurors, as a consequence of which the members of the Court declined to act as Judges.	1- 8-12	76
The Court has been suspended. (See pp. 79—80.)		
Sinan, M. Joannis		
Appeal against decree.	11- 4-12	1-4
M. Joannis Sinan appeals to the Governor in Council, Fort St. George, against the decree of the Court of Judicature of Pondicherry directing him to pay a sum of Pag. 7,833 to Messrs. Arbuthnot and Anstruther.	7- 5-12	18
Military Cash		
Requisition.	25- 4-12	5
Court		
Pondicherry—Complaint.		
Odian Chetty complains that decrees are not properly executed and some of them have been suspended.	30- 4-12	6-12
——— The Commandant directs the Procureur General to explain the circumstances under which the decrees have been suspended.	2- 5-12 7- 5-12	
Dog Killing		
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Caste Head		
Fisherman caste.	6- 5-12	18
The Commandant directs the Superintendent of Police to recognise Pitchambalavanan as the head of the fisherman caste.		
Suffise, M.		
French prisoner of war—Passport to Mauritius.	7- 5-12	19-20
——— An oath of allegiance was taken from M. Suffise.	20- 5-12	28-9
	23- 5-12	32
	11- 8-12	89
Deserters		
Natives—Apprehension of.	5- 5-12	20-1
Recruitment		
Natives.		
Temples		
Administration.	14- 5-12	24
The Commandant directs the Superintendent of Police not to interfere with the administration of the temples.		
Fatio, Cornet		
1st Rt. N.I.	20- 5-12	27-8
Cornet Fatio died of the wounds he received from a shark while bathing. (See pp. 134-5.)		
Thomasin, M.		
French prisoner of war.	19- 5-12	30, 33-4
Government are pleased to sanction the payment of passage money to M. Thomasin and his lady to the Isle of Mauritius.	29- 5-12	38-9
	15- 7-12	64-5
Prisoners		
Trial.	..	31
Suffise, M.		
French prisoner of war. (See pp. 19-20.)	15- 5-12	32
Government inform the Commandant that it is "improper for a French prisoner of war to take the command of a vessel sailing under English Colours."		

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Mutton.	28- 5-12	34 37
Theft	..	35 39
Pardival, M.		
Proceeding to Mauritius.	22- 5-12	35
Charitable Allowances		
Reduction of interest on fund.	8- 5-12	21
The Accountant-General directs the Commandant to send the Company's 8 % bond for Rs. 1,000 for the purpose of exchanging it to a 6 % bond, "conformably to the measures adopted by Government for the general reduction of their public debts."	12- 5-12 3- 6-12	22 40
Prisoners of War		
French—Transfer—Advance payment.	5- 6-12	43
Military Invalids		
List called for.	8- 1-12 19- 6-12	44 51
Government House		
Pondicherry—Repairs Account.	4- 6-12 12- 6-12	43-6
	18- 6-12	52-3 55
——— A sum of Rs. 300 has been sanctioned for the repairs.	9- 7-14	66-7
Rice		
Prices.	11- 6-12	49-50
The price of the third sort of rice is Pag. 90 per garce.	28- 6-12	54
Military Supplies		
Grain.	14- 4-12	50
Rebeiro, Madame		
Pension.	25- 6-12	53
Madame Rebeiro requests that she may be allowed a pension as she is advanced in age.	30- 6-12 3- 7-12 10- 7-12	57 59 63-4
Sepoys		
Petition to exchange battalion.	2- 7-12	56
Daviot, M. Philip L.		
Clerk to the Court of Judicature, Pondicherry. Since the suspension of the Court he has lost his position and requests that a pension may be granted to him.	6- 7-12	59-60
——— A pension of Rs. 20 a month was sanctioned by the Government.	10- 7-12	63
Misconduct		
Customs and Salt departments.	15- 7-12	65-6
The merchants complain of considerable fraud committed by public servants in the customs and salt departments.	20- 7-12 21- 7-12	69-70 71
Nicholas, M. Charles		
Pension.	18- 7-12	68
He was a master in the College at Pondicherry and is now in distress. The Commandant strongly supports his application.	30- 7-12 4- 8-12	75 83-4
St. Paul, M.		
Judge—Leave.	20- 7-12	68
Military stores		
Indent.	21- 7-12 24- 7-12 26- 7-12	69 71 73
Deserter		
Reward for apprehension.	21- 7-12 23- 7-12	69 71
Prisoners		
Medical aid to invalids.	17- 7-12	69

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Court		
Pondicherry—Dispute. (See p. 1).	3- 8-12	79-80
The O.C. informs Government of the difficulties arising from the suspension of the Court and requests them to order it to re-assemble.	7- 8-12	85
People are unable to dispose of their property as the French Law demands that the sanction of the Court of Judicature is necessary for such disposal.	15- 8-12 17- 8-12	88-90
The Court has been suspended owing to a difference of opinion between the senior member and his colleagues.		
March		
Detachment, 2nd Bn. 10 Rt. under Lt. Short, From Pondicherry to Bangalore.	4- 8-12	81
Faure, M. Jean Baptiste		
Passport to Madras.	29- 6-12	84
The Secretary to the Government of Bourbon informs the Madras Government that they have allowed Mr. Jean Baptiste Faure of Bourbon to proceed to Madras.		
DeTessan and Marcand, Masters		
Passports to Pondicherry.	29- 6-12	83-4
The Secretary to the Government of Bourbon informs the Government of Madras that he has permitted Masters Charles DeTessan and Charles Marcand to proceed to Madras for the purpose of receiving education at the College of Pondicherry.		
Salt		
Theft of.	13- 8-12	87-8
Pereira, Mr. Jacob		
Pension.	14- 8-12 19- 8-12	90-2
Violette, P.		
Proceeding to Colombo.	18- 8-12	93-4
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Alkier, A. (Junior)		
Permission to proceed to Colombo.	12- 9-12 6-11-12 29- 1-13	105-6 136 200
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Touring arrangements.	2- 9-12	106
Tulk, Lt. John		
2nd Bn. 7th Rt.—Leave.	15- 9-12 23- 9-12	107 111
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Misconduct		
Tahsildar of Pondicherry.	11- 9-12	104-5
The O.C. complains to the Collector that the Tahsildar has prevented the digging of a well within the limits of Pondicherry.		
——— The Collector informs the O.C. that an enquiry was held into the conduct of the Tahsildar and he has been fined and reprimanded.	21- 9-12	109
Tauffreville, Lt. Col.		
Proceeding to Palamcottah.	28- 9-12 6-10-12	111 117
Salt		
Theft of.	1-10-12 3-10-12 20-11-12 5-12-12	113-4 116-7 146-7 156-7 159-60
——— Restrictions on sale.	2-10-12	114-5
The O.C directs the Superintendent of Police to publish a proclamation forbidding the inhabitants from purchasing salt from private persons.		
Paddy		
Transport to Pondicherry—Complaint of detention.	10-10-12 12-10-12	118-9 121-2

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Rodriguez Family		
Pension.	12-10-12	119-21
The family of Rodriguez, Resident at Karaikal, apply to Government	17-10-12	124-5
through the Collector of Tanjore for an increase in their pension.	27-10-12	130
The O.C. informs the Collector of Tanjore that it is not possible	5-11-12	134
to increase the pension.	23-11-12	220
Russell, Lt. Daniel		
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1st Bn. 3rd Rt.—Leave.	24-10-12	127-8
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Boucher, Mlle. C.		
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Fatio, Cornet		
Death. (See pp. 27-8).	2-11-12	134-5
Tomb, Lt. R.		
1st Bn. 17th Rt. N.I.—Death.	7-11-12	135
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Sonnerat, M.		
Late Chief of Yanam—Proceeding to England.	13-11-12	138
Slaves		
M. Lafolie complains that his slave girl with a child has absconded and	12-11-12	138
requests that she may be apprehended.	16-11-12	140
White, Mr. S.		
Proceeding to Madras.	16-11-12	139-40
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Revenue Arrears		
Police assistance.	20-11-12 } 23-11-12 }	142-4
The Collector complains to the O.C. that necessary assistance is not rendered to the Tahsildar of Pondicherry by the police officers in	6-12-12	152
realising the revenue by the sale of distrained property.	3-12-12	154-6
Kummeraly, Subedar		
6th Coy. 2nd Bn. 14th Rt.—Leave.	23-11-12	143
Military Invalids and Pensioners		
Examination of.	20-11-12 } 10-11-12 }	144-6
The O.C. suggests that a committee may be appointed to examine the Invalids and Pensioners.	21-11-12	148-9
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Arrack		
Renting proposals.	27-11-12	149
Meek, Sergt.		
Key Sergt. of Dindigul—Death of.	26-11-12	150
Prize Money		
Seringapatam—Distribution committee.	8-12-12	156
The O.C. asks the Major of Brigade, Centre Division, to give him details of the committee to be assembled for the distribution of prize money for the capture of Seringapatam.		
——— The O.C. will be the President of the Committee which assembles here.	15-12-12	160-3
——— The O.C. is unable to attend owing to indisposition.	[illegible]-12-12	169
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Toddy		
Confinement of defaulting renter.	8-12-12	162
Cadenske, Lt.		
The Military Paymaster directs the O.C. to recover the amount paid to the late Lt. Cadenske from the executors of his estate as the deceased had "no right to draw on his Regimental Paymaster."	24-12-12 28-12-12	164-8
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Military Misconduct		
Lt. Marr. The Paymaster complains that Lt. Marr kicked his writer.	6-1-13	175-6
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Compensation. Capt. Owen, of H.M. ship 'Cornelia' recommends that a sum of money may be given to a native of Pondicherry for the loss of certain vegetables intended for the ship 'Phaeton.'	6-1-13 20-1-13	188-94
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Delorme, Madame		
Pension.	26-1-13	199-200
The O.C. recommends that a pension may be granted to Madame Delorme in view of her old age.	2-2-13	207
——— The pension is sanctioned.	12-2-13	214
Cash Escort		
Requisition.	..	202
Ammunition		
Ingredients of. The Military Board sends a circular about the proportion of powder to be used in future in making up ball and blunt ammunition, for the public service.	28-1-13	202-4
Jamaica Rum		
Import duty. The renter claims to collect duty on jamaica rum imported for sale by M. Suffise from the Isle of France.	1-2-13	204
——— The renter has no right to claim duty from M. Suffise, as the latter could not sell liquor without a proper licence. (See p. 242).	9-2-13	209-12
	11-2-13	226-7
Suffise, M.		
Pension.	4-2-13	205-6
Government are pleased to renew his allowance.	9-2-13	213
Burial Grounds		
Enclosure of.	7-2-13	207-9
The O.C. sends an estimate for enclosing the Protestant and Roman Catholic burial grounds and it is sanctioned.	16-2-13	215-6
	23-2-13	219

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Bridges		
Construction estimate.	. .	208
The O.C. sends an estimate for the construction of bridges on the road to Cuddalore, which was destroyed in 1811, and on the Valavanur Road.		
Travelling Allowances		
Claim.	3- 2-13	209
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Jail for Women		
The Collector informs the O.C. that it is not possible to give the building he asks for for the purpose.	21- 2-13 23- 2-13	218-9
March		
Detachment, 2nd Bn. 7th Rt. N.I., From Walajabad to Pondicherry.	27- 2-13	221
Military		
Loss of public books.	24- 2-13 } 8- 3-13 }	223-4
The O.C. informs Lt.-Col. Ogg, Commanding 1st Bn. 19th Rt., that he did not notice the loss of public books and some books were purchased by him to make up the deficit.		
White, Mr. J.		
Superintendent of Police—Leave.	18- 3-13	231-2
March		
Detachment, 2nd Bn. 7th Rt. N.I., From Pondicherry to Walajabad.	18- 3-13	232-3
Gurnell, Lt.-Col. Thomas		
2nd Bn. 18th Rt. N.I.—Leave granted.	16- 3-13	233-4
Lt.-Col. H. Fraser is appointed in his place.		
Military Supplies		
Sheep—Complaint.	20- 3-13	237-8
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	17- 4-13	261
Prize Money		
Seringapatam—Distribution.	24- 3-13	239
Courts		
Procedure in execution of decree.	31- 3-13	248-55
The O.C. asks the Procureur General whether it is necessary to refer a mortgage bond to arbitration before the effects mortgaged can be sold.		
The Procureur General is of opinion (in French) that the cause must be first referred to arbitration.		
Military Invalids		
Clothing allowance.	3- 4-13	256
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Boatmen.	6- 4-13	257
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Jamaica Rum		
Import duty. (See p. 204).	24- 3-13	242
M. Suffise imported a quantity of jamaica rum from the Isle of France. But the arrack renter has sealed it and demands payment of duty. The Assistant Collector has ordered that it cannot be sold without a licence. The Commandant now refers the matter to the Collector.	17- 4-13	260-1
——— The Tahsildar is directed to hand over the rum to M. Suffise.	5- 5-13	269
Military Batta		
Refund.	27- 4-13	264-5
The Paymaster directs the O.C. to refund the batta received for a Naigue who was on leave.	12- 5-13	270-2
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White, Mr. J.		
Superintendent of Police—Extension of leave.	30- 3-13 / 2- 5-13	267-8
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	4- 6-13	281
Military Invalids		
Examination of.	30- 5-13	277-8
The O.C. informs the Military Auditor General that he assembled the Invalids three times in the year, as was done in the time of his predecessors, Lt.-Col. Lockhart and Mr. Fallowfield.		
Penmark, Madame		
Pension.	28- 5-13	279-80
Government have sanctioned a sum of Rs. 153 per mensem to Madame Penmark, widow of Col. Penmark DeMaruville.		
Misconduct		
Tahsildar of Pondicherry.	6- 6-13	281-3
The O.C. complains that the Tahsildar of Pondicherry confined a person in jail without any reasons and forcibly removed jewels from the person of a woman because her brother fell in arrears.	15- 6-13	288-9
Deserter		
Apprehension of.	8- 6-13	283
		285
De Montreau, M. Augustin Bassee		
Claim to property of.	11- 6-13	290-4
M. Augustin Bassee De Montreau has bequeathed his property to his daughter Mlle. Eleanore Brown.		
On a reference by the party to the Court of Judicature, they have decreed that the will of the deceased was to take effect only eighteen months after the signing of the preliminaries of peace between France and England. The property is in the hands of the executors of the will.		
Government direct the O.C. to call for an account of the property and they are of opinion that "it should not be exposed to risk by remaining in the hands of private individuals but should be lodged in the public treasury."		
——— Commissioners appointed.	5- 7-13	301-2
Under instructions from Government the O.C. appoints Messrs. Montreau and Bronnekam, as Commissioners to receive the property from Messrs. Renaudet and Aflouce, Executors.		

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Marine		
Sick sailors.	26-12-13	5
Hundred sick seamen and mariners were landed from the ship 'Stirling' and arrangements made for their accommodation and supplies.	1- 1-14	11-4
	30-12-13	16-9
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Renaudet, Madame		
Pension.	6- 1-14	19-20
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Judge—Leave application.	8- 1-14	23

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Cooly charges.	10- 1-14	26
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Smyth, Mr. Henry		
Passport.	12- 3-14	27
The O. C. has given a passport to Mr. C. H. Smyth to go to Europe, to recoup his health.		
Le Nair, etc.		
Misconduct.	12- 3-14	28-30
The Captain of the 3rd Rt. accuses M. Le Nair and others of perjury and insists that an enquiry should be held.		36
	23- 4-14	38-42
He complains that the Superintendent of Police is delaying the matter.	2- 5-14	46
	20- 4-14	50-9
	(In French.)	
Military Invalids		
Supply—Contract.	16- 3-14	30-2
Sinan, M. Joannis		
Appeal against decree.	16- 3-14 }	32-6
M. J. Sinan wants to appeal in the cause between Messrs. Arbuthnot and Anstruther. The O.C. calls for opinion from the Procureur General. (In French). (See 134/124-6).	19- 3-14 }	
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White, Mr. J.		
Superintendent of Police—Removal of.	30- 3-14	37-8
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Sick sailors—Transfer to Madras.	30- 4-14	44
Renea, M. Jean		
Removal from post of Archer of Police.	26- 4-14	45
Gille, M. Elloy		
Appointed Archer of Police.	26- 4-14	45
Mutton		
Complaint of bad quality.	2- 5-14	46-9
Salt		
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McLeod, Mr. J. M.		
Appointed Superintendent of Police.	2- 5-14	46-7
Dogs		
Destruction of.	30- 4-14	49-50
Smuggling		
Of cloth.	7- 5-14	61
Fardinel, M.		
In spite of the police prohibition M. Fardinel has left Pondicherry.	29- 4-14	50
The Marine Board is displeased at the conduct of Mr. De Baussett in allowing him to leave the place.	3- 5-14	62-3
King, Mr. J.		
Death.	11- 5-14	66-7
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Trial and sentence of Le Nair, the Romadiers, Saurin and others.	15- 5-14	72-3
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Register—Disposal of property.	17- 5-14 }	78-81
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Pochont, Mrs.		
Mrs. Pochont, widow of Mr. Pochont, Surgeon in the French service, applies for a pension.	23- 5-14 2- 6-14	82-3 88-9
Stationery Indent	17- 5-14	85, 88 93-4
Police Court		
Attendance of revenue servants. The Superintendent of Police complains that the amin refused to appear when summoned. The O.C. asks the Collector to direct the revenue servants to attend the Police Office, as the Police Court here is also a court of justice for the trial of civil causes and they are governed by special regulations.	28- 5-14 29- 5-14	86-8
Private Buildings		
Repairs.	21- 5-14	92-3
Suffise, M.		
Pension. The O.C. recommends that the pension may be granted as M. Suffise is a respectable man and reduced to pecuniary difficulties. He was a lieutenant in the Royal Navy of France previous to the revolution. He was taken prisoner by the English at the Isle of France and was sent to Pondicherry. He was given a monthly pension of Pag. 10. He afterwards took the command of a small vessel bound for Mauritius. As the vessel was sold he again requests that his pension be renewed.	9- 6-14	95-8
Officers' Uniform		
Proposed changes. The Lt.-Col. commanding 2 Bn. 2nd Rt. is of opinion that the Wellington Pantaloon and Boot may add to the uniformity, convenience and appearance of officers. The O.C. is of opinion that there is no need to change the dress. (See 134/39-40).	30- 5-14 11- 7-14	98-9 158-9
Charitable Allowances	22- 6-14	115
Caste Dispute		
Marriage ceremony. The Superintendent of Police has prevented Teroovengadam from performing certain ceremonies on the occasion of his marriage, as they were objected by the left hand caste. The O.C. refers the matter to Government.	10- 6-14 18- 6-14	99-101 109-10
Military Invalids and Pensioners		
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———Pay certificate—Transfer.	20- 6-14	110-1 126
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Delay in executing decrees. The Commander sends the explanation of the court of judicature for postponing the execution of several decisions in suits. The delay in reply was caused by the suspension of the court.	13- 6-14	106
Processions		
Pariahs—Prevention of.	20- 6-14	107-8
Audit	6- 6-14	111-3
Bose, Mrs.		
Warning to. The Superintendent of Police informs the O.C. that Mrs. Bose defies the orders of the police. The O.C. informs her that she will be sent to the Presidency and ultimately to England if she continued to disobey the Police Regulations. She apologizes for her conduct.	23- 5-14 17- 6-14 23- 6-14 25- 6-14 26- 6-14	94-5 114 116-21
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Killing charges.	23- 5-14	114-5
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Detachment, 2nd Bn. 4th Rt., From Walajabad to Pondicherry.	18- 6-14 24- 6-14 1- 7-14 5- 7-14 7- 7-14	116 118-9 122 132 138, 142

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Salt		
Smuggling of.	4- 7-14	134-5
Duverge, M. Louis		
Passport to Vellore.	1 -7-14	138-41
At the request of Messrs. De Fries & Co. a passport is issued to M. L. Duverge to go to Vellore to superintend their Indigo Works.		
Salt		
Wrongful seizure.	11- 7-14	144-7
1. The Superintendent of Police reports the circumstances under which he ordered the salt to be returned to the Corvas (carriers of salt).	12- 7-14 18- 7-14	156
2. A body of Corvas was seized by the Tahsildar and their salt and cattle were confiscated on the ground that they were carrying more salt than the quantity mentioned in the rawana.		
3. This was due to the mistake of the measuring man and when the Corvas realized that there was more salt they were actually returning to get the rawana changed, but the peons interfered and they were caught. The Superintendent has ordered that the salt should be restored to them by the amina writer and the measuring man should be made to compensate them for the loss of the cattle.		
Mutton		
Scarcity of.	12- 7-14 18- 7-14	146-8 156-7
American Cruisers		
The Capt. of the ship 'Leda' reports that there are several American cruisers in the Indian Ocean.	26- 6-14	151-2
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Issue.	26- 7-14	161-2
Farley, Mr. J. S.		
American, Arrival report.	26- 7-14	161
McLeod, Mr. J. M.		
Superintendent of Police.	2- 8-14	164
Leave of absence is granted to Mr. McLeod to take muster at Trichinopoly.		
Adam, Mlle. Louise		
Pension.	5- 8-14	165-6
Louise Adam is the daughter of the late J. Adam Cooper, who was receiving a pension of Rs. 20 per mensem. The O.C. supports her petition for pension.		

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Louis and Etienne Romadier are accused of havi g committed an assault and theft.	24- 8-14	9
Le Nair and Saurin are convicted of perjury.	25- 8-14 29- 8-14	12-3 14
Naynard Krishnaswamy is accused of having made a false accusation against an Inspector of Police (Mr. Mounier). (See p. 43.)	8- 9-14	27-32
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Hindu Law of Adoption		
Pandit's opinion.	19- 8-14	10-2
Tiruvengada Pillai.		
Chief of the Malabars—Adoption dispute. The O.C. informs the Superintendent of Police that the adoption of Muthuswami into the family of Tiruvengada Pillai cannot be recognized.	27- 8-14	13
Prisoners' Batta	24- 8-14	14
Payment.		
Vengatachyar Braminy		
Vengatchyar Braminy was banished for life from the limits of Pondicherry for having taken part in a quarrel against MM. Durhone, Duprat, etc. He requests that he may be pardoned. The O.C. recommends that pardon may be granted. The sentence of banishment is remitted.	29- 8-14 6- 9-14	15-6 32
Prisoners		
Transfer.	2- 9-14	18-9
Agnew, M. P. V.		
Appointed Superintendent of Family Payments.	2- 9-14	20-2
Sepoys		
Transfer. Six men of F. Company are transferred to the Native Veteran Battalions.	6- 9-14 11- 9-24 15- 9-14	26-7 33-5 41
Le Mair, etc.		
(See pp. 1-5.) Government direct that the prisoners should be treated as ordinary criminals.	16 -9-14	43
Passports		
Issue.	12- 9-14	35 37-8 44-5 48, 56-7 84
McLeod, Mr. J. M.		
Superintendent of Police—Leave.	15- 9-14 23- 9-14 10-12-12	39 45 112
Officers' Uniform		
(See 133/98-9). Changes introduced.	9- 9-14 17- 9-14 5-10-14	39-40 64-5
Cornel, Mr.		
Keeper of the Reports—Leave.	20- 9-14	41-3
March		
Detachment, 1st Bn. 25th Rt., From Madras to Pondicherry.	29- 9-14	45-6
Pensions		
Petition.	1-10-14	49-50
——— Family—Certificates—Transmission.	2-10-14 25- 8-14 8-10-14 18-10-14	52 58-9 60, 65 72-3
Prisoners		
Transfer.	3-10-14	53
Military Accounts		
Adjustment.	26- 9-14 2-10-14 3-10-14 16- 3-14	46-8 51-2 55-6 162-5
Military Batta		
Payment to families—Account.	4-10-14	57-8

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Sepoys		
Pensioning off.	8-10-14	62-3
The O.C. recommends that sepoys, Venkatram, Shaikbada, Gulmahomed and Govindoo, may be pensioned.		
Casualty Roll		
Transmission.	..	63-4
Tressin, Madame Nicholas		
Pension.	7-10-14	65
Tomb, Lt.		
17th Rt. N.I.—Property statement.	8-10-14	67-8
Fardevel, M. Alexis		
Pension.	15-10-14	68-9
Military Guards		
Reduction of.	20-10-14	73
	14-11-14	85-7
	21-11-14	92
Military Pension		
Instructions for payment to family of the deceased.	11-10-14	75-7
Navy		
Permission to enter.	27-10-14	78
Mr. Tineves requests permission for his two sons to enter as mariners.	11-11-14	88-9
Similar applications from different persons are received from time to time.	28- 1-15	129
		147-8
Ribeiro, Madame Julie		
Widow of Etienne Renaux—Pension.	27-10-14	79
Pensions		
Family—Certificates—Transmission.	1-11-14	80
Courts		
Conflict of jurisdictions.	21-11-14	93-107
The Superintendent of Police reports as follows :—	23-11-14	
One Mottiansicken reports that his wife Lakshmi took away jewels, money and a bond and left the house without his knowledge. The Superintendent referred the matter to arbitration. While it was proceeding Lakshmi was confined in prison by an order from the Court. He objects to the interference of the Court at this stage.	28-11-14	
Courts		
Decree—Appeal.	22-12-14	114-9
The O.C. asks the Court of Judicature to explain why it passed sentence in the cause of Moorgapillay.	24-12-14	
——— The Court delivers its opinion (in French).	28-12-14	
——— Appeal to Government.	10- 2-15	144
	25- 3-15	167-8
Adam, Mr.		
Passport to Colombo.	28-12-14	120
Passports		
List of.	1- 1-15	121-2
	15- 1-15	135
Bronnekam, M. D.		
French Interpreter—Proceeding to the Presidency.	6- 1-15	123
Short, Lt. Charles		
1st Bn. 12th Rt.—Accounts.	7- 1-15	123-4
Sinan, M. Joannis		
(See 128/32-6).	8- 1-15	124-6
Government have confirmed the decision of the Court of Judicature in the cause between Messrs. Arbuthnot and Anstruther, executors to the will of the late Mr. F. Lataux, and Mr. Joannis Sinan as Attorney for Mr. Counhemal's.		
Military Misconduct		
Punished by whipping.	20- 1-14	128
The O.C. informs the O.C. 1st Bn. 28th Rt. that a sepoy was convicted a third time by the court martial. In the first instance, he was forgiven. On the second occasion, he was given 375 lashes.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Richardson, Dr. R.		
Garrison Assistant Surgeon—Leave.	26- 1-15	129-30
Prisoners		
Transfer.	20- 1-15	131-2
March		
Detachment, Arnee Native Veteran Bn., From Pondicherry to Madras.	25- 1-15 15- 1-15	132-7
	4- 2-15	141
	17- 2-15	148
Prisoners		
Guard requisitioned.	5- 2-15	138-40
	1- 4-15	171-2
Quantin, Madame		
Widow of M. St. Quantin—Pension.	9- 2-15	142-3
	21- 2-15	155
Convicts		
Employment on public works.	8- 2-15	145-6
Government direct the O.C. to employ the convicts on any useful work, on the lines conducted by Mr. Newnham, the Magistrate of Cuddapah.		
Deserter		
Apprehension.	13 -2-15	146-7
Temples		
Dispute between Vadapooriswarer and Varadarajah Perumal.	2- 2-15	135-6
The O.C. informs Government that any action in the dispute may be suspended until the arrival of the French authorities in the place.	4- 2-15	140
	6- 2-15	149
	23- 2-15	150
Pondicherry		
Restoration to the French.	23- 2-15	151
The O.C. asks Government to furnish him with instructions to be observed on the occasion of the restoration of Pondicherry to the French.		
Military Stores		
Indent.	19 -2-15	152
2nd Native Veteran Battalion		
Pay certificate—Requisition.	19- 2-15	151-3
Boyd, Mr. Walter		
Residence at Pondicherry.	23- 2-15 25- 2-15 26- 2-15	155-9
1. The Town Major of Fort St. George wants to know from the O.C. under what authority Mr. Boyd, late Lieutenant in H.M's. service, is residing at Pondicherry.		
2. Mr. Boyd states that, while proceeding to England, he was landed at Pondicherry. He is under the protection of Mr. Arbuthnot.		
3. The O.C. informs the Town Major that Mr. Boyd had contracted private debts and it would be better if he leaves for England at the earliest opportunity. (See pp. 231-7.)		
Military Gratuity		
Havildar's claim.	11- 2-15	162
The O.C. sends a certificate of a Havildar of the 2nd Native Veteran Bn., claiming gratuity, granted to the troops employed in Travancore in 1808 and 1809.	16- 3-15	165
Military Stores		
Statement.	17- 3-15	166-7
Government House		
Repair charges.	4- 4-15	174-5
A sum of Pag. 200 was received by Lt.-Col. Lockhart in 1809. There is at present a balance of Pag. 22—1—29½.	12- 4-15	174-5
	13- 5-15	202-4
Military Stores		
Statement.	10- 4-15	175-6
	17- 5-15	214-5
		237-40

Item.	Date.	Page number.
DeBury & Co., Messrs.		
Decree suspended.	20- 4-15	177-9
1. The court has suspended the execution of a decree against Messrs. DeBury, Joannis Sinan and Co. and directed that it should not have effect until the hoisting of the French Flag at Pondicherry.	2- 5-10 8- 5-10	200-1
	28- 8-10	324-6
2. Odian Chetty requests that the order may be cancelled and the firm may be directed to pay him the sum. Government order the decree to be carried into effect.		
March		
Detachment—2nd Native Veteran Bn., From Arnee to Pondicherry.	15- 4-15 30- 5-15 19- 6-15	179-82 222-3 263-8
Du Bois, Rev. Le Pere		
Missionary—Pension.	26- 4-15	182
Misconduct		
Mr. Cochrane.	1- 5-15 29- 4-15 2- 5-15 3- 5-15	184-97
Mr. Cochrane resides in the house of Mr. Blin. In spite of his instructions Mr. Cochrane has removed 3 windows and constructed 3 doors. The house owner complained to the Superintendent of Police, and the O.C. The O.C. asks the opinion of the Procurer du Roi whether the complaint comes under the cognizance of the Court of Judicature.	21- 5-15 16- 6-15	224-6 282
———— The Procurer du Roi informs the O.C. that the Court cannot interfere in any complaint brought against an English subject (in French).	8- 7-15 12- 8-15	289-92 313-4
———— The O.C. reports the matter to Government and directs the Superintendent of Police to seize Mr. Cochrane and lodge him in the main guard.		
Mr. Cochrane refuses to submit to the authority of the Superintendent of Police, on the ground that he is a native of India and "a person of colour."		
———— The O.C. reports to Government that he has released Mr. Cochrane on a security bond for Pag. 300 executed by Mr. Valley.		
———— Mr. Blin, the house owner, withdraws his complaint and Mr. Cochrane is informed that he will be asked to quit the place if he commits any act of violence.		
Pondicherry		
Restoration to the French—Col. Kerjean's arrival.	7- 5-15	200
The O.C. reports that Col. Kerjean has arrived in Pondicherry and he is appointed by the King of France as the Military Commandant of Pondicherry. The troops under Mr. Debassayn are expected to arrive in the course of the month.		
Cash Escort		
Requisition.	6- 5-15	199
Pondicherry		
Restoration to the French.		
1. According to the Treaty of Paris Government direct the O.C. Pondicherry to restore Pondicherry to the proper French authority, as it was occupied by the French on the 1st January 1792. Articles 8, 12 and 14 of the Treaty of Paris are quoted.	11- 5-15 13- 5-15	204-11
2. The O.C. informs Government that Col. De Kerjean, Commandant, is unable to act in a public capacity until he receives the instructions of the King which are delivered to Mr. Debassayns.	20- 5-15	221
———— The troops are ordered to be in readiness to remove immediately to Cuddalore on the arrival of the French authorities.	5- 6-15 6- 5-15	247-8 253
Richardson, Dr. R.		
Garrison Assistant Surgeon—Leave.	19- 5-15 24- 5-15	216-7 220-1
Robbery		
The Magistrate asks the O.C. to send Thiruvengadam and Murdamootoo Malvaroyan to the Presidency as they are suspected of being concerned in a robbery at Nungambakkam.	20- 5-15 6- 6-15	219-20 248-9

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Boyd, Mr. Walter		
Returning to England from Pondicherry.	26– 5–15 }	231–7
(See pp. 155–9).	17– 5–15 }	
French Possessions		
Restoration of—Commissioners appointed.	10– 6–15	252
The Secretary informs the O.C. that Lt.-Col. Caldwell and Capt. James Stuart Fraser have been appointed as Commissioners on the part of the British Government to conduct the restitution of the French possessions on the Coasts of Coromandel and Malabar.	15– 6–15	254–5
——— They arrive at Pondicherry.	19– 6–15	269–70
——— The Governor in Council dissolves the Commission and directs that the "usual intercourse be re-established between Pondicherry and the Presidency."	29– 7–15	300
Pondicherry		
Restoration to the French.	10– 6–15	252–3
All the British subjects are directed to be in readiness to withdraw themselves from Pondicherry on the first public warning.	23– 6–15	275–6
	22– 6–15	278–80
——— Removal of British troops to Cuddalore.	16– 6–15 } 14– 6–15 }	255–6
——— List of British subjects.	15– 6–15	259
	20– 6–15	262–3
		271–2
Fraser, Lt.-Col. T.A.		
Officer Commanding—Leave.	27– 6–15	284–5
Sepoys		
Transfer of.	27– 6–15	285–6
Passports		
Issue.	28– 6–15	286–7
		289
		293–5
		311
Slave		
Restoration of.	5– 7–15	292–3
M. De Maisonneure requests that his slave girl, Mary, who deserted him in 1812, may be restored.	13– 7–15	301–4
Prisoners		
Release.	..	296
Napolean Bonaparte		
The O.C. informs the Secretary to Government that Bonaparte has returned to Paris.	23– 7–15	305
Military Stores		
Camp equipage, etc.—Transfer.	1– 8–15	310
	7– 8–15	312
Processions		
Prohibition of.	26– 7–15	316–7
Pensions		
Petition.	21– 8–15	319–20
Military		
Family certificates—Transmission.	22– 8–15	321
Dominique, M.		
Claim.	24– 8–15	322–3
Claim of MM. Bayet and Jame to property of the deceased.		
Military Stores		
Indent.	..	324
Military Misconduct		
Lt. Crowther. Lt. Cav.	30– 8–15	327–30
1. The O.C. directs Lt. Crowther not to appear in the streets of Pondicherry with a European woman. On his demurring at the order the matter was reported to Government.		
2. The letter from Lt. Crowther contained objectionable language. He insists that as a British subject he is entitled to go through any street and it is indelicate on his (Commander's) part to interfere with his family concerns.		
——— Lt. Crowther apologises for his conduct.	1– 9–15	336–8

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1819-20.

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Diary of letters sent to different officers	12- 4-1819 to 2- 1-20	1-138

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1796-819.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Troops		
Statement of.	1- 6-1796	9-10
Private Accounts		
Settlement of.	3-11-00	23-6
Jaghirs		
South Arcot.	7-11-01	27-35
Lt. Graham reports to the Board on the Jaghirs in the South Arcot District.		
Out of the 6 Jaghirs, two are Altemgah, namely Sunerapur enjoyed by Seid Mohamet Asim Cawn and Malpadi held by Rukken Ul Doulah. The Jaghirs of Avalkunda and Ginjee are held by the old family.		
The Jaghir of 8 villages in Ginjee held by Hakim Ahmed Ullah Cawn was given him in lieu of a yearly salary of Rs. 12,000. He was body physician to Nabob Umdat ul Omrah. A similar grant of certain villages in Villupuram was given to Cawder Nauwas Cawn, who began his life as a Daroga of Infantry.		
Hussein Ruzza Cawn, the Jaghirdar of Avalkunda, was the relative of Mortuzah Cawn, Kiladar of Vellore. The settlement amounts to Pag. 13,102 and the peshcush is Pag. 1,578.		
Syed Mahmed Assem Cawn, the Jaghirdar of Sunerapur, was the confidential clerk of Nabob Mahomet Ali. The settlement amounted to Pag. 13,578. He paid no peshcush to Government. This Jaghir is Altemgah.		
Taji Naal Sing is the Jaghirdar of Mecheri.		
Europeans		
Pondicherry—Arrival and Departure—Report called for.	27- 3-04	37-40
Choultry Court		
Pondicherry—Suspension of. (In French).	24- 9-05	41-8
Suit		
Pondicherry—Collin v. De Mainville.	23- 7-06	49-63
1. The Court of Judicature submits its proceedings to Government in the suit between Mr. Collin and Mr. De Mainville.		
Mrs. Widow Collin, who died on 16th September 1798, left a will by which her son Mr. Collin and Mr. P. De Mainville should divide her property between them.		
2. Mr. Collin was a member of the Superior Council.		
He was detained in Poonamallee as a prisoner of war and every facility was given him by the Madras Government to defend the suit.		
3. At the request of Mr. De Mainville the portion of his share of the property was sold.		
Mr. Collin protested against the sale.		
——— Partition deed based on the will left by the widow Collin.	4-10-98	11-22
Prisoners		
Transfer.	- 2-07	64-6
Court of Judicature		
Pondicherry.	8- 4-07	68-71
The Court of Directors are of opinion that the constitution of the Pondicherry Court "should be formed. . . . . agreeably to the principle of the laws which were in force in the former Government."		
Passports		
Issue.	..	72-3
Accounts		
French and English—Public property statement.	20-11-16	78-9
Court of Judicature		
Pondicherry—Dissolution of the British Court.	3-12-16	82-3

Bun. 136 (1)—*cont.*

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Establishment		
Revenue and Police—Pondicherry.	3-12-16	84-5
The Secretary informs the British Commissioner that the existing revenue and police establishment may be continued, but the charges should be borne by the French Government.		
Revenue Collections		
Karaikal.	28-12-16	91-8
French Possessions		
Karaikal and Four Magans.	17-12-16	100-14
The Resident reports that the four magans held by the French as Jaghir, reverted to the Rajah of Tanjore, as they failed to pay the tribute of Pag. 1,000 from the year 1768.		
Hence Government are of opinion that the tribute cannot be demanded of the French Government. (See **137** 413-20.)	30-12-16	117
Customs Regulation	1817	125-6
Marine		
Deserters—Apprehension of.	3- 7-18	129
Summons		
Witnesses—Foreign Settlements—Procedure.	17-11-18	140-4
Post Office		
Pondicherry—Transfer to the French.	11- 8-17	158-62
——— Express Mails—Restrictions on.	22- 5-19	165-70

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1817-8.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
French Possessions		
Near Pondicherry—Cession by the Carnatic Nabob in 1765 and 1784. (See also **137** 800-48).	7- 2-1817	1-78
The Government Agent at Chepauk reports that the Nabob of the Carnatic has expressed in his letter to Governor Palk, dated 5th February 1764, that the French paid a yearly pesheush. After the cession of the territories in 1765, the French did not pay any pesheush.		
——— Pondicherry Villages.	18-11-15	81-100
The Board of Revenue directs the Collector of South Arcot to send a statement of villages which belonged to Pondicherry. Certain differences are observed by the Board in the statements sent by Mr. Kenworthy in 1793 and by Mr. Garrow in 1803.		
——— Statement of villages in Vellanur and Bahur districts.		
——— Collector's report.	23-11-15	101-4
——— Karical villages—List of.	16- 6-15	105-12
Settlement Report		
Pondicherry. Fl 1203-25 (1793-816).	9-11-16	113-7
French Possessions		
The Secret Committee (London) directs that—	5- 5-15	121-32
(a) The claims of the French Governor of Mahe to the district of Coringoth should not be admitted.		
(b) The French should not establish factories in British Territory, without previous sanction of our Government.		
(c) They should not receive territories from the Native Princes.		
Salt and Opium		
Monopolies.	..	129-31
French Possessions		
Map of—Transmission.	19-12-16	133-40
	10- 1-16	143-4
Boundary Disputes		
Pondicherry, Karical, etc.	17- 2-18	151-2

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Correspondence on Political Matters.

1802-3.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Settlement Report		
Pondicherry—F. 1212.	19- 5-1802	1-14
1. The boundaries of the 10 villages dependent on Pondicherry are given.		
2. The total revenue for f. 1212 amounted to Pag. 25,137. The gross receipts for 1802-3 amounted to Pag. 33,852 and the charges to Pag. 3,102.		
3. The Collector suggests that an additional establishment of police peons may be recruited.		
French and Dutch Settlements		
Revenue of.	25- 6-03	17-31
The Board of Revenue submits a statement of the revenue derived from the French and Dutch Settlements from the period of capture to 27th March 1802.		
2. *Dutch Settlement of Policole (2nd Dn. of Masulipatam).* Mr. Skinner reports that there are 295 looms in Policole "capable of manufacturing from 50 to 60 thousand pagodas worth of cloth annually. This place is remarkable for the unrivalled excellence of its painted goods."		
3. The following is a list of French and Dutch settlements, captured by the British.		
(*a*) *French Settlements.* Carical. Tirunalar (near Carical). Yanam. Pondicherry. Villinellore and Bagur.		
(*b*) *Dutch Settlements.* Jagganaick Pooram. Policole and Contairoo. Sadras, etc., and Ircum, etc.		
4. *Carical (Tanjore).* Consists of 1 town and 19 villages and includes 4 Maganams of Tirunalar, consisting of 1 town and 70 villages. The district of Tirunalar was purchased by the French in 1755. In 1793, when Carical was taken by the British the district of Tirunalar was restored to Ammer Singh, the Rajah of Tanjore.		
5. *Pondicherry.* The districts of Vellianellar and Bagur were restored to the Nabob of the Carnatic on their capture in 1793.		

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Correspondence on Political Matters.

1808.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
French Privileges		
The Commissioner reports to Government about the privileges "conceded to the French Government in Pondicherry."	8-10-1808	1-10
M. B. Mottet, Intendant, reports that the original treaties, firnams, etc., were carried to France.		
The following information was gathered from certain respectable French inhabitants:—		
(*a*) All kinds of merchandize belonging to the French were exempted from any duty throughout the Nabob's (Carnatic) country.		
(*b*) This was discontinued in 1761, after the capture of Pondicherry by the English.		
(*c*) The same privilege was granted by the King of Mysore.		
(*d*) They are permitted to carry on trade between their country and India, and between one part of India and another.		
(*e*) They were having their own mint. This privilege was granted to them by the King of Delhi.		

Bun. 136 (5).

Correspondence on Political Matters.

1801-14.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
French and Dutch Settlements		
Restoration.	1-10-1801	1
By the treaties of London and Amiens all French Possessions, except the Island of Trinidad, and all Dutch Possessions, except the Island of Ceylon, should be restored to their respective Governments.	27- 3-02 12- 8-14	5 9-11

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Correspondence on Political Matters.

1816-29.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
French Possessions Restoration of.	21-10-1816	1-2
Fraser, Capt. James Stuart Appointed British Commissioner, Pondicherry.	24-10-16	3-5
French Possessions The Board's report. 1. *Pondicherry*. The gross revenue derived from Pondicherry for f. 1224, amounted to Pag. 29,791. 2. *Karikal*. The French acquired the town of Karikal and 14 villages between the years 1740 and 1750 and in 1755, purchased Tirunalar (4 magans). In 1761 the English took possession of the settlement and Tirunalar was restored to the Tanjore Rajah. In 1783 the whole possessions were restored and again taken in 1793. The revenue of the maganams amounted to St. Pag. 12,346 and that of Karical to St. Pag. 5,069. 3. *Yanam*. This was taken possession of in 1793. The revenue in f. 1225 amounted to St. Pag. 2,447.	7-11-16	7-19
French Accounts Arrears.	20- 1-17 27- 1-17 3- 2-17	19-26
French Possessions Survey plans—Verification of.	24-11-18	31-2
Mahe French claims. 1. The Collector reports that Mahe was first captured in 1779, by a detachment of our troops under Col. Braithwaite. It was again captured by the English in 1793. 2. The district of Coringotta was ceded to the Company by Tippoo in 1792. The French lay claim to the whole of it. 3. The Coringotta Nayar was indebted to the French to the extent of Rs. 80,000, which he was paying off by small instalments. The French called it a tribute. After the surrender of Mahe the Corringotta Nayar was sent a prisoner to Calicut. (See 136 (7)/37-8.)	12- 7-03	35-50
Calicut French factory—Restoration of.	8- 1-19	51-2
Boundary Dispute Interchange of territories.	15- 1-19 17- 2-19	57-9
Villianellore Survey map.	9- 7-29	63

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Correspondence on Political Matters.

1817-20.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
French Possessions Revenue accounts—Adjustment.	10- 1-1817 20- 1-17	1-4
French Claims Factories at Calicut and Masulipatam.	20- 1-17	4-6
Mahe Sea customs—Suspension of.	10- 2-17	7-8
———— Transmission of survey map.	13- 2-17 17- 2-17	9-22
———— Tobacco duty. The Board recommends that tobacco should be supplied to Mahe at the same rate as that for British territory.	10- 4-17 20- 4-17 21- 4-17	25-32

Bun. 136 (7)—*cont.*

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Mahe French claims. (See **136 (6)**/135–50.) The Government of Fort William direct the Madras Government to "decline a compliance with the application of the French Government until the question shall have been finally determined by the authorities at home."	5– 7– 17	37–8
———— The Collector's report.	23– 1–17 2– 2–17	63–7 69–70
Salt Supply to Mahe. The Board directs the Collector of Malabar to supply the French Government at Mahe with such quantity of salt as may be required for their consumption at the prime cost of the article.	30– 9–17	45–51
Calicut French claim. The Collector reports that on the spot stands a house belonging to Mr. Taylor, Assistant Conservator of Forests.	27– 8–18	57–8 63
Calicut The French ask for free trade. 1. The Collector reports that the French wish to establish a free trade at the port of Calicut. 2. The Secretary to Government informs the British Commissioner that such subjects should be discussed between the two Governments and not between subordinate authorities. 3. Under the Treaty of Paris, " they (the French) cannot be allowed to establish or enjoy a free trade at any port where duties are collected by the British Government."	28– 4–19 31– 5–19	73–82
Mahe Smuggling of pepper.	29-11-39 12– 4–20	85–102 109–10

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Correspondence on Political Matters.
1797–816.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Pondicherry Court of Judicature—Revival of.	31– 5–1797	1–3
Military General Orders.	..	5–6
Civil Servants Leave Regulation.	19–11–08	9
McLeod, Mr. J. M. Appointed Superintendent of Police, Pondicherry.	8–4– 14	13
Fraser, Capt. James Stuart Appointed Commissioner, Pondicherry, and relieves Lt.-Col. Fraser.	27–10–16 18–11–16	15–24 35–7
———— The Secretary directs Mr. James Cochrane, Commissioner for the Netherlands Settlements, to transfer the records of his office to Capt. Fraser.		
French Possessions Restoration—Proclamation.	18–11–16	25–33

Bun. 136 (9).

Correspondence on Political Matters.
1816–21.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Tranquebar Agricultural advances. The Collector of Tanjore directs the British Agent at Tranquebar to recover the advances made by the British to the inhabitants of Tranquebar.	10– 6–1816	1
Mahe Advances to the French. The Collector of Malabar is authorised to advance Rs. 3,000 to the Chief of Mahe.	17– 7–18	3–40
French Accounts Arrear statement.	9– 3–21	41–4

Bun. 136 (10).

Correspondence on Political Matters.
1817-8.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Calicut		
The French claim.	7- 2-1817 24- 2-17 24-11-18	1-9
1. The Bombay Government inform the Madras Government that no information is available with them in support of the French claim to the Calicut factory. In 1797 a claim was made to the factory by the Dutch Governor at Tranquebar. "It is probable that the French either abandoned their factory at Calicut or were expelled from it in 1788."		
2. A reference about this factory is made by the Chief of Tellicherry in his letter to the Malabar Commissioner dated 21st June 1792.		
——— Approval of plan.	27- 8-18 8- 9-18	17-8
——— Mr. Taylor claims a portion of the ground on which the French factory was established.		
——— The Collector's report.	26- 9-18	19-21
——— The British Commissioner is directed to communicate directly with the local authority and report the result to Government.	3-11-18	23-4

Bun. 136 (11).

Correspondence on Political Matters.
1817-9.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Masulipatam		
The French claim.	25- 2-1817	1-16
1. The Chief Engineer reports that in 1785, the French possessed a piece of ground and building near the fortress of Masulipatam of which no trace is left now.		
2. Another house and garden near the fort of Masulipatam was owned by the French. It was taken in 1792 and the materials disposed of. The ground and bungalows are valued at Rs. 18,000.		
——— Minutes of Consultation.	8- 5-19	21-4
The Board of Revenue is directed to send the plans of the factory to the Collector to enable him to conduct an enquiry.		

Bun. 136 (12).

Correspondence on Political Matters.
1807.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
French Prisoners of War		
Transfer to Europe.	29- 5-1807	1-9
Government direct that stricter economy should be enforced in recommending allowances.		

Bun. 136 (13).

Correspondence on Political Matters.
1794-819.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
French Prisoners of War		
Allowances are sanctioned to the following persons :—		
M. Durocher, Le Febrier, and Monnier.	17- 9-1794	1
Mesdames de St. Paul, de Castane, Gravier.	15- 4-03	5-8
M. P. L. Daviot and Sergt. Lamony.	22- 5-06	11-2
Mlles. Cornet and Adelaide Faure, daughter of M. Dubec.	29- 4-09	15
M. Lafolie and Albert.	14- 7-09	17
——— Subborayen—Petition of.	10- 7-09	21
——— Moorgapilly, late writer—Petition of.	19- 7-14	23
	3- 2-16	25
	15- 4-17	27
	10- 2-18	35
	22- 2-18	85
	16- 2-18	39-40
	5- 3-19	89-93
Tranquebar Mission		
Allowance.	20- 3-10	31-3
Government sanction an additional allowance to the Mission at Tranquebar for the maintenance of that institution and the charity school.		

Bun. 136 (13)—*cont.*

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Dutch Possessions		
Restoration of.	2- 3-18	43
On the restoration of the Dutch Settlements on 31st March 1818, all pensions paid by the British will cease.	11- 3-18	45-60
———Statement for f. 1226.	24- 4-18	61-4
	7- 7-18	70-7
Vanstokel, Mrs.		
Pension.	14- 4-18	53
Government are of opinion that the pension should be paid by the Dutch.	21- 4-18	57-60
	10- 9-18	81-2

Bun. 136 (14).

Correspondence on Political Matters.
1817.

Foreign Settlements		
Summons to witnesses.	2-12-1817	1-18
Government are of opinion that when the evidence of persons residing in foreign settlements or territories is required in any of the courts the best mode of procuring it is to frame interrogatories to be transmitted through the Government to the British representative in such settlements or territories and answers should be obtained by him and transmitted to the respective Judges.		

Bun. 136 (15).

Correspondence on Political Matters.
1807.

Rupees		
Introduction notified.	15- 7-1807	1-5
Copper Coins		
Double dubs are issued at 24 to the rupee, single dubs at 48, half dubs at 96 and quarter dubs at 192.	22- 8-07	9-12

Bun. 136 (16).

Correspondence on Political Matters.
1817.

Pondicherry		
Minting.	11- 1-1817	1-6
The Government of Fort William inform the Government of Madras that it is usual to receive all foreign coins as bullion and so there can be no objection to the French coin of Pondicherry being received within the British Territories in like manner.		9-13
———The Mint Committee reports that if the coinage of Pondicherry is carried on under the supervision of a scientific Assay Master, it would be safe to admit the Pondicherry rupee without the risk of adulteration. If, however, it is controlled by natives, it should not be admitted even as bullion.	23- 5-17	17-20
———Government direct that Pondicherry rupees should not be received in payment of the revenue.	9- 9-17	25-9

Bun. 136 (17).

Correspondence on Political Matters.
1817.

March		
Detachment under Lt. Kerusic, From Kingouchety to Karical. (In French.)	23- 1-1817	1-3

Bun. 136 (18).

Correspondence on Political Matters.
1796-818.

Military		
General Orders.	25-10-1796 to 20-10-14	1-38
Ness, Lt.		
30th Rt.	16- 9-18	40-2
The O.C. 30th Rt. reports that certain French officers, who commanded the firing part at the interment of the late Lt. Ness, claim the sword of the deceased. This is an unusual practice and under the general orders, the sword should be presented to the family of the deceased. (See 137/1975-84.)		

Bun. 136 (19).

Correspondence on Political Matters.
1817.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Customs Offences		
Theft by French subjects.		
Certain Frenchmen of Chandranagur committed an act of violence at the Toldangah Chowki and carried away certain articles. The Collector of Customs, Hoogli, asks the Board that the French Government may be addressed to hand over the two persons, to be tried and convicted.	2- 8-1817	1. 3-6
———— Government ask the advice of the Advocate-General whether this procedure is permitted under the 9th Article of the Convention.	22- 8-17	6-8
———— He is of opinion that it will lead to serious complications and the offenders may be taken if they are found within the Company's jurisdiction.	22- 9-17	8-15
———— Minutes of Consultation and Resolution.	26- 9-17	15-21
1. The provisions of the 9th Article of the Convention may be left inoperative until a communication shall be received from England.		
2. According to the opinion of the Advocate-General it will be safe to demand the surrender of the offenders. If they are found within British territory, a warrant may be issued against such persons and when taken, they may be proceeded against under the regulation.		
(See 137/1487-505.)	25-11-17	25-6

Bun. 136 (20).

Correspondence on Political Matters.
1814-20.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
French Settlements		
Customs Regulations—Court of Directors' remarks.	29- 7-1814	1-14
Pondicherry		
Customs duties.	28-11-16	15-8
Government direct that, in spite of the restoration of Pondicherry to the French, the land and sea duties shall continue till the 1st Jan. next, on the present footing.		
———— The arrangement was continued till the 1st of Mar.	27- 1-17	21
French Settlements		
Customs establishment.	30-12-16	19
The Collector informs the British Commissioner that the sayer establishment in the village belonging to the French, will be withdrawn on the 1st Jan. next.		
French Settlements		
Customs.		
1. Government direct that from the 1st of Mar. 1817, the following rules will be followed with respect to duties on articles coming to and from the French Settlements.	24- 2-17	28-30
2. All articles exported from or imported to French territory shall be subject to the double duty. But articles for consumption exported to the French Settlements shall be liable to single duty.		
3. Grain, livestock and all other provisions may pass by land free of any duty. Grain exported by sea will be subject to a duty of 3 per cent.	27- 2-27	40-2
Customs		
Grain duty.	8- 5-27	44
Pondicherry		
Duty on articals of British manufacture.		
Government direct that all European articles of British manufacture passed into Pondicherry or other French Settlements shall be exempt from duty.	23-12-17	54-6
Pulicat		
Customs.		
The Dutch Commission directs the Collector of N. Arcot to furnish it with the actual annual amount of duties allowed to be collected by the Dutch in Pulicat during the period of the Nabob of the Carnatic.	2- 3-18	62-3
———— The Collector of Chingleput is authorized to collect the duty in Pulicat in the same manner as the Dutch were doing during the Nabob's time.	15- 3-18 } 13- 3-18 } 21- 3-18	80-4 86-8 90-2

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Salt Import duty—Regulation II of 1818.	4- 3-18	64-8
Opium Import duty—Regulation III of 1818.	4- 3-18	68-74
Customs Wine duty—Complaint.	4- 4-18 10- 4-18	98-100 103-4
Customs Offences Procedure.	20- 4-18 30- 4-18	111-3 159-72
Customs Complaint. The Dutch Commissioner complains that articles intended for his domestic use were detained at the chowkis.	11- 4-18	115-7
——— Enquiry.	20- 4-18	119-20
Customs Exemption of articles for consumption.	21- 4-18	123-4
Arrack Renting.	29- 4-18	125-6
Customs Exemption—Grain, livestock, etc.	23- 4-17	127-8 185-7
Customs Tariff statement.	3- 5-18	138-46
Dutch Settlements Customs. 1. According to the Regulation of 1812, all articles exported from or imported into the Dutch Settlements are subject to a double duty of 16 per cent. The Dutch Commissioner, Mr. Van Braam, objects. 2. The Board is of opinion that such a high duty will embarrass the inhabitants. "The Natives will seriously feel the change of their transfer to the authority of the King of the Netherlands in consequence of the levy of 16 per cent. on all articles of export by land and sea and of 8 per cent. on all articles of consumption." The Board submits a list of instruction for collecting the duty, for the approval of Government. ——— Memorandum of Instructions.	14- 5-18	189-208
Customs Establishment Tuticorin. The Commissioner directs the Collector of Tinnevelly to continue the Sea Customs Department as he has not received any instructions from the Board of Revenue.	2- 6-18 15- 6-18	213-27
Customs Establishment at Pulicat.	1- 6-18	237-8
Tuticorin Restoration to the Dutch. Mr. P. Vanspall, the Nederlands Resident, takes possession of Tuticorin and its dependencies.	14- 5-18	241
Customs Establishment Tuticorin—Abolition proposed.	9- 5-18 18- 5-18	243-9 251-5
Customs Dutch Frontier at Rajahmundry. The Commissioner directs the Collector of Rajahmundry to levy duty on such articles as are found in the tariff.	23- 9-18	265-74
Tuticorin Restoration to the Dutch. 1. *Customs.* The Commissioner suggests that the Board of Trade may be directed to withdraw the establishment and the Board of Revenue be instructed to take charge of the sea duty. One-third of duty (Madavary) collected on certain articles may be given to the Dutch, as usual, for the maintenance of the Catholic Church at Tuticorin.	30- 9-18	281-9

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Tuticorin —*cont.*		
2. The Master Attendant may also be withdrawn from Tuticorin.	13-10-18	307
	18- 2-19	325-6
Customs Regulations	1- 4-18	295-6
Customs		
Lamp oil seeds—Exemption refused.	19- 2-18	329-31
	24- 2-19	333-4
	11- 3-19	349-50
	17- 3-19	357-8
Sea Customs		
Netherlands Resident's protest.	4- 3-19	337-40
The Commissioner considers that the Dutch can have no objection to the sea duties as long as one-third of the duties for the Catholic Church is granted to them.	11- 3-19	343-7
	12- 4-19	363-9
———The Commissioner directs that exemptions to Dutch officials should not be granted to the Netherlands Government, as the same privilege was not extended to other countries.	11- 3-19	349-58
	12- 4-19	371-3
	23- 4-19	383-8
	24- 4-19	391-4
Customs		
Export from foreign settlements.	21- 4-19	375-7
The Government direct that all articles paying the double duty on entering foreign settlements should be exempted from a further duty on exportation by sea.		
Sea Customs		
Netherlands Resident's protest.	23- 4-19	379-80
The Government are of opinion that the collection of one-third of duty by the Dutch would lead to confusion and clashing of authorities.		
The right to collect duties at Tuticorin is referred to the authorities in Europe.		
——— The Dutch Resident informs the Collector of Tinnevelly that he cannot assist the British in the collection of sea customs and he is instructed to oppose it. He also states that an one-third share of the duty (Madavary) may be kept in deposit with the British.	3- 5-19	399-404
	7- 5-19	409-11
——— The Collector asks the Commissioner for instructions.	13- 5-19	413-7
	8- 5-19	421
	20- 7-19	431-2
Frontier Duties		
English and French agreement. (See 137/2479-86.)	26- 7-19	435-47
	20- 3-19	505-13
Customs		
Grain duty.	30- 8-19	449-60
Government direct that grain imported either at Madras or into any other parts of the territories, from foreign settlements, should be exempted from duty, as the grain, on passing into the foreign settlement would have been subjected to a frontier duty of 3 per cent.	20-12-19	515-6
Customs		
Unauthorized duties.	5- 4-20	523-7
Customs Tariff		
French Settlements.	5- 4-20	531-5
Customs		
China merchandise.	15- 5-20	543-59
Much leniency has been shown towards the import of china goods from Pondicherry. A duty of 10 per cent. is collected on china goods.		
Arrack		
Dutch complaint.	15- 5-20	559-69
1. The Dutch authorities complain that the Collector of Rajahmundry has prohibited the transit of country arrack into Jaggernaickpooram.		
2. The Board reports that the toddy drawers were in the habit of taking toddy for sale from one place to another, though it is laid down that stills should be opened only with the permission of the Government. The Collector, considering that the provisions of the regulation will operate more injuriously on the toddy drawers, suggested that they might be allowed to remain under the rules before in force. Hence, toddy was taken to foreign settlements and sold at a very low price, which affected the English renter in the neighbouring village.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Arrack—*cont.*		
3. On a complaint being made to him, the Collector prohibited the transport of toddy to foreign settlements. The Board has directed him to suspend the order.		
Tobacco		
Smuggling at Mahe.	20- 4-20	571-91
The Board reports to Government that much tobacco is being smuggled into Mahe. The smugglers go armed with fire-arms.		

Bun. 136 (21).

Correspondence on Political Matters.
1806-20.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Salt and Opium Monopoly		
Payment to the French.	19-12-1806	1-21
The Government of Madras being of opinion that the payment of Rs. 1 lakh should be debited to the Supreme Government, as an advantage is derived to them by this monopoly, direct the Accountant-General to change the form of receipt given by the French Government.		
——— The Collector of South Arcot is directed by Government to discharge the amount due to the French by instalments.	30- 9-17	99-131
Salt		
Export from Tranquebar.	7- 2-17	25-9
The Secretary to Government, Fort William, informs the Government of Madras that the Government of Tranquebar should not be permitted to import salt into British Territory, on payment of duty.		
Frontier Duties		
Tranquebar and Pondicherry.	7- 2-17	29-39
1. *Tranquebar.*		
The Secretary remarks that remission of the prescribed customs duties on articles imported into Tranquebar should be done in return for some concession on the part of the Danish Government in respect of the disposal of their surplus salt. The remissions should be allowed as an indulgence, granted for the relief of individuals, and any attempt on the part of the Danish Government to levy a consumption duty on them should be disallowed.		
It would also be convenient that the indulgence should be granted by a special order of the Governor in Council and not by a legislative enactment, so that it may be possible to modify or rescind the order, if necessary.		
In view of the above concession, a suitable adjustment may be made with the Danish Government for the delivery of the surplus salt.		
2. *Pondicherry.*		
The Secretary is of opinion that unrestricted indulgence is granted to the French Government. The Governor-General in Council observes that the arrangement should be reciprocal.		
The goods transmitted from Pondicherry to Villianor and Bahoor may be exempted from duty as the villages are a part of the territory of Pondicherry.		
Salt Monopoly		
French agreement.	27- 2-17	43-51
According to convention, the British have the right to purchase all the salt manufactured in the French Settlements, beyond what is required for consumption in the settlements. The salt is to be sold in the settlements at the same price as in British Territories.		
Revenue Arrears		
French Settlements.	27- 2-17	51-7
1. The following are the balances outstanding in the French Settlements.		

	St. Pag.
Pondicherry	425
Karical	2,543
Yanam	1,259
Mahe	19

2. The Board recommends that some of the revenue defaulters confined at Kumbakonam may be released.

Bun. 136 (21)—*cont.*

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Saltpetre		
French agreement.	27- 2-17	57-73
The convention entered into between the English and French Governments provides for the prevention of the export of saltpetre in foreign vessels and into the foreign settlements. The Board recommends that the Regulation may be passed without the usual reference to the Supreme Government, as the provisions are taken from the reguation already in force in Bengal.		
———— The regulation is given.		
Salt		
Foreign settlements.	10- 3-17	75-9
The Board is of opinion that the arrangement entered into between the English and French Governments may be extended to other settlements.		
Customs		
Grain duty.	27- 2-17 3- 4-17	79-89
The Board recommends that a duty of 3 per cent. may be levied on grain.		
———— Government inform the Board that the resolution respecting the levy of grain duty is extended to Tranquebar.	15- 4-17	91-3
Grain exported into the French Settlement will be subject to a duty of 3 per cent. A drawback will be allowed for the quantity intended for consumption.		
Salt		
Dutch manufacture.	2- 3-18	137-40
The Commissioner asks the Collector of Chingleput whether the salt manufacture at Meyyur under Sadras is suspended from f. 1223.		
———— The Collector reports that no salt was manufactured at Meyyur.	14- 3-18	153-4
Salt Export		
The Commissioner asks the permission of the Collector of Rajahmundry to export salt from Jaggarnautporum to Policole. Permission is granted.	2- 3-18 12- 3-18	141-3 149-51
Salt Manufacture		
Tuticorin.	11- 3-18 6- 5-18 18- 5-18	145-6 187-8 191-2
The Commissioner asks the Collector of Tinnevelly whether salt was manufactured at Tuticorin.		
Salt		
Danish Settlements—Allowance.	21- 3-18	157-62
1. The Commissioner asks the Collector of Madras to furnish him with an estimate of the allowance of salt per month for each house and hut in the Danish Settlements.		
2. The Collector of Madras estimates that 3 measures of salt per month for a family of 5 persons is an ample allowance for the purpose of general consumption.		
Salt Monopoly		
Dutch agreement.	6- 4-18 23- 5-18	163-81 209-16
The Commissioner sends a draft of the agreement by which the manufacture of salt in the Dutch Settlements will cease and a suitable compensation be given to the inhabitants.		
———— The Dutch Government demand that Pag. 2,000 should be given to them for the discontinuance of the salt manufacture.	25- 5-18	225-6
Dutch Possessions		
Restoration of.	23- 5-18	197-207 217-24
1. The British Commissioner informs the Dutch Commissioner of certain points which remain to be settled between the two Governments.		
2. The exclusive right of navigation in the river at Cocanada claimed by the Dutch may be postponed till a later stage. They can levy duty on either bank of the river.		
3. Government agree to pay an annual sum of Rs. 400 to the Dutch in exchange for their relinquishment of the right of levying customs at Pulicat.		
4. A compensation will be made to them for discontinuing the manufacture of salt.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Salt Monopoly		
Dutch agreement.	28- 5-18	243-9
The Board confirms the two agreements entered into between the Dutch and the English for discontinuing the manufacture of salt within the limits of the Dutch Settlements and for reducing the Nasranas payable on account of those settlements to the British Government. It is decided that the annual payment of Rs. 7,000 is to be made in four instalments.		
The property of Dutch subjects passing to and from Policole, Jaganautporam and Narsipoor is to be exempted from duty.		
——— The Dutch Commissioner expresses his desire that the Nasrans of Rs. 7,000 may be paid in four instalments of Rs. 1,750 each.	9- 6-18 30- 6-18 15-10-18	263-6 279-81 283-6 305
Salt		
Supply to Tuticorin.	6- 7-18	251-2
The Collector of Tinnevelly asks the Commissioner whether salt may be supplied to Tuticorin, as it appears that no salt was manufactured in that place before the last war.	8- 6-18	255-9
——— The Commissioner informs the Collector that the agreement applies to all the Dutch Settlements and directs him to supply the salt indented for by the Chief of Tuticorin.	18- 6-18	267-70
———Dutch Factories of Pinnacoil and Manapar.	31-12-18	307-9
The Commissioner directs the Collector of Tinnevelly to supply salt to the above factories. Government have approved the suggestion of the Commissioner to supply 121 marcals and 7 measures of salt to the above.	3- 2-19 4- 3-19 30- 3-19	319-23 327-51 357-84
———Porto Novo.	6- 8-16	289-91
The Commissioner informs the Collector of S. Arcot that the indent of salt from Porto Novo seems to be unreasonably large in view of the population of that place.	1-11-18	303
———Dutch Settlements.	18- 8-18	293-6
1 The Collector of Chingleput informs the Commissioner that the conveyance charge paid for salt supplied to the Dutch amounts to more than the price paid by them.	26- 8-18	297-8 301-2
2. The Commissioner informs the Collector that the charges should be debited to the salt revenue, as they are incurred for the benefit of the salt monopoly.		
———French Settlements. Restriction of supply.	19- 1-19	311-2
———Dutch agreement.	9- 8-19	385-92
Government direct the British Commissioner to renew the convention annually until instructions are received from the authorities in Europe.		
———French Settlements.	20- 9-19	407-14
1. The Board approves the suggestion of the British Commissioner at Pondicherry that the expense incurred in the transportation of salt for consumption in the French Settlements "should be borne equally between the British and French Governments."		
2. The Board suggests that the transportation charges should be added to the manufacturing price.		
3. The Governor in Council approves the suggestion of the Board.		
———Dutch at Cape Comorin.	13-10-19	423-8
1. The Resident at Travancore asks the Madras Government whether the Travancore Government may comply with the requisition of the Dutch to supply salt at their settlement near Cape Comorin.	30-10-19 23-12-19 28-12-19	431 443-6 447-9
2. Government direct the Resident in Travancore to obtain the permission of the Travancore Government for the transit of salt through that country to the Dutch establishment at Cape Comorin.		

Bun. 136 (21)—*cont.*

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Salt—*cont.*		
French Settlements.	22- 6-20	481-90
The Board directs the Collector of S. Arcot to supply the French Government with 150 garce of salt and states that "it is the desire of the Hon. Governor in Council that the annual supply. . . shall be furnished to the French Government prior to all other demands."		

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1815-9.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
French Possessions		
Restoration of.	10- 6-1815	1-4
1. Lt.-Col. Caldwell and Capt. James Stuart Fraser are appointed Joint Commissioners.		
2. On the surrender of Pondicherry the British Garrison will be withdrawn to Cuddalore.		
3. A salary of Pag. 500 a month is granted to each of the Commissioners.		
4. All the territories and factories, except the Isle of France and its dependencies, Rodrigues and Les Sechelles, possessed by the French on the 1st January 1792, are to be restored to them.		
——— Treaty of Paris. Articles 8, 12, 14—Extract.	11- 5-15	5-10
——— British European subjects withdrawn.	10- 6-15	18-23
——— Restoration suspended.	22- 7-15	
In view of certain changes in Europe Government direct the Commissioners to suspend negotiations, at present. Lt.-Col. Caldwell is directed to proceed to the Presidency.	29- 7-15	
——— The Commission is dissolved and the records transferred to the Presidency.	16- 5-15 20- 5-15	11 17-8
French Settlements		
Boundary Committee.	13- 5-15	12-6
The O.C. Pondicherry suggests to Government that a committee should be formed consisting of the Collector, the O.C., Pondicherry, and an Engineer to determine the boundary of various French Settlements, before they are restored.		
Pondicherry		
List of villages.	9- 6-15	33-9
Stores		
Tents, etc.—Supply to British Commissioners.	5- 8-15	40
(pp. 41-6 are missing.)		
Gerutiers, Mr.		
Pension.	14-11-16	47
Prisoners		
List of.	..	47-8
Sitarama Raja		
Sittarama Rajah was tried in 1794 and was sentenced to death for murdering Ramazingree, a Rajapooti. But under instructions from the Madras Government the execution of the sentence was suspended.	1- 6-94 23-11-16	50-60
——— Removal to Virdachlum.	21-11-16 29-11-16	90-3 114-5
Pensions		
Petition.	19-11-16	63-4
Dubuc, Madame		
Pension.	16-12-12	64-70
Mme. Dubuc, wife of the late General Dubuc, requests that she may be given a pension to support her large family.	21-11-16 25-11-16 5-12-16	74 207-8 210

Item.	Date.	Page number.
French Possessions		
Restoration of.	21-11-16	75-85
Capt. James Stuart Fraser has been appointed Commissioner to conduct the transfer of the French Settlements.	27-11-16	106-12
——— Pensions.		
On the restoration of the settlements, all allowances and pensions will cease with effect from the 30th Nov. 1816.	25-11-16	96-7
——— Proclamation.	8-11-16	79-80
		84-5
——— Treaties of Paris—Extract.	8-11-16	82-3
——— Removal of troops.	25-11-16	101-3
——— The 3rd Dec. 1816 has been fixed for the transfer of Pondicherry.	..	106
Du Puy, H.E. Count		
Governor of Pondicherry—Proceeding from Madras to Pondicherry.	19-11-16	86-7
——— Arrival at Pondicherry—Report of.	27-11-16	106
Postal Route		
Pondicherry to Madras.	25-11-16	97-8
	27-11-16	104-5
	28-11-16	112-3
Customs		
Control of.	25-11-16	100
The British Commissioner informs the Governor of Pondicherry of the intention of the Madras Government that the customs shall continue to be collected by the Company till the 1st of Feb. 1816.	27-11-16	105-6
Court of Judicature		
The British Commissioner directs that the Court of Judicature shall cease to function from the 30th Nov. 1816. (See pp. 225-6.)	30-11-16	122-5
Maps of Pondicherry		
Transmission of.	29-11-16	126-8
	2-12-16	189
Pondicherry		
Report on.	23- 6-03	129-37
The Committee appointed to investigate into the possessions of the French and Batavian Republics gives the extent, revenue, etc., of Pondicherry.		
Pondicherry, Karikal and Yanam		
Extract of the Board's Proceedings.	4-11-16	138-68
1. *Pondicherry—Revenue Statement.*		
In 1793, the two taluks of Vellanoor and Baughoor were under the French and surrendered to the English. They were subsequently transferred to the Nabob of the Carnatic and again came into the possession of the Company by the Treaty of 1801. The revenue derived from Vellanoor is Pag. 12,000 and that from Baughoor is Pag. 11,300.		
The revenue form Pondicherry amounted to Pag. 29,791.		
2. *Karikal.* This was surrendered to the Company in 1793. The revenue amounted to Pag. 5,069.		
3. *Yanam.* The revenue is Pag. 2,447.		
——— Villenoor and Baughoor. List of villages.	..	145-56
——— Karikal. List of villages.	10- 6-15	161-8
Pondicherry		
Settlement Report; Ff. 1203-25.	6-11-15	169-73
Salt Monopoly		
French agreement.	30-11-16	175-9
According to the 5th Article of the Convention (1816) it is agreed that 4 lakhs of sicca rupees should be paid to the French Government in consideration of the exclusive right of the British Government to purchase salt for export within the French Settlements.		
——— Adjustment of payment.	26-11-16	178-9
	16- 4-16	185-7
	2-12-16	191-2
Passports		
Issue of.	30-11-16	187-8
The British Commissioner is authorized to issue passports through any part of British Territory.	2-12-16	190

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Pondicherry		
Transfer to the French.	4-12-16	193-204
1. The re-placing of the French flag has been postponed to 4th Dec. 1816.		
2. The British Commissioner reports that Pondicherry and the territory dependent on it were transferred to the French authorities on the morning of 4th Dec. 1816.		
3. A proclamation was issued informing the inhabitants that they are placed under the French authority.		
4. This paper includes a copy of the convention, dated 7th March 1815, signed in London.		
Revenue Servants		
Temporary retention of.	7-12-16	223-4
The Governor of Pondicherry informs the British Commissioner that it is his intention to retain the Collector's establishment to collect the revenue till their own Revenue Department is organised. The charges shall be borne by the French Government.		
Cash Escort		
Requisition for.	7-12-16	224-5
Court of Judicature		
Dissolution approved. (See pp. 122-5.)	3-12-16	225-6
Police		
Retention of establishment.	3-12-16 7-12-16	225-8
The present establishment will be retained and the charges will be borne by the French Government from the 1st of December.		
French Possessions		
To remain under the British Government until the transfer.	3-12-16 7-12-16	225-8
Salt Monopoly		
Pondicherry.	9-12-16	241-2
A sum of Pag. 22,116 was paid to the Governor-General of Pondicherry on account of salt monopoly.	13-12-16	249-50
French Frontier		
M. Malavois and Lt. Sim have been appointed to inspect the boundaries of the French districts.	10-12-16	245-8
Troops		
Karaikal.		
A small force of 50 sepoys was lent temporarily for duty at Karaikal.	10-12-16	248-9
French Mint		
The Commissioner informs Government of the intention of the French Government to establish a mint to coin their own money.	13-12-16	251
French Possessions		
List of villages, etc.	13-12-16	252-4
Frontier		
Lt. Sim's report. (pp. 255—8 are missing).	29-8-16	259-66
Latolly and Altar, Messrs.		
Pension.	15-12-16	271
Government assure them that their pension will not be discontinued even after the restoration of the French Settlements.	23-12-16	410-1
Leschinoult, M.		
Natural history researches.	18-12-16	273-6
M. Leschinoult is deputed by the French Government to form a botanical garden at Pondicherry and pursue his researches into natural history in India. He requests permission to travel throughout South India. As he bears a very good character, the British Commissioner recommends that every facility may be given to him.		
French Frontier		
Settlement of.	18-12-16 26-12-16	276-7 311-5

Item.	Date.	Page number.
French Possessions		
Transfer of.	16-12-16	280-9
The Secretary to Government communicates to the British Commissioner the instructions of the Government about the transfer of French territories.		
(*a*) The revenues in Karikal, Mahe and Yanam will continue to be collected by the British Government.	21-12-16	290-4
(*b*) The Collector of Land and Sea Customs will be continued by the Company.		
(*c*) The French authorities should be asked to take possession of the territories marked in the map, reserving to themselves the right of claiming a greater cession.		
(*d*) Government trust that troops will not be required for the protection of the settlement. (See pp. 248-9.)		
Chillambaram		
Late interpreter.	22-12-16	293-301
Tangammy, widow of Chillambaram, requests that the pension of her husband may be continued to her.		
Irrigation Repairs		
Statement for ff. 1214-24.	..	302
French Possessions		
Statement of revenue, villages, etc., of Karikal and Pondicherry, for f. 1226.	28-12-16	324-30
	30-12-16	332-97
White, Mr.		
Mr. McLeod, late Superintendent of Police, hands over charge of the office to Mr. White.	3- 1-17	401-3
Karikal		
Rendition to the French.	3- 1-17	405-6
The British Commissioner directs the Collector of Tanjore " to deliver up " Karikal to the Count De Berenger, on his arrival.	4- 1-17	422-3
	10- 1-17	427-48
Karikal		
The Rajah of Tanjore and the French. (See 136 (1)/100-14).	17-12-17	413-20
1. The Resident at Tanjore reports on the relations between the French and the Rajah of Tanjore in respect of the four maghans near Karikal.		
2. In 1738 Shahagee, the Rajah of Tanjore, sold the Fort of Karikal and five villages to M. Dumaux for Ch. 50,000 and the French agreed to pay an annual tribute of Neg. Pag. 3,000. In 1739 Pretaup Sing sold 8 villages near Karikal to the French. In 1749-50 the French and Chundah Sahib attacked Tanjore and compelled the Raja to remit the tribute. In 1765 the French Commissioner, Mons. Law de Lauriston, renounced his right to the four maghans and agreed to pay an annual tribute of Pag. 1,000. But it does not appear that the tribute has been paid since 1769.		
Revenue servants		
Withdrawal of.	6- 1-17	420-2
As the Governor-General reports that they are prepared to take charge of the revenue management, the British Commissioner directs the Collector to withdraw the revenue servants.	7- 1-17	426-7
	10- 1-17	449-50
Salt Management		
The British Commissioner directs the Collector to transfer all the salt pans to the French authorities. Out of 600 garce of salt on hand, 50 garce may be delivered to the French Government.	6- 1-17	421-2
	7- 1-17	428-30
	10- 1-17	450
Accounts		
Transmission of.	3-12-16	460-8

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Mahe		
Restoration to the French.	10- 1-17	469-83
The Secretary to Government sends a report of the Secret Committee defining the possessions of the French Government at Mahe and also a map of those possessions.		
This map was compiled from the original map of Coringote district, prepared by Capt. Monier Williams, late Surveyor.		
——— The British Commissioner directs the Collector of Malabar, Mr. James Vaughan, to hand over Mahe to Capt. Philibert, who has been deputed to receive charge of it as also the French factories at Calicut and Surat.	18- 1-17	486-91
——— The French lay claim to the factory at Calicut and additional places near Mahe.	20- 1-17	523-9
Karikal		
Transfer of possession.	18- 1-17	491-5
Formal documents (in French).		
Pirates		
In the Persian Gulf.	16- 1-17	504-9
The Bombay Government inform the Madras Government that piracy in the Persian Gulf is increasing and suggests that it would be advisable to direct all vessels sailing the gulf under British colours to touch at Muscat for convoy. The news was also communicated to the French Government in consideration of the friendship subsisting between the two states.		
Calicut Factory		
French claims.	23- 1-17	513-4
The British Commissioner informs the Governor-General of Pondicherry that the Government are not aware of the French claim to Calicut factory, as the Province of Malabar was transferred to the Company only after 1800.		
March		
Detachment of French sepoys, From Pondicherry to Karikal.	23- 1-17	514-7
Land and Sea Customs		
French commerce.	27- 1-17	521-3
The Secretary to Government informs the British Commissioner that the duties to be levied on French commerce should remain in force until the 1st of March. The orders relating to the transit of articles between Pondicherry and other dependent villages shall also remain in force.		
Karikal		
Settlement report for f. 1226.	25- 1-17	534-6
Land and Sea Customs		
Control of.	31- 1-17	537
Karikal		
Restoration to the French.	22- 1-17	538-47
The Collector reports that Karikal was transferred on the 14th of Jan. 1817.		
The report includes Proces Verbal (in French).		
Statement of revenue defaulters under confinement, accounts, D.C.B. for ff. 1211—26.		
And statement of salt manufacture.		
Pondicherry		
Map showing limits of French possessions.	30- 1-17	548-50
March		
Detachment of French Sepoys, From Pondicherry to Karikal.	27- 1-17 3- 2-17	551 566-7
Mahe		
Restoration to the French.	1- 2-17 8- 2-17	567-91
The Collector of Malabar reports that Capt. Philibert claims a greater extent of territory than the British propose to restore. The Collector explained to him that taking possession of the present territory will not be prejudical to any further claims on the part of the French. But the Captain refused to take charge stating that his instructions were positive.		
The British Commissioner reports that the Governor of Pondicherry has agreed to receive Mahe as defined in the map.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Pondicherry		
Mint—Establishment of.	3- 2-17 11- 2-17	592-4 610-2
Pondicherry		
Settlement of revenue accounts.	20- 2-17 27- 1-17	595-600
1. The Government call for remarks from the Board about the settlement of accounts with the French for the period during which the revenues have been collected by the servants of the Company subsequently to the formal act of restitution.		
The Board suggests that the settlement may be left to the British Commissioner and the local revenue officers.		
2. The French are willing to repay the agricultural advances made in the present fusly year.		
3. The Board suggests that the price of salt to be demanded should be limited to the actual cost of salt i.e., the manufacturing price.	13- 2-17	613-6
Customs		
Rules and Regulations regarding the collection of sea duties and customs are transmitted.	10- 2-17	616
——— Tariff statement.	13- 1-17	621-722
Customs		
Tariff statement for Malabar and Rajahmundry and extract of the Board's proceedings.	20-11-15	723-49
Karikal		
Requisition for muskets.	15- 2-17	750-1
The French Government request that they may be supplied with 100 muskets for the use of the detachment at Karikal.		
Karikal		
Boundary settlement.	10- 2-17	757-8
The Government direct Lt. Sim to proceed to Karikal to settle the limits of the settlement.		
Mahe		
Restoration to the French—Negotiations.	13- 2-17	760-81
Pondicherry		
Adjustment of revenue accounts.	19- 2-17	763-75
The Collector in forwarding several accounts regarding Pondicherry, states that a sum of Pag. 434 is due by the French Government.		
Cash Escort	19- 2-17	776
Cash Remittance	17- 2-17	782
Salt Monopoly		
Advance to the French.	17- 2-17	786-92
The Secretary directs the British Commissioner to obtain a receipt, according to the form prescribed, for a lakh of sicca rupees advanced to the French Government for the salt monopoly.		
Pondicherry		
List of French villages.	23- 2-17	793-9
Pondicherry		
Cessions to the French by the Nabob of the Carnatic.	17- 2-17	800-48
The Secretary to Government sends to the British Commissioner extracts from the correspondence, relating to the cession of certain territories around Pondicherry, to the French by the Nabob of the Carnatic during the years 1765 and 1784.		
Mahe		
1. Sea customs.	25- 2-17 17- 2-17 24- 2-17	849-900
2. Restoration to the French of their possessions (with map).		
March		
Detachment, 2nd Native Veteran Bn., From Pondicherry to Chingleput.	23- 2-17 1- 3-17	859-0 867-8
March		
Detachment 2nd Native Veteran Bn., From Pondicherry to Chingleput and from Chingleput to Cuddalore.	2- 3-17 3- 3-17	901 904

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Cash Escort		
Requisition.	2- 3-17	902
Military Invalids		
Transfer to Chingleput.	3- 3-17	903
		906
Calicut		
French factory.	24- 2-17	914-9
1. On a reference being made to the Government of Bombay the Secretary gives the following information.		
2. When Malabar was ceded to us in 1797 by the Treaty of Seringapatam the records gave no information in support of the claim of the French to the Calicut factory. The only application that was preferred for the restoration of any foreign factory at Calicut was from the Governor-General of Tranquebar on behalf of the Danish Government.		
3. It appears that the French either abandoned the factory or were expelled from it in 1788.		
Karikal		
Frontier.	5- 3-17	923-4
Mr. Clariceau is deputed to examine and verify the limits of the French territory at Karikal.		
Mahe		
Restoration to the French.	10- 3-17 28- 2-17	929-35
Mahe		
Land and sea customs.	3- 3-17	941-5
Mahe		
Revenue management.	10- 3-17	952-4
1. The Collector of Malabar informs the Chief Commandant at Mahe, that he is willing to take up the revenue management at Mahe, which he thinks may lead to many complications.	24- 3-17 27- 3-17	969-70 980
2. The Secretary directs the British Commissioner to hand over the revenue management to the French authorities.		
Salt Manufacture		
Karikal.	10- 3-17	954
Government direct the British Commissioner not to interfere with the working of the salt pans at Karikal.	27- 4-17	994-5
Pondicherry, etc.		
Revenue collections and charges—Statement from 1st Dec. 1816 to 7th June 1817.	17- 3-17 25- 3-17	957-8 961-2
Military Stores		
Indent by the French.	19- 3-17 22- 3-17 10- 4-17	958 977-9 985-7
Yanam		
Restoration of.	25- 3-17	965-8
1. The British Commissioner informs the Collector of Rajahmundry that M. De Courson has been appointed by the French to receive charge of Yanam.		
2. The Collector reports that he has delivered up Yanam to M. De Courson on 12th Apr. 1817.	16- 4-17	996
Customs		
French claim for exemption.	17- 4-17	987-90
The French Government claim that cotton, wool, etc., which have been taxed 16 per cent. in British territory should be exempted from further duty when entering French territory.		
They also claim that all eatable and other articles of consumption purchased at Madras should be exempted from duty while entering Pondicherry. (pp. 992-3 are missing.)		
Masulipatam		
French factory.	15- 4-17	997-1009
Government call for a report from the British Commissioner about the French factory at Masulipatam.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Customs and Salt Arrangements with the French—Minutes of consultation. 1. The Supreme Government are of opinion that " any remission of duty should be received distinctly as an indulgence .... such .... appears to be the feeling of the French authorities." 2. The instructions of the Supreme Government that articles of foreign trade should not be exempt from duty and that the unrestricted indulgence at first shown to the French Settlements to afford time to frame some arrangements regarding duties should not be continued were anticipated by the arrangement so framed under date 24th Feb. 1817. 3. The Board has recommended that British articles should be exported to the French Settlements, duty free. Free transmission of articles from one French Settlement to another is not allowed. 4. *Salt.* The Board proposes that all salt should be purchased at the commutation price and supplied to the French Settlements at the same price with as much salt as they require for internal consumption.	15- 4-17	1009-15
French Possessions Revenue arrears written off. Government direct the Collectors of South Arcot, Tanjore, Rajahmundry and Malabar, respectively, to write off to profit and loss the irrecoverable balances at Pondicherry amounting to Pag. 13,205, at Karical amounting to Pag. 16,969, at Yanam amounting to Pag. 237 and at Mahe amounting to Pag. 13.	15- 4-17	1017-8
Revenue Defaulters Release approved.	15- 4-17	1018
Customs Grain exported to French territories. The Secretary to Government informs the Board that when grain is imported into French territories from the Company's territories for re-exportation and not for consumption, it ought to be subject to the duty of 3 per cent. and that a drawback may be allowed on the quantity imported for consumption.	15- 4-17	1050-2
Mahe Duty on Tobacco. The Chief of Mahe asks the Collector of Malabar to supply him with tobacco at a stipulated price. The Board informs Government that the established monopoly price of tobacco should not be altered and it may be supplied at the same rate at which it is supplied for the use of the inhabitants of the Company's territories in the vicinity.	26- 4-17	1052-7
Karikal Revenue collection—Statement from 1st Dec. 1816 to 14th Jan. 1817.	26- 3-17	1057-9
Pondicherry, etc. Revenue collection.	7- 4-17	1060-1
Mahe Revenue collection—Statement.	28- 4-17	1070-1
Mahe Revenue administration—Transfer to the French.	8- 4-17	1072-4
Karikal Boundary dispute.	4- 5-17	1074-9 1082-3
Audit	24- 3-17	1094-8
Karikal Salt statement.	23- 5-17	1104-6

Item.	Date.	Page number.
French Settlements		
Salt monopoly.	31- 5-17	1119-22
The British Commissioner informs Government that the French Government would prefer the following arrangement about salt. :—		
Purchasing the inactivity of the salt pans by paying at the commutation price the value of the average quantity of salt heretofore produced and that the French settlement shall be supplied at the same price with as much salt as they require for internal consumption.		
Karikal		
Boats repair—Estimate.	2- 6-17	1123-4
	19- 6-17	1218-9
	16- 7-17	1243
		1250
Karikal		
Salt monopoly.	10- 6-17	1144-5
The British Commissioner reports that about 500 to 520 garce of salt is manufactured at Karikal and it is proposed that no salt shall be manufactured, if the British Government indemnify the proprietors of the salt pans by an annual grant of Pag. 2 per garce or Pag. 1,000 for the whole quantity.		1155 6
Karikal		
Boundary dispute—Report.	- 6-17	1145-9
	3- 7-17	1216-7
	15- 7-17	1231-3
	24- 7-17	1250-1
Pondicherry		
Imported grain duties.	9- 6-17	1149-50
Government inform the British Commissioner that the present arrangement of levying duty on grain imported into Pondicherry will be a temporary measure.		
Pondicherry		
Specimen coins—Transmission.	12- 6-17	1150-1
		1175-6
Pondicherry		
Escape of prisoners to.	18- 6-17	1157-8
The British Commissioner at Pondicherry is requested to give his assistance in apprehending the prisoners who have taken refuge in French territories.	21- 6-17	1165-7
	4- 7-17	1186-7
	5- 7-17	1229
	15- 7-17	1241-6
Mint		
Proposal to establish at Pondicherry.	9- 6-17	1168-72
1. Messrs. George Garrow and James Cochrane, members of the Mint Committee, report on the establishment of a mint at Pondicherry.		
2. Government apprehend that a loss may arise from the eventual adulteration of the French coins, as the coins will be received as bullion at the Provincial Treasuries.		
3. The Committee is of opinion that, if the minting is supervised by a scientific Assay Master, there will not be much risk of adulteration but if it is done by the natives, it would not be safe to admit the Pondicherry rupee into the treasury even as bullion.		
Factories		
French claims.	9- 6-17	1190-216
The Secretary to Government asks the British Commissioner to direct the French Government to clearly define their claims to factories at Calicut, Masulipatam and Surat.		
Mahe		
Charges for transfer to the French.	4- 7-17	1248-9
The Collector of Malabar reports that a sum of St. Pag. 96 was spent in delivering over the settlement of Mahe to the French. It consisted mostly of pay to clerks and other servants.		
Prisoners		
Escape of.	30- 7-17	1258
Military Stores		
Cost of supply to the French.	1- 8-17	1259-60

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Pondicherry		
Map of.	5- 8-17	1264-5
Government depute E. Jervis, draftsman, to prepare a map of Pondicherry and its adjoining settlements under the direction of Lt. Sim.	9- 9-17 3-10-17	1366-72 4115
French Possessions		
Boundary dispute.	5- 8-17	1271-3
The Secretary to Government directs the Magistrate to enquire into the disputes among the inhabitants of the villages on the borders of the English and French territories.	2- 8-17	1284-9
Mahe		
Salt—Supply.	14- 8-17	1273-4
"The British Commissioner directs the Collector of Malabar to supply the inhabitants of Mahe with salt, from his territory.	22- 8-17 13- 9-17	1318-24 1363-4
Tranquebar		
Cost of restoration to the Danes.	15- 8-17	1281-3
The Commissioner sends a statement of receipts and charges from the capitulation on 12th Feb. 1808 to the restitution on 20th Sep. 1815. There is some difference in the accounts sent by different officers.	29- 7-17	1295-306
Quantine, Madame		
Discontinuance of pension.	19- 8-17	1309
Salt Monopoly		
Payment to the French.	19- 8-17	1311-2
The Government want to know whether the French Government can arrange to receive future instalments of four lakhs of sicca rupees from Fort William, due to them on account of salt and opium monopolies.	4-10-17	1425-8
Mahe		
Pepper smuggling.	15- 8-17	1313-5
The Collector of Malabar reports about the smuggling of pepper into French territory.	3- 9-17	1345-6
Pondicherry		
Postal arrangements.	26- 8-17	1332-3
The Secretary directs the British Commissioner to ascertain the wishes of the French Government about the transfer of the post office at Pondicherry to their authority.		
——— The French Government wish that the present arrangement may be continued; but the Secretary thinks that it is desirable to transfer the post office to the French.	12- 9-17 3-10-17	1362-3 1410-31
Military Stores		
Cost of supply to the French.	26- 8-17 8- 9-17	1336 1357-61
Cash		
Indent by the French Government.	23- 8-17 1- 9-17	1324-30 1337-8
Marine Deserters		
French frigate 'Amphitrite'.	27- 8-17	1340-4
1. The Daroga of Villupuram reports about the apprehension of 7 sailors who have deserted the frigate 'Amphitrite'.		
2. The Criminal Judge of Vriddhachalam requests that the usual reward of Pag. 10 for the apprehension of each deserter may be remitted to him.		
Pondicherry		
Exemption from grain duties.		
The Board suggests that grain imported into Pondicherry purely for consumption should be exempted from duty and that the exemption should be "exclusively confined to Pondicherry and should remain in force at that place only so long as the export of grain thence may continue inconsiderable."	23- 6-17	1351-3
Cash		
Indent by the French Government.	19- 9-17 22- 9-17 30- 9-17	1379 1385-9 1393-6 1398-9 1406
Cash Escort	4- 9-17	1354-6

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Marriage Certificate		
Requisition for.	21- 9-17	1380-1
	22- 9-17	1384-5
Pondicherry Rupees		
As the Pondicherry rupee is liable to variation, Government direct that it should not be received in payment of revenue.	9- 9-17	1381-2
Mahe		
French claims to additional territory. The Secretary to Government, Fort William, directs the Government of Madras to decline any claim made by the French for a larger extent of territory near Mahe, as they have failed to substantiate their claims and the question is referred to the authorities at home.	24- 9-17	1400-2
Marine Deserters		
Pondicherry.	4-10-17	1418-9
		1421-2
		1442-3
Pondicherry		
Surrender of convict.	2-10-17	1429-31
The Criminal Judge of Vriddhachalam requests Government to direct the British Commissioner at Pondicherry to surrender a convict, Durmaseva Reddy, who has taken refuge in Pondicherry.	14-10-17	1438
Salt and Opium Monopoly		
Payment to the French.	2-10-17	1432-6
The French desire that the last instalment may be paid in Pondicherry.	15-10-17	1444
Marine Deserters		
Apprehension.	19-10-17	1446-7
	25-10-17	1450
		1453-4
		1463
Prisoners		
Surrender of.	14-10-17	1448-9
	29-10-17	1473-4
Pondicherry		
Postal arrangements—Transfer to the French.	14-10-17	1450
Pondicherry		
Transmission of map.	3-11-17	1451-2
		1463-4
		1460
Pondicherry		
Salt supply. The British Commissioner directs the Collector to supply 50 garce of salt to the French at Pondicherry.	25-11-17	1467-8
	30-11-17	1477-8
	5-12-17	1482-3
Prisoners		
Apprehension of.	3-12-17	1475-7
Extradition		
Minutes of consultation. 1. The Vice-President in Council is of opinion that the 9th article of the convention (re: surrender of refugees) is to continue inoperative until it has been finally settled by the authorities at home. The right of the authorities of the Local Government to deliver up the subject of a foreign power within its limits ought to be distinctly recognized by the legislature. 2. The question arose from the report of the Collector of Customs, Hooghly, that two Frenchmen of Chandranaghoore assaulted the Customs Darogah, and took refuge in French territories. 3. The Vice-President in Council is of opinion that it is not necessary to claim the surrender of the two persons, but the offenders may be taken under a warrant, if they are found within the British territory and "they are clearly liable to be tried under the regulations for their offence."	27-10-17	1487-505
Tranquebar		
Accounts with the Danes. Mr. W. Newham, the late Commissioner of Tranquebar, explains about the specie taken possession of in the public treasury of Tranquebar at the capture of the Colony in 1808. (See pp. 1281-3, 1295-306).	20-11-17	1511-68

Item.	Date.	Page number.
French Refugee		
One Francois, a French subject, has taken refuge in British Territory. The British Commissioner asks the Secretary, what steps should be taken for his apprehension and trial.	14-12-17	1569-74
Evidence		
Persons residing in foreign settlements.		
When the evidence of persons residing in foreign settlements or territories is required, Government are of opinion that the best mode of procuring it is to frame interrogatives to be transmitted to the British representatives, who will record their evidence.	2-12-17 30-12-17	1577-80 1599-609
Karikal		
Boundary dispute.	17-12-17	1581
French Settlements		
Import of British articles.	30-12-17	1592-3
Government direct that all European articles of British manufacture, produce or import carried by land into Pondicherry or any other French settlement should be free of duty.		
Audit	25-12-17	1603-4
Pondicherry		
Examination of a French subject.	10- 1-18	1602-3
1. The Criminal Judge of Vriddhachalam asks the British Commissioner to direct Casanaranjah, a French resident, to appear before the Court.	18- 1-18	1605
2. The British Commissioner informs the Criminal Judge that " a French subject is scarcely liable to be affected by the law proceeding on the part of any of our Courts of Judicature."		
Pondicherry		
Apprehension of French subject.	9- 1-18	1606-10
1. The Sheriff of Madras, Mr. K. Dalrymple, asks the British Commissioner to hand over one Muthuswamy Pillai to the bailiffs, as he is wanted in Madras. The Commissioner informs him that, as he is a French subject, he cannot be arrested within French Territory.	23- 1-18 29- 1-18	1612-3 1625
2. Muthuswamy Pillay was arrested, in haste by the bailiffs, but was released by the British Commissioner. Such an act, the Commissioner is of opinion, may involve " the English Government making an apology to the French Government for the violation of their territory".		
Robbery		
Apprehension of accused.	26-12-17	1622-3
Karikal		
Boundary disputes.	29- 1-18	1623-4 1627-8
Salt Monopoly		
French Settlement.	30- 9-17	1631-5
1. It is proposed to the French authorities, that the quantity of salt actually sold by the salt owners of Pondicherry, the selling price, the quantity manufactured and the balance should be ascertained for 5 years, prior to the introduction of the salt monopoly.		
2. The British Government will agree to pay annually the cost of balance to the owners of salt pans on condition that		
(a) The owners and all inhabitants of the French Settlements should abandon entirely the manufacture of salt.		
(b) The British Government agree to supply the quantity of salt for the consumption of the French Settlements at the manufacturing price.		
(c) The selling price of salt in the Settlements should be the same as the monopoly price of the British territories.		
3. In view of the above concessions, the British agree to pass all live-stock and articles of provision, duty free into Pondicherry and other French Settlements.		
Mahe		
Salt.	23 12-17	1635-42
The Collector of Malabar is directed to supply the French Government at Mahe with salt.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Customs		
Import into French Settlements—Minutes of consultation.	21-10-17	1645-52
1. All articles of consumption imported into the French Settlements should be exempted from duty.		
2. The Board has no objection to a reduction of the duty on spirituous liquor from 8 to 5 per cent.		
Native Draftsman		
Appointment of.	..	1653-4
Theft	4- 2-18	1653
Salt Monoply		
Payments to the French.	10- 2-18	1657-62
Subbarayan		
Pension.	16- 2-18	1663-71
One Subbaroyan requests that a pension may be granted to him and states that he has worked as an overseer under several commanding officers at Pondicherry.	27- 2-18	1676-8
Karikal and Pondicherry		
Boundaries.	17- 2-18 } 19- 2-18 }	1672-5
1. The Secretary asks the British Commissioner to direct the Governor of Pondicherry to define the boundaries of Karikal and Pondicherry.	28- 3-18	1706-7
2. The Collector of S. Arcot suggests the appointment of arbitrators for the settlement of the boundary question.		
Pondicherry		
Survey report.	4- 5-18	1686-97
———— Transmission of map.	21- 5-18	1702-3
Mutton		
Supply of.	..	1704-5
Prisoners		
The Magistrate of Tanjore reports that he has apprehended 2 Mussalmans, who answer to the description of those who committed murder at Pondicherry.	23- 3-18	1708-10
————The Secretary directs him to hand them over to the British Commissioner at Pondicherry.	4- 3-18	1753-7
Witnesses		
Questionnaire.	11- 2-18	1718-35
The Secretary forwards a number of questions received from the Judge of Vridhachalam to the British Commissioner and directs him to get replies, from the witnesses at Pondicherry.	7- 4-18	1738-52
Salt Monopoly		
French possessions.	24- 3-18	1758-9
Government direct that no arrangements shall be made for the purchase of the inactivity of the salt pans at Pondicherry, etc., without the sanction of the Supreme Government.		
Pondicherry		
Boundary questions.	7- 4-18	1762-9
The Secretary informs the British Commissioner that Government are anxious that the interchange of lands near Pondicherry should be effected at an early date.		
Surveyor, Mr. Bird, is deputed to survey the boundaries.	14- 4-18	1772-3
————The British Commissioner and the Collector of S. Arcot are appointed as Commissioners for the interchange of territories. (See pp. 1862-5).	19- 4-18	1777
Theft		
Extradition.	7- 3-18	1769-71
The Magistrate at St. Thomas Mount reports that a theft has been committed there and one of the suspected persons has gone to Pondicherry. He requests Government to apprehend the criminal and institute an enquiry.		
Bird, Mr. William		
Assistant Surveyor—Superior allowance sanctioned.	30- 3-18	1774-6
Passport Regulation		
Transmission of.	14- 4-18	1787-93

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Murder		
Apprehension of culprits.	1- 5-18	1810-1
The Collector of Tanjore asks the British Commissioner to apprehend certain persons who have committed murder and have taken refuge at Pondicherry.	13- 5-18	1829-30
Government direct the British Commissioner to make arrangements for the delivery of the prisoners to the Collector.	8- 5-18	1850-2
Boundary Settlement		
Villages transferred to the French.	4- 5-18	1812-19
The Collector sends to the British Commissioner a statement of the villages transferred to the French Government for the districts of Vurdavore and Pondicherry.		
Salt Monopoly		
Convention with the French.	13- 5-18	1820-3 1827-9
1. The manufacture of salt shall cease throughout the whole of the French Settlements in India.		
2. The Madras Government agree to pay St. Pag. 4,000 a year as compensation to the proprietors of salt pans.		
Salt		
Smuggling into French Territory.	1- 5-18	1825-7
The British Commissioner reports to Government about the clandestine importation of salt.		
Karikal		
Revenue arrears.	29-10-17	1834-48
The Board directs the Collector of Tanjore to send a report about the balance due from the French Government at Karikal.	30-10-17	
——— Statement of above.	30- 9-17	
The Collector sends a statement of the arrears due from the French Government at Karikal.	27- 6-18	1892-3
The total balance for four faslis (1222-5) amounts to Pag. 6,483.	31- 7-18	1944-50
Prisoners		
Transfer of.	19- 5-18	1853 1856
Salt Monopoly		
Convention with the French—Government's approval.	23- 5-18	1857-8
Audit	8- 6-18	1859-60
Boundary Settlement		
Villages transferred to the French. (See pp. 1762-9).	14- 6-18	1862-5
	20- 6-18	1867-76
——Statement of. (See pp. 1985-6).	23- 6-18	1893-4
Marine Deserters		
Apprehension of.	19- 6-18 3- 7-18	1887-8 1911 1932-3
Extradition		
French subject.	12- 8-18	1955-6
The Government direct that a French subject residing at Madras, may be sent back to Yanam, in compliance with the requisition of the Chief of that settlement.		
Karikal		
Boundary settlement.	3- 9-18	1966-8
The Collector reports that one of the principal native servants and two respectable landholders have been appointed as arbitrators of the boundary question of Karikal.		
Pondicherry		
The Governor in Council directs that the village of France Pettah near Pondicherry, may be transferred to the French.	6- 9-18	1968-71
Honours and Titles		
Salutes—Foreign Princes.	26- 8-18	1974
The Secretary to Government informs the British Commissioner that it is not customary to fire salutes on the anniversaries of foreign princes.		

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Ness, Lt.		
Late 30th Rt.—Claim to sword.	16- 9-18	1971-84
1. The O.C. 30th Rt. reports that he has sent the sword of the late Lt. Ness, to his mother.		
2. Some of the French officers who commanded the interment party claimed it ; but the O.C. quotes the general order dated 20th June 1803, that "the sword and sash of a deceased officer, . . . the symbol of his honour," should not be claimed by any officer, or soldier.		
"His sword shall invariably be reserved for transmission to his family."		
——— Inventory of the effects of the late Lt. Ness.		
Boundary Settlement		
Pondicherry, etc.—Commissioners' report. (See pp. 1862–5).	24- 9-18	1985-96
1. Mr. C. Hyde, Collector of S. Arcot, and Capt. J. S. Fraser, British Commissioner at Pondicherry, Commissioners for the settlement of the boundary, submit their report.		
2. The negotiations with the French Government have ended in an agreement which will be advantageous to both Governments.		
——— Statements. (See pp. 2174–6).		
Calicut		
French factory.	27- 8-18	1997-8
The Collector of Malabar sends a plan of the Calicut Factory, received	5-10-18	2007
from the French.	8- 9-18	2049-50
Pensions		
Petition.	3- 9-18	1999-2104
One Soobbrayan, late overseer in the Military, requests that a pension	10-12-18	2106-7
may be granted to him.	22-12-18	2122
Accounts		
Advance to the French.	15- 9-18	2008-10
The Accountant-General suggests that the advance of Rs. 3,000 paid to the Chief of Mahe may be repaid to the Collector of S. Arcot.		
Karikal		
Boundary settlement.	29- 9-18	2012-3
Lt. Sim, Surveyor, was deputed to Karikal to settle the boundary.	29-10-18	2016-21
——— On his arrival, he finds that the boundary has been settled by the	24-11-18	2076-7
arbitrators, to the satisfaction of all parties.	26-12-18	2107-8
Salt Monopoly		
Payment to the French.	27-10-18	2032-5
The Accountant-General directs the Collector of S. Arcot to discharge the	11-11-18	2041-2
instalments of 1 lakh of rupees on the demand of the French Govern-	19-11-18	2046-8
ment.	13-11-18	2061-4
	2-12-18	2096-100
Marine		
Sick seamen—Accommodation at Cuddalore.	7-11-18 } 11-11-18 }	2035-43
1. The Secretary to Government directs the Commercial Resident at Cuddalore to arrange for the accommodation of 60 to 70 sick seamen who are sent on board the 'Lady Castlereagh'.		
2. The Collector is directed to provide them with supplies and the Magistrate to attend to the preservation of peace during their detention in Cuddalore.		
The Secretary directs the Medical Board to arrange to give them medical aid.		
Cash Receipt	..	2044-5
Calicut		
French factory.	26- 9-18	2050-3
The Collector of Malabar is unable to ascertain from the Zamorin's records at what period the French factory was first established. But it is known that the French Government did possess a factory at Calicut and the Talook Cutcherry was built by them.		
The British Commissioner is directed by Government to open correspondence with the Collector and report to Government the result of his investigation.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Calicut—*cont.*		
The British Commissioner asks the Collector of Malabar to state whether the ground upon which the factory house stands belonged to the French on the 1st January 1792.	3-11-18 } 12-11-18 }	2053-6
———— The Collector states that the factory belonged to the French at the time of the breaking out of the late war.	30-11-18 24-12-18	2084-92 2127
Salt		
Supply to Pondicherry.	23-11-18 24-12-18 19- 1-19 29- 1-19	2066-70 2124-6 2142-3 2153-5
Customs		
Exemption—Cumblies.	5-12-18	2072-3
The British Commissioner informs the Collector of S. Arcot that the poor people at Pondicherry are suffering from the inclemency of the weather and asks him to allow the cumblies to pass into French territory free of duty, as they are intended to be distributed among the poor natives.	9-12-18	2100
Salt Monopoly		
Convention with the French.	24-11-18	2077-81
The Supreme Government ask the opinion of the Madras Government on the desirability of periodically renewing the agreement concluded with the French for discontinuing the manufacture of salt in their settlements.		
———— The British Commissioner's suggestion.	22-12-18	2114-21
The French Government will object to the periodical renewal of the agreement. Under the convention it has been agreed to give Pag. 4,000 a year for seventeen years. It is likely that the French Government may demand a larger sum in the event of the arrangement being made a temporary one renewable from year to year and liable to be cancelled at pleasure.		
———— The Government inform the British Commissioner that the present agreement will continue.	26- 1-19	2158-9
Calicut		
French factory.		
The British Commissioner directs the Collector of Malabar to restore the Factory at Calicut to the French.	15- 1-19 1- 2-19	2138-40 2261
Mahe		
Transmission of map.	24- 1-19	2146-9
Allet, Mr.		
Pension to the family of the late.		
1. The British Commissioner recommends that Rs. [illegible] month may be granted for the support of the widow and family of the late Mr. Aller.	12- 2-19	2165-7
2. The Commissioner thinks that the continuance of a pension causes it to be regarded as a heritage and reduces the persons who enjoy it to idleness.	22- 2-19	2186-7
Customs		
Gingelly seeds—Extra duty—Complaint.	22- 2-19 26- 2-19 3- 3-19	2173 2197 2200-1
Boundary settlement		
Pondicherry. (See pp. 2254-5.)		
1. The Government direct that the interchange of territories should take effect from the commencement of the next fasli year.	15- 1-19	2174-6
2. The British Commissioner states that the services of Lt. Sim, Surveyor, may be discontinued, as the boundary dispute has been amicably settled. The Commissioner highly appreciates the services of that officer in concluding a satisfactory settlement. (See pp. 2312-3.)	25- 2-19 3- 3-19	2181-3 2198-9
Summons to Witnesses		
Foreign settlements.		
The Governor in Council directs that, in case the attendance of witnesses in foreign settlements is required, an application should be addressed to the principal authority of the place requesting that such persons may be desired to attend.	17- 2-19	2187-91

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Tranquebar		
Restoration to the Danes.	18- 1-19	2201-3
Capt. J. S. Fraser, the British Commissioner, Pondicherry, requests the Accountant-General of the Danish Government at Tranquebar to furnish him with an explanation of the difference which appeared in the accounts furnished in 1808 and 1815, regarding the sums found in the Royal Treasury at Tranquebar on the capitulation of that place in 1808.		
——— The Accountant-General sends a statement of account of the Royal Treasury of Tranquebar in the year 1808.	27- 2-19	2233-5
	23- 3-19	2320-7
Mahe		
Advance to the French.	4- 3-19	2230-1
The Secretary directs the Accountant-General to advance Rs. 3,000 to the French Government at Mahe.	9- 3-19	2248-9
	2- 7-19	2382
Salt		
Supply to Pondicherry.	4- 3-19	2229-32
The French Government have indented for an additional quantity of salt.	15- 3-19	2280
	14- 4-19	2296
	20- 4-19	2302-3
	25- 4-19 } 27- 4-19 }	2305-6
Moorgapillay		
Late writer—Family pension.	5- 3-19	2246-7
The Civil Auditor recommends that a pension of Pag. 3 a month may be given to the family of Moorgapillay.	1- 4-19	2260-1
	10- 4-19	2301-2
Boundary settlement		
Pondicherry. (See pp. 2174-6.)	26- 3-19	2254-5
The British Commissioner is of opinion that the present boundary need not be marked by stones as the recent exchange of territories will be approved by the authorities in Europe. (See pp. 2312-3.)	22- 3-19	2260
	10- 4-19	2297
Court Decree		
Suspension of.	26- 3-19	2256-7
Richardson, Dr. Robert		
Late Surgeon—Retrenchment of allowances.	27- 3-19	2261-3
	2- 4-19	2271-2
Dubus, General		
Family pension.	22- 3-19	2263-70
1. The family of the late General Dubus has petitioned Government for the continuation of his allowance to them.	14- 5-19	2331-3
2. He was in the service of Tippu Sultan and returned to Pondicherry in 1803 after the treaty of Amiens. He was considered as a prisoner of war, on the renewal of the war and given an allowance of Rs. 794 a month.	19- 5-19	2335-6
	23- 5-19	2343
	3- 7-19	2383
		2412
3. When he was sent by the English on a secret political mission to France, he was murdered in France.		
4. The British Government has given an assurance that they will protect his family.		
5. The Government are pleased to continue the pension of Pag. 40 a month.		
Jurisdiction		
Civil suits.	29- 3-19	2272-3
The Judge of the Zilla Court, Verdachellam, informs the British Commissioner that the penalty imposed on one Ramakrishnan, by the French Government, should be suspended, as the cause arose in a village held jointly by the French and the English and as the said Ramakrishnan has a right to appeal to the Southern Provincial Court of Appeal.		
French Settlements		
Revenue arrears.	14- 4-19	2290-2
——— Statements.	22- 5-19	2345
	26- 6-19	2385-403

Item.	Date.	Page number.
France Pettah		
Restoration to the French.	18- 4-19	2285-8
Masulipatam		
French Factory—Claim to restoration.	18- 4-19	2285-8
	8- 5-19	2337-40
Karikal		
Revenue charges—Statement.	7- 5-19	2289-94
Dunnois, M. Siem Gaspard		
Bequests.	30- 3-19	2298-9
The Court of Directors direct the Madras Government to enquire about the death of M. Siem Gaspard Dunnois and about his property. It is learnt from the newspaper report that he has bequeathed one-half of his property to the local Government and the other half to his legal heirs. He was born in 1729 at Grenoble and died in 1810 or 1811 in India, in a factory near Pondicherry.	22- 6-19	2378-9
	30- 6-19	2381-2
Dunlavante, M.		
Death certificate called for.	30- 3-19	2299-300
	22- 6-19	2378-9
	30- 6-19	2381-2
Postal		
Bulky packets.	23- 4-19	2304-5
The French Government object that bulky packets are transmitted periodically by the British and sometimes sent by express mail.	10- 5-19	2318-20
	22- 5-19	2346-9
——— The Government have restricted the despatch of expresses.		
Military Misconduct		
Capt. Daly.	10- 5-19	2306-12
The British Commissioner informs Capt. Daly that he has received numerous complaints against him and directs him not to live in Pondicherry or any other French Settlement.		
Boundary Settlement		
Pondicherry. (See pp. 2254-5 and 2174-6).	10- 5-19	2312-3
The Supreme Government approve the recommendation of the Madras Government regarding the exchange of territories and the arrangement will take effect from the commencement of the next fasli year.	22- 5-19	2351-2
	13- 6-19	2356-65
——— The transfer of territories on the border has been postponed till the receipt of orders from France.	28- 7-19	2384-5
Salt		
Supply to French Settlements.	23- 4-19	2327-8
The Governor in Council directs all Collectors near the French Settlements to supply them with salt, without delay, for consumption in their territories.		
Prisoners		
Escape and apprehension of.	6- 6-19	2352-4
Calicut		
French claim to free trade at.	31- 5-19	2365-74
The French claim the right of free trade at the port of Calicut. The Secretary informs the British Commissioner that, according to the treaties of Paris, the French cannot be allowed to establish or enjoy a free trade at any port where duties are collected by the British Government Regulation.	29- 6-19	2379-80
French Settlements		
Revenue arrears.	17- 7-19	2413-7
The British Commissioner requests the Secretary to inform him "whether the arrears of revenue now claimed are of such a nature that their recovery could reasonably have been anticipated" and whether the territories on which they are due remained in British possession.		
Extradition		
Theft.	17- 7-19	2417-26
The Magistrate of Verdachellum directs that Appow and others, residents of Pondicherry, who committed theft within the limits of French Territory, may be transferred to the British Commissioner at Pondicherry.		
Mahe		
Advance to the French.	10- 7-19	2431-2
	27- 7-19	2461-4

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Bills	23- 1-19	2434-6
Indigo Farm		
Application from a French subject.	27 7 19	2436-9
M. Vigiers requests permission to establish an indigo farm in British Territory. The Collector informs the British Commissioner that British renters are not authorized to sell lands to foreigners for the purpose of erecting any kind of building thereon.		
Customs		
Exemption—Tobacco duty—French Government's proposal.	2- 8-19	2440
	28- 7-19	2479
Salt		
Supply to Pondicherry.	2- 8-19	2440-6
	29- 7-19	2449-50
	12- 8-19	2453
	18- 8-19	2479
Passports		
Requisition for.	2- 8-19	2441-2
	16- 8-19	2469
French Settlements		
Revenue arrears—Recovery of	29- 7-19	2444-5
Customs		
Frontier duties.	29- 7-19	2445
The Government direct that all articles of consumption passing the frontier should be exempted from double duty.		
Military Misconduct		
Capt. R. Daly—Permission to reside in Pondicherry is refused.	6- 8-19	2446-7
French Settlements		
Revenue arrears.	20- 8-19	2455-60
The British Commissioner calls for a statement of the amount due from the French Government on account of Mahe, Karikal and Yanam,	28- 8-19	2466-9
from the Collectors of Malabar, Tanjore and Rajahmundry.	31- 8-19	2471-4
Customs		
Frontier duties—French Government's proposal.	30- 8-19	2483-6
1. They are as follows :—		
(*a*) Tobacco, articles of consumption and all merchandize exempted from duty at Madras should be exempted from frontier duty.		
(*b*) Merchandize exported on French vessels should be calculated according to the rate paid by English ships.		
(*c*) All duties to be levied according to the price of that article specified on the rowanah.		
(*d*) The custom officers should return the rowanah to the merchants.		
2. The Secretary to Government informs the British Commissioner that the above proposals are already in force except those relating to tobacco and merchandize exported on French vessels and the return of rowanah to merchants, which are considered to be inadmissible. Tobacco passing the frontier for actual consumption is exempted from double duty.		

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Vol. 141.

Correspondence on Political Matters, 1764–84.

French Possessions		
Restoration of.	18- 3-1764	1-2
1. The French Government have appointed M. Law de Lauriston as their emissary to receive the possessions to be restored in accordance with the Treaty of Paris, concluded on the 10th February 1763.		
2. The English Government have appointed Mr. Claud Russel as British Commisary to conduct the restitution of the French Territories.	2- 2-65	2-10
	9- 3-65	11-6
3. *Karikal tribute.*		
The Government have obtained from the Rajah of Tanjore the sunnuds and Dupleix's Memoirs, etc., relating to Karidal.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
French Possessions—*cont.*		
4. "Mr. Dupliex having in his Memoirs observed that the French Company, since the war of 1749, has been discharged from the Redevanee Annelelle, or yearly homage or tribute, of Rs. 7,500 to the Rajah of Tanjore, the districts of Karicall must again be subject to the same annual rent or tribute."		
5. The sepoys at Karical may be withdrawn.		
———— Agreement.		
———— Dependencies—List of.		
6. *Yanam and Masulipatam factories.*		
M. Law de Lawriston, French Commissary, informs Government that M. Panon has been sent by the French Government to receive Yanam and Masulipatam factories.	3- 3-65	16-22
7. Mr. John Pybus, Chief at Masulipatam, is directed by the English Government to arrange for the restitution of the French Settlements on the East Coast between Pulicat and the limits of Bengal. He deputes Messrs. John Whitehill and George Dolben for the purpose.	18-4-65 2- 5-65	22-30
8. *Pondicherry.*		
Mr. George Issac Hoissard is deputed to Pondicherry to conduct the restitution of that place to the French. He is directed by Government to negotiate with the Marquis de Bussy about the trade on the East Coast. He is directed to take charge of the Police at Pondicherry and to be guided by the opinion of the Select Committee.		
9. M. Monneron is deputed by the French to conduct the negotiations about commerce between the English and French on the East Coast.	28-10-83 1-11-83 19-11-83	30-5
Customs		
Abolition of duties—French representations.	21-11-83	35-40
1. M. Monneron, on behalf of the French Government, represents to Mr. Hoissard that they should be allowed, (*a*) to carry on a free trade in the Northern Provinces, till the restoration of the factories at Yanam and Masulipatam; (*b*) to have a village of boatmen, under their orders; and (*c*) to navigate freely both ways the river which passes by Yanam and its several branches.		
2. Mr. Hoissard sends the representation of M. Monneron to the Select Committee for consideration.	22-11-83	41-2
French Prisoners of War		
Release of.	9- 3-84	43-4
The Select Committee informs the Marquis De Bussy that all the French prisoners of war have been released.		
French and English Possessions		
Mutual restoration of.	13- 3-84	44-50
1. *Select Committee.*		
Government appoint Mr. Charles Floyer, Col. William Dalrymple and Mr. Ernest William Fallowfield as Commissioners on behalf of the English to restore Pondicherry and its dependencies to the French and to receive the town of Cuddalore and its dependencies, and the fort of Trincomally in the Island of Ceylon and its dependencies.		
2. *Pondicherry.*		
A list of villages belonging to Pondicherry is sent.		
3. *Trincomallee.*		
Though the capture of Trincomallee was not known in Europe at the time of the signing of the Treaty, it comes precisely under the description mentioned in Article 14 of the Treaty.		
4. Agreement form.		
French and English Possessions		
Mutual restoration of—Minutes of Consultation of the Select Committee.	13- 3-84	51-6
1. The Commissioners are appointed (as above).		
2. The form of agreement to be entered into between the English and the French and the instructions to the Commissioners were approved.		
3. Mr. Thomas Chase is appointed to attend the Commissioners as Secretary.		
4. *Military.*		
The detachment ordered to Chingleput should be ordered to return to Poonamallee. 60 rank and file of the 52nd Rt. is ordered to be in readiness to march to Trincomalee.		

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1818.

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Dutch Possessions		
Register of correspondence concerning.	2- 2-1818 to 3- 8-18	1-197

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1818.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Hodgson, Mr. John		
Appointed Commissioner for the restoration of Dutch possessions.	28- 1-1818	1-2
Van Braam, Mr. T. A.		
Empowered by the Government of Batavia to receive charge of the Dutch possessions.	15- 9-17	29-30
Strombom, Mr. P. H.		
Appointed as Secretary to the Commissioner.		
Rajahmundry		
Dutch claims, etc.	14- 2-18	5-14
The Commissioner directs the Collector of Rajahmundri to furnish him with the following particulars :— (*a*) Right of collecting customs by the Dutch. (*b*) State of Narsapore Factory. (*c*) Coins minted by the Dutch. (*d*) Revenue collection in ff. 1226 & 1227. (*e*) List of pensioners. (*f*) List of villages. (*g*) Salt manufacture. (*h*) Administration of justice. (*i*) Revenue arrears.		
Van Braam, Mr. T. A.		
Dutch Commissioner—Visit to Sadras.	13- 2-19	15
Dutch Possessions in Tinnevelly District		
The Commissioner directs the Collector of Tinnevelly to furnish him with a list of possessions held by the Dutch in Tinnevelly in the year 1795.	14- 2-18	19-22
The Collector is also directed to give information regarding the claim of the Nabob of the Carnatic and that of the Dutch to the pearl fisheries at Tuticorin.		
Dutch Possessions at Porto Novo		
Report called for.	14- 2-18	25-7
Sadras		
Restoration to the Dutch.	27- 2-18	37-44
Mr. T. A. Van Braam, Dutch Commissioner, informs the British Commissioner that he intends to take possession of Sadras, personally and make it the headquarters.		
Dutch Possessions		
Officers appointed to receive charge.	2- 3-18	44-52
Mr. T. A. Van Braam informs the British Commissioner that the following officers are deputed by him to take charge of the settlements mentioned against each :— Mr. P. E. Van Hogendap—Pulicat. „ T. B. Dirks—Jaggernatpuram. „ H. V. Van Sohsten—Policole. „ G. W. Van Halften—Bimlipatam. „ T. W. Aubert—Porto Novo.		
——— Intimation is given to the Collectors of Chingleput, South Arcot, Tinnevelly, Vizagapatam and Rajahmundri.	4- 3-18	55-67
Pulicat		
Boundary dispute.	7- 3-18 17- 7-18	81-4 239-41
Pulicat		
Transfer to the Dutch.	11- 3-18	91-2
Government direct the Collector of North Arcot to transfer Pulicat to the authority of the Collector of Chingleput, so that it may be convenient for the latter to restore the settlement to the Dutch.	10- 3-18	113-5
Tuticorin Pearl Fisheries		
Dutch claims—Transmission of map.	12- 3-18 14- 3-18	93-4 121

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Dutch Possessions		
Coromandel Coast.	12- 3-18	97-104
The Dutch Commissioner, Mr. Van Braam, sends a report of the Dutch possessions on the Coromandel coast, and the privileges enjoyed by them in the settlements. (Reprint 9/2-3.)		
Bimlipatam Factory		
Restoration to the Dutch.	11- 3-18	117-8
The Commissioner directs the Collector of Vizagapatam, to restore the factory at Bimlipatam to the Dutch.	14- 3-18	123-4
	25- 4-18	139-40
		197-9
Sadras		
Restoration to the Dutch.	1- 4-18	147-8
The settlement of Sadras was delivered over to the Dutch on 31st Mar. 1818.		
Kilakarai Factory		
Restoration to the Dutch.	3- 4-18	149-50
The Commissioner directs the Collector of Madura to restore the factory of Kilakarai to Mr. P. Vanspall, who is deputed by the Dutch to take possession of it.		153
		163-76
Pulicat		
Land and sea customs.	16- 4-18	161-3
Dutch Possessions		
Restoration of.	24- 4-18	169-93
1. The British Commissioner informs the Dutch Commissioner that Government have approved the restitution of different Dutch settlements and factories in the mode and manner agreed on between the Commissioners.		
2. *Tuticorin pearl fisheries.* "The Governor in Council is strongly of opinion that the claim cannot be ultimately maintained." "The right of interference on the part of the Dutch with the fisheries was solely derived from their occupation of Ceylon and has now naturally terminated with the permanent cession of that island to the British."		
3. *Cloth manufacture.* The monopoly of cloth manufacture in Tinnevelly, Ramnad and Madura and a right to search and license vessels navigating the gulf of Manaar were not admitted by Government.		
4. *Minting.* The Dutch are given the privilege of minting coin in their settlements.		
5. *Judicial administration.* The Civil jurisdiction claimed within the territorial limits of the Netherlands settlements is admitted.		
6. *Paravas.* The claim to exercise jurisdiction over the Paravas on the coast of Tinnevelly and Madura cannot be granted.		
7. *Pulicat nazrana.* Government agree to reduce the nazrana to a nominal sum of Rs. 400 per annum if the Dutch will relinquish their right of navigating the Cocanada river and of levying duties on either bank of it.		
8. *Salt.* The manufacture of salt within the limits of the Dutch settlements shall cease and a reasonable compensation will be made to the proprietorsof the salt pans. Salt will be supplied to the Chiefs of the Dutch settlements at Rs. 7 per garce and they shall cause it to be sold in retail to the inhabitants at the monopoly price of the East India Company.		
Tuticorin Pearl Fisheries		
History of.	16- 5-18	207-9
The Collector of Tinnevelly reports to the Commissioner that he is unable to discover when the pearl fisheries in the Gulf of Manar originated. But in a copper plate bearing date 1541 mention is made of a maniam boat in the fisheries belonging to the temple at Tiruchendur.		
Tuticorin		
Restoration to the Dutch.	22- 5-18	211-2
The Collector of Tinnevelly reports about the transfer of Tuticorin and its dependencies to the Dutch.	1- 6-18	227-8

Bun. 142 (2)—cont.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Pulicat and Sadras		
Deed of transfer restoring them to the Dutch.	1- 6-18	219-26
Cape Comorin Factory		
Dutch claims.	28- 5-18	231-2
The Resident at Travancore informs Government that as the factory at Cape Comorin is dependent on Tuticorin, arrangements have been made for its restoration to the Dutch.		

Bun. 142 (3).

Correspondence on Political Matters.
1818-9.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Census		
Pulicat and Vrinjevaukam.	17- 7-1818	1-2
Dutch Possessions		55
Tinnevelly District.	27- 6-18	4-5
		53
Dutch Possessions		
Instructions for restoration.	10- 1-18	7-37
Bimlipatam		
Dutch claims.	14- 3-18	41-3
The Collector sends a report on Bimlipatam to the Commissioner.		
The Dutch Company appears to possess a bleaching green at Chittivalasa which was afterwards exchanged for a bleaching green at Talavalasa.		
They had a mint at this place, in which copper coins were coined.		
Heshusius, Mr. P. H.		
Disposal of house.	7- 5-18	45-8
Mr. E. W. Van Shaefter was deputed by the Dutch Resident at Juggernaikporam, to take possession of the house of the late Mr. Heshusius, Chief of Bimlipatam.		
Pulicat		
Boundary dispute.	4- 3-19	65-133

1. The British Commissioner submits to Government extracts from the report of Mr. Macdonnal on the boundary question of Pulicat.

"The Enam village of Careemundalum is in the Zamindari of Chickercottah. It is bounded on the north by Chickercottah, on the east by the sea and on the south and west by the salt water lake. The greatest length from south to north is about 10 miles and the greatest breadth about one mile and a half."

"No account of the measurement at Pulicat was taken in the Nabob's time or during the Dutch Government, and no mention was made of the lake, so that they (the Dutch) have no right to it."

The Karnams report that no collections have been made from f. 1211.

There is a small island near Pulicat, called Devee. The turbuddy accounts show that Devee was included within the limits of Pulicat.

The bar between Pulicat and Careemundalum forms a natural boundary.

The fishing of the river and lake north of Pulicat and the Island of Devee belonged to the Cauzee of Careemundalum and boundary stones were planted in 1811 to mark the limits of the Cauzee's inams.

2. *Mr. Græme's report.*

The town of Pulicat is bounded on the north by the north bank of the Pulicat lake, on the south by a tank called Hadayen colum, on the east by the sea and on the west by a tank called Iyen colum. It consists of several coopums.

A dispute arose between the Netherland authorities, the Cauzee of Careemundalum and the Zamindar of Parialiambaucum, regarding the limits of Pulicat. The Cauzee contended that the island of Devee fell within his boundaries.

3. *The Collector's report.*

The Netherlands possess an island in the lake and three other villages are dependent on Pulicat.

The town of Pulicat is divided into two parts. One part is a street inhabited by the Dutch and the other part is within the limits of the Carnatic territory and was not ceded to the Dutch.

The Dutch were not authorized to levy any duty either by sea or land; these branches of revenue were exclusively under the Nabob's officers, but the Dutch got a share of the revenue.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Dutch Possessions		
Restoration of Comerapalem, Sanguvalsah and Pautapaulum in Vizagapatam district.	2- 6-19	143-7
Sadras		
Restoration to the Dutch.		
Mr. C. B. Dirksz informs the Collector of Vizagapatam that he has been deputed to take charge of Sadras	31- 7-19 16- 8-19	153-5 159-61

Bun. 142 (4).

Correspondence on Political Matters.

1818.

Item	Date	Page number
Dutch Settlements		
Collection statements called for	31- 1-1818	1-2
Dutch Orphan Fund		
Statement of accounts.	17- 2-18	17-26
The Secretary to Government sends all correspondence and accounts connected with the Pulicat Orphan Society.	4- 3-18	41-3
The sum deposited by the late Mr. Opdam in the Zilla Court of Chingleput was held in trust for the Orphan Society. The estate of Mr. Topender is claimed by his son and the Ducth Commissioner has put in a counter petition.		
Opdam, Mr.		
(See above.)		
Topender, Mr.		
(See above.)		
Pulicat		
Dutch share in customs.	11- 3-18	55-6
The Collector of North Arcot informs the British Commissioner of the share of duties from land and sea customs at Pulicat allowed to the Dutch by the Nabob of the Carnatic. The amount collected is estimated between three and four thousand star pagodas annually. The amount allowed to the Dutch is supposed to be St. Pag. 600.		
Dutch Settlements		
Permission is granted to erect flagstaffs.	4- 3-18 14- 3-18	37-8 59-60
Tuticorin Pearl Fisheries		
Maniam boats.	24-11-18	61
The Collector of Tinnevelly reports that maniam boats were granted to the following temples :—	8- 5-18	79-82

Temple.	Boats.
Rameswaram	2
Tiruppallani	1
Tiruvuthira kosamanga	1
Avadiarkoil	1
Trichendur	1
Total	6

Item	Date	Page number
———The maniams were made as far back as 1541, during the reign of Streevezia Comara Runga Chokalinga Tremulnaig. They were respected by the Nabobs and the Dutch.	22-10-18	105-6
Postal		
Mail route from Sadras to Chingleput—Establishment of.	5- 4-18 4- 4-18	67 69
Adealchary Village		
Restoration to the Dutch.	19- 8-18	83-7
1. The beriz of the village of Adealchary was entered as Pag. 27. In f. 1212, it was rented for Pag. 41 annually. In f. 1217, it came under amani and the melvaram produce was valued at Pag. 35 annually. In f. 1219, it was rented for Pag. 41.		
2. *Compensation.* As the village is to be restored to the Dutch, the Collector of Chingleput recommends that a sum of Pag. 41 per annum may be granted to the Mootahdar of Anicut Mootah as compensation.		

MADRAS RECORD O.
29 SEP 1954

Bun. 142 (4)—*cont.*

Item	Date.	Page number.
Adealchary Village—*cont.*		
3. The Commissioner informs the Collector of Chingleput that Government have approved the compensation (Pag. 41 per annum) to be given to the Mootahdar of Annicut for the restoration of Adealcherry village to the Dutch.	26- 8-18	87-93
Tuticorin Pearl Fisheries		
Withdrawal of military guard.	3-10-18	95-9

Bun. 142 (5).

Correspondence on Political Matters.
1818-9.

Item	Date.	Page number.
Dutch Possessions		
Claims.	2- 2-1818	1-3
The Dutch have put in their claim for an agent's house at Alwar Tinnevelly, and factories at Pennacoil, Manapar, Kilakarai and Cape Comorin.		
Porto Novo		
Dutch claims.	7- 3-18	5-10
About 40 years ago, the Dutch Resident at Porto Novo was carried away to Seringapatam by Hyder Aily when he surrounded the town. From that period the factory has not been occupied by the Dutch.		
——— Transfer.	29- 4-18	29
Kilakarai		
Grant to the Dutch.	19- 3-18	13-23
A small plot of ground was granted by the Poligar of Ramnad to the Dutch to erect a factory and they did not interfere with the pearl fishing or customs.		
Cape Comorin Factory		
Restoration to the Dutch.	25-10-18	25-8
The Commissioner asks the Secretary to Government if the Travancore Government have any objection to restoring the factory to the Dutch. The factory was taken possession of in 1799.		
——— Commissioner's report.	16- 7-18	61-5
The Government of Travancore agreed without hesitation to give up the factory. The Dutch claimed certain rights at the factory, but the Travancore Government and the British Commissioner objected to granting them.		
——— Deeds of transfer.	23- 7-18	65-71
——— Restoration and transmission of plan.	20- 7-18	71-6
Dutch Factories		
Restoration of Jeggarnaickporam and Policole.	4- 5-18 5- 5-18	33 35-6
——— Of Bimlipatam.	19- 8-18	49-50
——— The Collector of Tinnevelly directs the Chief of Tuticorin to take possession of Pinnakoil and Manapar and their dependent commercial lodges, situated at Coilpatam, Saundamungalam, Alantala and Alwar Tinnevelly.	8- 6-18	41-6
Dutch Factories		
Administration of justice.	3-11-18	51-2
As the factories are restored to the Dutch, the Collector wants to know whether they will be subjected to the jurisdiction of the courts in the district.	28-11-18	55-7
The Commissioner informs the Collector that criminal cases ought to to be referred to the Dutch Government, particularly when the offender is within their limits.		

Bun. 142 (6).

Correspondence on Political Matters.
1819.

Item	Date.	Page number.
Pulicat		
Boundary.	3- 9-1819	9-10
The British Commissioner asks the Dutch Commissioner to fix a day to mark the boundaries of Seeroolapaucum and Awarewaucum.	7- 9-19 14- 9-19 17- 9-19	15-7 19-21 23-8
Pulicat		
Encroachments in Teropalawanum village.	4- 9-19 22- 9-19 } 1-10-19 }	11-2 31-8

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Pulicat		
Dutch documents of title.	16-10-19	39-40
The British Commissioner requests the Dutch Commissioner to furnish him with the original documents relative to the assignment of Pulicat and its dependencies.		
Pulicat		
Boundary marking.	19-10-19	41-2
The British Committee asks the Dutch Commissioner to depute a person to attend to the fixing of boundary stones.		
Pulicat		
Boundary.	19-10-19	43-8
The Commissioners declare that there is no separate boundary for Tangal and that it is included in Pulicat.	23-10-19	63-4
Pulicat		
Rights and privileges.	22-10-19	49-60
The British Commissioner gives his opinion on the purwanah granted to the Dutch by the Moghuls.		
Article 1.		
Exemption from duties.		
This is only a mark of favour and could not bind the succeeding Governments.		
Article 2.		
Permission to trade with the ports of the country.		
This will depend upon the local regulations of Government.		
Article 3.		
(a) *Cession of Ircum and its dependencies.*		
These have been transferred to the Dutch.		
(b) *Pulicat and its dependent coopums.*		
The Dutch claim that Pulicat and its dependent coopums should be restored to them. On enquiry, the British Commissioner finds that no part of the coopums ever belonged to the Ducth Government.		
(c) *Careemundalum.*		
The Dutch claim to a piece of ground at Careemundalum is not admitted.	5-10-19	65

Sun. 142 (7).

Correspondence on Political Matters.

1808-17.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Tranquebar		
Surrender of.	12- 2-1808	1-2
The Government direct Mr. Thomas Newham to take charge of all stores and public property in the fort of Tranquebar.		
——— Capitulation.	13- 2-08	3-8
Lt.-Col. James Watson reports that the fort of Dansburg and the town and settlement of Tranquebar were taken possession of on the morning of the 13th Feb. 1808. The Danish Garrison have marched out of the place according to the terms of the capitulation.		
Danish Orphan Fund		
Accounts.	1- 9-08	11-20
Tranquebar		
Restoration to the Danes.	17- 5-15	23-7
1. The Secretary to Government informs the Commissioner at Tranquebar, Mr. Thomas Daniel, that according to the fourth article of the Treaty between the British and the Danish Governments at Kiel made on 14th Jan. 1814, Tranquebar has to be restored to them.		
2. The British troops and European British subjects will be withdrawn. All British records should be removed and placed with the Collector of Tanjore.		
Tranquebar		
Military stores and public property.	2- 9-15	39
1. Government direct the Military Board to send a statement of the present value of military stores and public property captured at Tranquebar.		

Bun. 142 (7)—*cont.*

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Tranquebar—*cont.*		
2. *Military Board's report.*	5-9-15	
The stores and public property are valued at Pag. 9,785.	26-9-15	41
3. Statements.	18-10-15 18-3-16	45, 53-8
	19-3-16	62-105
4. Transfer to the Danes—Instructions.	3-5-16	111-3
Salt Monopoly		
Tranquebar—The Board's remarks.	9-5-16	115-47
1. The quantity of salt annually manufactured in Tranquebar is estimated at 216 Madras garce. The sale price was about Pag. 3¾ per garce. It is possible that the purchase by the English Company of all the salt manufactured within the foreign territories might check smuggling. It would be difficult to enforce within foreign colonies any restriction on the quantity to be manufactured and smuggling may become a lucrative speculation.		
2. *Customs.* The Board thinks that a 16 per cent. duty on exports and imports is high. The Board suggests that articles of European British manufacture, produce or import carried by land should be exempted from duty, as an import sea duty is collected on them.		
3. *Collector of Tanjore's report.* Under the Danish Government, previous to the capture, the salt manufacturers were paying a quit rent of one panam a year for each pan to Government and disposed of the salt themselves. Hence no account of salt manufactured was kept. After the capture, the salt monopoly was introduced and the price was fixed at St. Pag. 3¾ a garce. The average sales in the year amounted to St. Pag. 6,454. The Collector is of opinion that a loss of Pag. 3,690 will be incurred by imposing a duty of 8 per cent on the Tranquebar salt imported into British territory and a loss of Pag. 3,675 if the salt manufactured in Tranquebar is purchased by the British.		
4. *Customs.* There will be no loss of revenue if the European articles are exempted from duty.		
5. Salt—Statement of.		
6. *Minutes of consultation.* The Danish Government have suggested either, (*a*) the levy of a duty of 8 per cent. on salt imported into British territory, or, (*b*) the purchase of 150 garce of salt manufactured in Tranquebar. The Board thinks that the first proposition is inadmissible as it will interfere with the salt monopoly and the second may be modified to give relief to the salt manufacturers at Tranquebar. The Board proposes to take 130 garce of salt. (See 145/115-43).	29-6-16	223-32
Tranquebar		
Military stores—Valuation and disposal.	20-7-16	151-4
———— Statement.	20-7-16	159-80
	8-6-16	183-8
	25-6-16	199-219
	7-8-18	239
Nicobar Islands		
Surrender by the Danes. The Supreme Government inform the Government of Madras that after the capture of Tranquebar, the Danish establishment at the Nicobar Islands was reduced. In 1810, they were sent to Madras. The English did not take any action about the factory at that place and they held no possession there. The Danish Government are free to occupy the island.	15-6-16	191-5
Tranquebar		
Restoration to the Danes. 1. The Government of Madras send a report to the Govenment of Fort William on the restoration of Tranquebar to the Danes. 2. Mr. James Hepburne and Capt. James Stuart Fraser have been appointed as joint commissioners for the restitution of Danish settlements.	-2-16	243-53

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Tranquebar—*cont.*		
3. The military stores are directed to be delivered to the Danes as soon as they are authorized to receive them. The sum of money found at the treasury at Tranquebar was delivered to the Danes.		
4. A British post office was established at Tranquebar.		
5. A permanent passport was granted to the Governor of Tranquebar.		
6. The duties on articles of consumption were restricted to 8 per cent.		
7. The commission was dissolved but Capt. Fraser was permitted to stay at Tranquebar as Agent.		
8. *Remarks of the Supreme Government.*	14- 8-16	255-6
The Supreme Government concur with all the arrangements of the Madras Government except the reduction of the duty on certain articles of consumption. A similar problem arises at the Danish settlement of Serampore and the decision on that question will necessarily affect the rates at Tranquebar. The present arrangement should be considered as a temporary one.	6- 7-16	259-65
Danish Orphan Fund		
Statement of.	9- 1-16	267-85
	6- 9-19	299-303
	24-11-19	307

Correspondence on Political Matters. 1815-20.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Cloth Monopoly		
Dutch claims—Commissioner's report.	22- 1-1815	9-11
1. The Dutch state that the cloth monopoly at Tinnevelly was granted to them by the Hindu Rajahs of Madura. They had factories all along the East Coast from Rameswaram. They levied a toll on all ships passing through the Bay of Manar and claimed a sovereignty over it.		
2. In 1793 Mr. Martin made the first English investment and the Dutch seized the boats in which it was embarked, as infringing their monopoly. But the dispute was merged in the war which broke out between the two nations and was not settled after the transfer of the Carnatic.		
Pearl and Chank Fisheries		
Dutch claims.	22- 1-15	11-5
1. The Commissioner reports that the Dutch demanded an exclusive right over the pearl fisheries. But the Nabob of the Carnatic, in whose territory most of the boat people resided, refused to agree. The Dutch attempted to enforce their claim with the aid of their armed boats. But the Nabob "surrounded the Dutch bounds and stopped the supplies of fresh water going to Tutocoryn," and a treaty was afterwards concluded between the Dutch Governor and the Nabob's Agent, Dr. Buchanan, by which 2/3 of the fishery was to be given to the Dutch and 1/3 to the Nabob. But it appears that the treaty did not operate.		
2. The chank fisheries off Tuticorin yield from 8 to 10 thousand pagodas annually. The Nabob did not press his claim to this.		
Kilakarai		
Dutch factory at.		
The Commissioner directs the Collector of Madura to report whether the Dutch made any annual payments to the Poligar of Ramnad and whether he exercised any right over the pearl fisheries near his coast.	26- 2-18	17-8
Chank Fisheries		
Adjustment of accounts.	26- 2-18	21-3
Pearl and Chank Fisheries		
Dutch objections to renting.	27- 2-18	25-33
The Dutch Commissioner objects to the renting of the pearl and chank fisheries and claims ½ of the revenue, as well as the management of the fisheries.		
Pearl and Chank Fisheries		
Nabob's receipts from.		
The Commissioner directs the Accountant-General to report whether any revenue was credited in any of the books as the Nabob's share of the pearl and chank fisheries between 1781 and 1790.	2- 3-18	37-9
	7- 3-18	49-64
	3- 4-18	89-90

Item. — Date. — Page number.

Pearl Fisheries

Earlier history. — 13-3-18 — 65-7

1. The Collector of Tinnevelly reports that the pearl fishery was conducted at Toolayrum Par in 1784 under amani and the revenue amounted to cully ch. 20,000. In 1787, the Dutch and the Circar received a sum of Pag 1800. In 1792 different pars were jointly rented by the Circar and the Dutch for Pag. 12,150.

2. *Paravas.*

They are Christians and are dispersed along the coast from Ramnad to Cape Comorin. They were formerly of the Vellala caste but were converted by the Portuguese about 280 years ago. Their occupation is chiefly fishing and diving.

—— Statement of revenue derived from pearl fisheries from f. 1205 to 1226. — 14-3-18 — 64-5

31-3-18 — 87-8

30-4-18 — 97-101

26-5-18 — 113-8

Pearl and Chank Fisheries

Dutch claims to a share of the revenue. — 17-3-18 — 75-7

The Secretary informs the British Commissioner that the division of the proceeds of the pearl fisheries in 1791 appears to have been a measure of temporary expediency and cannot be considered as a permanent precedent. Hence the question is referred to the Supreme Government for final decision. — 22-3-18 — 79-84; 15-5-18 — 105-8

Salt

Supply to Dutch Settlements. — 15-5-18 — 108-10

The salt may be supplied to the Dutch Settlements at the ports of embarkation if the conveyance charges are borne by them.

Pearl and Chank Fisheries

A grant of manium boats was made to Thiroovootthira Cosumungay Pagoda, Ramnad, by Shree Vijaya Coomara Moottho Runga Shokkulinga Thirumaley Naikkur in 1463 of Salivagana Sagaptam. — .. — 125-7

Pearl and Chank Fisheries

Dutch interference with the Paravas. — 4-12-19 — 155-66

1. The Dutch Government have detained most of the boats belonging to the Paravas owing to a dispute. The Collector informs the Board that serious loss will result in the fisheries if the Paravas are not supplied with boats. The Board suggests to Government that the Dutch Government should be informed that "unless they take measures to conciliate the Paravas and enable the chank fishery to be carried on, the British Government will feel it incumbent on them to provide the Paravas with funds to enable them to construct new boats, to settle in the British Territories and carry on their profession without molestation."

2. The rent of the chank fisheries for f. 1229 is Rs. 28,291. The Board thinks that about Rs. 8,000 to Rs. 10,000 will be required to provide the Parawas with boats.

3. *Minutes of Consultation.*

The Governor in Council has resolved that unless the grievances of the Parawas are redressed by the Dutch "the Government will form an establishment of boatmen in the vicinity, by which the present loss of revenue and distress of that race may be obviated."

Pearl and Chank Fisheries

Dutch interference with the Paravas. — 10-1-20 — 167-9

1. The Board reports to Government that the renter of the fishery informs it that it will not be possible for him to fulfil his contract if the Paravas do not return to Tuticoryn. The dispute between the Paravas and the Dutch is still unsettled. Further, the Dutch Government object to any interference of the British with any person residing in Tuticoryn. Hence the Collector has suggested that a town may be established to the north of Tuticoryn limits from which the pearl and chank fisheries may be carried on without the interference of the Dutch Government.

2. The Board thinks that even the sumani fishery will be impossible as long as the Parawas remain in their present circumstances. — 10-2-20 — 169-75

3. *Confinement of Parawas.*

The Collector of Tinnevelly reports that the Dutch Resident at Tuticoryn has confined 3 divers, who went there and refuses to release them. As he displays an inclination to obstruct the progress of the fishery, and to molest the Parawas, the Collector again presses for the establishment of a town outside the limits of Tutocoryn. — 8-5-20 — 176-82

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Pearl and Chank Fisheries—*cont.*		
4. *Special report.*		
Government depute Maj. J. S. Fraser, Special Agent for Foreign Settlements, to enquire into the grievances of the Parawas and report on the desirability of establishing a new town outside the limits of Tuticoryn.	2- 6-20	187-8
5. *Agreement reached.*		
The Government direct the Collector to carry on the fisheries in the same manner as in the year 1818, as the Dutch Government have agreed "to afford every facility to the prosecution of the fishery."	29- 9-20	193-4

Bun. 142 (9).

Correspondence on Political Matters.

1819.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Pearl and Chank Fisheries		
Dutch interference with the Paravas.		
1. The Government approve the suggestion of the Collector of Tinnevelly that a Commissioner should be appointed to enquire into the grievance of the Parawas.	3- 7-1819	1-2
2. *Renting.*		
The Collector reports to the British Commissioner on the probable loss of revenue to Government by the flight of the Parawas from Tuticorin.	5- 7-19	19-20
Paravas		
Dutch ill-treatment of.	12- 8-19	23-65
The Collector reports that unable to bear the ill-treatment," oppression and tyranny " inflicted on them by the Dutch Resident (Mr. Vanspall) at Tuticorin, the Parawas are taking refuge in British Territory. The Resident accuses the Collector of helping the revolters and demands that they should be returned. The Collector reports that he has done nothing " more than give them protection for their lives and liberty in the British Territory and has advised them to remain quiet."		
———— Petitions.	12- 8-19	36-65
———— The Parawas request that they may be given assistance to remove their property from Tuticorin. The Collector replies that he has no authority to assist them in this matter.	9- 9-19	67-8
———— Complaints against Paravas.	17- 9-19	77-95
The Dutch Resident complains about certain irregularities committed by Parawas residing in British Territory. When called upon to send the witnesses for examination he refuses to comply with the request. The Collector thinks that it is not advisable to punish persons upon the evidence of depositions sent by Mr. Vanspall.		

Bun. 142 (10).

Correspondence on Political Matters.

1789.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Paravas		
Confinement of.	25- 9-1789	1-5
Mr. M. Mekern, Dutch Resident at Tuticorin, informs Mr. Buchanan, Agent to the Carnatic Nabob, that certain Parawas of Paulacoil were seized and confined in his territory, by the monigar for arrears of revenue. The monigar has released them on receiving payment of ch. 20 and an agreement for 40 more. He requests the Agent to repay them the amount and to release them from the agreement.		
Paravas		
Migration of.		
The Dutch Resident complains to the Agent of the Nabob that a large number of Parawas have emigrated to the south with their families and the work at the chank and pearl fisheries is delayed for want of the divers, pilots, etc., who have gone with the Parawas. He requests the Agent to advise them to return. He further informs the Agent that the Nabob has a common interest with the Dutch in subduing the rebellious Parawas.	26-10-89 } 28-10-89 }	5-11
———— Chief's conference.		1 -2

Bun. 142 (10)—*cont.*

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Pearl and Chank Fisheries		
Agreement between the Dutch and the Nabob	25– 2–89	13–20
The Nabob of the Carnatic permits his subjects to assist in the pearl fishery and take a sixth part of the net produce.		

Bun. 142 (11).

Correspondence on Political Matters.

1791.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Paravas		
Confinement of.		
1. *Release of*	7 - 1-1791	1
The Collector of Tinnevelly, Mr Torin, orders the release of the Paravas.	18– 1–91	3–9
2. *Jurisdiction.*		
Mr. Meckern, the Dutch Resident, informs the Collector that the Paravas " were always subject to the Dutch, without having anything to do with the Circar except the fixed tribute which they regularly paid."	23– 1–91	3 5–6 13–5
Cloth Export		
Dutch claim to monopoly.	28– 6–91	9–13
1. The Dutch Resident asks the Collector to state the quantity and quality of the cloths to be exported by the English, so that he may know how far it will affect their monopoly.		
2. The Collector states that their exclusive privilege cannot be tolerated.		
Pearl and Chank Fisheries		
Dutch and English agreement.	29– 3–91	15–9
1. The Dutch Resident informs the Collector that the pearl and chank fisheries have to be divided between the Nabob and the Dutch according to the treaty concluded on the 7th July 1788, between the two parties.		
2. The Collector informs the Dutch Resident that the fisheries could not be conducted by the Nabob owing to the obstructive tactics of the Dutch.		21–3 29–30
Carpenters		
Confinement of.	17– 4–91	23–5
The Collector of Tinnevelly complains to the Agent of the Carnatic Nabob that the monigar of Meloor has unnecessarily confined some carpenters in irons. The Collector asks the Agent to direct the monigar to release them.		
Paravas		
Confinement of.	5– 7–91	27–9
The Dutch Resident complains that certain Parawas of Wirandapatnam were carried off by order of the monigar of Trichendure and the chief of Pandarsitty and requests the Collector to restore them.		

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Correspondence on Political Matters.

1815-6.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Danish Possessions		
Restoration of.	25– 8–1815	1–14
1. The Government have appointed Mr. James Hepburn, Collector of Tanjore, and Capt. James Stuart Fraser, as Commissioners for conducting the restitution of the Danish possessions on the Coromandel Coast. The Secretary to Government directs them to be in readiness to proceed to Tranquebar.	1– 9–15	20
2. Extract of treaty.		
3. Mr. Thomas Daniel, the Resident Commissioner at Tranquebar, is directed by the Secretary to give the necessary help to the Commissioners.	25– 8–15	14–5
Similar letters were addressed to the Commercial Residents at Nagore and Travancore.	25– 8–15	16
4. Memorandum of ceremonies to be observed.	16– 8–02	16–9
5. Arrival at Tranquebar.	7– 9–15	21–2
6. Arrival of Admiral Bille, the Danish Commissioner.	9– 9–15	26–7
	15– 9–15 16– 9–15	32–6

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Tranquebar		
Restoration of military stores to the Danes.	2- 9-15	23-5
The Military Board is of opinion that the military stores and other public property captured from the Danes and deposited at Tranquebar should be delivered to them on the restoration of the settlement.	16- 9-15 26- 9-15 5-10-15	53-6 58-66
Tranquebar		
Restoration of buildings to the Danes.	11- 9-15 26- 9-15	28-9 56-7
Bille, H. E. Admiral		
Arrival at Tranquebar.	16- 9-15	34-6
The Commissioners report the arrival at Tranquebar of H.E. Admiral Bille, Governor of the Danish Settlements. A salute of 19 guns was fired on his entering the gate of the fort and he was received with presented arms by a guard of the 1st Bn., 9th Rt.		
Tranquebar		
Restoration to the Danes.	20- 9-15	38-44
The English colours were lowered and the Danish flag hoisted at 6 a.m. The British troops marched out of Tranquebar. The keys of the fort were restored to the Danes.		46
———— Instrument of restitution.	28-11-15	80-4
Tranquebar		
Recall of British Commissioner.	11- 9-15	45-6
As Tranquebar was restored to the Danes the post of British Resident Commissioner at that place was terminated. Mr. T. Daniel, the Resident Commissioner, was directed to proceed to the Presidency.	19- 9-15	52-3
Porto Novo		
The Dutch receive charge.	22- 9-15	46-9
Mr. William Brown and Sallemmera Pulle, a native, have been appointed by the Dutch to take possession of Collechy and Porto Novo, respectively.		
Tranquebar		
Postal establishment proposed.	22- 9-15	47
The Secretary informs the Commissioners that their suggestion to establish a British post office at Tranquebar has been approved.	13-10-15	49-50 67-8
———— Franking of Danish letters.	30-10-15 24-10-15 11-11-15	70-3
Accounts		
Danish and English—Adjustment.	24-11-15 26-11-15	73-4 75-80
Nicobar Islands		
Restoration to the Danes.		
The Danish Commissioner asks the English Commissioners to restore the Nicobar Islands to the Danes.	24-11-15	91-4
The Madras Government refer the matter to the Supreme Government at Bengal.	2-12-15	
Pension Petitions	16-12-15	97-100
Tranquebar		
Requisition for guard over military stores.	21-12-15 5-1-16	100-1 110-1
Danish Orphan Fund		
The Advocat-eGeneral is of opinion that the fund was contributed by private persons and the Government at the time of the capture of Tranquebar were pledged to repay the money and that the claims of private persons are valid.	15-12-15	1 1-2
———— Statement of accounts.	9- 1-16	108-9
Tranquebar		
Commission for restitution to the Danes.		
The Secretary informs the Commissioners that the Commission will soon be dissolved.	22-12-15	103
———— Capt. Fraser will continue at Tranquebar as British Agent.	5- 1-16	111-2

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Tranquebar—*cont*.		
Duties on tobacco, etc.	22-12-15	104-7
Government have directed that no higher duty than 8 per cent. shall be levied on tobacco, etc., imported into Tranquebar.	9- 1-16	110
Danish Prisoners of War		
Statement of allowances.	23- 4-1816	112-6

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1816.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Fraser, Capt. James Stuart		
The Secretary informs Capt. Fraser that he has been appointed as the British Agent at Tranquebar on a monthly salary of Pag. 550.	5-1-1816	1-3
Bille, H. E. Admiral		
Passport.	23-1-16	6-7
Government have issued a permanent passport to H.E. Admiral Bille to enable him to pass at any time through the adjoining districts.	27-1-16	10-1
	1- 2-16	15
———— Requisition for.	20-1-16	7-8
		12-20
Lord Bishop of Calcutta		
Visit to Cochin—Arrangements for.	27- 1-16	12-4
	2- 2-16	16
	16- 2-16	32-3
Serampore (Bengal)		
Restoration to the Danes.	23-12-15	18-9
The Danish Commissioner informs the Government that Mr. Krefting has been deputed by the Danes to take possession of Serampore.		
Bille, H. E. Admiral		
Proceeds to Madras.	19- 2-16	28-31
	7- 3-16	42
Military Stores		
Transfer to the Presidency—Conveyance charges.	4- 3-16	36-7
Wickede, Mr.		
Pensions.	1- 3-16	38-41
The widow of Mr. Wickede, a Danish subject at Tranquebar, requests that the pension of her husband may be continued to her.	12- 3-16	43-4
Nicobar Islands		
Danish claims.	1- 3-16	44-5
1. *The Agent's report.*		
The Nicobar Islands were taken possession of by the Danes about 1756, but as their establishments were withdrawn in 1787, they have lost any legitimate claim.	21- 3-16	48-50
——— The Danes were keeping a small establishment there until 1808.	11- 5-16	80-1
——— The Supreme Government remark that the British Government have nothing to do with the Nicobar Islands and the Danes are free to occupy them.	4- 5-16	105-7
Tranquebar		
Valuation.	5- 4-16 }	56-64
The British Agent suggests that such of the military stores as are required by the Danes may be delivered to them and the rest may be carried to Madras.	20- 4-16 }	
Transfer to the Danes.		
Under instructions from the Commander-in-Chief, the Secretary directs the British Agent to transfer the military stores to the Danes at a standard valuation.	3- 5-16	81-3
	29- 5-16	85-98
Salt Manufacture		
Tranquebar—Report called for.	22- 4-16	65
———— Statement of.	28- 4-16	69-79
Danish State Prisoners		
Allowances—Statement of.	23- 4-16	66-8
Agricultural Advances		
Tranquebar—Recovery of.	10- 6-16 }	99-102
	15- 6-16 }	

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Salt Monopoly		
Tranquebar. (See **142** (7) 1115–47).	8- 7-16	115-43
Two propositions were submitted by the Danish Government .		
(*a*) That a quantity of salt not exceeding 150 garce should be annually exported into the territories of the British on a duty of eight per cent. ;		
(*b*) That the same quantity should be purchased for the Company at the rate of Pag. 15 or 20 per garce. Under instructions from the Governor in Council, the Secretary informs the Danish Commissioner that by the first proposition the British Government will have to incur a loss of Pag. 3,690 a year and it will directly interfere with the Government salt monopoly and, by the second, the loss will be Pag. 2,925 if the salt is purchased at Pag. 25 a garce.		
Hence the first proposition is inadmissible.		
As for the second, Government agree to take 130 garce of salt, since the inland sale of that quantity is found to affect the salt monopoly.	27- 7-16 31- 7-16	166 168-9
Customs		
Tranquebar.	18- 7-16	143
The British Agent informs the Danish Commissioner that all European articles of British manufacture, produce, or import brought by land to Tranquebar should pass duty-free.		
Military Stores		
Tranquebar—List of.	16- 7-16	144-62
	23- 7-16 27- 7-16	164-7
Danish Settlements		
Correspondence.	24- 7-16	163-4
The Government of the Danish Settlements inform the British Agent that the Danish Commission has been dissolved and that Mr. Koeford, the Chief Secretary, will form the medium of communication between the English and the Danes.		
Customs		
Tranquebar.	31- 7-16	168-70
1. The Secretary informs the British Agent at Tranquebar about the resolution of the Governor in Council regarding the reduction of frontier duties on articles imported and exported to and from the territory of Tranquebar, etc.		
2. *Salt.*		
The British Government agree to take annually from the Danes 130 garce of salt at St. Pag. 3¾ a garce.		
3. *Customs.*		
The frontier duty is reduced from 16 to 8 per cent. on all articles required for the Settlement, but not for external trade.		
The duty on articles exported from the Settlement shall remain at 16 per cent.		
All European articles should be exempted from duty.		
The proposal is accepted by the Danish Government.		
———— The Madras Government refer the matter to the Supreme Government for confirmation.	14- 8-16	176-7
Military Stores		
Tranquebar—Disposal of—List of unserviceable articles.	16- 8-16 24- 8-16	172-5
Tranquebar		
Restoration to the Danes.	16- 2-16	177-84
Madras Government report to the Supreme Government.		
Deposits		
Refund of.	28- 8-16	184-5
Customs		
Tobacco, betel, ganja, etc.—Duty on.	31- 8-16	185-7
Danish State Prisoners		
Statement of allowances.	18- 3-16	191-4

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Danish Missionary Establishment		
Tranquebar—Recovery of advances.	26- 9-16	196
The British Resident asks the Rev. Dr. Caemmerer, Senior of Tranquebar Mission, what steps have been taken to liquidate the debt due to the British Government, on account of advances made to the Danish Missionary Establishment. The advances amount to St. Pag. 23,500.	26- 9-16	196-7
——— The Rev. Dr. Caemmerer informs the British Agent that he has sent instructions to the Royal Danish Mission College at Copenhagen, to settle the matter with the Court of Directors in England.	1-10-16	199-201
Fraser, Capt. James Stuart		
The Secretary directs Capt. Fraser to proceed to Pondicherry to conduct the restoration of that place to the French and informs him that his functions as British Agent at Tranquebar have ceased.	28- 9-16 26-10-16	197-9 201-2

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1798-828.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
De Montreau, M.		
Accounts and statement of property.	1-10-1798 to 22- 3-1828	1-119

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1819.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Register of Letters		
Regarding the restoration of Dutch possessions.	1819	1-92

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1785-818.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
(Dutch script).	..	1-36
Tuticorin		
Restoration to the Dutch.	18 -7-1785	37-9
Mr. Eyles Irwin, the British Commissioner, handed over the town and fort of Tuticorin to M. Mekern, Dutch Commissioner.		
Dutch Possessions		
Surrender to the French—Memorandum of.	..	45-9
Pearl and Chank Fisheries		
Tuticorin—Dutch and English claims.	1- 1-18	62-70
Census		
Of.		
(*a*) Tuticorin.	27- 6-18	109
(*b*) Porto Novo.	31- 3-18	112-3
(*c*) Policole, Jeggernaickporum, etc. (Rajahmundry district).	16 -3-18	115
Dutch Pensions		
Stoppage of.	2- 3-18	117-8
Bimlipatam		
1. The Collector of Vizagapatam reports to the British Commissioner about the Dutch Settlement at Bimlipatam.	12- 3-18	142-80
2. On a perusal of the agreements entered into between the Rajah Viziaram Rauze and the Dutch in 1754 and the Calinga Rajahs in 1768, it is found that the Dutch Company can claim only the land upon which the Fort of Bimlipatam was built, the ground occupied by the Dutch inhabitants and certain washing greens.		
3. The Dutch Company was given authority to establish a mint and was exempted from all customs duties. The Dutch appear to have exercised magisterial powers over their immediate dependants and native servants in the town, subject to a reference to the Rajah of Vizianagram.		
——— Accounts for f. 1226.		142-8
——— Agreement between the Dutch and the Rajah, Viziaram Rauze, and the Calinga Rajahs.		151-67
——— Deed of transfer.	31- 3-18	215-9
——— Peshcush of Rs. 500 was paid to the Rajah by the Dutch every third year.	14- 3-18 23- 3-18	247 249-51

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Dutch Possessions		
Restoration of.	23- 3-18	187-93
Mr. J. Hodgson, British Commissioner for conducting the restoration of Dutch Settlements, requests the Secretary to Government to submit his report for the consideration of the Governor in Council.		
Dutch Possessions		
Deeds of transfer between the Dutch and the English.		195-239
(*a*) Pulicat.	31- 3-18	195-8
(*b*) Sadras.	31- 3-18	199-202
(*c*) Chinsurah.	15- 9-17	203-6
(*d*) Policole, etc.	31- 3-18	207-12
(*e*) Bimlipatam.	31 -3-18	215-9
(*f*) Porto Novo.	31- 3-18	223-7
(*g*) Jaggernaickpooram.	31- 3-18	231-5
	7- 4-18	285-7
Jaggernaikpuram		
Given to the Dutch.	19- 3-37	273
Jaggernaut Rauz gave the hamlet of Jaggernaickpuram, constructed by him and named after him, to the Dutch in 1737.		
Adealcherry Village		
Restoration to the Dutch.	16- 7-18	311-8
The village of Adealcherry belonged to the Anicut Zamindari and was rented to the Dutch on " Muctah". As the village is restored to the Dutch the Commissioner informs the Collector of Chingleput that the Zamindar should receive remission for the amount of the muctah rent.		
Islands near Tuticorin		
Dutch claim to.	10-11-18	351-66
The British Commissioner informs the Dutch that he did not receive any instructions from his superiors about the islands near Tuticorin, claimed by them.		
——— Report called for.	25-11-18	371-2

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1818-9.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Pulicat		
Renting arrack—Adjustment of accounts.	4- 3-1818	5-6
Tuticorin		
Dutch claims—Memorandum of.	9- 3-18	9-11
Islands near Tuticorin		
Dutch claims.	5-12-18	15-7
	22- 6-18	45-9
	23- 6-18	51-66
Dutch Possessions		
Restoration of.	18- 4-18	23-8
1. Government accept the recommendation of Mr. Hodgson, the Commissioner, and direct him to restore the settlement of Tuticoryn.		
2. *Pearl and chank fishery.* Government are strongly of opinion that the claim of the Dutch cannot be ultimately maintained. The claim rests on two foundations. (*a*) An agreement with the Nabob of the Carnatic, but it has not received the requisite confirmation. (*b*) The naval power of the Dutch in the Gulf of Manar. But this naturally terminated with the permanent cession of that island to the British Government.		
3. *Cloth monopoly.* This was completely superseded by the general provisions of the IV Article of the Convention dated 13th Aug. 1814.		
4. *Searching of vessels.* This claim was also dismissed.		
5. *Paravas.* The authority of the Dutch should not be permitted to extend beyond the immediate limits of their own settlements.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Dutch Possessions—*cont.*		
6. *Mint.*		
The privilege of the Dutch to coin money should be admitted.		
7. *Administration of justice.*		
The surrender of foreign debtors who may take refuge in English territory has not been generally practised under the Government of Fort St. George. Hence, the Dutch should seek redress against the refugees in the court of justice.		
8. *Cocanada river.*		
Government are of opinion that nuzzeranahs payable annually to the Company by the Dutch, amounting to Rs. 7,500, may be reduced to a nominal sum of Rs. 400 if they give up their claim to the exclusive right of navigating the Cocanada river.		31–2
9. *Salt monopoly.*		
Government consider that the manufacture of salt in the Dutch Settlements should cease altogether and a suitable compensation be made to the proprietors of the salt pans. The salt required for the consumption of the Dutch Settlement shall be supplied by the English, at the rate of Arc. Rs. 7 a garce.		33–5
Islands near Tuticorin		
Dutch claims.	3- 2-19	67–71 103
Alwar Tinnevelly		
Restoration of the Agent's house to the Dutch.		
The Commissioner reports that he was unable to restore the place to the Dutch as certain moormen are occupying it. The Commissioner asks Government to direct them to remove their huts, so that the place may be restored to the Dutch.	13- 5-19	87–93
Islands near Tuticorin		
Dutch claims.		
The Collector of Tinnevelly is of opinion that the islands should not be given up to the Dutch, as the surrender is likely to involve a very material question, viz., the right of the Dutch to any share in the pearl and chank fisheries.	12- 8-19	103–5
——— The Collector is directed by the Commissioner to surrender the islands.	4- 8-19 27- 8-19 }	143–7
Cocanada River		
Navigation—Dutch claims.		
The Secretary informs the Commissioner of the resolution of Government "against the claim of the Dutch to any interference on the northern bank of the Coconada river."	30- 8-19	149–57
Pulicat		
Settlement of boundaries.		
1. Messrs. Cook and Strombom were appointed as Commissioners for investigating the claims of the Dutch at Pulicat. They submit their report.	20-11-19	161–205
2. *Auvarewaucum and Seeroolapaucum.*		
There were no records to define the boundaries of the Netherland village of Auvarewaucum and the English village of Seeroolapaucum. The question was settled by Lt. Sim, the Engineer attached to the Commission, marking the limits according to the native customs.		
3. *Vunjecwaucum* (Dutch) *and Tripalawanum* (English).		
The boundary was amicably settled.		164–5
4. *Canantory* (Dutch) *and Paucum* (English).		163–4
The small tract of land between the two villages was claimed by both parties and it was equally divided between them.		167 192–3
5. *Tangal.*		167–70
The principal merchants, curnam, etc., admit that there was no boundary to Tangal. The boundary fixed by the Commissioners was not admitted by the Dutch. The matter was referred to Government for final decision.		
Pulicat.		
The Commissioners are of opinion that no part of Pulicat, with the exception of the fort or of the 5 coopums, situated on the sea shore ever belonged to the Dutch. They recommend that the cession should be confined to the fort alone.		171–3 177–80 197–8

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Pulicat—*cont.*		181
7. *Caremundalum Island.*		198-9
The claim of the Dutch to a spot of ground in that island is inadmissible as it was not supported by any documents.		
8. *Arrack shops at Pulicat.*		180-5
The Dutch Government should be directed to withdraw the arrack shops at the town of Pulicat as they have not produced any satisfactory evidence to prove their right of jurisdiction over that town.		199
9. *Customs.*		173
The right of the Dutch to levy duties on betel, tobacco, etc., within the town of Pulicat is also repudiated.		201
10. Report.	31-10-19	161-87
11. British Commissioner's remarks.	23-11-19	189-205

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1818-9.

Item	Date	Page number
Pulicat		
Arrack sales—Dutch claims.	30-12-1818	1-3
Alwar Tinnevelly		
Dutch Agent's house—Disposal of.	16- 2-19	45-6
Pulicat		
Boundary settlement.	23- 3-19	51-2
The Secretary directs the British Commissioner to appoint 2 persons as Commissioners to settle the boundary question of Pulicat.	1- 4-19	67-9
Sea Customs		
Tuticorin.		
The Dutch Resident objects to the customs peon of the Company remaining at the town of Tuticoryn during nights. The Collector reports the matter to the British Commissioner.	16- 3-19 22- 5-19	71-7 147-8
Sea Customs		
Tuticorin—Collector's complaint.		
The Collector of Tinnevelly wrote to the Dutch Resident at Tuticoryn to give all assistance to the chowkidar in collecting the sea customs duty. The Dutch Resident refused to render any assistance. The Collector has written to the British Commissioner to direct the Resident not to allow ships to leave the shore until they have paid the sea customs duty.	31- 3-19	83-94
Passports		
Exemption to Dutch peons.		
The Government direct that the peons of the Dutch Government, when wearing their badges, may be permitted to pass through the Company's territories, without passports.	23- 4-19	95-101 117-8 125-8
Postal		
Mails—Weight of parcels.		
The British Commissioner suggests to Government that all despatches exceeding one ounce in weight should be reserved to be forwarded by bangy.	17- 5-19	131 135-44
He anticipates that there will be no difficulty on the part of the Dutch Government in complying with this suggestion.		
Dutch Police Peons		
Alteration of badges.	20- 5-19	145-6
The British Commissioner asks the Chief of the Netherlands Settlements to alter the badges of their peons as they are exactly similar to those worn by the native officers of the Company.	3- 6-19	159-70
——— Designs.	15- 6-19	159-70
Jurisdiction		
The Secretary to Government directs the British Commissioner to intimate to the Chief of the Dutch Settlements that officers or their servants, in the settlements, within the criminal or civil jurisdiction committing acts of violence, will be brought to trial before the Magistrate or the Zillah Court, on the complaint of a British subject.	17- 7-19	189
Islands near Tuticorin		
Restoration to the Dutch.	5- 8-19	209

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Chayroot		
Tuticorin.		
The British Commissioner asks the Chief of the Dutch Settlements to direct their Resident at Tuticoryn to allow the Company's renter to gather chayroot at the town of Tuticoryn.	5- 8-19	211-2
Porto Novo		
Arrack sales by Dutch—Prohibited.	29-10-19	239-41
Salt		
Supply to Cape Comorin.	9-11-19	249-50
Customs		
Grain duty—Abolition of.	19-11-19	251
Chayroot and Omery Shrub		
Tuticorin.		
The Commissioner reports that Sandy Thullaven, the head of the Parawas, states that the Circar (the Nabob) was collecting the tax on chayroot within the town of Tuticoryn, as late as 1795. The Circar collected a teerwa of ¼ panam per sickle per month on omery, to be paid by washermen, who used it for bleaching.	29-11-19	253-60 255-7
The Commissioner supports the recommendation of the Collector of Tinnevelly to appoint a commission to enquire into the matter.		
Sea Customs		
Mr. Stork.	30- 8-19	269-81
Mr. Stork requests that he may be exempted from sea customs duty for embarking his property from Kollesagrapatnam. The Secretary informs the Commissioner that such exemptions cannot be granted.	23- 9-19	289-90
Bimlipatam		
Restoration to the Dutch.	26- 6-19 2- 7-19	293-7 299-304
Alwar Tinnevelly		
Dutch Agent's house—Claim to.	31- 5-19 4-11-19	345-7 369-70
Pulicat		
Cholera.	19- 7-19	349-51

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Correspondence on Political Matters.
1818-20.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Tuticorin		
Limits of Dutch Territory.	16- 5-19	1-3 25-9
Pulicat		
Boundary settlement—Devi.		
The British Commissioner informs the Collector of Chingleput that the island of Devi is not within the limits of Pulicat.	25- 7-18 31- 7-18 18-10-18 15- 2-19	5-6 9-10 13-6. 19
———— The British Commissioner suggests that a Commission consisting of his Secretary and the Collector of Chingleput may be appointed to enquire into the boundary question at Pulicat.	4- 3-19	21-3
Alwar Tinnevelly		
Dutch Agent's house—Restoration of.	22- 5-19	33
Pulicat		
Boundary settlement.	30- 9-19	37-8
At a conference with the Dutch the boundaries were settled for the villages of Aurewakum, Paukum, Tripalawarum and Vanjeewaukum. 36 feet Dutch measure to a cole is allowed.	7- 10-19 15-10-19	41-3 45-6
Sim, Lt. D.		
Government appoint Lt. Sim, Engineer, for the purpose of determining the limits of Pulicat.	26-12-20	47-8

Bun. 147 (6).

Correspondence on Political Matters.
1819.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Europeans		
In Dutch and French Settlements—Memorandum on.	1819	1

Bun. 147 (7).

Correspondence on Political Matters.

1819.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Paravas		
Migration from Dutch Settlements.	7- 5-1819	1-3
1. The Commissioner reports to Government that Sandy Thullaven and other members of his tribe have fled from the Dutch Settlement and taken refuge in British Territory. They consider themselves to be the natural subjects of England as they still pay taxes to the Company.		
2. The Dutch Resident asks the Collector of Tinnevelly to direct them to go to Tuticorin. and hand over the rebel leader, Thullaven, to their authority. The Collector refused to comply with this request.	15- 5-19	9-16
3. He points out that it is unjust on the part of the Dutch Resident to prevent the families of the Paravas who have fled to British Territory, leaving Tuticorin.	25- 5-19	21
	2- 8-19	27-9
——— The Commissioner directs the Chief of the Dutch Settlements to send witnesses to support the complaints made against the Paravas.	4-11-19	28-31

Bun. 147 (8).

Correspondence on Political Matters.

1818.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Jaggernautpuram and Policole		
Dutch privileges at.		
The Commissioner directs the Collector of Masulipatam to report on the privileges enjoyed by the Dutch at Jaggernautpuram and Policole.	14-2-1818	1-2
Tuticorin		
Dutch privileges.	25- 2-18	3-28
1. The Collector of Tinnevelly reports on the rights and privileges enjoyed by the Dutch at Tuticorin.		
The fort and town of Tuticorin were taken possession of by Lt. Jones on 6th September 1795.		
2. *Minting.*		
The Dutch had the privilege of minting.		4, 23
3. *Pearl fishery.*		3-4
They had a right in the pearl chanks situated on the coast of the Ramnad Zamindari and near Keelkurray.		6, 23
4. *Factories.*		
They had a warehouse at Pinnacoil. Their factory at Cape Comorin was in existence till 1759.		
5. *Customs.*		
Articles belonging to the Dutch were exempted from duty. $\frac{1}{3}$ of the customs collections was given to the Portuguese church as madawary and $\frac{2}{3}$ was taken by the Nabob.		27-8
Pearl and Chank Fisheries		
Adjustment of accounts.		
The Collector of Tinnevelly asks the Accountant General under what head the revenue of the pearl fisheries should be adjusted.	5- 3-18	34-41
Jaggernaikporam and Policole		
Dutch privileges.	17-5-18	44-69
The Dutch paid to the English an annual tribute of Mad. Pag. 217 for Jaggernaikporam and Pag. 143 for Policole and also made presents to the zamindars of the place. Consequently, all their articles were exempted from duty. They were collecting duty on all the native articles, imported or exported.		
Tuticorin		
Dutch privileges—Collector's report.	18- 5-18	72-93
1. *Boundary.*		
The Collector deputed a Tahsildar and an Amildar to Tutocoreen to mark the boundaries of the town as they were recognised before the last war and in the time of the Nabob's Government.		
2. *Salt pans.*		
From the enquiries made by the officers, it is found that the Dutch had no right over the salt pans near the town.		
3. The Nabob also exercised authority over the town and collected the customs on all articles imported by sea.		

Bun. 147 (8)—*cont*

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Dutch Possessions		
Restoration of.		
The Government of Madras report to the Supreme Government about the arrangements made for the restoration of the settlements to the Dutch.	24-11-18 } 16- 6-18 }	126-44
1. Mr. John Hodgson was appointed as Commissioner on the 26th October 1816.		126-7
2. *Pearl and chank fisheries.*		
Mr. Van Braam, the Dutch Commissioner, objected to the English renting the pearl fisheries at Tuticorin. The Commissioner was directed to prepare a complete report on the subject. The Madras Government are "decidedly against the admission of this claim even in part and of all pretensions of authority connected with it."		128
3. *Salt monopoly.*		
An arrangement was made with the Dutch for purchasing the inactivity of the salt pans in the Dutch settlements.		129-31
4. *Mint.*		
The Dutch were allowed to establish their own mint.		130-1
5. *Customs—Pulicat.*		
The nuzzerana payable by the Dutch was reduced in return for the surrender of the right of collecting customs at Pulicat.		131
6. *Criminal jurisdiction.*		
The right of criminal jurisdiction over the natives in any of the Dutch settlements has been renounced by the Netherland Commissioner.		132
7. Mr. F. C. Regel has been appointed Chief of all the Netherlands establishments on this coast. Mr. Van Braam has sailed for Java.		
8. Supreme Government's remarks.	16-10-18	134-44
Salt monopoly.		
The purchasing of the inactivity of the salt pans is approved.		
Mint.		
They suggest that the Dutch may be persuaded not to re-establish their mint and a compensation may be made to them.		136-7
Customs—Pulicat.		
The arrangement made by the Madras Government is approved.		138
Pearl fisheries.		
"The claim ought not to be admitted in this country, but referred for decision to the authority at Home."		138-9
Marine.		
The right of the Dutch to license and search vessels trading in the Gulf of Manar has to be referred to the final decision of the authorities at home.		139-40
Criminal jurisdiction.		
"It is actually necessary to retain the power of administering justice, in civil as well as, in criminal cases until the whole question can be brought under consideration of the supreme authorities in Europe."		142-3

Bun. 147 (9).

Correspondence on Political Matters.

1817.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Customs Tariff		
Karikal.		
The Collector of Tanjore sends to the Board a list of articles subject to single and double duty and of those duty-free, a list of grains that are liable to a duty of 3 per cent on entering French territory and a statement of rice and paddy exported from the Karikal district.	30-5-1817	1-20

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Correspondence on Political Matters.

1817.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Customs Tariff		
Karikal—Statement.	30- 5-1817	1-60

Bun. 147 (11).

Correspondence on Political Matters.

1793—817.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Pearl and Chank Fisheries		
Dutch claim.	9- 2-1793	1-20
The Dutch Chief of Tutocorin calls on the Agent of the Nabob for the mutual adjustment of rights in the pearl fisheries according to the treaty dated 7th July 1788.		
Cloth Monopoly		
Dutch claim.	19- 5-94	5-8
1. Mr. George Martin, Commercial Resident, asks the Dutch Chief, to issue passports to his boats carrying cloths so that it may be passed without examination.		
2. The Dutch Chief informs him that a passport will be issued to him and the goods will be subject to a minimum examination.	20- 5-94	8-12
3. The Commercial Resident reports the matter to the Board.	11-6-94	12-20
The place of embarkation, Colassarampatnam, is a Nabob's village and the Dutch have no right over it. The Dutch Chief sent a man to inspect the English goods in the godown, but the Commercial Resident refused to allow him permission to inspect them as he thought that such permission "was an humility not proper to be suffered and their demand for custom in that place was unjust and their authority to examine all goods exported from thence, pretended."		
Dutch Possessions		
Restoration of.	13- 4-85	21-5
1. Mr. Nathaniel E. Kindersley (2nd Assistant, Tinnevelly) is directed by Mr. Irwin, Superintendent of the Province of Tinnevelly, to restore provisionally, the Dutch possessions at Tutocorin and its dependencies.		
2. *Pearl fisheries.*		
The Dutch and the Nabob will enjoy the same kind of rights and privileges over the pearl fisheries as they had done before the war.	14- 4-85 19- 4-85	27-39 41-2
———Mr. Kindersley informs Mr. Mekern, Dutch Chief, that the Fort of Tutocoryn and its dependencies will be restored to him on receipt of orders from Fort St. George.	5- 5-85	45-8
———The Secretary to Government directs that the Dutch possessions may be restored under the following two conditions.	30- 4-85	49-52
(*a*) "They must be held in perfect consistency with the rights of Sovereignty of the Nabob of Arcot over the Province and those coasts."		
(*b*) ¾ of the duties on certain articles should belong to the Nabob and ¼ to the Dutch.		
———The Dutch object to the first condition.	10- 5-85 14- 5-85	56-62
———Restoration agreement.	1- 7-85 11- 7-85 18- 7-85	75-6
Dutch Agreement with the Nabob		
1. *Pearl and chank fisheries.*	25- 2-86	85-94
The pearl and chank fisheries shall be publicly rented and given to the highest bidder and the sum offered shall be divided in two equal parts between the Dutch and the Nabob.		
2. *Cloth monopoly.*		
The exclusive right of the Dutch Company to trade in cloths in the country of Madura and Tinnevelly is recognised. The Nabob cannot grant to any one the privilege of trading in the abovementioned districts.		
Dutch Possessions		
Treaty of restoration.	13- 8-14	97-105
Customs Tariff		
North Arcot and Pondicherry.	12- 9-16	111-47

Bun. 147 (11)—*cont.*

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Customs		
French Settlements.	18– 8–17	151–67
Eatables and other articles of consumption purchased at Madras by the French inhabitants shall be allowed to be introduced into Pondicherry free of duty. Mr. Hyde, the Collector of South Arcot, is of opinion that the exemption "cannot be allowed but they must pay single duty or 8 per cent. on importation into the French Settlements."		
The Board remarks that, in certain places double duty on wine and spirits was collected when imported from and exported to the French Settlements. "Double duty is leviable only upon importation of those articles into our territories" and on their exportation from here, single duty only shall be levied.		
The Board recommends that thread or cloth may be exempted from duty as a double duty of 16 per cent. is collected on cotton and cotton thread.		
Accounts		
Karikal.	11–10–17	167–80
The Board reports to Government that a sum of St. Pag. 16.919 is the balance outstanding against the villages in the Karikal territory of which Pag. 2,461 is irrecoverable. It suggests that the British Commissioner may be directed to recover the balance.	29–10–17 4– 9–17 30– 9–17 30–12–16	279–80
——The Collector's report.		
Customs Tariff		
Statement.	7– 1–17 20– 9–17	183–258 261–7 285—327
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Tirukkoyilur cutcherry plan.	..	283

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.
1771–2.

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Land Customs		
Statement.	May 1771 to April 1772	1–40

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1801–2.

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Pension Petitions	20– 4–1801 to 19– 2–02	1–380

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.
1802.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Kavalgar's Responsibility		
Tiruvadi.	16– 2–1802	1–3
A cooly hired by a gentleman carried off things belonging to the gentleman. The Assistant Collector, Mr. Savory, reports that the cavilgar was not responsible for restoring the property (pp. 247—54).	3– 3–02	85–102
Irrigation Repairs		
Estimate.	6– 2–02	5–8
(Pages 9—11 badly damaged).		
Cloth Export		
Issue of certificate.	– 3–02	13–5
Travelling Allowances		
Claim.	– 3–02	19–20

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Revenue Servants		
Discharge.	5- 3-02	21-2
The Assistant Collector asks the Collector of South Arcot not to dispense with the services of the two writers in his office, as they have acquired a perfect knowledge of the records in the office.		
Explosives		
Transport prohibited.	8- 3-02	25-6 53
Savory, Mr. J. S.		
Mr. J. S. Savory, Assistant Collector, reports that he is making good progress in learning the Tamil language.	8- 3-02	27-9
Sherson, Mr. R.		
Appointed Reporter of External Commerce.	..	31-2
Savory, Mr. J. S.		
Mr. J. S. Savory, Assistant Collector, reports on his progress in the Tamil language.	18- 3-02	33-4
Revenue Servants		
List of.	- 3-02	37-9
Travelling Allowances		
Claim.	10- 3-02	41-2
The Assistant Collector, Cuddalore, requests the Collector of South Arcot to grant him palanquin allowance.		
Irrigation Repairs		
Gadilam river dam—Estimate.	24- 2-02	55
Tigers		
Reward for destruction.	24- 2-02	55-6
D.C.B.	..	57-8
Toddy Drawers		
Contribution to temple.	4- 3-02	65-76 107-12 120-1 131-3
The Assistant Collector reports that the toddy drawers were contributing to the support of a local temple at quarter pagoda per ladder. The Assistant Collector asks the Collector whether the contribution be continued. (Pages badly damaged).		
Bente, Mr.		
Porto Novo.	6- 4-02	115-7
The Collector directs the Assistant Collector to deliver to Mr. Bente the premises at Porto Novo as he has substantiated his claim to them.		
Prisoners		
Confinement in Cuddalore fort.	..	118-9
The Collector informs the Assistant that all criminals will be sent in future to Cuddalore fort for confinement.		
Collector's Diary		
Transmission of.	5- 4-02	125
Land Customs		
Inland duty.	8- 4-02	127-9
The Assistant Collector wants to know whether the articles paying duty at Madras, should be exempted from further duties while passing through inland districts.		
Cuddalore		
Factory house.	17- 4-02	145-7 159-63
The Assistant Collector gives a description of the factory house at Cuddalore.		
"It stands east and west, and, although the sun in the morning shines into the front verandah, to prevent which gunnies will be necessary, the back verandah is very cool and will procure a very pleasant place for the breakfast table, to which the sun cannot possibly penetrate."		
The building was originally intended for the Chief and Council, but the Court of Directors did not approve of its construction and hence it was left in an unfinished state.		
——— The upper portion of the building is reserved for the accommodation of the Collector and the lower part for the Commercial Resident.		

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Explosives		
Intimation of transport.	1- 4-02	149-51
Religious Processions		
The Assistant Collector reports that people collected to conduct the usual procession of "the Swamy" against the prohibitory order of the Collector. He is of opinion that "assemblies of mobs should be discouraged as much as possible."	21- 4-02	165
Theft		
Two arrests made.	18- 4-02	171-5
Commercial Resident		
Cash requisition.	6- 5-02 2- 6-02	177-8 205-6
Prisoners		
Transfer of.	6- 5-02	181
Misconduct		
Tahsildar of Tiruvadi.	6- 5-02	191-2
The Assistant reports to the Collector that the Tahsildar of Tiruvadi neglects his orders and ill-treats the inhabitants.		
Harrop and Stevenson, Messrs.		
Messrs. Harrop and Stevenson, bankers of Tranquebar, request the Assistant Collector to help them to recover certain sums from Mootiah Pillai, who is trying to deceive them.	25- 4-02 14- 5-02	193-5 207-32
Arrack		
Renting.	27- 5-02	239
McCarty, Capt.		
Marine accounts—Transmission of.	..	241-2
Cultivation		
Extra cultivation—Assistant Collector's report.	5- 6-02	255-9
Theft		
Kavalgar's responsibility. (pp. 1—3).	8- 6-02	247-54
A merchant lost some of his jewels and bullocks. The panchayat of that place have decided that the kavalgar should be held responsible for the recovery of the property. The Assistant Collector sends the decision of the panchayat to the Collector.		
Measures and Weights		
Pondicherry.	11- 6-02	265-6
The Assistant Collector suggests that the Madras weights and measures may be introduced at Pondicherry.	14- 6-02	299-300
Customs		
Duty on elephants.	7- 6-02	269-71
1. At Porto Novo the duty on an elephant is collected according to its size and height. But at Cuddalore, whatever may be the price or size of the elephant, the duty collected amounts to Pag. 2½ an elephant or a percentage on its price, the price being assumed as Pag. 150.		
2. Ten to fifteen elephants are imported into Cuddalore from Saulong Gidda, Parriah and Jaffnapatam in Ceylon and sold here at eight hundred to one thousand pagodas at a considerable profit, the cost price being one to two hundred pagodas.		
3. The Assistant Collector suggests that a duty of 1½ per cent. on the sale price of an elephant may be imposed.		
Prisons		
Statement of.	– 6-02	275 295
Private Accounts		
Adjustment.	6- 7-02	305-12 317-20
Land Revenue		
Pondicherry.	11- 7-02	321-2
The Collector directs the Assistant Collector that the present renters of the Pondicherry farms may be continued.		
Military Invalids		
Conveyance charges for transfer.	26- 4-02	323-4

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
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Renting.	4- 8-02	329-30
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		344-7
Savory, Mr. J. S.		
Appointed Register, Provincial Court of Appeal.	10- 7-02	331-43
Revenue Servants		
Recruitment of.	28- 7-02	341-2

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1802-3.

Garrow, Mr. George		
Appointed Collector of South Arcot. He was formerly Secretary to the Board of Revenue. Capt. James G. Graham hands over charge to Mr. Garrow.	25- 9-1802 4-10-02	1-5
Summons		
To witnesses.	5-10-02	5
	5-11-02	39
Military Supplies		
Sheep.	7-10-02	6-9
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———— Gram.	26-10-02	29-30
Pension		
Hyderyar Cawn.	9-10-02	7
Cash Indent	11-10-02	8
Cloth Export		
Advice.	13-10-02	9-10
Revenue Collections		
Farming. The late Collector, Captain Graham, suggests certain methods of renting the farms of betel, tobacco, etc. and of stamps and abkari. The sea customs of Cuddalore and Porto Novo may be kept in amani. The offer for stamps may be enhanced. Another source of revenue might be effected by farming out the Nana Weetta or the exclusive privilege of purchasing for other coins the pagodas which may be received in future collections. This might amount to 5 or 6 thousand pagodas.	14-10-02	12-3
Prisoners		
Statement of.	14-10-02	13-4
		16-8
Agricultural Advances		
Statement of.	20-10-02	21-3
Revenue Accounts		
Transmission of.	21-10-02	23-5
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	5-11-02	39
Cash Remittance		
Advice of.	21-10-02	25
Irrigation Repairs		
Statement.	21-10-02	26-7
Weavers		
Tahsildar's interference with. The Commercial Resident complains that the Tahsildar is interfering with the weavers and forces them to work as coolies, etc. (See page 263).	30-10-02	30-1
Military Supplies		
Sheep.	4-11-02	32-3
Revenue Remissions		
Capt. Graham's proposals. The Board sends to the Collector, a copy of the report about remission, from Capt. Graham, the late Collector, in which he applied for a sum of Pag. 17,285 under remissions.	6-11-02	33-8

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Settlement Report		
For f. 1211.	26- 7-02	41-61
Report.	15- 9-02	71-129
1. Capt. Graham, the late Collector, thought that, if the Nabob's assessments were to continue, the country would be depopulated in a few years. He began to introduce those reforms that were introduced in the Baramahal under his management.		
2. The settlement is called dowle jamabandi. The Collector first reduced the assessment and distributed takkavi liberally.		
Out of 3,861 villages he rented 3,162 separately to farmers and 699 to head farmers.		
——— Minutes of Consultation.	27- 8-02	64-70
The Governor in Council considers the assessment to be low and calls for an explanation.		
The settlement could not be called a village rent, as several lands are assigned to individuals.		
——— Collector's report.	15- 9-02	71-120
——— Government inform Capt. Graham that they are not satisfied with his administration of the revenue, and that they have appointed Mr. George Garrow to succeed him.	25- 9-02	129-2
Their objections to the settlement are :—		
(*a*) A considerable portion of the revenue was relinquished for the purpose of relieving the inhabitants, without sufficient explanation.		
(*b*) The amount of revenue so relinquished has been diverted to the advantage of private individuals holding generally no permanent interest in the province.		
(*c*) The principle of securing an adequate revenue has been neglected.		
(*d*) The statement of produce furnished by the Collector shows a decrease of 33 per cent.		
(*e*) Government can have no confidence in the Collector's future administration of the revenue.		
Military Supplies		
Gram.	18-11-02	124-5
March		
Detachment, 1st Bn. 4th Rt. N.I., under Capt. J. Nagle, From Nellore to Bangalore.	13-11-02	124
——— 33rd Rt., under Lt.-Col. Walter Eliott, From Vellore to Seringapatam.	15-12-02	161
Military Supplies		
Gram.	19-11-02	126
	4-12-02	137-9
Falconer, Mr. Alexander		
Appointed Member of the Board of Revenue.	22-11-02	127
Ellis, Mr. Francis		
Appointed Secretary to the Board of Revenue.	22-11-02	127
Wayte, Mr. William		
Appointed Deputy Secretary to the Board of Revenue.	22-11-02	127
Cuddalore Factory		
The Commercial Resident informs the Collector that it is dangerous to have a pandal of palmyra leaves near the godown of the factory.	24-11-02	126
Judicial Charges		
Statement.	1-12-02	129
Cattle		
List called for.	4-12-02	132-3
Cash Balance		
Report.	2-12-02	135-6
Military Cash		
Requisitions.	3-12-02	136-7
Government direct the Collector to comply with all requisitions received from the Commander-in-Chief.		
Military Supplies		
Collector's assistance.	4-12-02	137-9
The Agent General for cavalry supplies complains that the Collectors are not giving their full co-operation in procuring supplies. Government direct the Collectors to give greater assistance in the matter.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Military Cash		
Requisition.	8-12-02	141
	16- 1-03	206-7
Audit Regulation	6-12-02	141-2
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Regulation.	1-12-02	143-60
Military Supplies		
Sheep—Scarcity of.	16-12-02	162-3
Prisoners		
Trial.	15-12-02	163
Customs		
Complaint—Detention of bullocks.	15-12-02	164
	23-12-02	180-1
	24-12-02	183-4
Settlement Report		
The Board's remarks.	15-12-02	165-8
"The assessment of the country should be regulated by its resources." The Collector must convince the inhabitants that the object is "to emancipate them from the thraldom they were hitherto under, and to give them a full share of profit and liberty."		
Military Supplies	16-12-02	169
Gram.	29-12-02	169
——— Sheep.	11- 1-03	196-7
——— Forage.	28-12-02	182-3
	8- 1-03	195
Cash Bills	..	170
French and Dutch Possessions		
The Board directs the Collector to submit a list of possessions held by the French and the Dutch at the commencement of the late war (1793).	21-10-02	173
Military Supplies		
Charges.	22-12-02	174
Barrett, Col. Thomas		
Debts due to.	26-11-02	176-8
Messrs. Binney and Dennison, Attorneys of the administration to the estate of late Col. Barrett, late of the Nawab's service, ask the Collector to help them to recover the arrears due to the estate. A sum of Pag. 5,414-19-0 is due from Capt. Graham, being the cost of grain sold to that gentleman and a sum of Pag. 2,465-3-0 is the balance due from the inhabitants of the jaghir. (See pages 260-1).	6- 1-03 10- 1-03	189-90 198-9
Inams		
Syed Kalim Ullah Khan—Requisition for records.	23-12-02	185-7
Judicial Charges		
Statement.	1- 1-03	187
Military Bazaar		
Vellore.	1- 1-03	186-7
Government direct the O.C., Vellore, to continue to keep the petta and bazaar under his management.		
——— The Board directs the Collector not to interfere with the collection of duties in Vellore petta.	6- 1-03	192
	16- 1-03	203-5
Treasury Estimate	7- 1-03	191-2
Arrack		
Renting proposals.	3- 1-03	193
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Prisoners		
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Prisoners Accommodation for.	8- 1-03	200
Pearl Fisheries Boatmen and drivers—Employment of. Government notify that a pearl fishery will take place at Chilaw in Ceylon and the fishery will commence on the 20th February 1803. One-quarter of the oysters taken will be given to the boatmen and drivers. They call for hands to undertake the work.	13-12-02	201
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Hodgson, Mr. John Appointed Member of the Board of Revenue.	1- 2-03	213
Court of Circuit Touring. Government direct that Judges of the Court of Circuit, proceeding through the districts, should be received with "all public demonstration of respect."	22- 1-03	217-8
Judicial Charges Statement.	31- 1-03	221
Gingee Jaghirdar's debt. 1. Mr. John Mitford requests the Collector to help him in recovering the debt due to him from the Rajah of Gingee. 2. In 1789, Soomernada Sing, the Rajah of Gingee, executed a bond mortgaging his Jaghir to Munnaroo for a sum of Pag. 65,879. 3. The Jaghir was granted to his family about a hundred years back by the Delhi Nabob, and they were paying a yearly peshcush of Rs. 4,000 to the Nabob of Arcot, which was afterwards raised to Rs. 27,000. 4. About 1785, the whole of the Jaghir was seized by the Arcot Nabob and only two villages, Dassore and Mellechery, valued about Pag. 1,700 were restored to the Jaghirdar. 5. After the death of Soomernada Sing, his son, a minor, preferred a claim to be reinstated in the Jaghir of his ancestors. But Dassore and Mellechery only were restored to him. 6. Munnaroo acted as a confidential servant to Mr. John Mitford. He obtained letters of administration to his effects as principal creditor, and had all his accounts and papers translated into English. 7. It is found from the accounts that he has paid Pag. 50,000 to the Board of Revenue, the Nabob and his Vakil on behalf of the Jaghirdar, in return for which the Jaghirdar mortgaged the whole of his Jaghir. But a major portion of it was suddenly seized by the Nabob and transferred to the Company. The Jaghirdar pleads inability to pay the debts as he is in possession of only two villages.	8- 2-03	221-6
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Vengatur.	13- 2-03	235
The Board informs the Collector that Vengatur is given to Jeven Row, Sarishtadar, on shrotriem tenure.	30- 5-03	340-1
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——— Sheep.	22- 2-03	240-2
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Merchant—Permission to reside at Porto Novo.	4- 3-03	253
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Capt. C. Fenwich, Commanding the 'Malcolm,' complains that the servants at the sea customs offices, at Porto Novo, Nagore and Negapatam are very inattentive to their work. They have not delivered the betel nuts imported in those places, to the merchants.		
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Reduction of—Chittoor Collector's opinion.	25- 2-03	257-8
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Disturbance by poligar—Complaint of.	25- 2-03	259
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Barrett, Col. Thomas		
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A sum of St. Pag. 2,165 is paid to Messrs. Binny and Dennison, on account of the estate of the late Col. Barrett. (See p. 367).		
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Interference by revenue servants (See pp. 30-1)—Commercial Resident's complaint (See p. 286).	18- 3-03	263
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The Commercial Resident complains that the Tahsildar is forcing the weavers to pay the loom taxes. (See p. 365).		
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Capt. Graham, late Collector, asks the Board to release some of the native servants appointed by him, who are confined for misappropriation of revenue.		
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The Board informs the Collector that the jaghir of Collinellier has been restored to Golam Hossein Khan.		
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———— Allowance to.	11– 5–03	
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The Board informs the Collector that additional armed peons are not needed. The present establishment, if regularly mobilized, can drive away plunderers, whose only object being plunder, will withdraw at the first appearance of opposition.		
Cash Escort	30– 4–03	325
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Toludur.	14– 5–03	328–9
The Collector of Trichinopoly reports that the villagers of Toludur have prevented the water of the Vellar from irrigating Pennacollum village.		

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Military Charges for revenue duties. The Military Auditor directs the Paymaster to get receipts from the Collectors for batta paid to parties employed in the revenue service.	10- 7-02	331
Cash Escort Movement.	21- 5-03	332
Virinjipuram Temple Vellore—Offerings and duties. The O.C., Vellore, informs the Collector that the monthly payment of Rs. 30 is regularly granted to the Virinjipuram pagoda. There is a balance outstanding against the oilmongers. He asks the Collector to inform him whether there are any particular revenue orders relative to the collection of offerings and duties levied for religious purposes.	15- 5-03	334-5
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French Troops Transport—Supplies. The Board directs the Collector to give every facility to the transport and supplies of French troops, arrived in India to occupy the French possessions on the Coromandel Coast.	28- 6-03	360
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The Commercial Resident reports to the Collector that the Amildar of Trivady has confined two head weavers for non-payment of loom tax, though the Company has exempted them from the tax. (See p. 485).		
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A sum of St. Pag. 50,000 has been sanctioned for the repair of tanks.	1– 7–03	365–6
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Jewels, etc.—Sale notification.	20– 7–03	374
Arrack and Toddy		
Vellore renter's losses.	23– 7–03	374–7
The O.C., Vellore, informs the Collector that the Vellore arrack and toddy renter has sustained a great loss by the sale of arrack and toddy at half price near the boundaries of Vellore Petta, by the Company renters. He requests that the renters may be prohibited from selling near the boundaries.		
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Lt. H. H. Torriano, Engineer, requests the Collector to furnish him with people to destroy the forts.	29– 7–03	383–4
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The Assistant Collector informs the Collector that Malpady district has become a convenient hiding place for thieves.	25 –7–03	379–80
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Fasli statement—Form explained.	25– 7–03	380–1
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Cuddalore—Irregularity.	28– 7–03	381–2
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Vaccination		
Rewards.	– 7–03	384–5
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Military Supplies		
Gram.	24– 7–03	385–7

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Official Dispute		
Beach department.	7- 8-03	394-5
The Commercial Resident objects to the interference of the Collector in the Beach department, without his permission.		
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Cuddalore—Transfer to the control of the Collector.	17- 8-03	403
Poligars		
Robbery and theft.	18- 8-03	402-3
The Collector of Chittoor, Mr. D. Cockburn, reports that "the poligars in my neighbourhood are the patrons and instigators of all the robberies in the Carnatic."	31- 8-03	518-20
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Gram.	19- 8-03	403-5
——— Sheep.	5- 9-03	407, 421
Babick, Mr.		
Escape from prison.	24- 8-03	405-6
Mr. K. Dalrymple, Sheriff at Madras, reports to the Collector that Mr. Babick, an American, confined in the debtors' jail, has made his escape.		
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Land and sea—Regulation.	3- 8-03	412-4
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Exports and imports—Statement of.	27- 8-03	415-6
March		
Detachment, 73rd Rt., From Choultry Plain to Pondicherry.	2- 9-03	421-2
——— European military invalids to Trichinopoly.	15- 9-03	428
	8- 9-03	423
	16- 9-03	427
Dutch Flag		
Porto Novo.	12- 9-03	425-6
Mr. Dan Stevenson, Dutch Resident, asks the Collector to permit him to hoist the Dutch flag at the factory at Porto Novo.		
March		
Detachment, 2nd Bn. 14th Rt., N.I., under Lt. Wilson, From Vellore to Madras.	14- 9-03	428

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Police Peons		
Recruitment.	24- 9-03	439-43
Jurisdiction		
Malpuddi Taluk.	25- 9-03	444-5
The Board directs the Collector to transfer the taluk of Malpuddi to the charge of the Collector of North Arcot.		
Bound Hedge		
Cuddalore.	30- 9-03	445
Mr. E. Greenway asks the Collector to direct Major Norris, Engineer, not to destroy the bound hedge at Cuddalore, as an establishment has been kept for its preservation for the realisation of the revenue.	4-10-03	454-6
Salt		
Regulation.	6-10-03	449-54
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Requisition.	2-10-03	457
French Prisoners		
Pondicherry—Payment of allowance—Instructions.	12-10-03 14-10-03	458-9 462
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Trivandapooram—Appointment of taliaris to guard it.	10-10-03	459-61
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On the sea coast—Commander-in-Chief's instructions for preventing.	13- 9-03	440-2 464-7
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Barrett, Col. Thomas		
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Recovery of arrears from his estate. (See **288**/221-3.)	17-11-03	493-504
Dutch Factories		
Porto Novo—Restoration.	25-10-03	477-8
Sri Sankaracharlar		
Of Sringeri—Tour to Poona.	4-11-03	480-2
The Secretary to Government directs the Collector to arrange for the reception of Sri Shunker Acharee of Sringeree, the Peshwa Guroo.		
His Holiness should be presented with Zeeafuts at the principal stations at which he may arrive. The baggage, etc., should be permitted to pass without inspection or the payment of duties.		
Srirangam		
Festival—Notification of celebration.	25-10-03	483
Company's Weavers		
Complaints. (See p. 365.)	8-11-03	485
The Board authorises the Collector to attend to the complaints regarding the restraint of weavers.		
——— The Commercial Resident reports to the Board of Trade that the Revenue servants are cruelly oppressing the Company weavers in order to compel them to pay the loom tax. "They place their (the weavers') four fingers between two sticks, called kitty, press them together with full force and then tie them until the payment is made."	11-11-03	486-7
The Board directs the Collector to enquire into the allegations made.		
(See p. 185-6.)		
Bills		
	1-11-03	488
Ancient Records		
Compilation of.		
Mr. Mackenzie requests the Collector to help him in getting certain data about the Rajahs, etc., from the records preserved in pagodas at Trinomallee and Chillumburm.	16-11-03	505-6

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Cash Indent	1-12-03	508-9
Military Stores Guns, carriages, shells, etc.—Disposal of.	28-11-03	510-1
Military Bazaars Abolition of duties. The O.C., Pondicherry, has issued a proclamation abolishing all duties on butchers' meat, etc.	16-11-03	515-9
Salt Export to Bengal—Instructions.	10-12-03	519-24
Gomutu Seeds Cultivation of. 1. The Board sends to the Collector a quantity of Ghoomootoo seeds for cultivation in the district. 2. The rope made from the fibres of the seed is superior in duration and in resisting the effect of moisture, grease, etc., to any rope in the world. 3. The seeds are largely cultivated in the island of Amboyna.	19-12-03	526-7
Allan, Mr. James Assistant Surveyor—Transfer to South Arcot.	23-12-03	529-30
Valentia, Lord Tour in India. Lord Valentia is touring in India to study natural history in this country. The Court of Directors direct the different officers to assist him.	24-12-03	532-7

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Betel and Tobacco Renting proposals. Some of the farms of tobacco and betel were held under amanee in the district. Mr. George Garrow, Collector, asks the Board to permit him to use his discretion to rent the farms to the best advantage to the Company.	13-10-1802	6
——— The Collector submits proposals for renting abkari and sayer farms in the district.	6-11-02	22
Revenue Renting Mr. George Garrow, the Collector, began to rent the villages direct to the ryots. The head inhabitants, to whom the villages were rented in previous years, objected. The Collector informs the Board that their complaints are unfounded.	7-12-02 29-12-02	42 57
Revenue Establishment Re-organisation. The Collector reports to the Board the changes made by him in the district and taluk establishments. He claims to have made considerable savings and to have increased efficiency.	20- 4-03	77
Robbers Measures against. The Collector, having received reports of incursions by a band of robbers near Tiruvannamalai and Chengam, asks the Tahsildar to hunt them out with his men. He asks the Collectors of the adjoining districts to assist him in securing the bandits and adds that he has employed a person named Gulam Hussain to search for the bandits.	18- 2-03	116
Passports Rajah of Tanjore. The Collector writes to the Resident at Tanjore that some of the Rajah's men have been detained by his peons from travelling through the country without a passport and asks the Resident to request the Rajah of Tanjore to issue the necessary passports to his men.	18- 3-03	140
Customs Complaint of detention. The Collector informs Mr. Richard Kinchant that his men detained the Company's cloths, not knowing that they belonged to the Company. He asks Mr. Kinchant, in future, to issue certificates for all cloths that are to be exempted.	25- 4-03	165

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Minor Zamindaris		
Proposed control of.	16- 5-03	179
Mr. George Garrow, the Collector, informs the Board that the Jaghirdars of the estates of Calanellore, Desur and Arni are all minors and that the estates are being managed by the guardians, through agents who act contrary to the interest of the minors. He suggests maintaining control over the administration of such minor estates by compelling the agents to render accounts of all receipts and charges to the Board through the Collector.		
French Possessions		
Pondicherry—Extent and revenue.	..	195
1. The Collector reports the extent of the French possessions at Pondicherry and states that the total settlement including all fixed demands, amounts to Pag. 8,070-43-44.		
2. Sea and land customs are under aumanee management. The total revenue for f. 1212 amounts to Pag. 25,137-13-54.		
3. The Collector bases his statements on enquiry as records and accounts are not available.		
Forts		
South Arcot—List of.	19- 6-03	201
The Collector gives a list of forts and fortified temples in the southern division of Arcot, and reports the condition and strength of each.		
Settlement Report		
(See also Reprint 7/1-29.)	12- 7-03	220
The Collector reports on the revenue settlement of the southern division of Arcot for f. 1212.		
Cloth Dyers		
Restrictions on.	18- 7-03	297
The Commercial Resident prohibited all the cloth dyers from working for private individuals before they complete the Company's work.		
The Collector disapproves of this restriction and informs the cloth dyers that they may work as they please.		
Settlement Report		
F. 1213.	2- 8-03	314
The Collector gives a detailed report of the administration of the district for f. 1213 with the changes introduced into his establishment. He reviews the administration as it existed in f. 1211 and reports the profit derived by each head inhabitant renter. He also reports on the condition of trade.	18- 9-03 3-10-03	365 424
Troops		
Reinforcement proposals.	29-10-03	442
Government apprehend the arrival of an European enemy at Porto Novo and desire the Collector to report the arrangements he proposes to make as a precautionary measure.		
He recommends that the arrangements should not be made known to the public until the arrival of the enemy is known for certain. He recommends the recruitment of a special corps of 2,500 men.		
Poligars of Thiruvendipuram		
1. The Collector reports to the Board that the term 'Poligar' means simply a Kavalgar, or watcher who is subordinate to the State. His duty is to keep up an establishment of servants for the general purposes of Police. He is made answerable for all loss caused by robbery.	5-11-03	456
2. The kavally of Trevendipuram extends over twenty villages, in which the kavalgar is bound to preserve the lives and properties of the inhabitants. In return for this he is entitled to the produce of a few cawnis in land amounting in value to Pag. 63-34-66½ annually. He also receives ready money collections or small taxes on the houses of the inhabitants to the amount of Pag. 29-17-25.		
3. The Kavalgar of Trivendipuram is most vigilant and active in his duties and the views expressed by the Commercial Resident are not correct.		

Miscellaneous Correspondence.

1805.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Rice Profits on sale of. The Collector of Pondicherry supplied rice to the Presidency during the time of distress and scarcity. The Board then observed that the resulting profits should be distributed in charity amongst the poor of Pondicherry. The profit on the sale amounted to Pag. 1473-24. The Collector now asks the Board to place the sum at his disposal for distribution, as already promised.	3- 4-1805	12
Food-grains Storage of. The Collector of Pondicherry reports the necessity to store a sufficient quantity of grain at Pondicherry and asks the permission of the Board.	3- 4-05	13
The Board permits him to obtain grain for storage from the Collector of Tanjore. He therefore arranges to do so.	6- 5-05	31
Revenue Establishment Charges. The Collector submits the estimate of the establishment charges for Pondicherry and Cuddalore.	13- 5-05	37
Toddy Taxes on toddy ladders. A considerable sum of money was collected by a tax on toddy ladders in the district of Cuddalore and kept under deposit for a long time. One Thiagarsja Mudali now claims payment of it and the Board asks the Collector to examine the claim. He asks one Seshiah, the late arrack farmer at Cuddalore, whether he was in the habit of making such collections and whether the claim now made by Thiagarsja Mudali is just and proper. (See p. 82.)	20- 5-05	51
Pondicherry Bazaar taxes—Abolition proposed. 1. The bazaar allowances include :— (*a*) Duty collected on all sundry bazaar articles imported to and from the town of Pondicherry by land. (*b*) A contribution levied on all shops and boutiques according to the extent of the shop and the different articles exposed in it for sale. The shroffs in a body pay Pag. 10 a month as an assessment on the whole of their shops or bazaars. (*c*) A sum levied for the exclusive privilege of vending dry cocoanuts, gingilee, lamp oil, and elluppa seeds, etc., to oil mongers and others. 2. The Collector reports that the present rent expires shortly and that its continuance is not desirable in the interest of the public at large. He recommends the abolition of the tax altogether.	2- 7-05	73
Toddy Tax on toddy ladders. (See p. 51.) 1. The Collector made a detailed enquiry into the claim made by Thiagaraja Mudali and submits his report to the Board. 2. The tax on ladders is a voluntary tax which all the toddy drawers of Cuddalore agree to pay for the benefit of the Tirupapuliore temple and for which they have executed an agreement with the temple authorities. The tax was originally collected only at the rate of fan. 11 on each toddy ladder. This was subsequently increased and collected at the rate of fan. 24. 3. The enquiry shows that Thiagaraja Mudaly has no right to the amount under deposit, which is due to Tirupapuliore temple. 4. The Collector received representations from the toddy drawers as well as from the temple authorities. He suggests a reduction of the tax to fan. 18 per ladder which he would apportion as follows :— fan. 11 to the temple. fan. 7 to the Company. 5. He recommends that the amount should be collected by the Company to prevent future disputes arising between the renter, the temple authorities and the toddy men. The temple will receive a settled revenue. The toddy men will enjoy an abatement of fan. 6 and the Company will derive a small revenue.	3- 7-05	82

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Betel and Tobacco		
Renting proposals.	24– 7–05	107
Government fix the duty to be collected on betel and tobacco as follows :— On 1,000 betel leaves fan. 3 ch. 40. On 1 viss of tobacco fan. 5.		
The Collector submits proposals for renting the Pondicherry and Cuddalore farms.	10–10–05	137
Post Office		
Tappal expenses.	..	159
The Collector reports on the condition of the post office establishment in the district and gives a statement of expenses to the Accountant-General.		

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1805-6.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Marriage, Baptism and Funeral Rites		
Government communicate the rules to be observed for the future performance of Christian marriage, baptismal and funeral rites to the Collector for publication.	– 3–1805	11
Salt Manufacture		
Restrictions.	1– 6–05	41
1. Government reserve to themselves the exclusive right to manufacture and sell salt throughout the Company's territories and publish an advertisement to prohibit anyone from manufacturing, selling or importing salt, without their authority and permission. They also appoint Mr. Fullerton to look after the salt monopoly. He asks the Collector to report the existing conditions of manufacture with a view to increase the price.		
2. Mr. Dan Stevenson applies for permission to manufacture salt and for an assignment of a plot of ground in Porto Novo in which to do so.	23– 2–05	65
3. The Collector communicates to him regulations framed for the monopoly of salt and states that the quantity of salt already manufactured during the year is more than can be disposed of and that it is not therefore possible to increase the manufacturing centres.		
Porto Novo		
Improvements to the port.	19– 6–05	74
P. M. Casim, an European merchant, submits a memorandum to the Collector pointing out the trade facilities of the town and suggesting several improvements to the port. He states that prior to Hyder Ali's invasion there were 4 factories belonging to European nations. The Portuguese, Dutch, Danish, French and English all carried on a considerable trade there.	10– 7–05	101
Revenue Renter		
Chidambaram.	10– 3–05	84
Mr. Edward Campbell, renter of Chidambaram farm, applies for a reduction of revenue. He explains the actual working of the farm and gives the net revenue yielded during previous faslis.		
He impresses upon the Collector the necessity for him to have the control of the Police of Chidambaram and describes the improvements he had made in that force when he held the charge.	20– 7–05	128
He forwards for information a copy of the commission given to him by Government. (See 195/164).	5– 8–05	155
Police Administration		
Committee of Enquiry appointed.	14– 3–05	144
1. The Board informs the Collector that Government have appointed a committee to enquire and report on the present state of the Police, the degree of protection it affords to person and property and the security of the country from internal commotion.	19–11–05	259
2. The Board also forwards a list of questions, framed by the Committee, to be answered by the Collector.		
Police Establishment		
Charges.	10– 8–05	161
The Collector forwards to Government the annual list of establishment charges under Police.		

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Sreemushnum Temple		
Allowances—Stoppage of.	7-10-05	190
The Collector received reports from the Brahmins that the allowances due to the pagoda were not paid. He asks the Collector of Tanjore to report whether the allowances are sanctioned by Government and whether it is a fact that its payment is stopped on account of the transfer of the district to him.		
Police Administration		
Questionnaire.	..	200
The Collector submits his reply to the questionnaire proposed by the Committee and his report on the possibilities of future improvement.	19-11-05	259
	5-12-05	265
Arrack		
Sale near military stations.	4- 1-06	286
On a representation made to Government about the dangers to European soldiers of the free use of arrack, Government propose to enhance the price and limit the sale to particular situations, far away from European quarters. They ask the Collector to report the amount of any loss to revenue that may occur if these proposals are given effect to.	11- 2-06	296
Jails		
Arcot—Inadequate accommodation.		
1. Mr. P. Kinloch, Register, reports to the Collector that he visited the jail at Arcot and found that prisoners have been crowded together in a small place, without any regard to sex or the nature of the crime committed by them.	1- 2-06	294
2. The Collector proposes to the Board the construction of a separate building for his office and for the use of the criminals.	13- 2-06	301
Irrigation Repairs		
Watercourses.		
Mr. J. L. Caldwell, Superintendent of Tank Repairs, submits proposals for the repair and improvement of watercourses in Valdoor and Villupuram Taluks and asks the Collector to obtain the Board's approval.	16- 4-06	333

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1805-21.

Register Showing the Despatch of Letters from the Collector	1805 to 1821	1-155

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1805.

Minor Zamindaris		
Assumption of control.		
The Collector asks the Sub-Collector, Tiruvannamalai, to report the names of minor estates, which have to be taken possession of by the Court of Wards.	9- 4-1805	1
Suits		
Jurisdiction—Collector's instructions.		
The Collector issues the following instructions for observance by his subordinates in the matter of enquiry into civil cases. (*a*) All complaints respecting any property or thing worth Rs. 10 to be decided by Tahsildars and their decision to be final unless particular reasons appear for rehearing the cause. (*b*) All complaints respecting property worth Rs. 10 to Rs. 50 to be made to and heard by Tahsildars in the first instance, an appeal to lie within two months. (*c*) Complaints respecting property to any amount (if the parties agree thereto) to be referred to Panchayat Courts and if not, all complaints for more than Rs. 50 to be referred to the Huzur. The Collector asks the Sub-Collectors to follow these instructions strictly and to be very prompt in attending to complaints from ryots, so as to create confidence in the administration.	19- 4-05	13

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Salt Manufacture		
Appointment of Superintendents.	7- 6-05	33
The Board informs the Collector that Mr. Robert Fullerton has been appointed as Superintendent of the Salt Monopoly and that he should render him the necessary assistance.		
The Collector publishes a notification restraining the public from manufacturing, selling or importing salt without the permission of Government.	"	41
Revenue Administrations		
Improvements in.	8- 7-05	51
The Collector explains the existing mode of administration in the district and the revenue derived from it. He suggests several alterations in the mode of assessment which, he states, will eventually tend to increase the revenue of the Company.		
Agricultural Advances		
Instructions for distribution.	29- 7-05	69
The Collector communicates to the Sub-Collectors the allotment of funds which he has made them for distribution as loans to cultivators namely, a sum of Pag. 6,735 to Trinamalai Division and of Pag. 4,496 to Arcot Division.		
He forwards also the report of Lt.-Col. Munro as a guide to the distribution of loans.		
Revenue Settlement		
Collector's instructions.	10- 8-05	87
1. The Collector issues instructions to Sub-Collectors for making the settlement of the land revenue.	15- 1-05	197
2. *Assessment too high.*		
He asks them to be very moderate in assessing the lands and lenient to the actual cultivator. He states that the present assessment is too high and its collection has injured the permanent resources and reduced the inhabitants to a state of poverty. "Increase of revenue from increase of cultivation, and not from enhanced assessment; increase of happiness and prosperity to the inhabitants and the country, should go hand in hand. If the former is obtained by a sacrifice of the latter, we defeat our aim, and prove ourselves most unworthy labourers in the field we toil in."		
3. *Control of staff.*		
He adds that vigilant superintendence is necessary, for the native officers require the stimulus both of frequent supervision and a prospect of due approbation and security of tenure to draw the best work out of them.		
Police Administration		
Questionnaire—Collector's reply.	12-10-05	99
The Collector replies to the questionnaire proposed by the Committee of Enquiry, points out the weaknesses of the present system of kavalgars and suggests remedies.		
Arrack and Toddy		
Renting.	20- 8-05	145
The Collector asks his Sub-Collectors to rent the arrack and toddy farms in their divisions and states that the price of arrack has since been increased and that the renters ought to pay 25 per cent more than the previous year's rent. The sub-renters in his own division have agreed to pay the increase. He forwards a copy of the regulations framed by Government for the manufacture and sale of country arrack and toddy.		
Military Supplies		
Provisions.	21- 9-05	177
The Collector asks the Sub-Collectors to report if any regulations are in force fixing the price of articles and provisions supplied to the military and travellers.		
Police Establishment		
Reorganisation.	23-12-05	235
The Collector obtained the permission of Government to reorganise the police establishment. He communicates his plan to each Sub-Collector, explaining in detail the duties that each police officer should perform and asks the Sub-Collectors to keep a strict watch over the police officers.		

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1805-6.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Salt Manufacture		
Charges.	15- 6-1805	26
The Sub-Collector, Elamananore, asks the Collector to inform him whether he can pay the usual ½ varam to the manufacturers of salt, and whether he can dispose of the quantity available at the current rate of selling price.		
The Collector replies that the manufacturers can be paid at the average rate of sale this year.		
Revenue Settlements		
Collector's instructions. (See **182**/87.)	10- 8-05	40
The Collector issues instructions to the Sub-Collectors in regard to the procedure to be followed by them in making the settlement.		
Arrack and Toddy		
Renting proposals.	20- 8-05	50
The Collector asks the Sub-Collectors in his division to arrange for renting the farms themselves. The under-renters are willing to pay 25 per cent. more than the last year's rent.		
Political Prisoner		
	19- 9-05	65
Zulu Raza, servant of the late Tippu Sultan.	23- 9-05	68
The Sub-Collector, Arcot, reports the necessity to make a grant of certain lands applied for by the prisoner to maintain himself and his own dependants.		
The prisoner applies for the grant of a garden measuring 22 cawnis of dry land in Vellore and 14 cawnis of wet in Arcot.		
On receipt of the Sub-Collector's recommendation for the grant, the Collector states that he is prepared to recommend the grant to Government if there are no other claimants to it.		
Military Supplies		
Arrangements.	10-10-05	74
The Sub-Collector reports to the Collector the practice that is being observed in his division in the matter of arranging for the supply of provisions to troops and travellers.		
Revenue Arrears		
List called for.	6- 1-06	116
There were heavy arrears in the revenue for ff. 1211 to 1214. With a view to find out the real cause of the arrears the Collector asks the Sub-Collectors to furnish a statement in a given form.		
Jurisdiction		
The military and civil disputes.	5- 2-06	124
1. The Sub-Collector, Arcot, informs the Collector that Lt.-Col. Fancourt has been interfering in the matter of civil disputes in which he has no authority and has actually forwarded for investigation some complaints of a civil nature made to him by the inhabitants of the pettah.	17- 3-06	139
2. The Collector agrees that military officers have no jurisdiction over civil magistrates and that the action of the O.C., Vellore, is in direct violation of the orders on the subject.		
3. He further asks the Sub-Collector to inform the Commander that he cannot receive complaints forwarded by him and that he should comply with the general orders on the subject and refrain from interfering in disputes of a civil nature.		

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.
1805-25.

Index to letters received by the Collector from the Board of Revenue between 1805 and 1825.	..	1-187

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1805–6.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Revenue Settlement		
F. 1214.	27-12-1805	1
1. The Collector submits his revenue settlement for the district for f. 1214.		
2. *Need for a survey settlement.* He points out the oppressive inequalities of assessment which exist in the country, and emphasises the need, if these are to be rectified, for a survey of land and valuation according to their soils.		
3. He recommends the abolition and reduction of certain ready money collections.		
4. *Crop sharing.* The current year's settlement was made on the principle of an equal division between Government and the ryots.		
Saltpetre		
Manufacture prohibited.	3-12-01	29
Government prohibit the manufacture of saltpetre and the transit of arms and ammunition of every description without proper authority. The Board asks the Collector to publish these orders by a notification.		
Government Bank		
Notes as legal tender.	11- 3-06	47
The Accountant-General informs the Collector that a Government bank has been established at Madras and that notes issued by the bank should be accepted as legal tender in all transactions with Government. He also asks the Collector to give wide publicity to the orders of Government.		
Religious Endowments		
Tiruvannamalai and other temples—Management of.	12- 9-06	150
The Collector forwards a list showing the public contributions to the Tiruvannamalai and other temples and the amount available with the Government to meet the expenses of the temples. He instructs the Sub-Collectors as to how the affairs of the temples and festivals should be managed.		
Kavalgars		
Allowances.	15-10-06	176
The Collector forwards a list of kavalgars attached to each Sub-Collector and states that the allowance proposed by him may be paid to them after ascertaining what duties they perform.		
Price Control		
Food-grains.	24-11-06	182
The Board issues a circular impressing upon all Collectors the necessity to control the imports and exports of grain in times of scarcity in the interests of the people.		
Company's Weavers		
Exemption from loom tax. (See 177/485).	17-12-06	186
The Collector forwards a list of weavers employed under the Company and asks the Sub-Collectors to remit the loom tax due from them and to send an account of it, so that it may be collected from the commercial treasury. (See 187/154).		
Settlement Report		
F. 1215.	17-11-06	194
Native Troops		
Disaffection.	13-12-06	200
A rumour was set afloat among the native troops, with a view to create disaffection towards the British Government, that the eventual object of the Government was to convert them all to Christianity. Government understand that this rumour was believed by a section of the native troops. To avoid misapprehension, they publish a proclamation declaring that they will on no account interfere with the religion of the natives and that the natives are at liberty to practise and follow their ceremonies according to their religion. The Board forwards copies of the proclamation to the Collector for publication throughout the district.		

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.
1806.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Customs		
Exemption of indigo.	28- 1-1806	4
Mr. E. W. Fallofield, the Collector, writes to the officer of sea and land customs at Pondicherry to exempt the export of indigo belonging to Col. Cullen.		
Revenue Administration		
Collector's report to the Board.	30- 1-06	5
1. *Before the war of* 1780.		
"The country was flourishing, the population was extremely great, the cattle numerous and the lands completely cultivated. The commerce was flourishing and the manufacture of goods rose to a degree of eminence and perfection."		
2. *After the war.*		
"In 1804, the country presented a scene of bordering on desolation, vast numbers of inhabitants had either perished or quitted the place, the cattle had been destroyed and the villages were almost in ruins."		
3. He adds that a happy change has since taken place and the country has become very prosperous.		
Military Bazaar		
Taxes.	9- 3-06	25
The Collector proposes to levy a tax on all shops in the cantonment and to credit the amount to the head of bazaar fund. He submits his proposal to the Board for approval.		
The Board approves it.	..	71
Tiruvendipuram Estate		
Collector's report to Board.	..	28
The Collector gives a detailed report and submits accounts and documents in respect of the administration of Tiruvendipuram district.		
Indigo		
Extent of cultivation.	29- 3-06	44
The Collector reports to the Board that an extent of 250 cawnis has been cultivated with indigo by Col. Cullen.		
Postal		
Tappals between Cuddalore and Pondicherry.	11- 4-06	49
The Collector explains the arrangement he has made for the transhipment of tappals between Pondicherry and Cuddalore and gives a statement of costs to the Finance Committee.		
Town Duties		
Abolition of.	23- 7-06	75
Government abolish the collection of all town duties at Pondicherry. The Collector therefore writes to Mr. Pernon to withdraw all customs servants.		
Arrack and Toddy		
Renting proposals.	26- 7-06	77
The Collector obtains sealed proposals for renting the arrack and toddy farms in Cuddalore and Pondicherry and submits them to the Board.		
Betel, Tobacco, Etc.		
Tiruvendipuram district.	22-11-06	107
The Collector submits to the Board proposals for renting betel, tobacco, ganja and bang.		

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.
1806-7.

Irrigation Repairs		
Mr. J. L. Caldwell, Superintendent of Tank Repairs and Watercourses inspected the several tanks and sources in the district and submits his report on their condition, with estimates for repairs amounting to Pag. 3,004.	1- 4-1806	25

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Newnham, Mr. Thomas		
Administration of oath.	3- 9-06	62
The Collector reports to the Chief Judge at Madras that he has administered the prescribed oath to Mr. Thomas Newnham.		
French Residents		
The Collector reports to the Judge at Viruddachalam that no French family is residing under his jurisdiction.	17-9-06	69
Embezzlement		
Manager, Vellore Pay Office.	29- 8-06	70
Rungapah was the head accountant and manager of the Pay Master's office at Vellore. During his term of office he misappropriated public money to the extent of Pag. 12,000. The military officers made enquiries and forward the records of enquiry to Government who forward them to the Collector and Magistrate with directions to bring the offender to trial under the judicial regulations.		
Indigo Vats		
Col. William Cullen reports to Government that he had to establish vats in different parts of the country to carry on the manufacture. He has occupied only waste lands, of which he encloses a list, with the consent of the owners.	26-12-06	110
Famine Relief		
Rice supply.	1- 4-07	133
The Collector reports to Government the scarcity of grain in his district and asks for a supply from Madras.		
Government accordingly send two ship loads of rice to Pondicherry and forward the invoices to the Collector.	10- 4-07	143
Company's Weavers		
Exemption from loom tax. (See **185**/186).	..	154
The Collector forwards an account of the loom tax due from the weavers employed under the Company's investment to the Commercial Resident and asks him to pay the amount. (See **190**/43).		

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1807.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Famine Relief		
Proposals.	28- 1-1807	9
Owing to failure of the season, there was scarcity of grains in Cuddalore and Pondicherry and the inhabitants were in a distressed condition. The Board asks the Collector to report the state of the district and to suggest the manner in which relief should be granted to the inhabitants.		
Cuddalore and Tiruvendipuram Estates		
Settlement of.		
1. The Board forwards to the Collector the orders of Government approving the proposals made by Mr. Fallofield, the Collector, to settle the rent of Cuddalore and Tiruvendipuram on a permanent basis. The permanent rent of Cuddalore estates was fixed at St. Pag. 5,000 a year while that of the six estates of Tiruvendipuram district was fixed at St. Pag. 9,800. The latter are to be sold.	6- 2-07	13
2. The Board informs the Collector that it has been decided to retain Cuddalore town and harbour in the hands of Government. (See. p. 105).	8- 9-07	88
Military Supplies		
Magistrate's duties.	20- 3-07	46
The Board informs the Collector that the duty of attending to supplies for troops marching through the country is imposed on Magistrates.		
Annual Accounts		
The Accountant-General issues his instructions to the Collector for the preparation of the annual accounts of the district.	18- 4-07	53
Arrack and Toddy		
Tiruvendipuram.	6- 9-07	99
The Board accepts the proposals made by the Collector to rent the arrack farm to the highest bidder.		
Cuddalore		
Sale of estate.	27-10-07	105
The Board asks the Collector to publish a notification for the sale of the estate on 28-11-07. (See **191**/41).		

Miscellaneous Correspondence.

1806–7.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Revenue Arrears		
Tirukoilur subdivision.	21- 5-1806	3
1. The Sub-Collector, Tirukoilur, reports that the settlement of revenue for the current fasli has not been made according to the orders in force and that the ryots had a just cause for complaint. He adds that the accounts have been rectified after verification.		
2. *Resistance of the monigars.*	4	
In spite of this the monigars are not satisfied and they propose to proceed to Madras to lay their case before the Board and they ask the ryots and other monigars to suspend payment of revenue to Government till they have done so.		
3. The Sub-Collector publishes a notification stating that all due concessions have been given in the account and that they cannot expect any more during the fasli.		
4. As the revenue is not forthcoming the Sub-Collector directs the Tahsildars to seize the property of those monigars who are at the bottom of the trouble, during their absence from the village.		
5. The arrears relating to f. 1212 were very heavy and the Sub-Collector found on verification of the accounts that almost all the balances were collected and kept back by the monigars. He also found in the course of his examination of accounts that assessments on uncultivated waste lands also have been collected. For this reason, he recommends the remission of the entire balance for f. 1212.	10- 7-06	30
Revenue Establishment		
Charges in Arcot sub-division.	29- 6-06	40
The Sub-Collector, Arcot, submits his annual estimate of charges for f. 1216 to the Collector for approval.		
Betel, Tobacco, Etc.		
Renting proposals.	25- 8-06	53
The Collector forwards a notification inviting proposals for renting the exclusive privilege of vending betel, tobacco, ganja, bhang, etc., to the Sub-Collector, for publication and for receiving proposals.	3-10-06 6-10-06	81 85
Tasdik Allowances		
Collector's instructions.	1- 9-06	64
1. The Collector informs the Sub-Collector that a sum of Pag. 255-34-34½ is available for distribution to temples in his district and issues instructions as to how it should be utilized. He also issues instructions for the proper management of the temple affairs.	27-10-06 10- 1-07	96 116
2. The Sub-Collector replies that he will distribute the allowances but proposes some changes in the distribution.	27-10-06	97
Famine Relief		
Proposals.	13- 1-07	125
1. The Collector informs the Sub-Collectors that he has obtained the orders of Government to employ poor labourers, on a grain payment, in repairing the tanks, watercourses and roads in the country, with a view to avoid their emigration.		
2. He asks the Sub-Collectors to collect a sufficient quantity of grain from inland merchants and to store it for future use. They should also select suitable works.		
3. Mr. C. R. Ross replies that the prospect in his division is gloomy and the inhabitants are in distress. He states he has made arrangements to start relief works and asks for the supply of one full ship load of Bengal rice for distribution to labourers and for sale to others. He says, "In this Taluk, Paloor, which I consider my best, this year, the ryots have for some time had recourse to the produce of jungles for a wretched subsistence (leaves, roots, and grass seeds, etc.). These they boil with a handful of dry grain, and thus form a sort of Kanjee which they drink. From the nature of this diet, you may conceive it does little more than keep soul and body together."	20 -2-07	147
4. He reports that famine works are in progress and that he proposes to pay the labourers of Vellore and Paloor in money, since a supply of grain is coming from the Baramahal and Mysore.	22- 1-07	162
5. Mr. C. Hyde, Sub-Collector, Tiruvannamalai, applies for Pag. 6,086 to undertake repairs to temples in his division.	1- 4-07	176

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1806-7.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Tasdik Allowances		
The Collector communicates the orders of Government sanctioning the grant of allowances to temples under the Sub-Collectors as below.	13- 1-1807 19- 8-07	11 94
Pag. f. c. — Tiruvannamalai .. .. 8,651-11-7. Arcot .. .. .. 2,501-29-24.		
Company's Weavers		
Exemption from loom tax. (See 187/154). The Collector asks the Sub-Collector to pay the loom tax of all the weavers in his division, who are employed under the Company's investment. (See 200/7).	15- 2-07	43
Survey and Settlement		
Staff. The Collector informs the Sub-Collector, Tiruvannamalai, that a party of 50 surveyors, with a peon attached to each is deputed to undertake the survey of his division and that he should watch their work. He asks the Sub-Collector to pay them monthly at the rate of Pag. 5 for surveyors and Pag. 1 for peons and to indent on him for the necessary funds.	11- 1-07	55
Bazaar Fund		
Taxation. Government direct that necessaries of life should not be taxed and that arrack and other articles which cannot be considered as necessaries should alone be subject to taxation under the bazaar fund.	14- 8-07	101
Kavalgars		
Allowances. The Collector forwards an account of allowances due to Kavalgars on account of the increase sanctioned by Government and asks the Sub-Collectors to pay them.	8- 9-07	114
Passport Regulations		
Revision of. Government have made certain modifications in the regulations framed for the issue of passports. The issue of passports and the watching of the movements of foreigners are vested with the police. The Collector forwards a copy of the orders of Government to the Sub-Collectors.	22- 8-07	125

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.

1807-8.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Revenue Administration		
Cuddalore and Pondicherry. The Collector, Mr. Fallowfield, sends a detailed report to the Board on the resources of the country and its inhabitants. There is a scarcity of grain. He asks the permission of the Board to undertake the repair of an irrigation source near the village of Sarampaukam in Pondicherry at a cost of Pag. 450.	7- 3-1807	14-5
Food-grains		
Purchase for storage. The Collector, Mr. Fallowfield, reports to the Board that he has purchased grains to the value of Pag. 1,634-33—0, and applies for the sanction of the expenditure. He also asks the Principal Collector of Arcot to inform him of the quantity of grains that he may require for use in his district.	7- 4-07	26
Exchange		
Star pagodas. The Collector informs the Mint Superintendent at Madras that revenues in Pondicherry and Cuddalore are settled in Star pagodas, Arcot rupees, Madras fanams, or Pondicherry fanams and are credited in the accounts in pagodas at the following fixed exchange.	21- 4-07	29
3½ Arcot rupees .. .. One Star pagoda.		
45 Madras fanams .. .. do.		
29 Pondicherry fanams .. .. .. do.		

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Cuddalore and Tiruvendipuram Sale of estates. (See 188/105). 1. The Collector submits to the Board a draft advertisement for publication regarding the sale of Cuddalore and Tiruvendipuram estates. He also submits the rules and conditions of tenure on which the estates are to be held in perpetuity. 2. The annual rent for Cuddalore is fixed at Pag. 5,000 and for Tiruvendipuram at Pag. 10,365. 3. The Collector reports also on the privileges claimed by the Nattawars of Tiruvendipuram. (See p. 76).	6- 7-07	41
Arrack and Toddy Renting proposals. The Collector forwards to the Board of Revenue the several proposals received by him for renting the following farms in Cuddalore and Pondicherry. (*a*) Arrack and toddy farms. (*b*) Cocoanut farms. (*c*) Palmyra trees. (*d*) Chank fishery.	15- 8-07	60
Tiruvendipuram Nattuvar's claims. (See p. 41). 1. The Collector informs the Board that he assembled all the Nattawars of Tiruvendipuram and informed them of the determination of Government to grant the estate to them if they would relinquish all their claims to their privileges. 2. The Nattawars, after considering the proposal, stated that they agreed to the terms but at the same time they requested the Collector to mention in the sanads to be granted to them, that the estates were conferred on them without purchase in lieu of the privileges they have hitherto enjoyed. 3. He informs the Board that the grant of the estates jointly would cause much inconvenience and recommends the grant of the estates separately to those Nattawars whose names are affixed in their representation.	7-10-07	76
Revenue Renter Chinnama Naick pollam—Naidupet. The Collector informs Appavoo Mudaly that the villages of Chinnamanaickpollam and Naidupet have been rented to him by Government on an annual rent of Pag. 1,150 and direct him to take charge of the villages from 12-7-07 or f. 1217.	3-11-07	80

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1807.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Famine Relief Distribution of rice. Government supplied rice to the Collectors of districts where there was scarcity, for sale to the inhabitants. They also fixed the price of rice to be sold at 2 fanams a measure. The Collector of Nellore reports to the Grain Committee that rice is selling in his district at a cheaper rate and asks for permission to sell at a lower rate than that fixed by Government. The Grain Committee thereupon suggests to Government that all the Collectors to whom grains have been supplied may be permitted to dispose of them at such rates, as may be consistent with the means or necessities of the inhabitants and that they may also be permitted to make free distribution in really deserving cases. The Government agree with the Grain Committee and communicate their suggestion to Collectors for observance.	14- 6-1807	31
Famine Relief Return of emigrants. The Committee for managing the Poor Fund at Madras informs the Collector that the number of poor assembled and receiving relief is about 15,000 and that steps should be taken to send them back to their villages, since the weather has changed. The Collector states in reply that the season has improved much and that as many poor as are able to work may be returned to the villages.	29- 8-07	47

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1807–8.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Salt		
Export to Bengal.	30– 7–1807	7
The Collector asks the Agent for Salt Monopoly at Madras to supply him with some prescribed blank permits and to let him know the price that should be charged for exporting salt.		
Salt Establishment		
The Collector reports to the General Agent for Salt Monopoly that no reduction in the establishment is possible.	4– 8–07	9
Salt Manufacture		
Improvements.	1– 9–07	12
The Agent for Salt Monopoly at Madras asks the Collector to report on the existing mode of manufacture and sale of salt in the district according to a form given by him, and to suggest improvements.		
——— The Collector submits the particulars called for by the Agent and states that the manufacture and sale of salt have increased very rapidly within the last 3 years, and that the present mode of management is satisfactory.	30– 9–07	16

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1807.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Village Headman		
Tahsildar's power to punish.	20–10–1807	4
The Tahsildar, Tiruvady, kept a monigar under restraint in order to enforce payment of certain extra collections made by him. The man was brought before the court. The presiding Judge, Mr. D. Cockburn, released the monigar, as he found that the confinement was not legal. He writes to the Collector stating that the Collector has no power to keep the monigar under confinement or to fine him two months' wages. The Collector admits the illegality of the confinement but explains the circumstances under which a fine of two months' pay was imposed upon the monigar.		

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1807–8.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Tiruvannamalai Temple		
Religious inams.	26– 6–1807	7
1. The inams granted to Tiruvannamalai temple were once resumed when the ceremonies due to the pagoda were not properly carried out. The reason was that the village headman and karnam did not allow the Brahmins attached to the temple to enjoy the full benefit of the inam lands.		
2. Since the Brahmins came to know that the inams are managed direct by the Government and that they are independent of the village officers, they began to perform the ceremonies regularly. So the Sub-Collector recommends to the Collector that the inams which were resumed, may be restored.		
Purniah		
Diwan of Mysore—Tour to Tirupati.	18– 1–08	28
Government inform the Collector that Purniah, Diwan to the Mysore Rajah, is making a tour to Tirupati and that he should be received with due respect and honor at all places by Government officers who should also render him all assistance in the matter of supplies.		
Food-grains		
Store at Pondicherry.	21– 3–08	116
The Grain Committee informs the Collector that there is no advantage in keeping the grain store at Pondicherry and asks him to dispose of the whole stock of grains at as high a price as can be obtained without delay.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Yeomiahs		
Native physician.	21- 4-08	134
1. Sheik Mudar was receiving a pension of Rs. 15 a month to attend and administer medicines to all travellers and indigent sick at Arcot. This allowance was made from the time of the Nabob and continued by Maj. Graham and Mr. Garrow. It was stopped during the time of Col. Macleod.		
2. Though the allowance was stopped, Sheik Mudar, from a feeling of humanity, continued his services without any remuneration nor did he accept any appreciable offers of money from patients.	6	
3. The Sub-Collector received a mahazar from the respectable inhabitants of the place, for the continuance of the original allowance to the native physician. He therefore recommends to the Collector that the allowance of Rs. 15 a month granted to Sheik Mudar should be continued and that all his arrears also be paid to him.		
Revenue Renter		
Chidambaram—Surrender of lease. (See 180/94.)	7- 5-08	164
Mr. Edward Campbell was the renter of Chidambaram farm. He represents his difficulties in managing it and requests the Collector to accept the surrender of his lease for the remaining period. He also requests the Collector to collect the amount of arrears due to him from the ryots and adjust the same towards his dues to Government for the current year. (See 200/79.)		
Tasdik Allowances		
The Sub-Collector, Tirukoyilor, reports to the Collector the arrangements he had made for the proper conduct of temple affairs, with the increased allowances sanctioned. He also recommends the grant of money allowances to six other temples and states that they are also entitled to the allowances.	15- 5-08	186
District Boundary		
The Inspector of Revenue Surveys asks the Collector to report the description of the principal land marks which define the boundary of his jurisdiction in the district and to submit a surveyed plan of the district if one is available.	21- 5-08	193
Jamabandi Report		
F. 1217.	20- 5-08	196
The Sub-Collector, in submitting the accounts and report for f. 1217, states that the revenue for f. 1217 has increased by Pag. 48,580 over that of f. 1216.	24- 5-08	211
Vessel		
Seizure at Penang—Sungera Naick's complaint.	13- 5-08	231
Sungera Naik, son of Kumarapah Naick, a private merchant of Cuddalore, complains that his vessel, under Danish flag, was detained by the authorities at the port of Polo Penang and that it was released only on furnishing security. He explains the circumstances under which his vessel was sent under Danish flag and seeks the protection of Government for the refund of the security.		

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1807-8.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Loan to Government		
Government inform the public that they have stopped receiving further subscriptions for the 8 per cent. loan and communicate a copy to the Collector for information.	24-12-1807 2- 6-08	3 105
Judicial Establishments		
Government communicate to the Collector a list of revised establishment that should be maintained by the District Courts.	17- 2-08	23
House-rent Allowances		
The Accountant-General informs the Collector that Government have disallowed the grant of house-rent allowances to Civil Servants and asks him not to pay it from the month of May onwards.	19- 4-08	61
Treasury Accounts		
Accountant-General's review.	6- 6-08	111
Native Fund		
Regulations.	18- 6-08	121

Vol. 196—*cont.*

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Exchange		
Rates.		
Government publish an advertisement fixing the rate of exchange at 8*s*. 3*d*. per pagoda.	20- 6-08	135
Regimental Surgeons		
Pay and allowances.		
The Accountant-General communicates to the Collector the rates of regimental pay and allowances due to Surgeons and Assistant Surgeons attached to districts.	15- 7-08	156
Military Batta		
The Accountant-General directs the Collector to exercise careful scrutiny over charges incurred on account of military batta.	6- 9-08	169
Leave Regulations		
The Accountant-General forwards a copy of the rules framed by Government in regard to grant of leave to Civil Servants. Only half the allowance will be paid for leave for more than three months.	19-11-08	225
Bank Notes		
Receipt discontinued.		
The Accountant-General communicates to the Collector for publication a copy of the proclamation of Government stating that bank notes should not be accepted in payment of revenue or other demands after 1st February 1809.	13-12-08	233

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1808.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Copper Coinage		
To remove inconvenience and to establish a proper coinage throughout the Company's districts, Government issue a new copper coinage of the following numbers. (*a*) Double dubs at 24 per rupee. (*b*) Single dubs at 48 per rupee. (*c*) Half dubs at 96 per rupee. (*d*) Quarter dubs at 192 per rupee. They publish a notification declaring the receipt and issues of these coins legal, and direct the Collectors to give wide publicity to their orders.	12-12-1807	25
House-rent Allowances		
The Collector informs the Sub-Collector, Tiruvannamalai, that he has received orders from the Accountant-General to discontinue the payment of house-rent allowances to persons drawing a salary of more than Pag. 150 a month.	22- 4-08	47
Kattubadi Inams		
Levy of quit-rent.		
1. An extent of 8,229 cawnis in dry and 1,760 cawnis in wet was classed as cuttubady inam lands, having been granted for services to be performed. 2. These lands were enjoyed in some cases by the original inamdars, or their relations and in other cases by persons, who have no connection with the service and who have succeeded to them without authority. 3. The Collector investigated the inams and reported to the Board the necessity to re-examine all the inams. He proposes to levy quit-rent on certain classes of inams. 4. The Government, on the recommendation of the Board, approve the proposals made by the Collector.	10- 6-08	60
Foreign Liquor		
Renting.		
1. The Board informs the Collector that the exclusive sale of foreign spirits in places where the land revenue has been permanently settled, should be rented by renters or zamindars and in other places by the Collector. 2. It therefore asks him to submit proposals for renting the farms under his control. 3. It suggests the issue of licences to each shop which should be charged with the payment of a specified monthly tax. Any person should be at liberty to open a shop on payment of the said tax, and on taking out a licence.	- 4-08	97

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Foreign Liquor—*cont.*		
4. The Board further informs the Collector that Government have allowed $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the net collections to the Collector and that this will be given in addition to the established allowance on account of salary and commission. The Board, therefore, asks the Collector to show all possible improvement in this branch of revenue.		
Revenue Administration		
F. 1217.	29- 8-08	135
The Collector submits his annual administration report to the Board and states that there has been an increase of Pag. 2,43,856 in the revenue of the district.		
Government on the recommendation of the Board, express their appreciation of the able service rendered by the Collector, **Mr. Ravenshaw**, and his subordinates.		

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1808.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Tasdik Allowances		
Increase of.	18- 5-1808	5
The Sub-Collector, Tirukoilur, reports that he has effected much improvement in the affairs of the temples, with the increased allowance sanctioned by the Collector and that he has made arrangements for the payment of ready money allowances to the employees of temples in some cases.		
Revenue Administration		
F. 1217—Tirukoilur Sub-Collector's report to the Collector.	18- 5-08	7
Sub-Collector's Tour		
Mr. Charles Hyde.	4- 6-08	30
Mr. Charles Hyde, Sub-Collector, reports to the Collector that he was on constant tour in his division, that he encouraged the ryots in their cultivation, that he heard what the inhabitants had to say in the matter of village improvements and that his tour was of considerable advantage to the country and also to the Company.		

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1808.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Rewards		
For apprehension of prisoners.	25- 2-1808	19
The Judge of the Vriddachalam Zilla Court forwards to the Collector a receipt for a sum of Rs. 590 being the amount of rewards due to persons, who have apprehended 59 prisoners convicted for robbery by the Court of Circuit, and asks the Collector to send the amount for distribution.	11- 8-08	167
Misconduct		
Shroff.	27- 6-08	102 185
The Sub-Collector, Vriddhachalam, informs the Collector that shroff Subaraya Chetty of Tiruvannamalai district has been sent to the Judge at Virudhachallam under Reg. XXXIII of 1802 and asks him to obtain the permission of the Board to prosecute him.		
Suit against the Collector		
The Judge of the Viruddachalam Court issues summonses to the Collector, Mr. Ravenshaw, to appear in court to answer a complaint of illegal exaction of revenue made against him by Lakshmi Reddy of Mambakam.	12- 6-08 8- 7-08 2- 4-08	161 171 247
Salt		
Illegal transmission.	9- 8-08	165
The Zilla Court at Viruddachalam, forwards 33 bullock loads of salt seized by the Police for want of the prescribed ravannahs, to the Collector for confiscation.		
Arayankuppam Ferry		
The right to maintain a ferry at the passage of the river Arracupong in Pondicherry was granted to one Chinnappan by the French Government. It is alleged that this Chinnappan misused the concession granted to him and charged heavy fees from travellers contrary to the rules.	3- 8-08	126

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Arayankuppam Ferry—*cont.*		
One M. Gerard began to construct vessels, with a view to keep a passage boat over the river for public use.		
The Court at Pondicherry at the instance of Chinnappan, to whom a sanad was granted, prohibited M. Gerard from keeping a passage boat over the river at Arracupong on pain of confiscation.		
M. Gerard therefore submits a representation to Government and to the Collector for redress.		
The Collector applies to Mr. Fallowfield, Judge and Magistrate at Pondicherry, for an attested copy of the sanad granted to Chinnappan.	25- 8-08	181
Mr. Fallowfield forwards a copy of the sanad and states that he had not received any complaint about any misuse of the concessions granted, by Chinnappan and that he is bound by his sanad to keep boats in constant readiness at all hours of the day and night for the regular passage of tappals. He adds that Chinnappan has been performing his duties regularly. He also states that he will have no objection to permit M. Gerard to keep big vessels for transporting horses and carriages, if no money be demanded for the purpose.	5- 9-08	203
Government Prosecutions		
The Judge and Magistrate communicates an extract of his orders in regard to the correct mode of prosecuting criminal complaints on behalf of Government.	28- 9-08	255
Such complaints need not necessarily be filed by Government vakils; any servant of Government may be duly authorized to file them.		
Talayaris		
Duties of.		
The Judge and Magistrate, Viruddachalam, suggests to the Collector that talayaris should be employed only in the villages to which they are attached and that they should not be exclusively employed in watching the Government salt pans. They should be made responsible for the general safety and security of property and for preventing illicit manufacture, sale, transit, import or export of salt.	30- 6-08	315
Complaint against the Collector		
1. Gundu Pandit, late Tahsildar, Gingee, made a complaint against the Collector, Mr. J. G. Ravenshaw, in Vriddhachalam District Court, for wrongful confinement on suspicion of his being concerned in the embezzlement of public money.	..	375
2. On the day of hearing, the Government Pleader appeared under instructions from the Collector.		
3. The Court took it that the Collector was defending the case on behalf of Government and proceeded to consider the propriety of his action. It came to the conclusion that the matter under dispute was purely a private one and that the Collector could not defend it on behalf of Government.		
4. The Court therefore adjourned the case and informed the Collector that he should appear in Court on the next hearing date.		
5. The Collector in reply reports the circumstances of the case to justify his action in defending the case on behalf of Government.		

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1808.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Company's Weavers		
Loom tax. (See 190/43).		
The Collector forwards to the Commercial Resident an account of loom tax due by the weavers employed under the Company's investment and asks him to pay the amount of Pag. 1,180 into the treasury at Tiruvandipuram. (See 201/345).	2- 7-1808	7
Revenue Renter		
Chidambaram. (See 185/164).		
The Collector informs Mr. Campbell, renter of Chidambaram farm, that Government have consented to resume the farm and that the arrears due to him will be collected by the Tahsildar and adjusted to his account. He asks the renter to issue a notification to the public that the farm is entrusted to the care of the Tahsildar and that all revenues might be paid to him. The Collector further asks the renter to send all the accounts of the farm to the Tahsildar.	2- 8-08	79

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Inspection of Survey		
Duties.	9- 8-08	103
1. The Superintendent of Survey communicates to the Collector the regulation of Government which defines the duties of the Inspector of Surveys.		
2. According to this regulation the Inspector of Revenue Surveys is (*a*) " to correspond, with such of the Collectors as have surveyors under them, and on subjects relating to his department he shall be the sole channel of correspondence with the Board of Revenue ", and		
(*b*) " he is authorized to correspond officially with those Collectors whose districts are imperfectly known and to point out to the Board those tracts which, when surveyors are disengaged, ought to be next surveyed."		
Carnatic Debts		
Committee of Enquiry.	14- 9-08	133
Government, at the request of the Commissioners appointed for investigating certain debts of the late Nabob of the Carnatic, direct the Collector to render all necessary assistance to the Commissioners and to furnish all accounts and information that they may require.		
Rajah of Tanjore		
His mother's tour.	24- 9-08	141
Government communicate a tour programme of the Tanjore Rajah's mother, who is visiting Tiruvannamalai, and direct the Collector to arrange for supplies and other assistance that might be required.		
The Collector asks the Assistant Collector, Mr. Hyde, to attend to their comfort.	1-10-08	151
Salt Manufacture		
Renter's complaint.	20- 6-08	169
Messrs. White and Meenally, the renters of salt farms at Pondicherry, make a report to the Collector that their concern is working at a considerable loss after the establishment of salt monopoly and that the General Agent had not been regular in taking delivery of the articles manufactured, with the result that they have been put to considerable expense in preserving them. They ask him to obtain the permission of the Committee to receive their entire stock on hand. (See 201/44.)		

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.
1809.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Rum		
Distillery.	30- 1-1809	27 48
M. Alexera Tardirel of Pondicherry applies to the Collector for the grant of a licence to establish a distillery for the manufacture of rum in Pondicherry. (See p. 118).		
Salt Manufacture		
Renter's complaint. (See 201/169).	16- 2-09 19- 4-09	44 52-4 106
In reply to the complaint preferred by the renters at Pondicherry the Collector states that the great store mentioned by them was due only to their manufacturing an excessive quantity and that until the salt on hand is sold, the manufacture should be limited to 150 garce per annum.		
The renters again ask the Collector whether they can manufacture a larger quantity if there happens to be any demand from Bengal for their salt.		
The Collector permits the renters of salt pans to manufacture a larger quantity and to find their own markets for the same.		
Tasdik Allowances		
List of.	22- 4-09	115
The Board forwards a list of tasdik allowances payable to the several temples in the district.		
Rum		
Sale in Pondicherry. (See p. 27).	29- 4-09	118
M. A. Tardirel, renter of rum distillery at Cuddalore, asks the Collector to permit him to sell part of the rum manufactured by him at Pondicherry. The Collector in reply states that as such sales would interfere with the rights and sale of other renters, permission will not be granted. (See 202/5).		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Sunn-hemp		
Cultivation of.	29- 4-09	130
With a view to improve the cultivation of sunn-hemp, the Board of Trade called upon the Collectors and Commercial Residents to report the quantity procurable and its value. They submitted their reports which were however very defective. The Board of Trade, therefore, called for a fresh joint report from the Resident and the Collector on the following points.		
(*a*) "How far the sunn plant can be cultivated with advantage in the district?"		
(*b*) Where a sufficient quantity can be procured and at what rate?		
(*c*) The nature of the soil required for growing the plant.		
(*d*) The periods of sowing and of gathering the crop.		
Salt Manufacture		
Renting of.	20- 5-09	147
The Sub-Collector, Trivendipuram, submits his report to the Collector on the management of the several farms in the district after personal inspection.		
Sunn-hemp		
Cultivation of.	28- 7-09	288
1. The Collector and the Commercial Resident submit their joint report to the Board of Trade.		
2. The plant is cultivable in 18 different kinds of soil and in almost all the districts. The period of cultivation varies with the soil in different districts but it is mostly done after September. The report further deals with the quantity obtainable and the variations in price.		
Military Supplies		
Sheep—Butchers' difficulties.	30- 8-09	289
The butchers of Pondicherry complain to the Collector of the difficulties they experience at the hands of the Tahsildar and village headman. They request him to fix the number of sheep that each village should supply and to direct the Tahsildar to regulate the demand accordingly.		
Postal		
Route—Villupuram to Trichinopoly.	29- 8-09	296
The Committee for regulating Postal Arrangements forwards its proposals for a direct connection from Villupuram to Trichinopoly, and asks the Collector to co-operate.	7- 9-09	321
Company's Weavers		
Loom tax. (See 200/7.)	19- 9-09	345
The Commercial Resident at Cuddalore pays to the Collector a sum of Pag. 1,428 on account of loom tax due by weavers employed under the Company's investment. (See 204/266.)		
Cutcherry Buildings		
General orders.	23- 9-09	353
Government inform the Collector that all applications for occupying buildings for the purposes of a cutcherry should be submitted to them through the Board of Revenue.		

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1809.

Spirits		
Illicit manufacture—Pondicherry. (See 201/118).	17-10-1809	5
1. The Assistant Collector, Cuddalore, reports that M. A. Tardirel was carrying on illicit manufacture of spirits in Pondicherry and that it was found out by the Tahsildar and his peons who kept him under restraint. He has also sent a considerable quantity of spirits to Madras after the prohibition was issued by Government.		
2. Thereupon M. Tardirel undertakes to be of good conduct in future and asks to be excused. (See 204/100).		
Irrigation Dispute		
Ammoor tank.	23-10-09	23
The Surveyor of Ammoor reports to the Collector that the supply to the tank was obstructed by the Poodapaliam people, who behaved towards him in an unbecoming manner at the instance of the headman and that they require severe punishment.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Leave		
Junior Civil Servants.	4-11-08	46
Government have passed a regulation that no Civil Servant should be permitted to leave the Presidency less than 12 months after his arrival and that if any exemption is granted by the Governor under any special circumstance, such officer should be asked to undergo the prescribed examination at the end of 12 months.		
The Board communicates these orders to the Collector.		
Revenue Accounts		
F. 1216—Audit report.	18-11-09	58
Salt		
Collection of rawanas.	27-11-09	89
The Collector of Tanjore, with a view to prevent fraud in the sale of salt, asks the Collector, South Arcot, to give effect to the following arrangements.		
"All Tahsildars or choukidars, as may be most convenient in your district, to receive back, from the dealers in salt, after its importation into the places, where it is to be sold, all rowannahs issued for such salt at the place of manufacture or original sale."		
All rowannahs so received by Tahsildars or chowkidars to be collected and forwarded to the Collector by whom they were issued.		

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1809-10.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Postal		
Runners.	4- 1-1810	9
The Collector, Srirangam, forwards to the Collector a list of villages where he proposes to post runners in accordance with the directions of the Post Office Committee.	16- 1-10	33
Rum		
Distillery.	18- 1-10	39
Mr. Alexander Wright of Pondicherry writes to the Collector for permission to erect a distillery for the distillation of rum in the vicinity of Trivacaray.		53
Salt		
Sale in Bhavani.	2- 2-10	105
With a view to extend the sale of salt to Coimbatore the Collector of Bhavany asks the Collector, South Arcot, to report the quantity of the sales in his depots during 1809.		
Misconduct		
Tahsildar—Reddy Rao.	13- 2-10	113
1. Krishnappa Chetty was a gumastah, in Viruddachallam taluk katcheri. He submits a petition to the Head Assistant Collector, Viruddachalam, stating that the Tahsildar, Reddy Rao, is embezzling money and that he was sent out of office as he refused to write false accounts as directed by the Tahsildar. He asks the Collector to make a surprise inspection immediately.		
2. Mr. Cockburn, Head Assistant Collector, Virudachallam, forwards the petition to the Collector and asks for his orders to suspend the Tahsildar from the discharge of his work until the truth or falsehood of the charges can be proved.		
3. Under instructions from the Collector Mr. Cockburn makes enquiries and submits the records to the Collector. He states that the charges against the Tahsildar have been proved and asks for instructions to suspend him and to deal with others concerned suitably.	22- 2-10 3- 3-10	140 165
4. He also makes another report stating that the Tahsildar appointed a Brahmin in the place of a peon with a view to employ him in his private service. He adds in his report that this is one of the many systems of deceit that pervade in the taluk.	19- 2-10	133
5. The Head Assistant has directed some of the witnesses to appear before the Collector.	10- 3-10	193
Revenue Arrears		
Mannargudi taluk.	19- 3-10	210, 235
1. The revenue collection in Mannargudi taluk was badly in arrears. So the Collector deputed Mr. Cockburn, Head Assistant Collector, to investigate and report the reason.		

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Revenue Arrears—*cont.*		
2. Mr. Cockburn reports that the taluk sustained a heavy loss on account of the late inundations and that he has personally examined the loss for 5 miles in every direction around Mannargudi kasba. He recommends the grant of remission in many cases and asks for permission to suspend the collection of kists on such lands as have been completely destroyed by the floods.	24- 3-10	235
3. The Collector agrees that the kists should be suspended and asks him to submit the approximate amount of loss that may thereby arise to Government so that he may report the matter to the Board.	30- 3-10	241
Revenue Arrears		
Mannargudi taluk.	18- 4-10	305
1. The Head Assistant Collector, Mr. Cockburn, submits to the Collector proposals for the entertainment of a special staff for the collection of arrears.		
2. The Collector returns the proposals, suggesting that more peons can be appointed in the place of amins and asking him to consult the new Tahsildar in respect of the necessity or otherwise of an additional staff.	23- 4-10	335
Salt		
Decrease in sales.	5- 5-10	361
The revenue under sale of salt was much on the decrease. The Collector, on investigation, is told that salt is clandestinely gathered and sold in some taluks of Trichinopoly district. He therefore writes to the Collector of Trichinopoly to enquire into the truth of it.		
Revenue Remission		
Mannargudi Taluk.	14- 5-10	389
The Head Assistant Collector, Mr. Cockburn, made personal investigation into the extent of the loss sustained by the renter on account of the late floods and submits to the Collector his report, and a statement of the remission that he proposes.	18- 5-10	403
Saltpetre		
Manufacture.	27- 6-10	469
The Commercial Resident communicates to the Collector the rules framed by Government on the subject of the sale and manufacture of saltpetre and asks him to issue instructions to Tahsildars and chowkidars to help him in preventing illicit manufacture, sale, transit, export and import.		

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.

1810.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Rum		
Export licence.	20- 8-1810	33.
Mr. A. Wright, renter of Puddupeta, applies to the Collector for the grant of a certificate to export a quantity of rum manufactured by him.		
The Collector grants the certificate.		
Rum		
Renter's complaint. (See. 202/5).	..	100
	27-11-10	150
1. Mr. Robert Rhodes, abkari renter, complains that M. Tardirel is carrying on illicit manufacture and sale of rum and that his business is consequently much affected. He asks the Collector to grant him permission to transfer his manufactory to the New Town of Cuddalore.		
2. He also complains of a theft committed in his house by some disguised Frenchmen. (See 205/117).		
Peshwa's Sirdar's Mother		
Pilgrimage to Rameswaram.	27-10-10	116
The Chief Secretary informs the Collector that Lakshmi Bi, the mother of Gannesh Goklah, Sirdar of H. H. the Paishwa, is going on a pilgrimage to Rameswaram and asks him to render all necessary assistance to her and her staff during their tour.		
Indigo Manufacture		
Application for land.	19-11-10	133
Mr. Bronnekam, a merchant at Pondicherry, applies for the grant of 6 cawnis of lands in the village of Manadapetty, near Pondicherry, for the purpose of establishing an indigo manufactory.		

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Misconduct		
Revenue servants.	11-12-10	170
Mr. Cockburn, Assistant Collector, Vriddachalam, reports to the Collector that he has dismissed several of his subordinates for having made unauthorized collections and asks the approval of the Collector for his action. He also communicates a list of servants so dismissed and a list of unauthorized collections made by them.		
He forwards certain depositions recorded by him concerning the misconduct of the Tahsildar and other taluk servants.	19-12-10	192
Company's Weavers		
Loom tax. (See 201/345).	3- 8-10	266
The Commercial Resident of the Company pays to the Collector St. Pag. 925-36-20 on account of loom tax due by the weavers employed under him. (See 208/103-8).		

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1811.

Arrack and Rum		
Distillery at Pondicherry.	2- 1-1811	2
Mr. James Cochrane informs the Collector that he has obtained orders from Government to establish a distillery at Pondicherry and asks the Collector to assist him in securing toddy independently from renters.		
——— The Collector, in reply, states that he should obtain a licence according to the regulations and that he should engage not to allow any Frenchman to be concerned in the distillery.	24- 1-11	10
Boats		
Construction at Nagore.	15- 1-11	27
Government direct the Collector to render the necessary assistance to the Commercial Resident at Nagore in the construction of boats.		
Rum		
Export duty—Complaint of. (See 204/100).	- 3-11	117
1. Mr. Rhodes, the renter at Pondicherry, informs the Collector that the Master Attendant at Pondicherry refuses to export the produce of his distillery duty free, in spite of orders shown to him. He adds that this action of the Master Attendant causes a very serious damage to his interest and seeks the protection of the Collector.		
2. The Collector in reply, states that the demand for duty is not in accordance with the regulations and that the renter is entitled to have his rum exported free of duty according to the existing rules. (See 206/27).		
Saltpetre		
Sale and manufacture—Notification.	21- 3-11	128
The Commercial Resident forwards copies of an advertisement for manufacturing saltpetre and asks the Collector to publish them in the district.		
Revenue Arrears		
Mannargudi taluk.	27- 4-11	150
The Collector informs the Assistant Collector that the arrears in Mannargudi taluk are very large, that the Tahsildar is not very prompt in his collection work and that he himself should proceed to the place, halt there, and take all possible and effective steps for the recovery of arrears, as well as the current revenue.		

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1812.

Rum		
Export.	21- 1-1812	27
The Commercial Resident informs the Collector that Mr. Rhodes exported 10 leaguer 34 welts of rum during December 1811. (See 205/117).		
Investment		
Rejected cloth.		
The Commercial Resident, Cuddalore, forwards to the Collector a statement of cloth rejected at his factory, as unfit for the Company's investment.	24- 1-12 29- 2-12 31- 3-12	31 111 211

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Ryotwari System		
Introduction of.	30- 1-12	45
The Collector issues instructions to the Assistant Collector, Vriddachalam, to introduce the ryotwar system of settlement in all the unsettled villages in the district. He gives in detail the way how he should proceed with the settlement of the villages.	29- 2-12	109
Assistant Collectors		
Native languages—Committee appointed.	23- 3-12	179
The Chief Secretary informs the Collector that Government have appointed a Committee consisting of Messrs. Ellis, Greenway, Mousley, Oliver and Babington to superintend and improve the studies of the Civil Servants and asks him to render the necessary assistance to the Committee.		185
Vriddachalm		
Town improvement advances.	– 3-12	201
1. Mr. M. D. Cockburn, Judge and Magistrate at Vriddachalam, recommends to Government, the necessity to make advances to persons of sufficient means on proper securities to build new houses or improve old ones to an extent of Pag. 2,000.		
2. Government agree with the Judge and accordingly direct the Collector to make advances to an extent of Pag. 2,000 to such of the persons as have sufficient means to repay it in instalments on proper securities.		
3. The Collector informs the Assistant Collector to watch the advances and to see that they are utilized solely for the purpose for which they are intended. (See 209/16-7).	3- 4-12	227
Salt		
Export.	25- 4-12	265
Mr. Boyd at Porto Novo requests the Collector to deliver 20 garce of salt to the ship 'Betray' for the use of the English Settlements on the West Coast.		
Village Settlement		
Reduction of rents.	1- 5-12	281
The Collector asks the Head Assistant Collector to report why the Tahsildar leased the villages at a low rent and to report also the number of cultivators and ploughs employed in each village.		
Chaplain		
Allowances.	20- 5-12	349, 521
The Rev. Holzberg, when performing the duties of Chaplain, was in receipt of an allowance of Pag. 5 to maintain a reader or clerk to the Church. Besides this, Government sanctioned him an allowance of Pag. 20. The Collector is doubtful whether the sanction of Pag. 20 included the sum of Pag. 5 already in existence. He therefore addresses the Commercial Resident who states that the sum of Pag. 20 was sanctioned for the duties to be performed by Chaplain and that the sum of Pag. 5 was intended for payment to the clerk.		
Misconduct		
Tahsildar and sayer amin—Suspension.	18- 5-12	376
Mr. Cockburn, Assistant Collector, reports to the Collector that he has suspended the Tahsildar of Tiruvannamalai and the sayer ameen for disobedience of orders and neglect of duty.		
Cockburn, Mr. M. D.		
Exemption from examination.	5- 6-12	413
Government inform the Collector that they are pleased to exempt Mr. Cockburn from appearing for the examination.		
Revenue Remission		
Mr. Cockburn, Assistant Collector, submits to the Collector proposals for the grant of remission on account of the unfavourable character of the season as follows :— Pag. Tiruvannamalai .. .. 1,441 Tirukoilur .. .. 504 Elavanasoor 1,418	12- 6-12	433
The Collector authorizes him to grant remission in suitable cases up to the limit proposed by him.		444

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Agricultural Advances		
Mr. Cockburn, Assistant Collector, submits proposals for making advances to cultivators with a view to improve cultivation.	12- 6-12	437
The Collector submits the proposals to the Board for sanction.		443
Rum		
Illicit manufacture.	19- 6-12	465
Mr. Johnson, a Company's servant, complains to the Collector that the local arrack renter is manufacturing and selling rum contrary to regulation and that the Amildar is bribed not to take any action.		
Steel Manufacture		
Specimen called for.	10- 7-12	549
The Commercial Resident communicates the orders of the Court of Directors and the Board of Trade to the Collector and asks him to send some specimens of steel manufactured in the district (at Tiruvannamalai and Little Salem) and report their price.		
Misconduct		
Tahsildar and Sarishtadar—Kallakurichi.	10- 7-12	563
The Assistant Collector, Mr. Cockburn, reports to the Collector that he had occasion to suspend the Tahsildar and Sarishtadar of Kallacurchy from their situations and also a gumastah of Vriddachalam taluk.		

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1812.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Customs		
Abolition of grain duty.	11- 1-1812	21
The Collector informs the O.C. Pondicherry that he has issued a proclamation notifying that the duty on grains imported into this district or into every town or place in it, either by sea or land is abolished.		
Military Guards		
On civil duty—Proposals for reduction.	12- 3-12	59
The Commanding Officer asks the Collector whether it is possible to replace the existing establishment of effectives on cutcherry duty by native invalids.		
The Collector in reply states that the native invalids cannot be trusted for duty. He is willing that their number should be reduced.		
Arrack		
Illicit sale at Pondicherry.	10- 4-12	89
The arrack renter, Pondicherry, complains to the Collector that imported arrack is being sold in the town, which interferes with his regular sales. The O.C., on receipt of this complaint from the Collector, issues the following orders to the Superintendent of Police :— "You are hereby ordered to oblige every person landing arrack, to be lodged in the godown here, to furnish the renter with a separate lock and key for those godowns or to permit him to put a lock of his own upon them if he should perfer it, and you are to forbid the people in charge of the arrack, to open the godowns except in the presence of the renter or his servants and to afford the renter every assistance in your power to prevent the sale of arrack in the manner complained of ."		
Customs		
Frauds—Investigation into.	15- 7-12	127
1. The Collector, finding that considerable frauds in the Salt and Customs Department were committed by the public servants, appointed one Nadar Khan to investigate them.		
2. The merchants and inhabitants of Pondicherry complained to the O.C. that Nadar Khan oppressed them. He forwards the complaint to the Collector who replies that he had deputed Nadar Khan to investigate certain frauds in the Customs Department and that he cannot believe that he is treating the inhabitants in an unauthorized way.		

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Salt Manufacture		
Prevention of abuses.	20- 7-12	139
1. The Collector informs the O.C. that public servants of every department are obliged to assist the Collector in detecting the abuses in respect of the manufacture and sale of salt.		
2. The O.C. replies that he has directed the Superintendent of Police and the Master Attendant to render all possible assistance in the matter and the latter to notify the restrictions in the purchase of salt.	21- 7-12	141
Revenue Recovery		
Police assistance.	20-11-12	247
The Collector informs the O.C. that he has received complaints from Tahsildars that Police officers are not helping Revenue officers in the matter of the seizure and sale of distrained properties of individuals, according to the regulations and asks his interference in the matter. The O.C. in reply asks the Collector to send a copy of the regulation referred to by him.	3-12-12	269
The O.C., after satisfying himself as to the reasonableness of the demand for assistance, directs the Superintendent of Police, Pondicherry, who is also a Judicial officer to assist the Tahsildars in the recovery of arrears of rent and revenue particularly from toddy renters.	6-12-12	273
Military Supplies		
Complaint.	12-12-12	289
Lt. R. Inverarity, Commanding a detachment of the 3rd Rt., N.I., complains to the Collector that native officers in his district, except at Chetpet, have not attended to the requirements of the detachment and that the reason for such neglect is stated to be the non-receipt of orders from the Collector.		
The Collector replies that the intimation of the intended march was received very late and consequently he could not issue orders in time.	16-12-12	285

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1812.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Misconduct		
Tahsildars and sayer Amins—Tirukoilur and Tiruvannamalai.	13- 7-1812	1-4
In the matter of the suspension of the Tahsildars and sayer ameens, Mr. Cockburn submits to the Collector the several evidences and reports in support of the crimes alleged against them.		
Police		
Tiruvannamalai—Neglect of duty.	15- 7-12	21
Mr. Cockburn communicates the complaint against the Police officers of Tiruvannamalai, made by the Tahsildar, that they are neglecting night watches and asks the Collector to report the matter to the Magistrate, as it was not the first occasion when such complaint was received by him.		
Customs Office		
Transfer of.	27- 7-12	39
Mr. Cockburn applies to the Collector for permission to transfer the Customs Office from Sankarapur to Anantapur.		
Cotton		
Improvement in cultivation.	28- 7-12	49-54
1. The Board of Trade, with a view to ascertain the real resources of cotton in the country and of affording means to extend its cultivation, frames a set of questions and asks the Commercial Resident to supply the required information. The Commercial Resident in turn asks the Collector to provide particulars to answer the questions framed by the Board of Trade.		
2. These questions embrace the extent and mode of cultivation of cotton and its value to the agriculturist as a crop, its price and the extent of the trade in it and whether the ryot could be induced to grow Bourbon or Tinnevelly cotton if advances were made to him.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Salt Manufacture		
Suppression of abuses.	1- 8-12	81-3
1. The Collector informs the Commercial Superintendent that under Regulation I of 1805 he is bound to assist him in the suppression of illicit dealings in salt and states that there has been much illicit dealing in the district.		
2. The Commercial Resident in reply states that he has issued strict orders to the servants employed in his departments on the subject.	"	
Company's Weavers		
Loom tax. (See 204/266).	13- 8-12	103-8
The Collector asks the Commercial Resident to pay Pag. 1,525-4-40 being the amount of loom tax due by the weavers employed under him for f. 1221.		
Misconduct		
Tahsildar—Tiruvannamalai, Tirukkoyilur and Elamanur.	27- 8-12	161
1. Mr. Cockburn, Assistant Collector, reports after enquiry, that the charges of corruption against the Tahsildars of Tiruvannamalai and Tirukkoyilur have been proved beyond all doubt.		
2. As regards the conduct of Mookanda Rao, Tahsildar of Elamanoor, he states that though there is ample proof to show that he was also corrupt, he may be pensioned in view of his old age and long faithful service for over 20 years.		
Customs		
Company's cloths—Complaint from the Commercial Resident.	27- 8-12	172
1. The Commercial Resident at Nagore complains to the Collector that his goods are unnecessarily detained by customs servants at Tittagudy and Vriddachalam stations and asks the Collector to issue directions not to detain his goods in future.		
2. The Collector, in reply, forwards the report he received from the Assistant Collector stating that the detention complained of was made by mistake and that the customs servants have been directed to release them on production of proper rowannahs.	8- 9-12	323-5
Cotton Cultivation		
Improvement in.	16- 9-12	259
1. The Assistant Collector replies to the questions raised by the Board of Trade and states that cultivation of cotton has considerably diminished, partly from want of demand, but more so from the ryots preferring to speculate in growing indigo, which gives them a much greater profit.		
2. He adds that if the consumption of the articles is increased it would encourage the ryots to give preference to growing it and that the ryots are willing to grow Tinnevelly cotton on the conditions proposed by the Board of Trade.		
3. The Collector gives the particulars for the whole district in answer to the questions raised by the Board of Trade.	23- 9-12	337
Arrack		
Improper sales.	6-10-12	415
Mr. Cockburn, Assistant Collector, forwards the records relating to the arrack renter of Pondicherry "who has been in the practice of selling that spirit, at a lower rate than that specified in the licence and who has therefore become liable to penalty under section 5 Reg. I, A.D. 1808."		
Irrigation Repairs		
Estimates.	19-10-12	465
The Assistant Collector forwards to the Collector an estimate for tank repairs received from the Tahsildar, Bhovanagari, and states that great damage is likely to ensue if the amount mentioned in the estimate is not sanctioned immediately.		
Military Students		
Employed in survey.	6-10-12	475-81
Government forward to the Collector extracts of letters from the Instructor of the Military Institution regarding their intention to undertake the survey operations of the district and direct the Collector to afford the necessary assistance to the officers in the matter.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Tahsildars and Sarishtadars		
Securities demanded.	30-12-12	517
To the Assistant Collector.		
The Collector asks the Assistant Collector to obtain cash securities from all the Tahsildars to an extent of Pag. 2,000 each and from Sarishtadars for Pag. 1,000 each.		

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1813.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Land Dispute		
Parcoodeampettah.	6- 1-1813	3-4
Margaret Guyor complains that Veeraswamy, an agent of the chief natar of the place, has taken possession of her threshing-floor without previously giving her any notice thereof.		
Customs		
Jamaica rum.	28- 1-13	9-10
L. Suffire de la Croix complains that the arrack farmer at Pondicherry demands additional duties on 200 gallons of Jamaica rum over and above what he has paid at the custom house.		
Pensions		
Vaitavollum Poligar.	29- 1-13	10-1
The pension of the Vaitavollum Poligar is transferred from the Collectorate of Chingleput to that of South Arcot.		
Vriddhachalam		
Town-planning. (See 206/201).	12- 2-13	16-7
A sum of Pag. 2,000 is sanctioned for the extension of the town.		
Saltpetre		
Manufacture.	20- 2-13	18
One Muthiah Mudaly undertakes to manufacture 100 candis of saltpetre in the district of South Arcot.		
Rum		
Export to Madras.	29- 5-13	46-51
Mr. Loovre applies for permission to export to Madras by sea 10 casks of rum mortgaged to him by the renter Ramu Pillai.		
——— Export to Bangalore.	30 -5-13	51-3
Mr. Aller requests that he may be permitted to export to Bangalore a quantity of rum purchased from Ramu Pillai.		
——— Export.	30 -5-13	53-5
Subbaroya Pillai petitions that he may be allowed to export the quantity of liquor mortgaged to him by Ramu Pillai.		
Cotton		
Difference in price.	1- 6-13	64-5
The Commercial Resident at Cuddalore wants to know why there is a difference between the actual price of cotton and that stated by the former Collector.		
Ross, Mr. C. R.		
Retrenchment of salary.	23- 6-13	71-2
Mr. Ross, the Collector of Cuddapah and formerly Sub-Collector in South Arcot, is held responsible for the sum of Pag. 1,457-35-73 being the amount retrenched from the salary of Mr. Ravenshaw, the former Collector of South Arcot. But he requests that Government will not insist upon the payment of the sum being made until the answer of the Hon. the Court of Directors is received.		
Yeomiahs		
Manulla Hussany and Kyrullanissa.	28- 7-13	83
The Collector is asked to obtain the permission of the Board for the payment of the pensions of Manulla Hussany and Kyrullanissa, transferred to his office.		
Ferries		
Pennaiyar.	3- 9-13	106
Mr. William Biss, the Superintendent of Tank Repairs, complains that the boatman at the Pennaiyar ferry was absent when he arrived at that place and that consequently he had much difficulty in crossing the river.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Cockburn, Mr. M. D. Leave application. Mr. M. D. Cockburn, Assistant Collector, who has gone to Bangalore to recoup his health, applies for an extension of leave, as he is said to be suffering from liver complaint combined with deranged secretions.	12-11-13	127-8
Military Students Employment on survey. The present two classes of students in the Military Institutions are ordered to be employed on the survey to be conducted in the South Arcot district. The Collector is instructed to afford them the usual assistance.	16-11-13	130-2
Tittagudi Devasthanam The Collector of Thurayur is asked to pay the revenue due to the Devasthanam of Tittagoody.	24-11-13	142-53

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Customs Misuse of rawanas. The Collector of Kurpah complains that goods taken from his district to Madras, Walajapet and Vellore are frequently sold on the road thither and that sometimes rowannahs are returned to him from districts different from those for which the goods were at first destined.	6- 1-1814	9
Arrack Management of farm. Upon the misrepresentation of Voodiachetty, the security for the arrack renters of Pondicherry, the Collector seems to have ordered him to manage the farm conjointly with them. But they petition that the order is prejudicial to them and that as they have not hitherto failed in the payment of their kists it may be rescinded.	19- 1-15	21-24 28-9
Embezzlement Salt amins. B. Venkataramiah and Sheshegiri Row, formerly salt ameenahs in charge of the pans at Cheyoor and Pyanoor respectively, are reported to have embezzled a considerable sum. They are therefore ordered to be sent to Karunguli for punishment.	22- 4-14	48-9
Land Customs Piece-goods. The opinion of the Collector is asked as to the expediency of reducing the land duty of 5 per cent. upon piece-goods.	6- 1-14	52-3
Customs Dyeing duty—Complaints. 1. As the levy of duties on the dying of blue and other sorts of cloths is transferred from the sea custom office to the land custom office, the Tahsildar of Pondicherry orders that all goods should be brought to his office to be chopped and that he should be informed to what place they are to be exported. 2. Messrs. Charles Faure, D. White and F. J. Paul petition that they will have much difficulty in transacting business with the Tahsildar, who does not know English, and that the carrying of bales to the office and back to the godown will involve heavy loss to them. Further they say that they cannot, on the receipt of any goods which are to be dyed, determine the place to which they will be exported.	15- 7-14	76-9
Salt Complaint against amin. Mr. Blin De La Mairie complains that the salt ameenah at Pondicherry has prevented him from transporting some salt belonging to Mr. Law in preference to another renter, Mr. Legrene, by name.	22- 8-14	90-1
Postal Complaint. Mr. Stevenson complains that his newspapers have very frequently been kept in the post office for days together without being delivered to him.	21-10-14	115-6

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Currency		
Circulation of.	24-11-14	124-5
The Collector is asked to state to what extent the new coins of rupees and half and quarter rupees obtain currency in his district.		

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1814.

Customs		
Dyeing duty—Complaint.	18- 7-1814	58-9
The Tahsildar of Pondicherry is directed to collect the duty at the godowns of Messrs. Foure and St. Paul on such blue cloths as have not been regularly stamped before. But in future they should bring all cloths dyed to the chowki to be stamped in conformity with the new regulations.		
Salt		
Complaint against amin.	24- 8-14	74
Mr. Blin De La Mairie is informed that the salt of all manufacturers is sold in rotation and that it would be unjust to accelerate the sale of salt belonging to Mr. Law more than that of any other renters.		
Irrigation		
Inspection of tanks.	29- 8-14	77
The Tahsildars of Chetpet, Tiruvannamalai, Kallacoorchey and Buvanagiri are informed of the ensuing inspection of tanks in their taluks to be conducted by Mr. William Biss, the Superintendent of Tanks.		
Native Fund		
Samiah's family.	7-10-14	97-9
With a view to apply for a pension on behalf of the family of Samiah, the late Tahsildar of Trecullore, the Collector of South Arcot requests the Collectors of North Arcot, Trichinopoly and Coimbatore to state if Samiah was actually employed in their respective offices and how much he contributed to the Native Pension Fund.		

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1814.

Customs		
Sea and land—Equalization of tariff.	6- 8-1814	10-1
The Assistant Collector is asked to equalize the difference between the sea and land custom tariffs.		
Cuttubadi Inams		
Resumption postponed.	6- 9-14	15-6
While conducting his enquiry into cutbady inams, the Assistant Collector should not resume any of them without the authority of Government and the Board of Revenue, for it will be a point of policy for them to decide hereafter whether the inams should be continued or not.		
Decennial Lease		
Amani villages.	8- 9-14	18
Whenever the Assistant Collector receives any proposals from the heads of aumani villages for taking them on the decennial lease, he should report them to the Collector giving his opinion on the state of the villages and the circumstances of the ryots whether they are capable of improvement or not.		

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1814.

Smuggling		
Cloth at Pondicherry.	10- 5-1814	1-4
Suspecting that large quantities of cloth have been smuggled into and sold within the boundaries of the Custom House of Pondicherry, the Assistant Collector requests the aid of the O.C., Pondicherry, to search the bazaar to seize all unstamped cloth.		
Road Repairs		
Cuddalore.	22- 8-14	9-10
The Assistant Collector transmits to the Collector an estimate for repairs to the road and bridges near Cuddalore. They are in such a very bad condition that trade is completely brought to a stand-still during certain months.		

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Customs Peons		
Porto Novo.	16- 9-14	14
Fifteen additional peons are appointed in order to prevent smuggling which is systematically carried on near Porto Novo.		
Corruption		
Tahsildar, etc.	5-10-14	23-4
The Assistant Collector suspends the Tahsildar, Muzumdar and the head gumastah of Buvanagiri taluk for corruption and bribery. He requests that they may be dismissed and that the persons nominated by him to succeed them may be appointed.		

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.
1814-5.

Salt		
Export to Calcutta.	29- 1-1815	43-4 55
The Collector refuses to comply with the request of Mr. C. Comigh for a supply of 40 garces of salt to be exported to Calcutta, as its export on permit to that place is prohibited.		
Tigers		
Skins of.	13- 2-15	95
The Commercial Resident at Cuddalore is desired to get from the Collector skins of tigers and other beasts of prey and transmit them to Madras for sale.		
Irrigation Dispute		
Oulgaret.	5- 4-15	143-5
Mr. Blin of Pondicherry requests the Collector to compel Mauriana Reddy to distribute the water of the three fountains at Oulgaret to 110 cawnis of land in conformity with the regulation of Mr. Thuresby published in 1797.		
Customs		
Indigo refund.	11- 4-15	161-2
Mr. J. Wadelel applies for the refund of duties paid at Pondicherry on two candies of indigo, because he has exported that commodity to Europe.		

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1815.

Karnams		
Disbursement of pay.	11- 4-1815	17-9
Renters have hitherto been given power to withhold the dues of karnams or not according as they may find it convenient. Consequently the karnams have become virtually their servants and have been paid in proportion to their contribution to their interests. Now the Assistant Collector proposes that this evil may be avoided by disbursing their pay from the treasury, thus ensuring the faithful discharge of their duties.		
Customs		
Cloth rawanas.	17- 4-15	25-6
It has been circulated that the owners of cloth brought for sale within the limits of a custom house should deliver the original rowannah to the chowkidar and that if they wish to transport the cloth to another place, they must again pay duty before obtaining a rowannah. As this order is contrary to Regulation I of 1812, it is rescinded.		
Embezzlement		
Huzur Sarishtadar.	30- 5-15	57-8 62, 77
The Assistant Collector desires to institute a suit against Survothama Rao, formerly Huzur Sarishtadar, Venkata Rao and Subba Rao, for having misappropriated Government money.		
Bridges		
Cuddalore.	6- 6-15	75-6
Permission is requested for the disbursement of Pag. 180 for constructing new and repairing some old bridges in the district.		

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Item	Date.	Page number.
Irrigation Repairs		
Tindivanam and Bhuvanagiri.	14-6-15	101, 130
The Assistant Collector requests that money may be granted in addition to what has already been sanctioned for the repair of tanks and watercourses in Tindivanam and Buvanagiri taluks.		
Measures		
Introduction of a standard.	22-6-15	117-21
The Assistant Collector urges the necessity of bringing the Chingleput mercal to the prescribed standard, because it contains 16 measures instead of 12 which is the proper quantity and consequently diminishes the revenue derived from the land customs.		
Smuggling		
Tobacco—Porto Novo.	24-6-15	133
The Assistant Collector is of opinion that the smuggling of tobacco into Porto Novo may be prevented by directing the sayer ameenahs at Virudachallam, etc., to specify the place to which it is to be taken.		
Bribery		
Revenue servants.	31-7-15	239-40
Finding that the dismissal of some of his servants is an inadequate punishment for their bribery, the Assistant Collector of Virudachallam proposes to proceed against them on another charge of "conspiracy to defraud Government" which will subject them to discretionary punishment.		

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1815.

Item	Date.	Page number.
Jamabandi Settlement		
Tindivanam, etc.	9-3-1815	3-5
The Collector makes the jamabandi settlement of the aumanie villages in Tindivanam and Cuddalore divisions and calls upon the Assistant Collector to finish the settlement of Aveshepauk as early as possible. As Pondicherry will shortly be delivered over to the French, he should have in readiness a list of the Hindoovee accounts.		
Suit against Tahsildar		
Right to sell distrained property.	13-3-15	6-7
In the suit against the Tahsildar of Pondicherry by a toddy renter, the arbitrators decide in favour of the plaintiff. But the Assistant Collector is asked to prefer an appeal against the decision on the ground that the Tahsildar is at liberty to sell all distrained properties at the best price or at the price at which they are sold in the bazaar.		
Corruption		
Revenue servants.	8-4-15	12-3
The necessity is urged for proceeding against some of the Huzur servants for corruption.		22, 24-5
Misconduct		
Sarishtadar.	3-6-15	23-4
Authority is given for instituting a suit against Survothama Rao, for having reduced the permanent beriz of the Chetput division thus causing a loss to the Government.		

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.

1815.

Item	Date.	Page number.
Weavers		
Cuddalore—Exemption from quit-rent.	-4-1815	18-23
Some of the weavers in Cuddalore apply for exemption from the payment of quit-rent, in view of their distress. The Commercial Resident supports their application and says that much advantage would be derived from such an exemption to the interest of the factory at that place.		
Pondicherry		
Restoration to the French.	11-5-15	36-45
Lt.-Col. Fraser at Pondicherry is desired to make proper arrangements for delivering over to the French authorities the settlement of Pondicherry. He is further informed that the security of all moveable and immoveable properties belonging to the British subjects and their removal will remain for future adjustment.		

Vol. 217—*cont.*

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Police		
Inams, etc.	8- 6-15	64-5
The Collector is asked to report on inams granted for the performance of police duties in his district and to state whether heads of villages are willing to undertake the judicial and police duties of their villages proposed to be assigned to them by the Hon. the Court of Directors and whether village watchers are sufficiently numerous and remunerated.		
Salt		
Measurement of.	1- 8-15	104-7 123
The Assistant Collector at Covelong orders the standard purrah to be used in the measurement of salt. He is, however, of opinion that the great difference complained of by the Collector of South Arcot must have been due to the joint fraud of salt ameenahs and merchants.		

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.
1815.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Salt Manufacture	19- 6-1815	6, 26
The attention of the Assistant Collector is drawn to the need for immediate manufacture of salt before the season passes by, as the stock on hand is scarcely sufficient to meet the probable demand.		
Misconduct		
Enquiries into.	23 8-15	22-3 40
The Assistant Collector should submit all cases of charges against Huzur servants who are not under his immediate authority to the Collector, waiting for his instructions as to how the enquiry should be opened.		

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.
1815.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Irrigation Works		
Kindunnoor.	-11-1815	99-100
The Assistant Collector requests that Pag. 750 may be sanctioned for extending the Kindunnoor watercourse from Erumboor to Iyanar Coil and for repairing the Maloor watercourse.		
Bribery		
Sarishtadar.	15- 9-15	97-137
An enquiry is held into the conduct of Subba Rao, Sarishtadar of Tindevanam division, and the depositions of the witnesses prove that he has received bribes from several people.		
Misconduct		
Salt amin.	24-10-15	141-60
The depositions of witnesses prove that Babu Rao, the ameenah for the salt pans at Killai, has falsified the salt accounts and received bribes from merchants. (See **227**/37-8.)		
Cockburn, Mr. M. D.		
Allowances.	14-12-15	185-7
Mr. M. D. Cockburn, Assistant Collector of Cuddalore, petitions that the orders of the Hon. the Court of Directors, directing the abolition of the commission on the net revenue derived from salt, etc., have decreased his allowance and that consequently it is quite inadequate to procure any of the comforts of life. He therefore requests that his salary may be increased in view of the greatly increased duty devolving upon him.		

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.
1815-7.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Military Misconduct		
Lt. Robert Crowther.	5- 9-1815	1-16
Lt. Crowther is charged with conduct indecent and derogatory to the character of an officer and gentleman in walking publicly with a woman. He is further accused of disobedience and of having written two letters of a mutinous nature. He, on the other hand, accuses Lt.-Col. Fraser, of having refused to accept his apology. But the latter clearly points out that his remarks regarding his offers to apologize are quite irrelevant and frivolous.		

Vol. 220—*cont.*

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Sepoys		
Discharge.	25-10-15	34-5
Moortie, Mahomed Bram, Syed Husman, Gurvapah, Vencatachellum and Mannaroo are discharged, as they are considered unfit. They are, however, given pensions.		
Post Office		
Pondicherry	21-12-15	62-3
Mr. Fraser complains of the neglect of duty on the part of the writer in the post office at Pondicherry in not despatching the letters daily from thence to Madras.		
Bishop of Calcutta		
Journey to Travancore.	27- 1-16	81-3
The O.C., Pondicherry, is asked to pay particular attention to the Lord Bishop of Calcutta during his stay at Pondicherry. He is further acquainted that he should not receive him with military honours.		
Pensions		
Gulam Mustapha Khan.	12- 2-16	93
Mr. Fraser recommends that a pension may be granted to Gulam Mustapha Khan in view of his distressed circumstances and of his father's services to the Company during the siege of Pondicherry.		
Bille, Admiral		
Governor of the Danish Settlements.	19- 2-16	97-8
Mr. Fraser is asked to receive Admiral Bille with due attention.		
Pensions		
St. Pourcain.	11- 3-16	109-10
The widow of the late Mr. St. Pourcain applies for the continuance of the pension granted to her husband, describing her distressed circumstances.		
Pindaris	6- 4-16	128
Mr. Fraser does not apprehend any danger from the Pindaris as they are reported to be to the north of the Krishna.		
Passports		
Mr. Fanthome.	23- 6-16	142-3 148
Mr. Fanthome complains that Mr. Fraser has refused to grant him a passport to proceed to Cuddalore. But the latter defends himself by saying that he has not complied with his request, because of his disregard for his authority and because of the absolute necessity to prevent a number of young men from moving about the country at their pleasure.		
Le Compte Du Puy, M.		
French Governor.	26- 9-16	214-22
M. Le Compte Du Puy arrives at Pondicherry as the Governor of the French Settlements in India that are to be restored to them. He requests for the immediate restitution of the place. So Mr. Fraser addresses the Government for detailed instructions on the subject and asks him to disembark in the meantine. Government approve of his action and direct him to show every mark of civility and attention to the Governor.		

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.

1815.

Embezzlement		
Cash-keeper.	20-12-1815	93
As Kasi Chetty is said to possess considerable property at Tiruvamoor and other places, the Collector of South Arcot is requested to attach the whole of it as a set off against the large sums of money embezzled by him, while he was cash-keeper at Dharapuram. (See 220/125.)		

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.

1816-9.

Index to letters sent to the Board		
(Badly damaged by damp and weevils.)	1816—9	1-398

Vol. 223.

Miscellaneous Correspondence.

1816.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Bishop of Calcutta		
Journey to Travancore	27- 1-1816	47-9
The Collector is desired to provide requisite supplies for the use of the Bishop of Calcutta during his stay at Cuddalore.		
King of Kandy		
Journey to Vellore.	5- 2-16	63-4
The Collector is asked to make arrangements to facilitate the journey of the King of Kandy and his family and to employ all means for preventing them from becoming objects of undue respect or of idle curiosity.		
Gold Pagodas		
Receipt of.	17- 2-16	83-4
The Collector should instruct his native revenue officers to be circumspect on the receipt of the new double and single pagoda, as a quantity of counterfeit gold pagodas has been detected in the course of circulation.		
Pondicherry		
Boundary survey.	6- 3-16	101
The Assistant Surveyor requests that the Tahsildar of Pondicherry division and the heads of villages may be directed to help him in marking out the boundaries.	26- 2-16	107-8 125-6
Military Supplies		
Instructions to revenue officers.	26- 3-16	142-9
1. When troops move through the country on emergencies, the Commanding Officer should be responsible for any outrage, depredations, etc., committed by them.		
2. On the arrival of such detachments at any village or town, the Collector should wait upon the officer and furnish him with necessary supplies.		
3. The Commanding Officer should as early as possible report to the Collector the nature and extent of the supplies taken on receipt, send for bills and transmit them to the Commissary General for adjustment of accounts.		
4. Collectors are further informed that as the Commander in Chief has been entrusted with the task of protecting the country from the raids of the Pindaris, they should pay the most prompt attention to his requisitions and suggestions.		
Revenue Servants		
Proposed college for.	17- 6-16	191-208
The tendency to corruption, universal among the native revenue servants, is ascribed to the defects of their education, to their uncertain tenure of employment, to the smallness of their pay, to the facility and success with which peculation may be committed and to the impossibility of thoroughly detecting it. The magnitude of the frauds lately committed by some makes it indispensably necessary to adopt some remedy for it. The Board of Revenue, therefore, suggests that a seminary may be established in each district for the education of the native public servants, particularly the Brahmins, with a view to improve their moral principles and attach them to the Government. This proposal is referred to the College Board for their consideration and report. They, in their turn, call upon all the Collectors to offer their sentiments on the subject. (See 226/102-3.)		

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.

1816-20.

Register of letters received from the Board	1816-20	1-368

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.

1816.

Salt Manufacture		
As the manufacture of salt for f. 1224 has considerably decreased, the Assistant Collector is asked to spur on the inhabitants to manufacture more during the current fasli.	6- 1-1816	4-5

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Postal		
Delays.	24- 4-16	30
The writer tries to throw the blame of the delay in the despatch of tappals upon other writers. The Assistant Collector is therefore desired to report whether the complete number of runners for the transmission of mails is kept up or not. (See 228/79.)		
Revenue Renter		
Decennial lease—Paderapooleyur.	26- 5-16	40-1
The Collector rejects the petition of the puttah monigar of Paderapooleyar, a triennial lease renter, praying for the inclusion of his name in the decennial lease, on the ground that he has not presented his case in time. (See 228/85-8.)		
Abkari		
Beer and wine.	29- 5-16	41-2
Beer and wine may be sold without licence, as they are not considered to be spirits and as they have not been included in the regulations.		
Customs		
Chopping.	20- 7-16	57-8
The Collector puts the following construction on clause II Section 17 of Reg. I of 1802. If goods which are inserted in the tariff are exposed for sale without being chopped, then they are liable to seizure, but not goods which are not included in the tariff.		

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.

1816.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Pensions		
Mrs. Frances Demonte.	7- 3-1816	25
The Collector recommends the continuance of the pension enjoyed by the late Mrs. Frances Demonte, to her sons, as they are destitute of any support.		
Irrigation		
Mannargudi tank—Inspection of.	30- 4-16	40-1
The Superintendent of Tanks is asked to examine the Mannargudi tank personally, as a very large amount of revenue depends upon its efficient repair.		
Revenue Servants		
Proposed college. (See 228/191-206.)	28- 9-16	102-3
The Collector is of opinion that the proposal for the establishment of a seminary for the education of the native revenue servants would not only be attended with a heavy expense to Government but is impracticable, because, from the prejudices of the natives, it is almost impossible to provide a regular body of men properly qualified to act as instructors in that seminary. Even if it is practicable, the remedy proposed is not calculated to correct the evils complained of. On the other hand, he thinks that a strict vigilance on the part of Collectors and the system of rewarding by regular promotion such of the revenue servants as conduct themselves properly, will ensure a regular and faithful discharge of their duties.		
French Possessions		
Sayer establishment.	31-12-16	156-7
The British Commissioner at Pondicherry is desired to inform the French Government that the whole of the sayer establishment situated in the villages belonging to them will be withdrawn from 1817 and that no duty will be collected by the British Government.		

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.

1816.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Corruption		
Tahsildar of Mannargudi.	12- 1-1816	33-5
The Tahsildar of Mannargudi is suspended for bribery and corruption. The Assistant Collector, considering the zeal, ability and faithfulness with which he has helped the former Collector in the investigation into the conduct of the public servants, regrets that the punishment inflicted upon them has not had the effect of deterring him from committing similar crimes.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Misconduct Salt amin—Killai. (See 219/161-60). Babu Rao, the salt ameenah at Killai, is prosecuted for falsification of accounts and bribery and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 70 and to undergo imprisonment for three months. (See 232/154-9.)	20- 1-16	37-8
Corruption Revenue servants. Arunachalla Rao, the mazumdar of Mannargudi, Narrain Rao, the peshcar, Sakaju Rao and Appukutty Rao, gumastahs, are suspended for bribery and corruption.	12- 1-16	39-47

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.

1816.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Postal Delays. (See 225/130.) The Assistant Collector remarks that as there is a sufficient number of tappal runners, the delay in the despatch of mails must be attributed to the great negligence of the writer.	11- 5-1816	79
Revenue Renter Paderapooleyur. (See 225/140-1.) The pattah moniger of Paderapooleyur petitions that he and three others were the renters of that village during the triennial settlement and that one of them deceived him and rented the village under the present decennial lease. He therefore requests that his name may be included in it. The Assistant Collector endorses his statement and recommends his case to the Collector for favourable consideration.	11- 5-16	85-8
Temple Car Venkatampettah. The Assistant Collector is of opinion that the repair of the chariot belonging to the temple at Venkatampettah may be undertaken after the feast; for if any attempt is made to complete the work before it, it will be done in a hurried and bad manner and the money expended consequently lost.	17- 5-16	115

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.

1816.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Postal Old route from Chidambaram to Trichinopoly. As the old tappal route from Chidambaram to Trichinopoly *via* Shiyali, Kumbakonam, Tanjore, etc., has been ordered to be restored, the Collector is desired to instruct the person in charge of the tappal station at Chidambaram to make necessary arrangements for forwarding mails by the old route. But the adoption of this route causes much delay in the delivery of mails and so the Collector is desired to send them by the one lately used.	14- 5-1816	14
Irrigation Repairs Survey of. The Superintendent of Tank Repairs requests to be sent a statement, exhibiting a general view of the position of the places at which repairs have been and are being executed, together with their nature, extent, etc., in order to enable him to form his own judgment.	24- 6-16	60-2 69
Weavers Loom-tax. The Collector is desired to state the principle adopted for the levy of loom-tax, whether it has reference to the actual number of pieces of cloth manufactured, or whether it is levied according to the number of months that the looms may have been actually employed.	6- 6-16	104-5

Vol. 229—*cont.*

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Salt		
Standard of measurement.	9- 9-16	131-2

The Collector of Chingleput complains that some of the revenue servants in South Arcot have induced the salt merchants not to visit the Chingleput salt pans. The merchants do this because salt measurements in South Arcot are made by marcals and not by the square purrah as directed by the Board. He therefore requests the Collector of that district to make use of the standard measure in order to avoid any future complaints from the salt manufacturers of the Chingleput district and to ensure an equitable distribution of the salt trade between the two districts.

Inam Sanads		
Forgery suspected.	9- 6-16	33-6

The relatives of Abdul Kurum and Ramasastri enjoy some inam lands on the strength of the sunnuds granted to them during the reign of Nabob Wallajah. But as Krishnan Pillai, an inhabitant of Arcot, deposes that many of the sunnuds granted during that time bear the impression of a counterfeit signet, the sunnuds of the above persons are transmitted to the Collector for investigation.

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1816.

Customs		
Cloth—Prohibition of sale.	19- 7-1816	41-2

There are four sorts of cloth manufactured in Trupopalore, which are not included in the new tariff. They are, therefore, prohibited from being sold, which causes great inconvenience to the public. Instructions are solicited on the subject.

Customs		
Unchopped cloth.	23- 7-16	67-9

The sayer ameenah at Cuddalore prevents 36 corges of cloth belonging to Mr. Richardson from passing, as they do not bear the Company's chop. But his agent states that they had been chopped before they were sent to be dyed and that the chop was later on cut off, as they were rejected by the Company. As this could not however have occurred in the case of rejection and as cloth rejected is newly chopped with the factory mark, the Assistant Collector thinks that the cloth in question is liable to confiscation. Nevertheless he refers the matter to the Collector for instructions.

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1816.

Boundary Dispute		
Maleattevankum and Namelly.	28-10-1816	55

The Collector is requested to depute a person to meet the aumeen appointed by the Collector of Chingleput to investigate the point in dispute.

Barrett, Mr. Thomas		
Theft.	3-11-16	71-3

He reports that he has been robbed in the Nalla Chetti's choultry near Pondicherry and requests that an enquiry may be instituted.

French Settlements		
Restoration—Commissioner appointed.	18-11-16	125-30

As Capt. James Stuart Fraser has been appointed as the Commissioner for conducting the transfer of the French Settlements in India according to the Treaty of Paris, the Collector is desired to attend to all requisitions which he may receive from that officer on the subject of his commission.

Pondicherry		
English establishments in.	7-12-16	157-9

As the Governor in Council concurs in the proposal of the French Governor for the retention of the English establishment as a temporary measure to collect revenue within the limits of Pondicherry, the Collector is asked to maintain a separate account for that division. With regard to the Salt Department, however, no final arrangement has been made, but it should be conducted as heretofore until more particular instructions are received from the Government.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Pondicherry District French villages and their resources. The Collector is requested to send a statement exhibiting the names of the villages belonging to the French district of Pondicherry and its dependencies of Villeanoor and Bagoor, the revenue arising therefrom, the expenses of collection, the number of cattle employed in cultivation, etc.	13-12-16	181-2
Pondicherry District French boundaries. The Collector is requested to help M. Malavois and Lt. Sim in their examination of the limits of Pondicherry and its dependencies with a view to verify the correctness of the plan lately prepared under the orders of Government.	18-12-16	183
Accounting Medical stores. With a view to enable the Medical Board to seperate, as contemplated by Government, the charges of the medicines supplied to the Civil and Military branches of service, the Superintending Surgeon is directed to submit a list of the Civil Servants in the revenue and other departments.	26-11-16	133

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1816-7.

Pondicherry Withdrawal of English establishments. As the French Government are prepared to take charge of the Revenue Department of Pondicherry, the Collector is asked to deliver the office to them, and to withdraw his establishment. The salt pans should also be placed at their disposal along with 50 garce of salt out of 600 garce already manufactured. The Collector is at liberty to export the remaining portion.	6- 1-1817	9-11
Postal Route from Madras to Bangalore. A new route is opened for the transmission of mails from Madras to Bangalore *via* Wallajabad, Arni, Chengam, Ryacottah and Hosur. The Collectors of North Arcot, South Arcot and Salem are required to take immediate steps to carry the new arrangement into effect.	6- 1-17	19-23
Examinations Judges of Madras. It is hereby notified that an examination will be held at which all persons may be present, to qualify for the appointment of Judge or for admission as pleaders in the Courts of Adawlut.	24- 1-17	51-4
Pondicherry District Boundary dispute. As there are certain small portions of land on the borders of the Pondicherry district, claimed by the inhabitants of the English and French villages respectively and as Lt. Sim and M. Malavois are unable to adjust these claims, the Collector is desired to effect a settlement to the satisfaction of both Governments.	2- 2-17	75-82
Customs Cloth duty—*Complaint.* Mr. E. W. Stevenson complains that the sayer servants at Porto Novo have for some time back levied a duty of 5 per cent. on cloth dyed blue, although a duty was already paid on indigo and other materials used in dyeing. But the matter has lately been made worse by the adoption of a method by which another duty of 5 per cent. is charged for all brown cloth on passing the chowki. Consequently the merchants have to pay a duty of 10 per cent. instead of 5 per cent. He therefore requests that the injustice may be removed.	19- 2-17	93-5
French Settlements Customs duty. All articles exported from and imported into the French Settlements are liable to the double duty. Those fit only for internal consumption are however liable to the single duty of 8 per cent. Grain, live stock and all other provisions may pass by land into those settlements free of duty. Grain exported by sea will continue to be subject to the duty of 3 per cent.	4- 2-17	121-4

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
French Settlements		
Settlement of accounts.	4- 2-17	127-34
The settlement of accounts with the French Government for the period during which the revenues of their settlements have been administered by the Company subsequent to the formal act of restitution, is left to the British Commissioner at Pondicherry. It is further ordered that the price to be demanded for such salt as may be furnished for immediate consumption at Pondicherry should be limited to the actual cost price.		

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1817.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
False Charge		
Tahsildar of Chetput.	24- 1-1817	9-12
The Assistant Collector reports that the charge preferred against Nursinga Row, the Tahsildar of Chetpet, for bribery is a false one.		
Cockburn, Mr. M. D.		
Circuit allowance.	15- 2-17	31-7 63-5
The Collector complains that Mr. Cockburn, the Assistant Collector, has drawn circuit allowance for the days he resided at Cuddalore, his headquarters. But the latter replies that although he might have come to that place frequently during his tour, yet those visits do not in the least retard his execution of public business.		
Misconduct		
Salt amin—Killai. (See 227/37-8.)	7- 3-17	54-9 66-70
The papers dealing with the charges, against Babu Row, the salt ameenah at Killai, of bribery and falsification of accounts and with his suspension are submitted to the Board of Revenue for consideration.		
Revenue Complaints		
Increase of.	2- 6-17	169
In view of the numberless complaints submitted to the Assistant Collector, the recording of which retards more important business, he proposes that the present revenue establishment may either be increased or that the permission granted to Magistrates under Reg. IX of 1816 may be extended to him.		

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1817.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Ogilvie, Mr. G. M.		
Assistant Collector.	1- 5-1817	2-5
The Collector assigns the following duties to the Assistant Collector, namely the translation of the Malabar diary and petitions into English, the preparation of an abstract of the English correspondence received and of an index of all letters received from the Board, etc.		
Irrigation Repairs		
Ellavenasore and Kallacoorchy.	17- 7-17	10-1
The Assistant Collector is asked to proceed immediately to the districts of Ellavenasore and Kallacoorchy and to superintend the tank repairs going on there with the help of the native Superintendent of Tanks.		
Salt Pans		
Bhuvanagiri, etc.	24-12-17	28
The Assistant Collector is required to pay a visit to the salt pans at Bhuvanagiri, Markanam and Pondicherry and to ascertain the quantity washed away by the rains.		

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1817.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Cally, Mrs. C. M.		
Assignment of land.	23- 7-1817	7-9
Mrs. C. M. Cally applies for an assignment of waste land at Cuddalore, free of rent, for the purpose of gardening as well as for securing a compound for her house.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Customs Army clothing. The Agent for the supply of army clothes complains that the levy of 32 per cent. duty in the frontier chowki, half on the thread taken to Pondicherry and half on the tape made of the same thread when brought from that place, prevents the weavers from bringing their tape in time and that such delays will be attended with serious inconvenience to the public service. He thinks that the levy of 16 per cent. duty a second time is a mistake and requests that it may be rectified.	20-11-17	16-7

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1817.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Pensions 2nd Ceylon Rt. As the Ceylon Government have directed Messrs. Arbuthnot & Co., to take steps for the payment of pensions for life to those who have been discharged from the 2nd Ceylon Regiment at the place of their residence, the Company requests the Collector to disburse the pension to those at Cuddalore and Pondicherry, drawing upon them for the amount so disbursed.	22- 5-1817	56
Pondicherry Disturbance. The Collector is informed that the English inhabitants on the borders of the Pondicherry district seized and carried away about 60 sheep belonging to the French village of Saderaputtur. This gave rise to a fray which ended in 3 French inhabitants having been severely beaten and carried into English territory. He is therefore required to check the disposition of his inhabitants to take the law into their hands and to make it clear to them, as has been done to the French, that when aggrieved they should represent the matter to their superiors.	4- 7-17	89

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1817.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Bribery Sayer amin. The Sayer ameenah of Tiagar is found guilty of having received bribes both in money and goods from merchants and is therefore suspended.	17- 5-1817	6

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.

1817.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Cognizance Assistant Collector. The Assistant Collector reports that several peons belonging to the Magistrate's Office at Cuddalore are guilty of allowing prisoners to escape, etc. He cannot take cognizance of this, under the orders of the Magistrate. As considerable inconvenience will be felt if they are to be sent to Vriddhachalam for trial, he suggests that he may be empowered to decide the cases at Cuddalore and dismiss the peons.	9- 6-1817	1
Salt Theft Pondicherry—Cognizance of. The Superintendent of Salt Pans at Olundy, a village in the French district of Pondicherry, apprehends and sends one Velan charged with having stolen 11 mercalls of salt, to the Magistrate of Vriddhachalam to take his trial. But as crimes committed within French territory are not cognizable by him, he desires the 1st Assistant Magistrate to state whether any arrangements have been made authorizing the Superintendent to act in the above manner.	16- 6-17	13

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1817.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Embezzlement		
Cash-keeper. (See 221/93).	19- 7-1817	125
The Collector of Coimbatore wants to know for how much the property of Kasi Chetty, attached to cover the sum misappropriated by him, was sold.		
Saatumbauk		
Jaghirdar's pension.	25-10-17	137
The Collector of Chittoor requests that a statement of the average receipts for the past 10 years of the villages of Nullatoor and Cadgumpauk belonging to the Jaghir of Satumbauk may be sent to him in order to enable him to suggest the amount of pension to be granted to the family of the late Jaghirdar, in view of the resumption of the Jaghir.		
Migration of Fishermen		
Pondoupett.	25-11-17	195
The French Government at Pondicherry request that the fishermen of the village of Pondoupett who have removed from that place with their families to British Territory may be induced to return to their original place.		
Pondicherry		
Disputes between the English and French subjects.	14- 8-17	27
Considering the friendly relations that exist between the English and the French, the Governor of Pondicherry and the British Commissioner adopt the suggestion of the Collector that parties aggrieved shall have immediate and direct recourse to the proper authority, whether English or French, to which the offenders are amenable.		

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.

1817-8.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Porto Novo		
Restoration to the Dutch.	14- 2-1818	57
With a view to enable the Government to conduct the restitution of the Dutch Settlement of Porto Novo, the Collector is asked to ascertain who took possession of the Dutch factory at that place in 1795 or whether it was abandoned by the Dutch previous to that date. He is further directed to report on the condition of the buildings and to transmit, if procurable, some of their coins.		
2. Mr. E. W. Stevenson, the Master Attendant at Porto Novo, says that the building known by the name of the Dutch Factory belongs to the estate of the late Mr. Topander, that the Dutch have not hoisted their flag for the last 40 years and that they never issued any coins.		77
3. The Collector is asked to deliver up the factory to Mr. J. M. Aubert and to give notice to the public servants at that place that they will not be considered as employed by the British Government after March and to all pensioners that the payment of their pensions will depend upon the orders received from the Dutch Commissioner.		93
Pondicherry		
Boundary survey.	28- 3-18	135, 161, 165
The Madras Government propose that two commissioners may be appointed by the French in order to negotiate with the British Commissioner the interchange of lands in the vicinity of Pondicherry. But in the meantime the Collector is desired to expedite the survey of the English villages on the border for the purpose of avoiding unnecessary delay.		
Boundary Dispute		
Worrutty and Madavalepaukum.	6- 4-18	157
It is proposed to settle the boundary dispute by asking the persons holding the 'Yella Manum' to run the limits. In the meantime the produce of the disputed land should be held in deposit.		

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.
1817–8.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
False Charge Sayer amin. The Assistant Collector reports that there is very little truth in the petition presented by one Venkatachallum charging the sayer ameenah of Lalapet with corruption.	1- 4-1818	11
Customs Revenue Decrease in. The causes for the decrease in the revenue from land customs lie in the transfer of 26 villages to the French and in the decrease of the sale of indigo.	1-4-18	13

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.
1818.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Customs Mr. W. Thomas's application. Mr. W. Thomas requests that his baggage may be allowed to pass the chowki at Pondicherry without being stopped and searched, as it contains articles of wearing apparel and travelling necessaries.	4- 3-1818	11

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.
1818.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Porto Novo Restoration to the Dutch. The Collector informs the Commissioner for the restoration of the Dutch Settlement in India that the Dutch Resident at Porto Novo was carried away to Seringapatam by Hyder Ali, when he besieged the town, and that the Factory has not since that time been occupied by any Dutch subject. He further states that it is in a very ruinous and decayed state.	7- 3-1818	22
Customs Double duty. The Collector informs the Committee for Revising the Customs Regulation that after a duty has been once levied on merchandize imported to a certain place, no duty whatever is again collected on it, even if the merchant desires to export it to some other town. He has only to take a fresh rowannah certifying that the duty has already been paid.	8- 6-18	55
Indigo Mr. Thomas Parry applies for land. Mr. Thomas Parry applies for a grant of land in the villages of Ambusavally pettah and Ellamungalam for the purpose of carrying on indigo works.	11- 9-18	78
Customs Indigo. A duty of 16 per cent. is levied on indigo, when exported from the Company's territory into Pondicherry.	8-10-18	86
Marine Crew of the 'Lady Castlereagh.' The Collector, at the request of Mr. Murray, the Superintendent of the Investment, arranges for the comfort of the seamen of the 'Lady Castlereagh', now at Cuddalore. He also directs a kotwal and 20 police peons to help the Superintendent in procuring supplies for them. He further suggests certain arrangements in order to secure their good behaviour. In the first place, the police guard now placed upon them should be replaced by a detachment. Secondly, hours should be fixed during which they may be permitted to walk out for recreation.	11-11-18	98, 102 111
Cholera Epidemic. The Collector reports that cholera has been raging in the interior of the district and that he has directed Mr. Spiers, the Assistant Surgeon, to afford prompt assistance to sufferers.	15-11-18	103

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Coleroon Flood Banks		
Repair of breaches.	23-11-18	107
As it is apprehended that there will be a considerable loss in the cultivation of some villages in South Arcot, owing to recent breaches in the banks of the Coleroon near Serucattur and Cunjakully, the Collector of Trichinopoly is requested to cause the breaches to be repaired.		

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.

1818.

Assistant Collector		
Training.	31- 8-1818	9
The Second Assistant Collector is put in charge of the district of Vriddhachalam and asked to translate the register of petitions into English and to learn from what sources the Indian revenue is derived.		

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.

1812-8.

Chingleput		
Revenue settlement—Instructions.	14-12-1813	43-69
1. The Board attributes the delinquency and misconduct of the native servants in a great measure to the absence of the Collector's personal control and superintendence and his action in leaving entirely to his Sarishtadar the formation of the estates constituted for the settlement. To avoid similar occurrences in the present fasli, it is absolutely necessary to take immediate steps to rent out each village in the amani estates on lease for a period of ten years. The rent should be fixed on a fair average deduced from the actual collections for a series of 7 or 10 years. The karnams should be required to take oath to the correctness of the accounts which they furnish for this purpose. In cases where facilities of irrigation are not properly supplied, a conditional rent may be fixed at a reduced rate which would rise gradually to the maximum rent as soon as the tanks, etc. are repaired.		
2. A long proceedings is appended, dealing with the examination into the misconduct of certain revenue servants and the Board issues orders dismissing the Sarishtadar, Mulla Rao.		
Salt Manufacture		
Treaty with the Dutch.	28- 5-18	73-81
The manufacture of salt in all the Netherlands Settlements on the Coast of Coromandel shall cease while the agreement shall continue to be in force. The Governor in Council of Fort St. George agrees to pay St. Pag. 2,000 or Arc. Rs. 7,000 as an annual compensation. The salt required for consumption by the population of the Netherlands Settlements will be supplied by the nearest Collector on requisition at Arc. Rs. 7 per Madras garce. Salt required by them for exportation to Mallacca and any ports on the West Coast of Sumatra or in the Eastern Seas shall be furnished by local British officers. Salt should not be sold in the Netherlands Settlements at a price lower than the British price.		
Clandestine introduction of salt into the Netherlands Settlements should be prevented.		
Porto Novo		
Restoration to the Dutch.	1- 6-18	83
By the articles of the Treaty of the Convention between Great Britain and the Netherlands, it is resolved to restore the Dutch factory at Porto Novo and a bleaching place called Wannarpoliam as they were possessed by the Dutch prior to the late war. A copy of the convention is sent for record.		

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.

1818.

Salt		
Supply to Porto Novo.	6- 8-1818	32
The Collector of the Southern division of Arcot is directed to comply with the requisition of the Commissioner of the Netherlands Settlement at Porto Novo for salt.		

Vol. 246—*cont.*

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Customs		
Complaint of the Commercial Resident, Nagore.	8- 8-18	37
The Commercial Resident at Nagore complains that the chowkidar at Mungalam has refused to pass brown cloth agreeably to the "Rahadary" bearing his signature. The Collector of the Southern Division of Arcot is requested to issue an order to the chowkidar to pass the cloths of the Company's Investment belonging to the Cuddalore Factory on the delivery of the rahadarys to them as usual.		

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.
1818.

Salt		
Supply to Pondicherry.	2-12-1818	40
The Chief of the Settlement of Pondicherry complains that the inhabitants have suffered much from the stoppage of the supply of salt and desired that orders be issued to supply the usual quantity. He wishes to know how it is to be paid for. Precautions are also essential to discourage the clandestine sale of salt, which would tell upon the Government revenue.		

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.
1818-9.

(This volume contains letters regarding cash bills and salt which require no precis.)	1818-9	1-39

Vol. 249.

Miscellaneous Correspondence.
1818-9.

Salt		
Pondicherry—Excessive demand.	19- 1-1819	28-71
The Governor in Council approves of the communication made by the Collector of the Southern Division of Arcot with regard to the supply of salt to the French at Pondicherry. If the demand should at any period be increased to an extent which the Collector considers unreasonable, it is his duty to defer compliance until he shall receive orders from Government, for which he will immediately apply.		
Correspondence		
Residents at Native Courts.	9- 2-19	40
The Governor in Council resolves to prohibit direct correspondence between the Residents at Native Courts and Judicial, Revenue, Police and Commercial Officers of this Presidency, except in cases of real emergency.		
Customs		
Gingelly seeds—Complaint of the Governor of Pondicherry.	22- 2-19	44
The Governor of Pondicherry complains that the chowkidar at some place in the Southern Division of Arcot has levied duties at 16 per cent. on gingelly seeds imported into Pondicherry. The rates as per tariff are only 8 per cent. Enquiries may be made on this matter.		
Mailcherry and Gingee		
Allowances to the Jaghirdar's family.	17-12-18	55
The Board recommends to Government that some allowance may be granted to the family of Teje Nath Sing (deceased) for maintenance in compensation of the resumption of the jaghir of Mailcherry and Gingee, a part of the Carnatic jaghirs.		
——— Government approve of this recommendation and sanction a pension of Pag. 500 a year to the head of the family of Teje Nath Sing, to be paid either in the Southern or Northern Division of Arcot, as the pensioner may prefer, as the jaghir extends into both the southern and northern part of Arcot.	12- 1-19	58

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.
1819.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Indigo		
M. Vigies's application.	28- 7-1819	37
The British Commissioner at Pondicherry is informed that M. Vigies has applied for permission to erect a building for manufacturing indigo on the ground situated in English territory. As the British renter is not at liberty to dispose of any part of the soil to a foreigner for the purpose of erecting any building, the present request cannot be complied with.		
Porto Novo		
Sale of arrack by the Dutch.	27- 9-19	112
The Commissioner for the Netherlands Settlement at Porto Novo is informed that the privilege of retailing arrack was never extended to the Dutch at Porto Novo and that any one found indulging in this business should be discouraged.		
The Nabobs never permitted them to sell arrack or anything else so as to injure their revenue resources; they were allowed simply to store their articles in their factory.		

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.
1819.

(This volume contains letters regarding cash bills and salt.)	1819	1-23

Vol. 252.

Miscellaneous Correspondence.
1819.

Salt Manufacture		
Improvements.	18- 5-1819	11
The Assistant Collector reports to the Collector of the Southern Division of Arcot that a new channel for the irrigation of salt water and a well should be made at the pans for the year's workings.		

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.
1819.

Salt Manufacture		
Inspection by the Assistant Collector.	5- 5-1819	6, 12
The Assistant Collector is instructed to proceed to every salt pan to get the full extent of salt. He should be constantly on the move and during the interval of his sending on his tents, etc., he should inspect the statements and accounts maintained at headquarters. For this period he will not be granted circuit charges. Only by stimulating public servants to discharge their duties more thoroughly and speedily will it be possible to collect the quantity of salt ordered.		

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.
1819.

Pension Funds		
Applicability.	10- 5-1819	39, 76
The Committee for the management of Native Pension Funds informs the Collector of the Southern Division of Arcot that it does not provide pension to superannuated native servants, who are directed to apply to Government direct. "No claims on the fund as at present constituted are admissible except those of the widows and children of such subscribers as may die leaving their families in a state of indigence."		
Pondicherry		
French boundary.	17- 2-19	43
1. The Governor in Council enquires whether in the opinion of the British Commissioner at Pondicherry, it would be advisable that the territory of Pondicherry which has been actually delivered over to the French should be marked by stones.		
2. The British Commissioner opines that there is no necessity to mark the present French limits by boundary stones.	26- 3-19	44
3. The Governor in Council has concurred in his opinion.	10- 4-19	46

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Pondicherry		
Interchange of lands with the French.	22- 5-19	67
The British Commissioner at Pondicherry is directed to carry into effect, in communication with the Collector of the Southern Division of Arcot, the proposed interchange of land in the vicinity of the French Settlement of Pondicherry.		
Nawab of Kurnool		
Moozuffer Khan, younger son of the late.	3- 7-19	101
The Collector of the Southern Division of Arcot is informed that as the younger son of the late Nabob of Kurnool is proceeding on a journey to a Durgah situated in the village of Urdavoor in South Arcot, he should be given all necessary facilities.		

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.
1819.

Pension Funds		
Applications.	31- 7-1819	92
As belated presentation of claims upon the Native Pension Funds, affords opportunities of abuse, it is ruled that applications must be made to the heads of offices within two months after the decease of subscribers or, in case of delay, satisfactory reasons should be advanced. The heads of offices are allowed to investigate the causes of delay, within a month, and make their recommendations.		
French Settlements		
Adjustment of accounts with.	28- 6-19	120
Instructions are issued to the Collector of the Southern Division of Arcot as to how the accounts of the French are to be prepared.		

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.
1819.

Investment		
Cuddalore.	18- 9-1819	22
The Commercial Resident at Nagore intimates to the Collector of the Southern Division of Arcot that the investment under Cuddalore Factory is made through the medium of contractors and not by direct advances to the weavers.		
Toddy Renter		
Porto Novo—Complaint.	21- 7-19	31
A toddy renter at Porto Novo complains that a few English peons carried away his toddy by force and imprisoned his men. The Chief of the Netherlands at Sadras requests that an enquiry may be held and redress given to the aggrieved party.		
Pondicherry		
Customs tariff.	2-10-19	61
1. The Collector of the Southern Division of Arcot is requested to comply with the French Government's requisition for the tariffs of the articles entering into Pondicherry and the duties payable upon them. As many customs officers at Pondicherry abuse their powers, the French Government intend to print the tariff for general information. Hence instructions may be given to prepare it correctly.		
2. If any articles of consumption are imported duty-free into Pondicherry, because of the smallness of the quantity, it is requested that he will state the exact quantity that will be allowed to enter duty-free, as upon this point the discretion of the native officers errs and many complaints arise.		
Customs		
Grain—Duty.	30- 8-19	72
The Governor in Council is resolved "that grain imported either at Madras or in any other part of his territories subject to this Presidency from any foreign settlement shall be liable to no duty whatever, as the same grain being the produce of our own territories, will have paid, on passing into the foreign settlement from which it was exported, a frontier duty of 3 per cent which is all it would have been liable to if it had been exported direct from one part of our territories to another."		
The President and the members of the Board of Trade are requested to issue such orders as may be necessary for carrying this resolution into effect. (See 257/21-4).		

Miscellaneous Correspondence.
1819.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Pondicherry		
Carriage of salt.	30- 8-1819	3
1. The British Commissioner at Pondicherry was asked who is responsible for the expenses incurred in carrying salt for consumption to and from the French Settlements and factories.		
2. He states that the charges should be borne by either Government. No mention was made of this item of expenditure in the convention. As no Government will agree wholly to shoulder this responsibility, it is proper that they should share it.	12½- 9-19	7
Danish Orphan Fund		
Accounts.	26- 8-19	13, 16 36
The Accountant-General solicits the orders of the Government as to the preparation of the accounts of the Danish orphan funds which were delivered over to the British authorities in 1808. A doubt exists as to "whether the whole amount of cash found in the treasuries of Tranquebar when we took possession in 1808, was the exclusive property of the orphan fund" or whether only that part of the cash which was entered in the accounts of Mr. Newham, the British Agent, as furnished at the time to this department as 'Deposits.'		
Pondicherry		
Pensioners' grievances.	15- 9-19	19
1. Numerous representations having been made by the pensioners of the British Government at Pondicherry of the great inconvenience they suffer by delay, the Chief Secretary is requested to take steps to redress their grievances.		
2. Ladies and others in receipt of pensions from Lord Clive's, the Civil fund and other funds have to undergo much inconveniences by having to go all the way to Cuddalore to take oaths, before the receipt of their pensions. Hence the British Commissioner at Pondicherry suggests that he may be authorised to administer these oaths.	2-10-19	41
Pondicherry		
Revenue arrears.	22- 6-19	52
Arrears due to the British Government may be collected in villages handed over to the French provided the French continue the British system of revenue administration. If they do not do so, it will be necessary to reconsider the position.		
Pondicherry.		
Customs policy.	30-10-19	94, 108
The native custom house officers sometimes use their official power as an instrument of oppression not only of the wealthy traders but also of the poor inhabitants of Pondicherry. The Collector's conduct is perfectly in consonance with justice and humanity but he has to act within the four corners of the rules and regulations which cripple his discretionary power.		
The object of the British Government is the taxation of foreign trade and not the imposition of added difficulties to the already intolerable poverty of the French inhabitants. "Adherence to the letter of the law must continue to be the certain means of inflicting serious individual distress while a more liberal interpretation of its spirit would perhaps be found fully sufficient to answer the view of the British Government."		
Calicut		
French factory at.	3-11-19	116
The Collector of Calicut requests the British Commissioner at Pondicherry to favour him with his opinion "as to the relative footing on which residents in the French factory of Calicut are to be considered with the local authorities at this place, whether the ground is considered French, and whether every occurrence that takes place within the boundaries is to be subject exclusively to the French authorities and laws; and whether the levying of House and other taxes within the boundaries are to be discontinued."		
It is believed that the French Factory never exercised any control or authority within the factory, which was considered strictly commercial.		

Miscellaneous Correspondence.

1819.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Trade Grain. The Committee for Revising the Customs Regulations are requested to report the state of the grain trade in each maritime province during the last 15 years, whether such trade has increased or decreased and the prices at each time.	6- 9-1819	5
Pondicherry Records of British occupation. The British Commissioner at Pondicherry transmits all the records relating to Pondicherry from the period of its capture to that of its restitution to Cuddalore and suggests that they may be taken proper care of as they may be required for future reference.	31-10-19	28
Porto Novo Dutch claim to rent arrack farm. The Collector of South Arcot is directed to report, for the decision of Government, on the Dutch claim to rent out the arrack farm at Porto Novo.	15-11-19	56

Miscellaneous Correspondence.

1819-20.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Foreign Settlements Captain J. S. Fraser, Appointed Special Agent. 1. Captain J. S. Fraser is informed that he has been appointed as Special Agent for conducting correspondence with foreign settlements in view of his ability and conciliatory disposition which has distinguished him as British Commissioner both at Pondicherry and Tranquebar. This is to preserve a right understanding with the Governments of the foreign powers having settlements on the Coast of Coromandel. 2. The restitution of the Dutch Settlements and other things relating to it should be adjusted with the Chief of the Netherlands Settlements. Both Civil and Military authorities are instructed to communicate with him on all matters that arise within their respective limits relating to foreign settlements. 3. The residence will be fixed at Cuddalore but facilities will be offered when he proceeds to other stations on matters of local importance.	13-12-1819	1
Dutch Settlements Import of arrack. 1. The Collector of Rajahmundry forwards a copy of a letter addressed by a resident of Jaggernaickpuram asking for the removal of the restrictions on the free import of arrack and toddy into the settlement under his charge. 2. The sale of country arrack and toddy is annually rented out in zamindaris or divisions. The claim now made is likely to affect the revenue of these renters and special rules have to be framed before such a privilege is extended to the petitioner.	6- 1-20	31
Bimlipatam Dutch boundary dispute. The Collector of Waltair requests the Commissioner of the Netherlands Settlement to depute a man to settle the boundary dispute with the help of curnams and parties holding lands there which can easily settle the claim put forth by the inhabitants of Bimlipatam.	4- 1-20	58
Pondicherry Military pensioners. The Chief Secretary directs the Accountant-General to instruct the Collector of South Arcot to make the payments of allowances and pensions to the Military pensioners at Pondicherry without previous audit, in order to avoid delay.	26-11-19	73
Dutch Settlements Payment of Nasrana. The Collector of Rajahmundry informs Major J. S. Fraser, Special Agent, that the residents of Policole and Jaggarnaickpuram have not yet paid their annual nuzzeranah into the treasury. The Resident at Policole states that he has been instructed by his Government not to pay the amount into his treasury but to do so if a peon is sent with a receipt for the amount. As this mode of receiving the nuzzeranah is a departure from the usual practice his opinion is invited.	8- 3-20	90

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Port Dues		
Statement called for.	26-10-19	102
The Collector of Sea Customs at Ingeram requests the President and members of the Board of Trade to furnish him with a statement of charges levied on the vessels importing and exporting from various ports, both under English and foreign colours.		
Customs		
French china goods.	23- 3-20	120
The china goods exported by the French are not liable to duty because the Collector of Cuddalore has definitely mentioned that articles not found in the tariff are not subject to the duty. China goods do not find a place in the tariff and hence are not liable. The detention of these goods is unjustified as the French should not be made to suffer any inconvenience from the obscurity of the English regulations.		
Customs		
Foreign settlements.	12- 4-20	163
The Special Agent for Foreign Settlements opines that it is competent for the British Government to interfere to levy duties on imports direct from one foreign settlement into another. The Governor in Council approves of this and directs that the Resident at Ingeram may be told of the fact.		
Mahe		
Smuggling of pepper.	25-10-19	169
A considerable smuggling of pepper is going on in the Custom House of Mahe. Its vast area is uncontrollable by a few revenue servants. In order to check this abuse effectively the tariff rates of pepper may be reduced, even lower than the market rates. (See p. 208).		
——— In a subsequent correspondence the same idea is repeated, i.e., to reduce the tariff to the market price and to increase the penalty on conviction of forcibly violating the regulations.	18-10-19	171
Pondicherry		
Supply of salt.	21- 5-20	182
The Collector of South Arcot informs the Special Agent that salt cannot be supplied to the French from his district as the recent storm has retarded the manufacture of a sufficient quantity. It can be obtained from the stocks at Nellore.		
Customs		
Trade with foreign settlements.	11- 5-20	191
The Collector of Chingleput reports to the Chief Secretary that he has stopped 19 bandy loads of tea and sugarcandy because they had no rawana with them. It was not a fraud or an attempt to defraud. The goods are declared to be liable to frontier duty equal to the port duty. Cl. 2, section ix of Reg. I of 1812 declares that "goods passing by land from the Company's territories into settlements of foreign European nations or vice versa shall be subject to the same duty to which they would have been liable, if they had been exported or imported on foreign vessels by sea." This is to place restrictions on foreign trade. The Collector is in doubt "whether the duty should be rated on the valuation of the goods with Madras tariff as Madras was the place of its destination." "But the Board decided that the valuation of Cuddalore tariff should be taken."		
Mahe		
Fight with smugglers. (See p. 169).	20- 4-20	208
The Collector of Malabar reports the seizure of cardamoms which were being smuggled from Malabar into the French Settlement of Mahe in effecting which a serious affray between the smugglers and the Circar officers took place in which several persons were wounded and one was killed. The smugglers have now taken to carrying fire arms, swords, etc. When the Circar officers succeeded in carrying away the smuggled articles, the smugglers set fire to the godowns where they were stored. The measures said to have been adopted by the French Government to put down smuggling in Pondicherry have not been extended to other French Settlements. The present is a fit case on which to make a strong representation to the French Government.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Pulicat		
Levy of customs duties by the Dutch.	15-6-20	257
After the restoration of Pulicat to the Dutch a few complaints were received that the Dutch authorities claimed duty on goods. The Dutch are informed that they should not allow interference with the traffic of the port.		
Chank Fisheries		
Dutch interference with.	11-11-19	264
The proceedings of the Netherlands Resident at Tuticorin clog the smooth working of the administration and promise loss in the revenue. The chank renter will claim remission if there is any dispute between the Dutch and the Parawas at Tuticorin and a representation is made to the Netherlands Resident to redress the grievances of the Parawas. If the differences between them are not adjusted, it will be the duty of the British Government to form an establishment of boatmen in the vicinity, by which the present inconveniences may be obviated.		
———— The Collector reports that he is proceeding to the place, without the limits of Tuticorin, where the Parawas are now remaining to procure boats for them and conduct the fisheries under aumanie.	4-2-20	280
————The Dutch confine certain Parawas.		
He again reports that a few Parawa divers, who went to Tuticorin to see their friends, have been confined by the Resident of the Netherlands Settlement and when addressed to release them he says that they are rebels and he is quite right in his conduct and he also protests against the proceedings of the Collector in carrying on the chank fishery. It will be now seen that the fishery cannot go on unless the Parawas are protected from such molestation.	8-5-20	281
———— The Dutch retort.	27-4-20	284
The Resident of the Netherlands Settlement at Tuticorin states that the action taken by the Collector injures the Dutch revenues, dispeoples their territories and estranges their subjects from their lawful sovereign. The responsibility for such hostile activities rests on the shoulders of those who engineer them. But the preventive steps taken by him are quite justifiable.		
Pondicherry		
Supply of salt to the French.	16-6-20	313
The Secretary to Government directs the Board to instruct the Collector to supply the salt required for the consumption of the French at Pondicherry. This Government stands pledged to supply that article to the inhabitants of Pondicherry prior to all other demands. On grounds of policy too, it is obviously desirable to afford no reason to the French Government to prefer a claim to the right of manufacturing salt for their own supply.		
Tuticorin		
Restitution to the Dutch.	25-7-20	328
The Chief of the Netherlands on the Coast of Coromandel and Madura informs the British Commissioner at Tuticorin that he may deal on the question of the restitution of the settlement of Tuticorin and its dependencies to the Dutch with the local authorities and on local news as the records are lost and the Resident of Tuticorin is dead.		
Chank Fisheries		
Tuticorin.	11-8-20	367
1. The Collector of Tinnevelly informs Major J. S. Fraser, the British Commissioner at Tuticorin, that it has been decided to rent the chank fisheries this year. For this an engagement with the Netherlands Government is necessary to permit the Parawas to proceed to the chank fisheries without molestation. The Chief should be made to consent that men outside their limits and fishing at Tuticorin should not be interfered with.		
2. The Collector of Tinnevelly writes to the British Commissioner to enquire whether the Dutch have promised to desist from molesting the Parawas employed in the chank fisheries, otherwise a clause of conditional remission must be inserted in the muchilika that is to be issued to the renter. As the season is at hand, an early communication may be made.	30-8-20	405

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Chank Fisheries—*cont.*		
3. The British Commissioner replies that the Netherlands authorities cannot have any objection to allowing the Parawas of Tuticorin free permission to repair immediately to the fishery with their boats and fishing tackle.	3- 9-20	407
Porto Novo		
Supply of salt to.	8- 9-20	411, 526
The Chief of the Netherlands Settlement on the Coast of Coromandel informs the British Commissioner that the Salt Convention has not yet been renewed and as the inhabitants at Porto Novo will be in want of salt, they may be supplied. The Collector of Chingleput may also be directed to honour the drafts for the payment of the salt compensation.		
Foreign Settlements		
Correspondence.	..	431
The Judges of the Court of Suddar Adalat are instructed to conduct correspondence with the Special Agent regarding questions arising in various foreign settlements on the Coast of Coromandel and they are prohibited from addressing the local chiefs direct except in cases of immediate necessity.		
Chank Fisheries		
Commissioner's recommendation.	29- 9-20	469
The British Commissioner has recommended to the Government that the right of interference of the British Government with the Parawas is pertinent. The fishery may be carried on in the same manner in all respects as in the year 1818, "leaving the question of right still open as before," and avoiding "any act that might tend to bring that right into discussion."		
Dutch Settlements		
Nasrana.	25- 9-20	485
To be consistent with regulations, the Nuzzaranah for Policole for the year 1819 ought to have been remitted into the Collector's treasury. This has not been done and the Collector asks for authority to receive it.		
Yanam		
Supply of salt.	9-10-20	486
The annual consumption of salt at Yanam is about 9 garces and the demand for salt made this year is 14 garces. It is now submitted for orders whether the excessive demand should be complied with.		
Comarapolam		
Dutch misuse of bleaching greens.	20-11-20	527
The Collector of Vizagapatam informs the British Commissioner that the bleaching greens at Comorapolam were originally granted to the Dutch Company for the express purpose of preparing their investment of cloth and it never was supposed that they would convert the ground to any other use. The grounds are now let out for tillage, trees are being rented, spirituous liquors are being sold and clandestinely spirits are brought in. Hence the Special Agent is requested to see that these lands are neither cultivated nor built upon nor utilised for any other purpose.		

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1819-20.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Pondicherry		
Customs Regulations.	25- 1-1820	16
Maj. J. S. Fraser, Special Agent, recommends to the Government that no change need be effected in the administration of customs at the frontier of Pondicherry as the purport and spirit of the regulations are fully understood and properly exercised by the present Collector, Mr. Charles Hyde.		
Passports		
Foreign settlements.	..	24
1. Maj. J. S. Fraser suggests that the nearest civil authorities should issue passports to foreigners desirous of proceeding from the foreign settlements to any part of the Company's territory. The application for a passport should be accompanied by a certificate from the Chief of the Foreign Settlement where the person applying for it resides. The same practice may be adopted with regard to residents of Pondicherry, as the Special Agent may be out of the station frequently, but the Collector or the Assistant Collector will always be at the station.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Passports—*cont.*		
2. The practice of permitting foreign Governors to grant passports is both dangerous and impolitic.		
3. A general list of passports granted should be submitted to the Government by the Special Agent and the civil authorities should be directed to send a list of passports issued to the Special Agent. He would consolidate and send them to Government. The certificates accompanying the application should be preserved as the foreign chiefs thereby become responsible in a considerable degree to the British Government and no passports will be applied for but on proper and justifiable occasions. Great vigilance on the part of the civil authorities is also needed to avoid the abuse of the powers of granting passports.		
4. It would be better still if the application for a passport contains the purpose for which it is demanded, and the length of time that such a person is likely to remain in the Company's territory.		
5. With respect to passports for the territories under Bengal or Bombay or under the dominions of the Native princes of India, application, as heretofore, should be made to the Government. With respect to passports for Colombo, which are frequently wanted by the commercial inhabitants of Pondicherry, it is left to Government to determine whether there is any objection in their continuing to be furnished on the same principle as those to other territories under Fort St. George, due intimation being always sent to the proper authority at Colombo.		
Karikal		
Arrears of revenue.	1- 4-20	42
The Special Agent opines "that the only tenable ground for claiming payment of the Carical outstanding balances from the French Government is the degree of probability which may have existed that we ourselves should have been able to effect their gradual recovery, in the event of French possessions having remained under our management." Orders are solicited as to what action should be taken if the French Government refuse to pay.		
Marine		
Tolls on vessels.	3- 4-20	44
"As the river Godavari is within the territorial jurisdiction of the East India Company, it is competent to the Madras Government under due authority, to impose any toll or duty upon ships, whether under English or French colours, proceeding up that river to Yanam." But no further enactments should be made without previously communicating with the French for their information. The French possessions in India must be considered as subsisting upon the same terms of independent tenure as those of the British, with one or two points of restriction. Therefore the imposition is held unjustifiable by the Special Agent.		
Palicole		
Supply of salt to the Dutch.	4- 4-20	50, 91
As the Collector of Rajahmundry suspects the demand of salt made by the Chief of Palicole to be excessive the Special Agent recommends to Government to get his full explanation in the matter. The right of the Chief of the Dutch Settlement to examine and verify the quantities of salt has to be acknowledged.		
Chank Fisheries		
Storage at Tuticorin—Complaints.	19- 6-20	93
The Dutch Resident at Tuticorin complains that the storage of chank at Tuticorin is against the custom of the place. The Special Agent refers the letter to the Collector of Tinnevelly for his opinion as to the advisability of removing the grievance.		
——— The Special Agent recommends the shifting of chank godowns to some other place, to avoid complaints.	4-8 -20	126
Chank Fisheries		
Town for fishermen.	21- 6-20	95
The recommendation of the Board to establish a town for the chank fishers without the limits of the Dutch territory at Tuticorin deserves consideration. The Special Agent is proceeding to ascertain the practicability of this establishment with other matters relative to the right of gathering chay roots in or about the town of Tuticorin.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Chank Fisheries—*cont.*		
Maj. J. S. Fraser, the Special Agent, requests the Collector of Tinnevelly to arrange for palanquin bearers as he has been ordered to proceed to Tuticorin to adjust the differences between the Paravas and the Dutch Resident.	21- 6-20	97
Tuticorin		
Restitution to the Dutch.	16- 7-20	106
1. *Powers of the Dutch Commissioner.*		
The Special Agent informs the Chief of the Netherlands establishment on the Coast of Coromandel and Madura that the Dutch local Commissioner at Tuticorin does not consider himself authorised to enter into any discussion of public questions. He, therefore, requests the Chief to vest his local Commissioner with sufficient power to discuss these matters openly and arrive at a conclusion.		
He informs Government that he proceeded to Tuticorin to adjust the differences and to discuss the whole question of restitution but the local Commissioner pleaded inability to discuss these matters as he had no authority from his superiors. The Chief of the Netherlands Settlements has been requested to vest such Commissioners with powers to discuss these matters and his reply is awaited.	17- 7-20	108
2. *History of the Dutch Settlement.*		
In the meanwhile he busied himself in getting local information about the Dutch possessions in the days of the Nabobs. Every native says that they possessed nothing outside and beyond the fort excepting certain commercial privileges. The Paravas of Tuticorin consider themselves and are unquestionably in his apprehension British subjects. The contention of the Dutch Government that they are their subjects is without foundation. The general state of things here are very unsettled and unsatisfactory and far from creditable to either Government. There is no remedy for it " but to retrace our steps as far back as justice and good faith will permit."		
Proof should be obtained from the Dutch Government for every further concession or privilege they claim. If Government approve this opinion of the Special Agent he requests that he may be vested with adequate powers to deal this question squarely. He also seeks full instructions regarding the concessions already extended to them to avoid reopening discussions.		
The Paravas complain of the repression of the Dutch Government and seek British interference. They want to establish themselves on British soil, for which they require advances and other facilities. An excellent situation a mile off from Tuticorin will suit the purpose.		
The question of gathering chay roots is of very minor importance.		
Pulicat		
Demarcation of boundary.	21- 7-20	121
Maj. J. S. Fraser, Special Agent, recommends to Government that the limits of Pulicat may be marked by boundary stones to avoid the inconveniences attending upon the absence of the boundary marks.		
Passports		
Issue to foreigners.	29- 7-20	131
The attention of the officer granting passports should be called to the necessity of adhering to the regulation which prescribes that every passport shall have distinctly noted upon it, the occupation of the foreigner to whom it is granted ; the purpose for which he is proceeding to British territory and the length of time he proposes to remain there. If he foresees that his visit is likely to be attended with inconvenience to the British Government either from his bad character or other sufficient reasons, instruction should be obtained from Fort St. George for his guidance. Various local and temporary circumstances determine the grant or withholding of a passport. These suggestions, the Special Agent says, have been founded principally on the consideration that if British subjects are not allowed to come and establish themselves in India for commercial or other purposes without express leave from the Company and various stipulations of good conduct, etc., the same policy must apply still more to foreigners.		

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Chank Fisheries		
Prevention of disputes.	5- 8-20	139
The Special Agent informs the Collector of Tinnevelly that the Netherlands authorities are perfectly well disposed to afford every facility in their power towards the carrying on of the pearl and chank fisheries. Though they express a desire for conciliation yet implicit reliance cannot be placed on these assurances.		
He wishes to know from the Collector exactly on what basis this policy of conciliation is actually founded.		
Paravas		
Tax on.	7- 8-20	143
1. The Special Agent concurs with the Collector of Tinnevelly that " the British Government has a right to levy tax on the Parawars residing at Tuticorin." The records lately furnished show that this practice has been in vogue for the last 25 years and existed also before 1795 when the affairs of Tinnevelly were under the immediate administration of the Nobob of the Carnatic.		
2. *Residence.*	9- 8-20	150
The Collector of Tinnevelly having misunderstood the purport of the Special Agent's letter, which was worded in an obscure style, he repeats it in a more lucid style. He states that if the Parawars reside outside the limits of Dutch territories, there is no necessity for any communication with the Dutch Government but if they intend to remain within those territories and still carry on the business of fishery without being molested, it may be necessary to make an arrangement with the Dutch Government. In an earlier letter he suggested certain arrangements. He also asks the Collector to make specific proposals for conditions which are likely to be accepted by the Dutch.		
Tuticorin		
Restitution to the Dutch.	16- 8-20	164
The Special Agent, commenting upon various matters connected with the rights of the Dutch at Tuticorin in general and the question whether Parawars are subjects of the Dutch or the English in particular, says that if the attitude of the Collector of Tinnevelly were accepted, the restitution of Tuticorin to the Dutch would be a political farce. As long as they are in possession of a formal deed of the transfer of the town or until this be resumed, their political existence cannot be totally ignored.		
Paravas		
Oppression by the Dutch.	2- 9-20	182
The Special Agent informs the Resident at Tuticorin that constant complaints are pouring in of the Dutch oppressions of the Paravas and they have more than once sought the interference of the British. The British Government also feel it incumbent on them to respond to their call as they, like other inhabitants of Tuticorin, are British subjects. He is therefore requested to take steps to relieve them from oppressions and leave them free to carry on their business without molestation.		

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.
1820.

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.
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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Passport Regulations		
1. The various recommendations made by Maj. J. S. Fraser, the Special Agent, relating to the grant of passports to foreigners desirous of proceeding from foreign settlements to any part of the Company's territory subject to the Presidency of Fort St. George, have been approved by the Government.	12- 4-1820	69

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Passport Regulations—*cont.*		
2. *Issuing authority.*		
He recommends that the nearest civil authorities should issue passports on a certificate from the Chief of the Foreign Settlement where the person applying for it resides. The practice of permitting foreign Governors to issue passports is dangerous and impolitic from every point of view. A list of passports so granted should be sent to the Government at the end of each month. The application should also specify the purpose of his journey and the duration of his stay.		
3. Applications for passports to the territories subordinate to the Presidencies of Bombay and Bengal or Native powers should be addressed to the Government of Fort St. George as heretofore. Before issuing a passport to Colombo, a reference will be made to ascertain the wishes of the Ceylon Government on the subject.		
French Settlement		
Revenue arrears.	25- 8-20	127
Government desire that the protracted discussions relating to the demands of this Presidency against the French should be brought to a close. The Special Agent is instructed that the old balances are a debt due by the inhabitants to the ruling power, and do not constitute a debt against the French Government. He is empowered to give up such part of the tuccavi as may appear to be irrecoverable from the inhabitants and to make a final settlement with the French authorities on all points without any further reference to Government.		

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.
1820.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Ferries		
Establishment of.	11- 1-1820	2
The grand road to the southward, passing through Cuddalore and Chellumbrum, is crossed by no less than eight unfordable rivers. There is hardly any boat capable of carrying a palanquin, much less a wheeled carriage. The Collector recommends the establishment of a service of boats and boatmen at various stations.		
Flood Damage		
Coleroon and Vellar.		
Floods in the rivers of Coleroon and Vellar have damaged the Mannargoody district. Lt. D. Sim, the Civil Engineer, is directed to proceed to the place and make enquiries. Necessary steps may be taken to repair the breaches and to appoint a professional man to look after these works.	12- 1-20	5-6

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.
1820.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Public Works		
Departments of Tank Repairs and Civil Buildings amalgamated.	1- 1-1820	3
The Governor in Council is pleased to unite the Departments of Tank Repairs and Civil Buildings and to place them under the general superintendence of the same officers. The Tank Department is to be carried on under the established rules for that department. The regulations for the civil buildings are different and will be sent as soon as they are approved by superior authorities.		
—— Mannargoody taluk.	18- 2-20	37
Mr. Robinson, Revenue surveyor, has been directed to remain in the Mannargoody taluk to inspect the masonry works that are carried on there. Lt. D. Sim is not able to give him detailed instructions for want of local information. On all subjects of doubts, the Collector of the district may be requested to assist him.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Customs		
Indigo for Pondicherry.	16- 3-20	71
The Collector of Tanjore wants to know of the Collector of South Arcot whether he has received any instruction for the detention of merchants to pay the difference of duty on indigo imported for the French territories of Pondicherry, on which duty at the rate of 8 per cent. only is charged, whereas, under recent orders double duty should be charged.		

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1820.

Salt		
Supply to Pondicherry.	26-10-1820	19
The Collector of South Arcot informs the Special Agent that, owing to the lateness of the season and the threatening appearance of the weather, it will be necessary to send the salt required by the inhabitants of Pondicherry by land. The inconvenience complained of by H.E. Count Du Puy and the additional expense that will be incurred by both Governments on resorting to land carriage would have been avoided, had H.E. been prepared to receive the salt which was tendered to the French Government in the month of August.		

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1820.

Bible Society		
Trichinopoly branch formed.	7- 8-1820	11
At a meeting held at Trichinopoly the objects of the newly constituted Trichinopoly Branch of the Bible Society were set forth and office bearers for the society were elected. The resolution passed at this meeting are forwarded to the Collector of South Arcot for favour of circulation and the collection of subscriptions, if the objects of the society meet his approval.		
School Book Society		
Formation of.		
1. At a meeting held at the College Hall, Fort St. George, the objects of a School Book Society were set forth and the proceedings were forwarded to the Collector of South Arcot to publish the formation of the Society and collect subscriptions.	20-5-20	18-23
2. Its principles and objects are the same as those of the Calcutta School Book Society, namely, to procure, compile, print and distribute elementary works both in the English and Vernacular languages; to afford such moral and intellectual instructions as should tend to improve the character and open the minds of the natives. The principles of this Society would totally exclude the publication of all religious books.		

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1820.

Native Pension Fund		
Eligibility.	28- 3-1820	8
The Collector of South Arcot is informed that the Native Pension Fund does not provide pensions to superannuated native servants but is intended for widows and children of subscribers who may die leaving their families in a state of indigence.		
Inam		
Poornea's family.	4- 4-20	35
A member of the family of Poornea, the late distinguished minister of Mysore, has petitioned claiming a village to be given to the rightful heir of the family.		
Seenwasacharry, son-in-law to the late Dewan, states that his father was the high priest of the Brahmins. He was in possession of ten elephants. When he went to visit Muddar-ul-Mulk, the Governor of Arcot, one of his elephants went mad and the Nabob's son shot it dead and the high priest was inconsolable. The Nabob, therefore, gave him a village which was enjoyed by him and his sons. But after their death, some friend of the family enjoyed it. It is prayed that the village may be given to the rightful heir of the high priest.		

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Civil Servants		
Allowances when out of their stations. (Printed Circular.)	27- 6-20	96

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Miscellaneous Correspondence.
1820.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Carnatic Debts		
Ananda Rao's claim for arrears of pay.	12- 7-1820	3
The Collector of Chittoor is requested to furnish the office of the Commissioners for investigating the Carnatic Debts information about the arrears of pay claimed by Mootta Anund Rao for the services rendered by him to Wallajah and Nabob Omdut-ool-umrah. A true copy of the deposition made by the claimant is also enclosed to facilitate the search. The Collector of Chittoor reports that the records of the district of Arcot and Vellore were included with the records of the Southern Division of Arcot.		
Rajah of Tanjore		
Pilgrimage to Benares.	12- 9-20	91
The Collector of South Arcot is directed to give all facilities to the Rajah of Tanjore who proceeds to Benares on pilgrimage.		
Ferries		
Establishment of.	5- 9-20	124
The inconveniences reported by the Inspector-General of Civil Estimates about the lack of provision of ferry boats for travelling on the southern road which is intersected by rivers and arms of the sea and his recommendation for the establishment were considered and the Collector has been authorized to entertain boatmen and engage boats for the purpose. He should levy a toll sufficient to cover the charges on a small scale. If the experiment succeeds it can be extended.		

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1820.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Rajah of Tanjore		
Pilgrimage to Benares.	13-10-1820	15
The Collector of South Arcot is instructed to observe the usual form of reception given to the Rajah of Tanjore by the public officers of the provinces on his pilgrimage to Benares.		
Public Works		
Repairs.	17-10-20	88
The Inspector-General of Civil Estimates has submitted his diary and recommendation about the repairs in various parts of the Southern Division of Arcot. Government accord their sanction for certain works and invite detailed information about other works before their sanction is granted.		
Mullik-ul-Nisa Begum		
Death of.	6-12-20	90
The Collector of South Arcot is directed to give such assistance as may be necessary to the attendants of the funeral of the second daughter of the late Nawab Walajah, Mullik-ul-Nisa Begum, whose corpse is being removed to Trichinopoly for interment.		

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Letters to the Board of Revenue.
1795.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Dubashes		
Salary of.	10- 1-1795	2
The Court of Directors observe that the custom of appointing dubashes without any fixed salary opens avenues for corruption and should be discontinued. A reasonable salary should be granted and if Collectors, being unable to perform all the functions of the office, are under the necessity of appointing dubashes, a regular allowance out of their salaries should be made to the dubashes. If acts of corruption or dishonesty are then committed they may be punished without an appearance of too much severity to the individuals. The Court approves of the custom of granting dustucks to individuals.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Irrigation Channel		
Devecotah and Auchavaram.	21-1-95	5
Mr. John Kenworthy, Resident at Cuddalore, reports that the Rajah's agent was consulted about cutting a channel from the river near Sootamally to increase the prosperity of the districts of Devecotah and Auchavaram. Some of the inhabitants object to this proposal as their lands have to be acquired for this purpose. But the general good which would result renders this sacrifice very negligible. He submits his diary of the progress made in surveying the lands intended for the channel. (See p. 182.)		
Weavers		
Taxes on.	27-2-95	20
The Resident at Cuddalore is directed to prepare and submit a statement showing the taxes and impositions of every sort with the amount thereof in each district levied on weavers, distinguishing those taxes which they pay in common with the other inhabitants from those which they pay in as weavers. Government require this information as they comtemplate making some general arrangement in regard to taxes which are levied on weavers.		
——— In reply to the above communication, the Resident of Cuddalore submits a statement with an explanation that prior to July 1793, when the weavers were relieved from all taxes, they were paying the taxes shown in the statements.	1-4-95	24
Administration Report		
Cuddalore district.	15-7-95	70
The Board directs the Resident at Cuddalore to afford more detailed information about the districts under his charge and particularly of the Devecotah district, the conduct of renters and the measures taken from time to time for the improvement of the districts.		
Salt Manufacture		
Improvement of.	27-7-95	81
The Board wants to know from the Resident at Cuddalore the utmost quantity of salt that can be manufactured by the formation of additional pans. He is also requested to give the average cost of a garce of salt for exportation by sea. This information is intended to ascertain what is the lowest rates at which salt can be delivered at Calcutta.		
Administration Report		
Cuddalore.	1-8-95	84
1. The accounts delivered by the renters have been carefully scrutinised. The insufficiency of collection was due to the failure of the season. Several maniamdars have been called upon to produce their sunnuds but many plead inability as they have lost them in the several wars on the Coast. The survey has not yet been made but the expiration of the present renter's lease will afford an opportunity for such an undertaking. The support of the Government and the Board has failed to produce any improvement in Devecotah district.		
2. The district of Pondicherry is in a flourishing condition and hence necessitated no interference for the purpose of correcting irregularities. Mr. Thursby now managing the district has not been given the usual assistant and he deserves to be recommended an allowance "adequate to the expenses he incurs in the discharge of his public duties of his appointments."		
Land Sale		
Protest.	3-8-95	108
The President of the Choultry Court has decreed an auction of certain lands to enable Mr. Kensee to realise his dues from Varesapouli and Chellaperumal. Mr. Thursby, Assistant to the Resident at Cuddalore, objects to the sale but Government do not consider that the reasons he gives are sufficient to justify an interruption of the course of justice.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Cotton		
Shortage of.	6-8-95	118
"The Board of Revenue wish that Mr. Kenworthy (the Resident at Cuddalore) would more fully explain the circumstances which gave rise to the general scarcity of cotton mentioned in his annual report and specifically point out what regulations are to remove this scarcity and afford greater supplies either by produce or importation. The Board are still of opinion that relieving this article from the usual tax cannot fail to encourage larger supplies for the investment."		
Cochineal Insect		
Report called for.	3-9-95	125, 180
The Resident at Cuddalore is desired to report upon the subject of introducing and promoting the breed of the cochineal insect upon the Coast.	20-11-95	185
Extract of a letter for the Government dilating upon the great importance of promoting the breed of this insect as an essential source of benefit to the Company and a report of Dr. Anderson about the experiments conducted in the culture of this species are enclosed for his information and guidance.		
Forced Labour		
Regulation of.	23-9-95	155
Government have transmitted drait regulations to remedy the grievances arising from the practice of pressing coolies in the Northern Circars and desire to receive the Collector's opinion. The grievances in general are the extortion of labour without payment and the other hardships of compulsory labour.		
——— The Board's remarks.	21-9-95	197
Military Invalids		
Employment on cultivation.	12-10-95	162
The recommendations of Col. Brathwaite to employ a number of native invalids and pensioners on an establishment for the cultivation and improvement of the Company's lands, thereby reducing the military expenditure considerably, have been approved and declared "highly politic."		
——— Lands have been allotted to the native commissioned and non-commissioned officers by the Supreme Government at Bengal. The Military Board considers that it would be advantageous to make a similar provision here.	10-5-95	164
Irrigation Channel		
Devecottah. (See p. 5.)	13-11-95	182
The Resident at Cuddalore is informed that the Rajah of Tanjore has raised many objections to the cutting of a water-course for the benefit of the Devecottah district and Government suggest measures to remedy the evils pointed out in the plan.		
Troops		
Employed on revenue collection—Payment of.	10-11-95	191
Government direct that batta and other extra charges incurred by troops assisting in the collection of revenue and which have hitherto been paid from the military pay offices, will in future be discharged and appear in the accounts of the Collectors. Military officers are therefore directed to present the separate abstracts to the Collectors on whose requisition troops have been furnished instead of drawing the amount from the Military Paymaster as at present.		
Accounts		
Delays in submission.	14-11-95	196
The Court of Directors view the extraordinary delay in the submission of accounts with great disfavour and hence Collectors are especially directed to be prompt in submitting their accounts. Failure to comply with this order will be considered a sufficient disqualification for the office he holds unless proper reasons are adduced for the delay.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Customs Regulations		
Government, deeming the collection of import and export duties by sea at the port of Madras necessary, have accordingly framed regulations, the general principle of which is to be made to apply to all the subordinate ports. The Resident at Cuddalore is directed to promulgate the regulation in the districts under his charge and to make necessary arrangements for the collection of duties.	17-11-95	201
Cotton		
Encouraging the growth of. The Board remarks, "It must be considered an object of the first importance to the Company's investment and to the revenue that the growth of cotton should be encouraged within the Company's territories, as it relates to the first to keep down the prime cost of the cloths upon which it depends and to the latter as preventing the export of species to purchase the raw material from other countries." It agrees to direct Mr. Kenworthy "to publish to the inhabitants that the assessment on cotton shall at no time exceed what the land it occupies would have produced if cultivated with grains according to the established custom by which the renter will sustain no loss and that he do make advances to any of the inhabitants of the Devecottah district who will undertake the cultivation on the same terms."	7-12-95	245

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1813.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Betel, Tobacco, Etc.		
Levy of duty. The Head Assistant Collector in charge at Vriddhachalam solicits the orders of Government for the continuation of the levy of the high rate of duty upon betel, tobacco, ganja, etc., as the sanction expires at the end of the present month. As it is the wish of Government that the high consumption duty should not fall upon the cultivators of the soil, it is suggested that the sayer ameens may be furnished with a list of the names, etc., of those inhabitants of the towns whose cultivation is less than 5 cawnis and to exempt each of them from this duty to the amount of 9 fanams a month.	20-1-1813	5
Bridges		
Cuddalore. The Head Assistant Collector in charge of Cuddalore states that various representations have been made by respectable merchants stating the difficulties experienced in carrying on trade owing to the ruinous condition of the small bridges which intersect every road in this town. He therefore recommends that they may be repaired in the present season.	20-3-13	13
Shah Alley, Head Fakir		
House taxes. Mr. Charles Hyde reports that the records do not furnish any information about the collection of taxes from the inhabitants by Shah Ally, the head fakir, and his companions. It is rumoured that the inhabitants used to pay the usual tax of 8 Allumgherry pice per house but no accounts were maintained of such collections.	13-12-13	70

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Letters to the Board of Revenue.

1814.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Revenue Collection		
Collector's reply to the Board's questionnaire. The Collector replies that there was no difficulty in realising the public revenue during the last fasli and the payment was not hard on the renters as the price of the grain was extremely favourable to the cultivators. No extreme measures were resorted to in realising the revenue. No difficulty has been experienced in enforcing the conditions of joint and individual responsibility when losses occurred. With reference to the sentiments of the cultivators regarding the system of settlement, he says that the lower class of inhabitants prefer the ryotwari system which is said to protect them from the oppression of the heads of villages. The oppression of some of the renters has ruined many flourishing villages.	4-1-1814	2

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Misconduct		
Revenue servants.	9-1-14	14
1. The Collector suggests that all servants found guilty of corruption should be handed over to the Magistrate, without collecting the amount which they may have received, except where it has been taken out of the district treasuries. To hold a situation of responsibility and trust a bond should be executed for a specific amount.		
2. *Sarishtadar, Govinda Rao.*	22-4-14	46, 155
With reference to the removal of Govinda Rao, the Collector positively declares that he is incapable of being a Sarishtadar for he is inactive and indolent, not to speak of his insolence and disobedience of orders. When the Board orders him to be reinstated, the Collector points out the awkward situation in which he is placed. The responsibility for the district falls upon him and not upon the Sarishtadar. He therefore requests the Board to revise its order.		
Betel		
Restriction on picking.	29-5-14	59
The Collector informs the Board that Mr. Ravenshaw has directed his chowkidars not to allow betel to be cut without an order from them and this order has been followed for 3 or 4 years. Though this is illegal, yet it is beneficial so far as it prevents the cultivators from selling betel to travellers and merchants in small quantities, thereby evading payment of duty. Instructions are solicted whether the same practice may be continued.		
Zamindari		
Swarnadayam collections.	17-6-14	72
The Sornadayam collections (rent receivable in money and not in kind) have been regularly realised by the zamindari servants and investigation shows that the zamindars have not relinquished the collection anywhere nor have they increased it in any way.		
Misconduct		
Salt amin.	12-7-14	81
For the information of Government and the Board the Collector states that the salt ameenahs are held responsible for any sum of money which they may receive on account of sales. The conduct of the salt ameenah of Cuddalore in allowing the amount to be taken to a peon's thatched house instead of being sent to the district treasury is quite improper. He may be confined for a short time as a warning to the rest. As no security was taken on his being appointed the amount robbed of is irrecoverable.		
Revenue Establishment		
Expenses.	4-9-14	101
The Collector reports to the Board " that the increase in the Company's expenses is chiefly owing to more being estimated for the current fasli for advances of cultivation and repairs of tanks and water courses. I however beg to inform your Board that the expenditure will of course fall short of the estimate."		
Settlement Report	20-9-14	106
The Collector submits the statement of the settlement of various villages in the district, pointing out the increase in the amount which is entirely due to the increase of cultivation and apologizing for late submission of the report which he delayed in order to get acquainted with the sentiments and orders regarding the decennial lease.		
Irrigation Repairs		
Backwardness of.	25-9-14	126, 155
The Collector informs the Board that the tanks in the district are in a very bad state, and, if not repaired, it will not be possible to realise the present jumma regularly. His predecessor has frequently noticed that the repairs should be made by the Circar, otherwise the tanks will go to decay and the renters are not sufficiently wealthy to repair them. They are not even prepared to pay 10 per cent. for advances made on this account, nor will they admit of the rent being raised, which would then become too high. The condition of the ryot must be improved first.		

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Custom		
Revision of tariff.	9-12-14	146
1. Due attention has been paid to the frequent instructions and orders to levy duty on the general trade of the country and not upon the petty commerce of the place.		
2. *Sayer establishment.* Any reduction in the sayer establishment is out of the question, especially now when there are prospects of an increase in the sayer revenue.		
3. There are no impediments to the carrying on of trade, except the detention of goods for examination which will be obviated in course of time.		
4. *Iron.* Iron has been included in the tariff but an order will be issued to the chowkidars surrounding Pondicherry to collect the duty on it only when exported into the interior.		

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1815.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Wild Animals		
Rewards for destruction.	28-2-1815	15
The Collector informs the Board that the reward for the destruction of royal tigers should not be reduced, as this division abounds in these animals. But the reward for the "cheter and bear" may be reduced.		
Public Servants		
Summons to.	26-5-15	44
With reference to summonses issued to the public servants for purposes of litigation, the Judge in the Zilla Court of Vriddhachalam reports that it has been made a standing rule of the Court that the Collector should be informed previously so as to enable him to make the necessary arrangements to relieve them.		
Forest Regulations		
The Collector states that the regulations submitted to the Board by Mr. Ross, Collector of Cuddapah, for the preservation of woods in the districts do not include the preservation of trees of large growth from which no revenue is derived or of trees yielding a revenue to Government which cannot be classed under the head of woods or forests. The regulations should be extended to include these. This by no means prevents the inhabitants from felling them to make implements of husbandry, looms, etc. But what is to be prohibited is felling trees without the authority of the Tahsildar, who will report to the Collector periodically.	21-6-15	74
Collectors		
Exercise of magisterial powers.		
1. The Collector offers his opinion regarding the expediency of the proposed transfer of the whole of the magisterial powers to Collectors.	31-7-15	98-103
2. After considering the regulations and various duties of a Magistrate as now discharged, he is of opinion that the Collector cannot discharge properly the duties of the Magistrate unless given extra European aid without necessarily neglecting his more important duties. But if Government determine that Collectors are only to be charged with magisterial duties so far as they relate to the superintendence of the Police in their respective districts, there would be no objection to such a system and the assistance of a European or native assistant would be unnecessary.		
Irrigation Repairs		
Estimates.	18-9-15	123
Vettavallam		
Poligar's death.	22-9-15	125
The Poligar of Vaitavallam died leaving many dependents with no other source of income but his bounty. The continuance of allowances seems quite necessary, both from policy and on account of his claims on Government.		
Revenue Settlement		
Cuddalore—Reduction of assessment.	25-10-15	143
The lease assessment levied by Mr. Ravenshaw has to be reduced on account of the want of labour and stock.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Karnams		
Emoluments.	14-7-15	189-207
The Collector states that the restoration of inams to the village sibbandy is highly injurious to the State. It is essential for Government to keep the karnams under their control. Without a thorough and constant knowledge of the resources of the country, no just settlement can ever be made between the Circar and the inhabitants. The karnams have been informed that although their villages may have been leased out yet the Circar has a right now and then to enquire and take accounts of the actual cultivation. If the karnams fabricate accounts they will be dismissed and dealt with according to the regulations.		

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Letters to the Board of Revenue.
1815.

Alienated Lands		
Register of.		
On a requisition from the Board the Collector submits a register of alienated lands of this division.	17-2-1815	1-53
He reports that the present proprietors of the shrotriums have been allowed to remain in possession of their villages since the Carnatic came under the Company. Their sunnads, etc., were all examined and have been allowed to remain "Jaree".		

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Letters to the Board of Revenue.
1816.

Kistbandi		
When Mr. Ravenshaw was directed to rent out the district for 3 years after having fixed the amount of the rent for each village and before issuing the triennial pattas, several respectable inhabitants were consulted and the periods for the payment of the Circar kists were fixed.	18-3-1816	22
Survey		
Instructions.	2-5-16	27
Instructions are laid down for the guidance of surveyors in surveying lands and the classification of soils with reference to the supply of water received.		
Vettavallam		
Poligar's pension.	15-6-16	73
1. The Collector reports that "the Poligar of Vaitvallum acquiesces in the Board's wishes in waiving all claims to the Poleam on consideration of receiving a certain number of villages in lieu thereof equal in value to the amount of his poligar pension."		
2. Statements of the villages which were formerly enjoyed by the Poligar and the basis of calculating their value are also furnished to the Board by the Collector.		
Misconduct		
Copyist, Mr. Maccally.	23-7-16	87
The Collector, Mr. Hyde, reports to the Board that he has reverted Mr. Maccally, the first letter copyist, to the post of second copyist and directed Mr. Price to consider himself first because of the irregularity and non-attendance of the former, due to excessive intoxication. He hopes that the Board would approve of this arrangement.		
Agricultural Advances		
Recovery of.	25-7-16	89
The Collector reports to the Board that the advances made last year have not yet been recovered and many are refusing to repay them. Extreme measures are being adopted to recover the amounts with some prospect of success.		
Collector's Office		
Accommodation of.	15-8-16	94
The Collector reports to the Board that great inconvenience is experienced for want of accommodation for the revenue establishment. The detachment has vacated the premises and they are now used for the revenue establishment. It is submitted for orders whether they have to be handed over to the military if any detachment were again to visit the district. As the same difficulties would repeat themselves it is desirable that in future the buildings may be considered specially appropriated to the Revenue Department.		

Vol. 277—*cont.*

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Kavalgars Pensions to. The Collector submits to the Board a list of all deceased cavilgars who were granted a pension of 15 per cent. on their resumed cavelly revenue, stating "that they are all petty Cavilgars whose heirs cannot be considered entitled to any claim on the Government for the continuation of the pensions, since the deceased Cavilgars were never called upon, either by the Judicial or Revenue authority, to perform any duty whatsoever. Besides Government having resumed all the cavelly revenue and having taken the police of the country under their own management for the better protection of the inhabitants and the peace of the country, they are at a considerable expense which far exceeds the amount of the Cavilly receipts and I am therefore of opinion that the pensions should not be continued to the heirs of the deceased cavilgars except in rare cases such as where the cavilgar may be considered as a kind of Chief and whose support was solely the pension which he received in lieu of resumed maniam land." The Collector incidentally recommends the case of Kuncarah Pillah for favourable consideration.	20-9-16	114
Settlement Report F. 1225. The statements of the various settlements of the district of South Arcot are forwarded to the Board detailing all the circumstances attending on the extension of cultivation and increase of revenue and describing the villages rented under various modes and the poverty of the ryots.	25-9-16	117
Inams Settlement—F. 1225. 1. Turrapady maniams are exclusively enjoyed by persons who perform services in the villages. They never escheat to Government but pass to the next heir. There are 1007 sunnud inamdars of which 979 had their sunnuds registered, very few of these maniams are hereditary. All particulars of tenure, etc., are entered in the sunnud. 2. Orders have been received from the Government that, after the demise of cutawady maniam holders, the lands should be taken up by the Government. But in consequence of the representations of their distressed families, they have been allowed to continue their possessions on the same terms as they were held by the deceased persons.	26-9-16	131

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Letters to the Board of Revenue.
1817.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Customs Pondicherry. The Collector informs the Board that he received orders from the Chief Secretary to levy a duty of 16 per cent. on all articles imported into the foreign settlement of Pondicherry from the 1st of January but the British Commissioner, Capt. James Fraser, showed him a letter from the Chief Secretary stating that the 16 per cent. was not to be levied on articles imported into Pondicherry until the 1st of March with the exception of the duty on the transit of goods passing through the Company's territory to Vellianellore and Baugore.	29-1-1817	7
Harvestings Reports by revenue renters. The Collector states for the Board's information that for the better security of the public revenue it has been customary here to take an extra muchilika from the renters and karnams of the villages promising to report the quantity of grain reaped monthly in order that the Tahsildars may be kept informed of the actual area of land cultivated.	25-3-17	24
Chatrams Vyapoory Mudali's petition. The Collector solicits orders to grant a piece of land on an annual quit-rent of St. Pag. 11-2-20 for the purpose of erecting a choultry at Chennamánsickpolliam in Cuddalore district.	28-3-17	29

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Karnams		
Emoluments.	8-4-17	34
The Collector reports that to put karnams on a more respectable and efficient establishment they may be paid a monthly salary which is not to exceed annually the amount of their present income. After the expiration of the decennial lease the whole of the collections made under this head by the Tahsildars should be carried to account. This will make them more respectable and more independent of the renters.		
Customs		
Revision of tariff.	23-4-17	44
1. Agreeably to instructions the Collector has submitted a revised tariff to the Board for approval. Three lists of articles have been prepared, first for levying a duty of 16 per cent., second for 8 per cent. and third for being exempted.		
2. The French Government have submitted a list of articles that are "notoriously intended for the consumption of the inhabitants of this settlement" and requests that a general duty of 5 per cent. may be levied on them.		
Bribery		
Revenue servants—Hajee Khan.	9-8-17	75
The Collector reports to the Board that it has been indubitably proved that Hajee Khan received bribes from the villages and that in spite of knowing that villages are transferred to persons of property and respectability he has recommended persons of no means who have since absconded leaving an uncollected balance.		
Ranjangudi		
Jaghirdar's son—Allowances—Claim.	4-9-17	85
The Collector reports that the present claimant is the legal son of the late Jaghirdar of Runjinguddah. Considering the past services of his ancestors he deserves every support from Government.		
Settlement Report	4-11-17	106
F.1226.		
1. The main cause of the decrease in revenue both in amani villages and those which had come under the management of the Collector, is the unfavourableness of the season in the early part of the fasli. Tuccavi was distributed at the proper time and no efforts were spared to induce the ryots to cultivate.		
2. Besides in many parts the hand of oppression is felt and frequent complaints from the ryots are redressed in the Zillah Court. The villages which do not yield a good revenue are abandoned by the renters. The Collector recommends that favourable terms be held out to the ryots to bring the waste lands under cultivation.		
Polliamcottah		
Claim to allowances as Zamindar.	11-12-17	131
The petitioner as well as the Tahsildar of Colleymallie were called for and enquiries were held. The petitioner had not been able to prove his claim to his father's allowances for want of records which he says are with the Tahsildar, who refuses to return them. But the latter denies possession of these documents. As the Collector has no powers to compel any one to return such documents he recommends that the claimant may be referred to the Zillah Court for redress.		
Revenue Settlement		
Replies to questionnaire.	17-12-17	133
The Collector replies to the Board's questionnaire on various aspects of the land revenue settlement. He considers that the ryots are perfectly satisfied with the ryotwari settlement and have the greatest confidence in the Circar's pattah and in the tenure on which they hold their lands. It also explains that as long as the ryot pays the Government demand he continues to be the sole and permanent tenant of the land.		

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Letters to the Board of Revenue.
1818.

Kavalgars		
Pensions to families of.	21-1-1818	3
The Collector brings to the notice of the Board that certain cavalgars did yeoman service to the Company and recommends that the pensions enjoyed by them may be continued to their families.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Bribery		
Tahsildar of Tirukkoyilur.	14- 2-18	13
Venkat Row, Tahsildar of Trecoilore, has been found guilty of accepting bribes. When put on his defence, he stated that his strict discipline and exact collections have estranged the feelings of the people and they are bent upon harming him in his official career. But the Collector is convinced of his guilt and dismisses him from the service.		
Cloth Factories		
Proposed abolition of.	4- 5-18	27
When the Collector of South Arcot was asked how far the abolition of the Salem Factory may affect the livelihood of manufacturers or the prosperity of the country, he stated that what has happened on the abolition of the factory at Cuddalore may be repeated at Salem. Europeans and private merchants will afford employment to that class of people but the private trade in cloths of the description usually got up by the Company at Cuddalore will entirely fall into the hands of the private dealers.		
Boodi Begum		
Allowances.	21- 5-18	35
The Collector reports to the Board that Nabob Majood Dowlah represents himself as the authorised vakil of Boodi Begum and wants that the amount authorised to be disbursed to Boodi Begum may be ordered to be drawn either at the General Treasury or the Government Bank. As the Collector has no powers to do this, he recommends that the Collector of Madras may be directed to disburse the amount, debiting it to this Collectorate, as he will be better able to ascertain whether Majood Dowlah is the person who was appointed by Boodi Begum as her vakil before her departure for Mecca from whence she has not yet returned.		
Choultries		
Estimates for construction of.	17- 6-18	45
The Collector forwards an estimate for the repair and construction of choultries for the accommodation of both European and native travellers and particularly the native merchants who contribute so much to the State. Since the Carnatic was assumed nothing was done in this direction and he hopes that the estimates prepared will meet with approval.		
Flood Damage		
River Coleroon.	12- 9-18	74
The Collector reports to the Board that the river Coleroon has unusually overflowed causing much damage to the banks and to the fields. Exact estimates of the damage are awaited and in order to protect the Government revenue fresh advances have been made to encourage cultivation and for the purchase of cattle. The Collector hopes the Board will approve.		
Settlement Report		
F. 1227.	15- 9-18	77
1. The fall in the revenue from customs is due to the transfer of Pondicherry to the French Government. The decrease in salt is due to the Brinjaris having been either appointed in the army or having gone to the pans of other districts.		
2. The revenue of the aumani villages fell in some degree, because the renters of the neighbouring villages grant easy terms for ryots to cultivate their waste lands, so that they refuse to devote their attention to the Circar lands.		
3. There was no improvement in the country from the introduction of the decennial system and the condition of the inferior classes is becoming worse than when they were under the Collector owing to the exactions and unjust collections of the renters which should be put down at once.		
4. Most careful attention is being paid to the tanks, etc., in spite of which very little improvement is witnessed in cultivation. Advances for cultivation are also made as usual.		

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Religious Institutions	1-10-18	92
Allowances to.		
1. " The resuming of the lands belonging to these religious institutions and granting a money allowance in lieu thereof is one of the noblest and best political measures that Government could have adopted and it has completely satisfied and convinced the natives that the Government is determined to support the institutions and see that religious ceremonies are carried on to the satisfaction of the community at large."		
2. The Collector proceeds to give statements of the lands under the enjoyment of the various institutions and the revenue derived from each as well as the lands escheated.		

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Letters to the Board of Revenue.

1819.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Salt		
Losses by floods.	11- 2-1819	11
The Collector reports to the Board that about 478 garce of salt was washed away by the overflow of Alamparra lake owing to heavy rain. A similar loss has occurred at Cuddalore from the same cause. Special arrangements are now being made to repair these tanks.		
Pattas		
Mirassi and ryotwari.	22- 3-19	25-35
The Collector submits for consideration two drafts of pattas ; one is prepared with the idea that the present occupants are to be considered as the contributors of the land tax to Government. This contains all the particulars about the land, rent tenure, rights, etc. The other is more intricate. " It is recorded that the rights of meerasy village landlords or land owners were not regarded when we obtained possession of the Carnatic from the Nawab of Arcot. The country was taxed in numerous . . . ways. Under this contingency at the commencement of the Company's Government engagements were entered into with the persons who naturally appeared to be contributors of the landed revenue, viz., the cultivators." " If therefore the old meerassy village land owners are to be invested with the entire and exclusive proprietary right of the pashungry villages, the cultivators who have received pattas from the Company's Government will be entirely at the mercy of the newly recognized meerassidars and as the faith of the Government is certainly held to be pledged to them, the patta now submitted for the meerassidar is couched in such a form as appears to me calculated to protect that pledge."		
Agricultural Advances		
Increase of.	8- 6-19	68
To enable the inhabitants to increase the cultivation and purchase cattle which were drowned in the floods it is necessary to increase the advances.		
Mangalore		
Claim to the Jaghir.	4- 8-19	87
The petitioner states that he enjoyed the whole of Mangalore taluk on paying a certain sum as a paishcush to Mohamat Hussain Khan. But afterwards, through some intrigue in the Nabob's Durbar, the Jaghir was transferred to Mohammat Hussain Khan and the petitioner's family was imprisoned and they lost their lives and he himself was obliged to escape for his life to the Salem district. His statement is endorsed by the Collector who recommends it for favourable consideration.		
Salt		
Sales, etc.—The Board's questionnaire.	9- 8-19	90
The Collector suggests that salt should not be allowed to be sold by any one in villages situated around the salt pans, say, within 20 miles, excepting by such merchants who may be furnished with a licence and that the retail price of salt in these villages should be fixed at its present rate. This would tend much to prevent the illicit sale of salt by the manufacturers.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Charitable Endowments		
Bomaypalliam—Claim to.	23- 8-19	118
Bomaypalliam is a dehaut onam village in the district of Vurdavoor and was granted to Pullaya Pundaram for life to defray the expenses of a muddom. On his death, the revenue of the village was continued to another pandaram as the village was granted for charitable purposes. This pandaram also died and the petitioner's claim seems to be pertinent.		
Slavery		
In South Arcot.	12- 9-19	131
The Collector reports that slaves in this Collectorate are mostly of the Palley and Pariar castes and the majority of them are chiefly devoted to the pursuits of agriculture. "The Hindu code of laws declare that the Sudra tribe are born in a state of servitude, and they are looked upon as natural slaves, the property of any person who defrays their marriage expenses. Before the assumption of the Carnatic by the British the owners were empowered to confine and punish them for misdemeanours but such powers have ceased to be exercised. These slaves can be sold to any other master. The owners are required to give them food, clothing and medical aid in times of need. When the owners are unable to maintain them, they ostensibly become free and labour for any person who will employ them."		
Revenue Establishment		
Retrenchment.	9-12-19	170
It is the intention of the Board and Government to revert to the ryotwari system after the 10 years' leases expire. "Without an efficient establishment the good effects and advantages from this system which are expected cannot be realised." Hence the proposed retrenchment in pay is too drastic.		
Interpreter		
Shrotriem conferred on.	2-12-19	179
The Governor in Council has been pleased to confer the village of Chellancoopum in the district of Cuddalore on an annual shrotriem rent of Pag. 50 on Ram Row, late interpreter.		

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Letters to the Board of Revenue.

1820.

Settlement Report		
(See also Reprint 10/3-21).	10- 2-1820	11
The records in the office do not throw any light on the hereditary landed tenures in the district. After the assumption of the Carnatic by the Company, the first Collector, Col. Graham, left no official account of its landed tenures and he seems to have farmed out the landed revenue by villages to the most respectable offers. Nor did his successor, Mr. Garrow, make property in land a subject of research, though he investigated the various resources of revenue, but he casually glances at the enjoyment of a mirassi by persons distinct from the ryots. Mr. Macleod did not record his enquiries into the nature of these rights. Mr. Ravenshaw, the present Collector's predecessor, also omitted to obtain the information now required and to the last he denied the existence of mirassi in any part of this district.		
There are three different kinds of tenures but who has vested them with their rights is not known. They are Pashingarie, Aroodicarie and Yakabhagam. The entire inhabitants of each village seem to have been considered in the light of Oalcoody tenants of the soil, possessed of the power of retaining such soil in their own families by hereditary descent but they were denied the power of alienating the land by either sale, gift or mortgage. How these restrictions arose is also unknown.		
The mirassidars enjoy the produce of the land and trees or fishes of the tanks. The lands of poracoody ryots revert to the mirassidars on the expiration of the leases for which they may have been granted.		
The mirassidars are accustomed to superintend the village affairs for the Circar, and control the expenditure of the local temples. They are entitled to levy fees for their own benefit from the cultivators of their villages. Their own version of these privileges is that they originated as a compensation for assisting the Circar in the administration of the village. It is also believed that it may be		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Settlement Report—*cont.* a voluntary contribution by the ryots to the mirassidars for acting as mediators between them and Government. They levied taxes on the shepherds whose pursuits were entirely pastoral and who grazed their cattle in the mirassi pasturage. No countenance was given to the system of mirassi after the Carnatic was assumed. The ryots, on receiving pattas from Government, assumed that they had been granted a perpetual right to occupy the lands therein described and began to improve their holdings. An unqualified revival of the mirassi tenure is now unthinkable; it would introduce confusion and disorder in the place of order and confidence in the British administration by pattas. The advantages of the ryotwari settlement are in its conducing to the prosperity of agriculture and industry. If the existence of private property is upheld it is doubtful whether the revival of mirassi rights would answer the purpose. The rates should not be so high as to discourage the ryot in agriculture. Three modes of personal settlement are suggested. The first is intended simply to revive the ancient mirassi tenures of the district to the fullest extent and the rules for the same are suggested. The second mode of settlement that he proposes is designed to combine and modify the ancient mirassi with the ryotwari settlement that has been introduced into the district in order to protect the pattas that have been distributed to the several cultivators. The rules detailed for the first mode are again presented for this mode with slight modifications. The third mode of settlement is calculated to render every cultivator or landed proprietor of the soil each possesses in virtue of the pattas distributed to them by the authority of the Board and to make them totally independent of every person as long as they faithfully discharge the public demand assessed upon their lands for which rules have been prescribed. The advantages and disadvantages of each mode of settlement are given. About the reduction in assessment he says that the immediate reduction of the Circar share of the gross produce from 50 to 40 per cent. will occasion a heavy sacrifice of revenue. The present rates of commuting the revenue from kind into money are favourable in certain places but are too high in others.		
Revenue Settlement F. 1229. The Collector forwards to the Board statements of the jummabundy in South Arcot. Certain leased lands came under aumani. The great decrease in revenue can only be accounted for by the ryots being deprived of the means to cultivate to the usual extent by the oppressions of the renters. The net decrease in the ayan aumani villages is trifling and attributable to the ryots having thrown up their lands and taken cowles from the neighbouring rented villages on more favourable terms.	10- 7-20	103
Shrotriem Veerapermanallore—Succession dispute. After the death of Ramasawmy Pillai, the Shrotriemdar of Veerapermanellore, the Board directed the Collector to put his heir in possession of the shrotriem which was done. After 16 months the father of the adopted son of Ramaswami Pillai preferred a complaint against the wife of the deceased and her managers and they have been referred to the Zillah Court for adjudication.	1- 8-20	109
Salt Scarcity of. 1. The great scarcity of salt in this and the neighbouring districts makes it impossible to export salt into the interior. The Collector ordered the salt Tahsildar not to sell any salt to merchants from Chaitput, Trenomallie and Cullacoorchy districts unless they produce identification certificates, from the Tahsildars of those districts, but the arrangement failed. The price of salt is now exorbitant. 2. The Collector proposes that each Tahsildar should be provided with sufficient salt to be sold to the inhabitants for consumption and that sales at the pans should be stopped altogether. The inhabitants agree to this.	30- 8-20	137

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Letters from the Board of Revenue.

1798.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Press Listed.		1–62

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Letters from the Board of Revenue.

1801–2.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Graham, Capt. J. G.		
Appointed Collector of the Southern districts of Arcot.	1– 8–1801	1–4
The Governor in Council in appointing Capt. Graham to be Collector of that portion of the country between the Palar and Porto Novo rivers, called the Southern districts of Arcot, issues to him the following instructions.		
He should		
(*a*) take over the administration of the country and its revenues and secure the balance of cash in the hands of the servants of H. H. the Nawab ;		
(*b*) employ an establishment for the collection of the revenue ;		
(*c*) take immediate measures to stimulate the cultivation of the current year ;		
(*d*) investigate into the revenue of the previous year as a basis for settling the revenue of the current year ;		
(*e*) to impress the inhabitants with a sense of the moderation and justice of the Company of the stability of the British Government and		
(*f*) induce them to cultivate their lands by making advances to those who actually require them.		
Garrow, Mr. George		
Appointed Collector of South Arcot.	30– 9–02	5–10
The Governor in Council appoints Mr. George Garrow, Secretary to Government, to be Collector of South Arcot to succeed Capt. Graham.		
Revenue Administration		
Instructions to the Collector.	29–10–02	11–6
1. The Board instructs the Collector not to remain at Cuddalore unnecessarily long, on the plea that the charge of the public records and the balance of the treasury have not been delivered over to him, but to advertise the renting of the sayer revenue and to accept such offers as may appear to him most advantageous.		
2. *Betel and Tobacco.*		
As no betel and tobacco farm has hitherto existed in the Arcot province, it is necessary to furnish the Board with an estimate of the probable revenues derivable from the monopoly of these articles, stating the prices which he thinks should be fixed for the sale of each and the regulations necessary to prevent collusion on the part of the inhabitants or exaction on that of the renters.		
Remissions		
F. 1211—Captain Graham's report.	6–11–02	17–22
The Board in forwarding to the Collector the report of Capt. Graham applying for a remission of Pag 17,285–0–3 for f. 1211 requests him to include it in his report on the late management of the Southern division of Arcot, pending submission to the Board.		
Falconer, Mr. Alexander		
Appointed Member of the Board of Revenue.	22–11–02	25
Ellis, Mr. Francis		
Appointed Secretary to the Board of Revenue.	22–11–02	25
Wayte, Mr. William		
Appointed Deputy Secretary to the Board of Revenue.	22–11–02	25
Inland Duties		
Exemption of cattle.	4–12–02	27–8 41–2
The Board communicates to the Collector the G. O. that cattle of every description be exempted from the payment of inland duties and every facility be afforded to their passage on public service through the district.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Military Bazaars	22- 9-02	29-32 53-82

Regulations for control.

1. The Governor in Council is pleased to abolish the present indefinite arrangements and to substitute the following system for the regulation of military bazaars and for the disposal of the produce of such taxes as may be levied by the authority of Government.
2. All officers of the Company, Civil and Military, are prohibited from and after 1st January 1803 from engaging directly or indirectly in levying, receiving or being concerned in any tax, impost or receipt from the bazaar or from any article of supply on pain of severe punishment.
3. The authority of Officers Commanding forts or cantonments over military bazaars or dealers of any description is limited to the necessary means of preserving peace and good order; to the prohibition within the limits of their command of the sale of intoxicating drugs and liquors and to the punishment of crimes strictly military which may be committed by the followers of the army.
4. All disputes relating to property, all cases of civil injury or matter relating to the general police, belong exclusively to the jurisdiction of the Civil Magistrates.
5. Rice, butcher's meat and all articles of food for the use of the troops shall be exempt from duties.
6. It will be the duty of the Collector to furnish a list of authorized duties for each fort within his jurisdiction to the O. C. for general information.
7. The forcible seizure of sheep being equally improper and unnecessary where the market is known to be free, that practice is prohibited.
8. Taxes or revenues arising from military bazaars shall be levied exclusively by the Collectors of the districts, on the same principles which regulate, the ordinary collection of revenue.

Cavalry Supplies	4-12-02	35-40

Co-operation of the Collector.

The C. in C. in his minute in the Council mentions that the General Agent for cavalry supplies has, in many instances, experienced a want of co-operation on the part of Collectors in the provision of grain and that the average prices of that article at the several cavalry stations have frequently exceeded the bazaar rates. The Board, at the request of the Governor in Council, expresses its concern and desires that greater interest should be shown in supplying the wants of the Military.

Audit Retrenchment against officers.	6-12-02	47-8

The Board communicates to the Collector an extract from the regulation for conducting the office of Civil Auditor, viz.,

"The audit or decision of the Civil Auditor shall not be reversed but by an order of the Governor in Council and their reaudits shall be final unless the parties concerned shall on sufficient cause make a representation within two calendar months after the receipt of the reaudit for the ultimate decision of the Governor in Council."

Thus the Board cannot apply for sanction to any charge that has been retrenched by the Civil Auditor, unless the representation comes from the officer affected.

Betel, Tobacco, etc. Regulations.	13-11-02	32-5

1. The exclusive sale of betel, tobacco, ganja, bhang and goodauck on the part of the Company shall cease from 1st March 1804.
2. The cultivation and sale of betel and tobacco and their importation into Madras and its environs shall be permitted to all persons.
3. All betel and tobacco imported shall be subjected to the payment of a duty as below (5 annas per vise of tobacco and one fanam per bundle of 400 leaves of betel for the first year and, from 1804, 6 fanams and 10 cash respectively).

   Ganja—Pag. 13 per maund.
   Bhang—Pag. 2 per maund.
   Snuff a duty of 3½ per cent. by sea.
   ,, 5 per cent. by land.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Settlement F. 1212. Patails' protests to the Board. 1. The Patails or the head inhabitants of the villages are not in favour of the assessment proposed by the Collector and have come to Madras to protest against it. 2. The Board orders them to go back and to represent their grievances through the Collector. It observes in a letter to the Collector that "it is indeed the wish of the Board as much as possible to eradicate the ascendency which these head inhabitants have too generally usurped over the inferior ryots, and by exciting in the latter a spirit of industry a sense of security, and by granting them what they have seldom hitherto enjoyed, a full participation in the produce of their labours, to advance by these means the interest of the individuals and of the State. The exclusion, therefore, of these patails from the advantages they formerly possessed is no less a just punishment for their contumacy and misconduct than a measure of the best policy that could be adopted."	15-12-02	91-5
Vettavalam Permanent settlement. 1. The Board requests the Collector to continue the management of the paliam so that he may ascertain with accuracy the value of the lands therein and the extent of military service the Poligar may at any time have been bound to render to the State and to propose the amount of commutation for that service and the jumma to be assessed in perpetuity. 2. It requests him to disarm the adherents of the Poligar and to suggest an arrangement for establishing an efficient system of police in their place. 3. The Poligar is given an allowance of 10 per cent. of the net revenue till the paliam is permanently settled.	23-12-02	101-4

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Letters from the Board of Revenue.
1803.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Arni Sayer revenue in the Jaghir. The Board requests the Collector to ascertain the average annual amounts derived therefrom to the Jaghirdar with a view to its resumption.	3- 1-1803	3-4
Pearl Fishery Call for labour. The Board transmits to the Collector an advertisement issued by the Governor of Ceylon for publication and requests him to encourage the owners of boats and the divers to proceed to Chilaw by the day mentioned in the advertisement to commence the pearl fisheries.	10- 1-03	7-10
Pensions Gholam Hussain Ali Khan. The Government sanction the payment of Rs. 100 as a pension to Golam Hussain Ali Khan in lieu of the three villages of Mulpady near Vellore, conferred on his ancestors by a firman from Delhi.	18- 1-03	13
Hodgson, Mr. John Appointed Member, Board of Revenue.	1- 2-03	23
Hyde, Mr. C. Appointed Assistant Collector.	1- 2-03	25
Shrotriem Vengalatur Sarishtadar, Jevan Row. 1. The Board requests the Collector to report the annual value of the village to fix the shrotriem rent. 2. The shrotriem is granted at a fixed rent of Pag. 200 a year.	13- 2-03	29, 93
Inoculation Reward and allowances. The Governor in Council is pleased to reduce the amount of reward to the practitioner from Pag. 20 to Pag. 10 on production of proper certificates of having successfully inoculated 100 persons with small-pox.	1- 3-03	37, 81-2 99, 100 125-6

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Assistant Collectors		
Study of the native language. The Board of Revenue requests the Collectors to report on the progress of their Assistants every quarter.	21- 3-03	43-8
Kavalgars		
Abuses by. The Board communicates to the Collector, an extract from a report by Maj. Munro, the Principal Collector in the Ceded Districts, on the subject of the abuses practised by kavalgars and desires him to compare these observations with the work of the present police under him and submit his opinion in the matter.	24- 3-03	49-60
Collenoor		
Restoration of Jaghir. On a representation from Golam Hussain, the adopted son of Hakim Ahamadully Caun, late Jaghirdar of Collenoor, in the Northern Division of Arcot, the Governor in Council is pleased to place the petitioner in possession of the Jaghir.	2- 3-03	75-6
Vaccination		
Check over native practitioners. 1. The Board approves the recommendation of the Medical Board to establish an additional check over the natives employed under the orders of the Government in the vaccine practice. 2. A duplicate of the register furnished by native practitioners is to be separately made out for each village and countersigned by the headman, signifying his knowledge that the patients had been vaccinated and regularly inspected by the practitioner on the 8th, 9th and 10th day after inoculation when the vesicles are formed. This register is to be deposited in the village cutcherry.	11- 9-03	95-9
Permanent Settlement		
Commission dissolved. The Board intimates to the Collector that the Special Commission appointed for the purpose of settling permanently the land revenue of the territories in the Presidency has been discontinued and that the duty has devolved on them.	23- 6-03	107
Pondicherry		
Provisions—Free export of. Consequent on the Treaty of Amiens, the Governor in Council orders the removal of all obstructions to the free export of provisions and supplies from the territories of the Company for the use of the French troops destined to occupy the colonial possessions on the Coromandel Coast and the supply of the market at Pondicherry.	28- 6-03	109-10
Young, Mr. R. H.		
Appointed Assistant Collector.	7- 7-03	119
Customs		
Exemption. Articles of consumption for the Princes at Vellore.	14- 7-03	121
Collenoor		
The Jaghirdar claims earlier collections. On the representation made by the Jaghirdar for the payment of the collections made during the time the Jaghir was under sequestration, the Board under the orders of the Governor in Council requests the Collector to pay the amount and report.	29- 7-03	127-30
Abkari		
Arrack and toddy regulation. 1. The Board in transmitting a draft of a regulation for the manufacture and sale of country arrack, the sale of foreign spirits and of toddy requests the Collector to offer his sentiments as to the propriety of introducing it into the districts with such modifications as local circumstances may render expedient. 2. The regulations deal with the issue of licences, the regulation of prices, the limits of the places of sale, the modes of sale, the restriction of sale to military persons and the engagements to be kept up to obtain a licence.	8- 3-03	133-40

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Yeomiahs		
Provisional payments.	14- 8-03	141-2
The Governor in Council authorises the values of the inams in the Carnatic to be paid in full to the claimants from the date of the Treaty of 31st July 1801, until their titles shall have been investigated and decided, but desires that the payment of the allowance to persons young enough to be independent of that support may be discontinued at the expiration of six months from the present date.		

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Letters from the Board of Revenue.
1803-4.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Betel and Tobacco		
Irregularity in leasing.	29-12-1803	3-6
The Board condemns the action of the Collector in causing the renters of the farms to hand over charge of the farms to the new renters before the expiry of the lease terms and directs him to pay back the amount which the old renters were compelled to make over to the present renters.		
Burial Ground		
Vellore.	29-12-03	6
The Board requests the Collector to make any arrangement to which the present possessors may consent.		
History of India		
Collection of information for.	19- 1-04	31-5
The Court of Directors request the Governor in Council to assist the Company's Historiographer in obtaining such information as might enable him to frame a general History of India and of the British affairs in particular. The Board requests the Collector to submit any information he may think useful for transmission to the Historiographer.		
Vettavalam		
Poligar's allowances.	20- 2-04	43-4
The Board sanctions Pag. 1,792 annually as allowance to the Poligar.		
Ryotwari Settlement		
Introduction of.	10- 3-04	47-55
1. The Board, in supporting the settlement made in f. 1212 by Mr. Garrow, requests the present Collector, Mr. Macleod, to complete the ryotwari settlement.		
2. *Procedure.*		
The settlement is to be made with individual ryots on the extent of land cultivated by each, regulating the amount of rent for the different kinds of soil in such manner as circumstances may indicate to be necessary.		
Sysul Mulk		
Paternal uncle of the Nabob of Arcot—Honour to the remains of.	28- 3-04	59-60
The Governor in Council requests the Collector to prepare to receive the remains of that Prince in their progress to Trichinopoly (where the interment takes place) with every suitable mark of respect and honour when passing through his district.		
Nattars		
Resumption of privileges considered.	24- 4-04	70-1
The Board of Revenue considers whether it may be proper in dispensing with the services of this class of men, to resume, abolish, or confirm the perquisites of office which they enjoyed in the Southern division of Arcot and requests the Collector to submit a statement of the amount of perquisites enjoyed by each.		
Customs Regulations		
Effects of.	6- 6-04	87-90
The Board requests the Collector to offer his opinion on the effects produced by the last enactment in the country, with special reference to the removal of town or frontier chowkis and the degree of advantage produced in the improvement of commercial intercourse within the country by the abolition of road duties and the inconvenience caused by the detention of private property at the provincial chowkis.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Gomuto		
Experiment in cultivation.	26- 6-04	93
The Board transmits to the Collector 10 bags of goomootoo seeds in charge of Iya Chetty for the purpose of experiment.		
Padsha Begum		
Relation to the Nabob of Arcot—Burial of.	23- 7-04	97-8
As the deceased's remains are to be interred near Arcot, the Board desires the Collector to allow the party to pass without interruption.		
Young, Mr. R. H.		
Appointed acting Collector of Chingleput.	23- 7-04	99
Prices		
Food-grains and provision—Periodical communication to military officers.	6- 8-04	103-6
The Board directs the Collector to furnish monthly to the officers in command of cantonments and stations, lists of the average prices, during the month preceding, of grain and provisions of every sort in the several bazaars under his superintendence.		
Land Customs		
Nabob of Arcot's complaint.	13- 8-04	107-12
1. The Nabob complains to the Governor that the Collector is levying duties on fruit and other produce grown in his gardens and requests that they may be exempted from duties.		
2. The Governor in Council directs that such articles as may be intended for the consumption of the Nabob's family or establishments shall be free from duty, but that articles intended for sale shall be liable to the payment of the established customs.		
Zoology		
Investigation.	20- 9-04	117-34
1. The Board communicates to the Collector a copy of a letter of the Governor in Council conveying the Governor-General's intentions for obtaining a more enlarged knowledge of the natural history of India, and requests him to afford every assistance to the medical officers who may be employed in the researches.		
2. Dr. Buchanan is appointed to superintend the researches. The Governor requests the Board to place before him a statement of the names of medical gentlemen who may from their talents, knowledge and local experience have the means of furnishing information of this nature.		
Vaccination		
Administration report, 1st Sep. 1802 to 30th Apr. 1804.	27- 7-04	135-60
The Medical Board submits its report on the successful results of the campaign. Government review the report.		
———— Propagation of.	17- 9-04	161-98
1. The Board encloses for the information and guidance of the Collector extracts from the Medical Board correspondence relating to vaccination by cow-pox virus to prevent small-pox showing that the trials carried out by the arduous work of the Surgeons at Ingeram and Maddepolam factories have been completely successful.		
2. To extend the practice of vaccine inoculation the Board thinks it expedient that the Collector should co-operate in every practical way with the Medical Board and Medical Officers employed in that duty and be prepared to suggest any way in which it can be popularized.		
3. The Board also requests him to observe the progress of the native practitioners employed for the purpose, holding out due encouragement to those whose merits may deserve reward and preventing any abuse in the disposal of the liberal allowance which has been already granted to such persons.		
Jamabandi Report		
F. 1213.	5-10-04	153-60
The Board observes that the Collector's explanation for the reduction of revenue as compared with the collections of the preceding year is not convincing and requests him to explain how he reconciles the amounts of the actuals with those of the estimates.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Town Duties Abolition considered. 1. The Governor in Council proposes to abolish eventually the town duties and to establish in lieu of them a general house-tax. He refers to Mr. Harris's proposals to divide the houses of Tanjore into two classes, one of land holders, merchants and tradesmen and the other of labourers receiving daily wages or a payment in kind and to tax them 21 and 14 fanams respectively. Other Collectors should work on these lines and transmit a table of the rates they propose for collection on houses belonging to the several descriptions of inhabitants within the district. 2. The Board in forwarding the resolution of the Governor in Council further desires the Collector to state the amount at present collected in the district under several heads of taxes which may be considered to operate on those paying it as a house-tax or a rent on the ground occupied by their habitations. 3. Town duties have operated to the general vexation and oppression of both manufacturers and cultivators.	16-11-04	219-36
Nassir-ul-Mulk Nabob's paternal uncle—Death—Interment of the remains at Trichinopoly.	21-11-04	237
Poligars Chittoor—Rebellion of. 1. The Governor in Council has, in consequence of the failure of the endeavours of the commission deputed to Chittoor, for the purpose of effecting and adjustment of the affairs of the poligars, deemed it necessary that the prosecution of active measures should be resorted to. A detachment of troops under Lt.-Col. Moneypenny has therefore been sent. 2. He is given powers of Martial Law and is instructed to take drastic action, if the poligars do not surrender to him in a week's time after the proclamation of the Governor in Council has been communicated to them.	1-12-04	255-69
Græme, Mr. H. S. Appointed Collector of North Arcot.	1-12-04	269
Vaccination Inoculation—Progress—Government observations. The Medical Board mentions the failure of progress due to the loss of the disease in the virus supplied. The Government request the Board to issue instructions to Collectors to remove difficulties in the propagation of vaccination.	27-12-04	291-312

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1805.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Famine Relief The Board communicates to the Collector the orders of the Governor in Council for dealing with famine. (*a*) Collectors are authorized to use their discretion in taking temporary measures. (*b*) They should consider how far it may be expedient to disburse occasional advances of money to dealers in grain for the purpose of enlarging the purchases of articles from Mysore.	2- 1-1805	1-6
Families of Haidar Ali and Tippoo Sultan Burning and burial grounds. On the representation of the two princes of Tippoo Sultan to the Paymaster of Stipends at Vellore, the Paymaster requests the Governor in Council to grant a site just outside the town. The Board, under orders from Government, requests the Collector to allot a suitable site, in communication with Maj. Marriott, as a burial place for the use of the families of the late Hyder Ally and Tippoo Sultan. (See **288**/109-10.)	1- 2-05	15-20
Fallowfield, Mr. E. W. Appointed Collector, Cuddalore and Pondicherry.	7- 2-05	31

Letters from the Board of Revenue.

1805.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Ravenshaw, Mr. J. G. Appointed Collector.	26- 3-1805	1-4
Sheffield, Mr. William Appointed Assistant Collector.	15- 4-05	7
Famine Relief The Board, on a further report from the Collector, regarding the grave scarcity, gives him authority to make advances of cash to persons willing to engage in the importation of grain and informs him that the Collector of Cuddalore and Pondicherry has been asked to assist in landing the grain and in providing carriages for its conveyance from the ports, under his superintendence.	16- 4-05	9-11 17-9
Kinlock, Mr. P. Appointed Register.	3- 5-05	27
Salt Sales. The Board requests the Collector to limit the sale of salt for the present to such small quantities as may be necessary for immediate consumption.	3- 5-05	29
Gholam Mahomed Robber. 1. One Gholam Mahomed, a robber, having committed a daring robbery in the territory of Mysore of the property of Meer Hussain Aly and his brother, fled into the Company's territories, at Vellore. 2. On the suggestion of the Resident at Mysore, the O.C., Vellore, was asked to arrest him. Gholam Mahomed and his confederate Soolaiman were arrested and Gholam Mahomed was sent a prisoner to Mysore. 3. He eventually gave a list showing how he had disposed of a considerable portion of the stolen property. 4. The Resident at Mysore requests the Governor in Council to recover the various sums of money issued to the persons who are living in the Company's territories. 5. The Board requests the Collector to take immediate measures to secure such portion as may be due from persons residing within the district under his charge. 6. Soolaiman, who is found to be an accomplice, is still kept under confinement at Vellore.	10- 5-05	31-76
Arni Mismanagement of the Jaghir. The Board requests the Collector to investigate into the charge that the affairs of the minor Jaghirdar of Arnee appeared to be ill managed by his mother and by his uncle and father-in-law, Nagojee Row, and if the charge was established, to take action under Regulation V of 1804.	30- 3-05	77-8
Gholam Mahomed Robber. The O.C. Vellore submits to Government, the accounts of Soolaiman, an accomplice to Gholam Mahomed, showing that Pag. 8,000 and odd are due to him from several persons in Vellore. The owner of the stolen property comes to Vellore and the Board requests the Collector to render assistance in recovering the property. (See 288/117-20).	12- 4-05	87-98 117-25
Police Vellore—O.C.'s complaint. The O.C. Vellore complains to the Governor in Council against the Amildar's unnecessary interference with the military, from the date on which the control over the Police and Pettah was transferred to the Collector. He adds that as the Collector always remains outside Vellore, a permanent resident in this garrison may be appointed to superintend the Police and Pettah.	5- 5-05	99-106

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Salt Regulations		
The Governor in Council issues a draft of a regulation for regulating the revenue derivable from salt :	24- 5-05	143-80
(*a*) The salt revenue is to be under the supervision and control of a General Agent.		
(*b*) Manufacture, sale, transit, export and import without the orders of Government, are prohibited.		
(*c*) The regulation does not extend either to Malabar or to Canara.		
Ryotwari Settlement		
Introduction of.	19- 7-05	181-201
1. The Board of Revenue issues instructions to the Collector for the introduction of a ryotwari settlement. They include the following :—		
2. *Calculation of rent.*		
Each field is to be surveyed and its name and the rent fixed entered in the register.		
To asertain the rent of a field, the officer will be guided by its estimated productive capacity by the amount of rent paid last year, and by the average rent for five years back adding also extra impositions in the shape of russoms. When different crops are raised, the crop that has been most often sown during the previous ten years should be considered.		
3. *Gardens.*		
Where on betel leaf, plantains, tobacco, garlic, sugar and such productions the karnam and renter have enjoyed what is called teeroopum, which is an exaction exclusive of the rent, teeroopum should be added to the rent.		
4. *Wet lands*		
Wet lands should be classed as double crop only when there have been two crops annually for the previous ten years. The average of the produce of ten years back should be taken and rent fixed accordingly.		
The ryots should be informed that if the land is left waste for want of water, no rent will be collected.		
To fix the rent of wet land, add to the Circar mamool share of a given quantity of grain, all pagoda maras, poligar cavil, tank maras, one half of all other maras and swatantrams.		
5. *Commutation.*		
The share of the Circar so arrived at, should be commuted into a money rent calculating the price of grain at 6 marakals cheaper than the average quantity of one pagoda of the last ten years.		
6. *Irrigation.*		
A deduction should be made for irrigation by baling.		
Where inams for digging wells and making tanks have existed, no rent should be charged.		
7. *Inams.*		
No assessment should be charged for personal and service inams. (See 288/151-5).		
Arni		
Management of the Jaghir.	21- 5-05	203-7
The Court of Wards appoints Narrain Iya, Tahsildar of Arcot, to be Manager in the place of Nagojee Row and Mudoo Row to be guardian to the minor Jaghirdar.		
Mackenzie, Mr. Alexander		
Appointed Superintendent of Vaccination.	31- 7-05	215-6
Vaccination Regulations	31- 7-05	217-25
Abkari Regulations		
The Board of Revenue transmits a copy of the regulation relating to the manufacture and sale of country arrack and the sale of toddy.	14- 8-05	233-40
Missionaries and Christian Converts		
Protection of.	14- 8-05	241-7
The Board communicates to the Collector, the orders of the Court of Directors to protect missionaries in the due discharge of their important duties and also the native Christian converts.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Burrah Khan		
Subadar—Shrotriem grant.	21- 8-05	249-50
The Governor in Council grants the village of Vepery in Tindivanam taluk, on shrotriem tenure to Burrah Khan on an annual rent of Pag. 30 on the recommendation of Sir Arthur Wellesley. (See **288**/59-61.)		

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Letters from the Board of Revenue.

1805-6.

(Pages 1-4 missing.)

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Sheffield, Mr. William		
Appointed Assistant Collector.	15- 4-1805	5
Arni		
Mismanagement of Jaghir.	28- 4-05	17-9
The Collector reports to the Board the misconduct and mismanagement of Nagojee Row and recommends the appointment of Narayana Iya as Manager and Muddoo Row as guardian to the minor.		
Jurisdiction		
Transfer of Chidambaram and other districts to S. Arcot.	27- 4-05	21
The Governor in Council directs the transfer of the districts of Chidambaram, Caut Mannarcoil and Sreenivasam (Sreemushnam) to the district of S. Arcot.		
Burrah Khan		
Shrotriem grant. (See **287**/249-50).	4- 6-05	59-61 157-8
The Collector submits to the Board, a statement showing the extent and revenue of the village and recommends its grant to Burrah Khan on an annual rent of Pag. 30.		
House-tax		
The Collector argues the inadvisability of introducing house-tax in the district.	11- 6-05	61-3
Sub-Collectors		
Establishments and buildings.	22- 6-05	74-80
The Collector reports to the Board the necessity for an establishment and office building for each of his Sub-Collectors.		96-7
Jamabandi Report		
1. The Collector submits to the Board that he directed the settlement of the jumma according to Col. Macleod's orders as it was not possible for him to effect any alteration in its principles.	8- 7-05	80-9
2. The decrease in the land revenue is attributed to the failure of the periodical rains and to the false accounts of shavee given by the curnams.		
3. The Collector observes that the common cultivating classes have received no relief since the country was ceded to the Company, except for the abolition of the road duties and from the introduction of the ryotwari settlement, which has in a great measure prevented the heads of villages from oppressing the ryots.		
4. The Collector proposes the following concessions pending the completion of the permanent settlement.		
(*a*) Adjusting the inequality of the assessment and the weight of it in many cases.		
(*b*) A reduction of assessment in wet and dry lands.		
(*c*) The tax on trees, like every other tax, has been strained to the very utmost. It has prevented their culture. The tax should vary according to the nature of the trees.		
(*d*) In cases where a separate rent for the land is paid, the ryots must have the liberty of cultivating it with whatever they like.		
The Governor in Council declines to accept the proposals and directs the Collector to finish the survey.	..	138
Family of Haidar Ali and Tippoo Sultan		
Burning and burial ground. (See **286**/15-20).	25- 7-05	109-10
The Paymaster of Stipends requests the Board to obtain for him a Company's grant for the land described herein, purchased for the purpose of erecting a mosque and tombs and for the interment of Tippoo's family.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Gholam Mahomed		
Recovery of Meer Mostapha's properties. (See **287**/87–99).	24- 7-05	117-20
On a complaint to the Governor in Council from Meer Mostapha that though he has been at Vellore for about 45 days, the Collector does not help him to recover his property, the Collector on receipt of the complaint explains the measures taken by him to that end.		
Arni		
Management of the Jaghir—Measures.	25- 8-05	127-36
1. The Collector reports that he has issued a commission to Narayana Iyah as the manager of the estate as well as another commission to the guardian of the minor.		
2. A reduction in the allowances to the minor is not recommended.		
3. The Collector hopes to improve the revenues of the estate provided the manager's exertions are not thwarted by satellites of the Jaghirdar.		
4. He transmits a memorandum of requests delivered in by the minor, with his report on each point, for the orders of the Board of Revenue.		
Sub-Collector's Cutcheries		
Selection of sites—Estimates.	28- 9-05	140-3
The Collector reports to the Board the necessity of constructing cutcheries for the Sub-Collectors, to keep the treasure and to confine prisoners. He suggests Arcot and Tirucoiloor as the best places. He also submits estimates for the buildings.		
Sub-Treasuries		
Proposal to establish at Sub-Collectors' headquarters.	5-10-05	147-50
1. The Collector understands the remarks of the Board to mean, "In like manner as Tahsildars retain their collections until they amounted to a stated sum, so should Sub-Collectors retain the remittances of their Tahsildars until they form a sufficient sum to be forwarded under a guard to the Huzoor."		298-300
2. He explains the difficulties in carrying this into effect, viz., the extra expenditure in providing guards and the delay in payment of allowances to subordinates. The Collector by practical calculation shows that the establishment of treasuries in the Sub-Collector's headquarters and the entertainment of additional establishment is in no way an extra expenditure.		
Ryotwari Settlement		
Introduction of. (See **287**/181-201).	14-10-05	151-5
1. The Collector reports to the Board of Revenue that he cannot definitely say when the survey could be finished while the practice of corrupting the surveyors prevails so widely. The false accounts given by the Karnams and the diminution in the extent of arable lands add their quota in making the original work useless.		
2. To the question "Will it be more advisable, upon the completion of the survey to conclude at once a settlement in permanency or to grant temporary leases?" he replies that the former is more advisable.		
3. The ends proposed by the latter appear to be giving time for a further enquiry into the resources of the country. The resources of the country if ever will be ascertained by the survey. The establishment of a money rent on land according to its quality and the protection of the ryots from extortion by the gramatars will excite the former to a greater increase of cultivation than any other mode of management. The Collector therefore hopes that by the time the survey is finished the increase of revenue will be considerable.		
4. He condemns the leasing system as it creates uncertainty which is an obstacle in the way of improvement to land and cultivation. (See pp. 237–45).		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Jamabandi Report		
Government review.	16-11-05	165-73
1. The Board recommends to the Government the abolition of the tax on trees and on land occupied by topes of fruit trees assessed with light rent and the tax on the trees on land for which a separate assessment is being paid.		
2. The Board also recommends the abolition of water rate and the jadige and the abolition of various levies vexatious to the people.		
3. The Governor in Council approves the recommendation of the Board and adds that honey and wax rent may also be abolished.		
Bribery		
Seshagiri Rao's complaint.	14-10-05	175-80 183-7
One Seshagiri Row complains to the Board that the public servants of Arcot from the Collector down to the clerk, received bribes. The petition was referred to the Collector for enquiry. Seshagiri Row was examined and his deposition recorded. When he was asked to sign his statement he refused and left the village.		
Jaghirs		
Life grants.	23-11-05	190-1
The Board transmits the list of life grants to Jaghirdars in the Southern division of Arcot.		
Revenue Administration		
Oppression of the ryots.	15-12-05	192-205
1. Mr. Ravenshaw, the Collector, reports to the Board a melancholy picture of the sufferings of the lower cultivating classes and of the oppression practised on them by the heads of villages by extorting excessive amounts, making unauthorized collections and embezzling without limit. They also force them to execute mortgage bonds.		
2. Undue demands come under the following categories :—		
(*a*) Collecting the rent of land which the heads of villages persuade the karnams not to bring to account, or for which remission has been granted on account of shavi or which is sanad inam.		
(*b*) Non-payment to the labourers of advances disbursed by Government for repairs to tanks, or to artizans of the village of their allowances.		
(*c*) Collection of fees from shopkeepers, cattle owners and ryots of other villages.		
(*d*) Collections from the sale of trees belonging to Government.		
Jamabandi Report		
F. 1214.	17-12-05	206-12
The Collector explains to the Board how he arrived at the assessment of each village.		
Assignment of Land		
Vellore.	25- 1-06	226-8
The Collector recommends to the Board the applications of the two servants of the late Tippoo Sultan for an assignment of land.		
Perak		
Debts due to the King.	10- 2-06	232-5
The King of Perak requests the Governor at Penang to request the Governor of Madras to render assistance in the recovery of some debts from the leading merchants at Porto Novo.		
The Governor at the request of the Governor at Penang requests the Collector to render all possible assistance in the recovery of the dues.		
Ryotwari Settlement		
Introduction of. (See pp. 151-5).	2- 4-06	237-64
1. The Board requests the Collector to report on the progress made in the survey, the commutation of the Government share of the harvest, the issue of pattahs and the abolition of vexatious taxes.		
2. The Collector reports on the deception practised by the karnams and their delays. Their chief object was to defraud Government, to depreciate the value of the villages, to induce the ryots to abscond and withhold the dues of Government and to prevent discovering the false accounts of shavi.		
3. The Government are satisfied with the zeal of the Collector.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Sub-Treasuries		
Buildings.	25- 7-05	254-6
The Board requests the Collector to submit estimates for the re-construction of Tahsildar's cutcheries.		
Barrett, Col. Thomas		
Property of. (See **177**/475-6).	11- 1-06 25- 2-06	221-3 250-1
On a requisition from Messrs. Binny and Dennison to collect the balance due to the late Col. Barrett, the Collector explains the obstacles in the way of collecting the dues. (See **291**/79-88).		
Official Dispute		
Mr. P. C. Ross, Sub-Collector—Complaint by the O.C., Vellore.	6- 3-06	261-78
Col. John Fancourt, O.C. the Vellore Garrison, represents to the Governor in Council that Mr. Ross interfered with the constituted authority of Government and passed sentence upon the conduct of an officer holding a command under Government. He also ventured upon expressions of unqualified and wanton rebuke, upon no better foundation than his own private opinion. The Governor in Council requests Mr. Ross to explain his conduct.		
Settlement		
Ginjee taluk.	15- 3-06	280-2
The Collector reports to the Board that almost all the villages in the Gingee taluk are deserted. There are 42 deserted villages and only 1,124 cultivators in the inhabited villages. He therefore proposes to let them to persons who will agree to bring people from any other district to cultivate them. The other conditions are, (*a*) that the holders of them shall pay a fixed rent to increase at a fixed rate annually for the next five years ; (*b*) that the amount of rent at the expiration of that period shall remain fixed for ever ; (*c*) that the holder shall repair all tanks, wells, etc., at his own expense and that he shall be entitled to no claim for remission on account of unfavourable seasons or on any other account.		
Indigo		
Cultivation.	13- 2-06	282-94 301
The Board forwards to the Collector Col. Cullen's proposal for extending the manufacture of indigo and requests him to take measures to ascertain the actual extent of indigo which may be under cultivation within the district at the disposal of that officer.		
Agricultural Advances		
Application for.	24- 4-06	302-3
The Collector requests the Board to sanction an advance of Pag. 40,000 for disbursement to the ryots and explains the causes that led to the application for such a large amount.		
Irrigation Projects		
Vuldavoor district—Proposals.	26- 4-06	304-5
The Collector recommends to the Board the proposal submitted by Capt. Caldwell for augmenting the supply of water to five tanks in the district by cutting a channel to them as also the plans and estimates received.		
Arni		
Allowances to Jahgirdar.	21- 9-05	306-8
1. The Board approves the recommendation of the Collector to the increase of allowances to the Jaghirdar and the members of his family. 2. The Board directs the Collector to take charge of the land customs, abkari and other branches of revenue and to grant agricultural advances.		

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1805-6.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Accounting		
Cash.	9-11-1805	27-9
The Accountant-General issues instructions to the Collector of Cuddalore and Pondicherry to obviate the inconveniences that have arisen in the mode of keeping the statement of balance of cash in his treasury, from the circumstance of the actual balance not agreeing with the balance as per account.		

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Bank Notes		
Government Bank.	11- 3-06	59-60
The Governor in Council requests that the notes of the Government Bank lately established should circulate through the country under certain restrictions and they should be received in all public treasuries as legal tender in all transactions with the Government but that they should not be payable in cash anywhere except in Madras.		
Customs Regulations		
Abolition of town duties.	21- 7-06	109-1
1. The Governor in Council informs the Collector that the town duties are abolished and requests him to withdraw all customs servants from the chowkis.		
2. He also directs that not more than 5 per cent. be collected on goods imported from the territory of H.H. the Nizam and that he will prohibit the levying of any duty on goods exported from the territories of the Hon'ble Company to Hyderabad.		
Betel and Tobacco		
Renting.	25- 7-06	112-4
1. The Board requests the Collector of Cuddalore and Pondicherry to rent the betel and tobacco farms in the same way as the arrack and toddy farms, by issuing licences.		
2. The main deviation from the arrack regulation is that there is no restriction on the location and number of shops.		
3. The Board requests that at some of the most considerable towns it might be advisable that the duty on betel and tobacco should continue to be levied.		
Dutch Factory House		
Cuddalore.	18- 9-06	122-3
The Board of Revenue at the request of the Board of Trade requests the Collector of Cuddalore and Pondicherry to dispose of the ground on which the late Dutch Factory House at Cuddalore stood. Jacob Deving purchased it for St. Pag 360.		132-3 139-40
Customs Establishment		
Transfer of control.	24- 9-06	129, 132
The Governor in Council directs that the management of the customs and duties on commerce whether by sea or land be transferred to the Board of Trade.		
Famine Relief		
Instructions.	24-11-06	142-4
The Board, in describing the dangerous effects which are caused by hasty interference on the part of the Company's servants on the prices and security of the food-grains, observes that it is only in cases of extreme exigency that Government should interfere and unless such cases occur it is expected that no extraordinary interference with the grain market should be attempted.		
Military Supplies		
The Board transmits to the Collector of Cuddalore and Pondicherry the orders of the Governor in Council regarding the supply and storing of grains for the benefit of troops during times of famines.	17-12-06	150-1

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1805–6.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Survey Instruments		
Loss of.	16-11-1805	63-7
Consequent to the loss of the theodolite instrument, James Allen and another surveyor have to be kept without duty. The Board suggests that they may be asked to work under Capt. Caldwell.		
	23-11-05	71-3
Stationery Indent		
The Board desires that the general practice of furnishing standing indents may be discontinued and that the demand should be henceforward proportioned to the actual consumption in the year immediately preceding.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Prisoners		
Escape from Trivellore—Apprehension.	21- 2-06	149-52
The Board of Revenue informs the Collector that two prisoners Edacody Venkataroyer and Appoo Padayatchey escaped from confinement at Trivellore and that it is supposed that Comara Nullapa Naig, Poligar of Gommerpoondy in the district of Satewaid, assisted them.		
A descriptive roll of the prisoners is transmitted.		
Irrigation Repairs		
Cauveripauk.	20- 3-06	235-7
The Board transmits a copy of its letter to the Superintendent of Tank Repairs directing him to examine the tank of Cauveripauk in order that the repairs required may be commenced at an early period.		

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Letters from the Board of Revenue.
1806.

Revenue Renter		
Mr. Edward Campbell.	30- 4-1806	5-12
The Board requests the Collector to report whether Mr. Campbell is entitled to any remission on the plea that no allowance was made for the necessary disbursements on account of takkavi and maramat.		
An extract of the Board's letter to the Governor in Council is enclosed.		
Tippu Sultan's Sons-in-law		
Erection of houses for.	26- 5-06	15-8 137
The Paymaster of Stipends at Vellore requests the Governor in Council to issue orders to the Collector to hand him over a vacant spot of ground lying to the east of Bringeveram gate, so that he may arrange to construct houses for the sons-in-law of Tippoo Sultan.		
The Board requests the Collector to report the loss of revenue with which the above measure will be attended.		
Wandiwash		
Claim to the Jaghir.	4- 6-06	21-5 143-8
The Board forwards for report the petition of Mulik-ul-Nessa Begum, the daughter of the late Nabob of Wallajah Ameer-ul-Hind Omdat-ul-Omrah, requesting that the Jaghir of Wandiwash, given to her by her father, may be restored to her and also the refund of grain and cash on account of arrears for f. 1210.		
Revenue Remission		
Application for.	21- 6-06	27-32
1. The inhabitants of Tirunamalai, Tirucolur, and other places present a petition to the Board complaining against Mr. Hyde, the Sub-Collector, for his refusal to give shavi remission.		
2. The Board, being satisfied from the report of the Collector that their request is unreasonable, wants to send them back under a warrant. Before the warrant is obtained they make off.		
Shrotriem		
Vengalathoor.	5- 7-06	45-52 93
Jeevan Rao, the Shrotriemdar of Vengalathoor, requests the Board that a permanent rent may be fixed upon the cavalgaur's privileges of his shrotriem village and that the Board will be pleased to recommend to Government that a charity grant may be issued for the flower garden and brindavan maintained by him in Tiruvattore.		
Arni		
Management of the Jaghir.	15- 7-06	67-72
1. The Board informs the Collector that it would seem to be more equitable that all bona fide creditors of the estate should participate in the surplus funds rather than that the claims of a few should be satisfied to the entire exclusion of the rest.		
2. The Board refuses to grant permission to the Jagirdar to visit Tirupetty and recommends to the Collector the resumption of certain taxes and farms. (See 292/147-51).		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Barrett, Col. Thomas		
Property of. (See 288/221-3).	7- 8-06	79-88
The Board intimates to the Collector the decision of the Governor in Council that the unreasonableness and the illegality of the claims preferred by Messrs. Binny & Dennison for the recovery of the dues prevent him from interfering. (See 326/52-5).		
Assignment of Land		
Veypoor.	11-11-06	89-92 107
Mohamed Surwar Subadar of the Native Cavalry requests the Governor in Council to grant him an extent of 40 cawnis of wet lands in Veypoor near Arcot in consideration of his arduous service under the Governor and the Governor-General.		
The site applied for is assigned.		
Jamabandi Report		
F. 1215—Government observations.	17-11-06	103-6
1. The Governor in Council is satisfied with the Collector's zeal and ability in eradicating the evils which have afflicted the province.		
2. The Governor in Council approves the arrangement adopted by the Collector to correct the abuses which have been practised in the collection of 'Swatantrums' of the village artificers and in imposing the tax for gardens on lands cultivated by means of baling from wells.		
Police Duties		
Employment of revenue servants.	22-10-06	153-66
1. The Governor in Council directs the Collector to follow the arrangement suggested by the Judge and Magistrate of the Zilla of Calicut, relating to the employment of revenue servants to discharge the duties of the Police in all the districts not permanently settled until a general regulation is published.		
2. The arrangements are :—		
(*a*) to invest the head native revenue officer in each taluk with authority to receive the first information report and to receive criminal complaints arising within his jurisdiction ;		
(*b*) to empower him to apprehend the offender or person complained against, whom he will forward with the complainant and evidence to the Magistrate's residence ;		
(*c*) in petty cases of assault and battery, etc., he shall be empowered to detain the accused forwarding without delay the complaint with a report on the case and awaiting the Magistrate's order for the final disposal of the accused ;		
(*d*) the Parbatties or village collectors shall be ordered each in his separate charge, to give immediate information to the native officer of all acts committed in breach of the peace and to forward such offenders or await the assistance from the head native officer or, if necessary, from the Magistrate.		
Indigo		
Cultivation and manufacture.	18-10-06	167-91
From the Board to Government.		
1. Lt.-Col. Cullen submits his proposition to receive the raw material from the cultivators and to manufacture it at his own works into indigo, for which purpose he requires only a few small spots of ground for erecting the vats.		
2. The Governor in Council refuses to give his sanction for the construction of any works connected with the undertaking on a permanent plan until the pleasure of the Court of Directors is known.		
3. The report of Col. Cullen regarding the advantages derived from the cultivation to an abnormal extent is enclosed.		

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1807.

Village Police		
Maintenance of.	11- 4-1807	1-8
The Governor in Council proposes to consider at a future time the suggestions of Mr. Ravenshaw relative to resumption of caval inams and the payment of Taliars by the month. In the meantime he directs that the cavalgars may be maintained from the produce of the cavelly lands and that such assistance may be extended to the more indigent village watchers from the same funds as they may be considered indispensably to require.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Retrenchment		
The Board directs the Collector to submit a statement of the different branches of public expenditure of the present establishment of revenue under the Collector with a view to reduce the expenditure consistently with the attention due to an efficient administration of the revenue. A statement showing the establishment of the Collector of the district of Dinagepore in Bengal is enclosed for reference.	21- 5-07	15-30
Abkari Regulations		
Modifications proposed. 1. The Board, in transmitting the correspondence between it and the Government, requests the Collector to offer his opinion whether the rent or exclusive sale by licences for whole estates or divisions as proposed by the Board or an exclusive sale by separate licences for every still and shop, as in Bengal, would be the better system of management. 2. The Governor in Council, declines to follow the regulations passed by the Governor in Council of Oudh in sanctioning a lease to individuals of the exclusive right, over extensive divisions of the territory, of selling spirituous liquor, unless that system is clearly attended with advantages over the detailed system recommended by the Supreme Government. He however decides to modify the draft regulation in conformity with the system prevalent in Bengal.	20- 5-07	31-44
Inams		
Colewauk. Zohiam Bibi, widow of Woosman Cawn, requests the Board to restore to her the inam village of Colewauk, in the Mannargoody taluk, enjoyed by her ancestors for a long time. The Board refers the petition to the Collector for investigation.	16- 4-07	45-8
Cavalry Supplies		
Horsegram. The Board requests the Collector that if he is entrusted with the supply of gram by the Agent to the Military Supplies, he should co-operate with him and should not give cause for complaints. A copy of correspondence between the Special Agent and the Military Board and the Government is enclosed.	3- 6-07	49-66
Talayaris		
Pay. The Governor in Council sanctions the payment of allowances to talayaris at the rate of Rs. 2½ a month.	31- 7-07	89-91 98-104
Wandiwash		
Claim for arrears in the Jaghir. The Governor in Council sanctions the arrears of grain and money outstanding in Mulik-ul-Nissa Begum's name in her late Jaghir at Wandiwash at the time of its resumption.	31- 7-07	93-8
Assignment of Land		
Keelamanoor, Vellore Taluk. The Governor in Council grants a sunnad to Subadar Syed Kasim for 50 cawnis of wet land in Keelamanoor village.	4- 8-07	107
Minting		
Proclamation. The Governor in Council issues a proclamation specifying the varieties of coins ordered to be minted, with their constitution and weight.	7- 8-07	111-6
Passport Regulations		
Modification. The Governor in Council, having been pleased to establish some additional rules relating to the issue of passports, transmits to the Collector a copy of them and thinks that the rules now established will be sufficient to prevent any foreigners or suspicious persons whether European or Native from travelling in the country without authority.	22- 8-07	128-34
Inams		
Cawlasghur—Abdul Khader's petition. Abdul Khader, a sepoy of the 2nd Ba., 8th Rt., requests, through the O.C., the restoration of an inam in Cowlasghur, granted to his father by Nabab Subdar Ally Cawn, consisting of a garden and a house and which was resumed by the Collector. The Board requests the Collector to investigate the case.	11- 9-07	135-42

Vol. 292—*cont.*

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Arni		
Jamabandi report for f. 1216. (See **291**/67–72).	12- 9-07	147-51
1. In reviewing the accounts of the estate for f. 1216, submitted by the Collector, the Board of Revenue disallows the commission taken by the Collector, sanctions the grant of advances under taccavy and proposes to hand over the surplus to the minor Zamindar when he comes of age.		
2. The Board also proposes to a general resumption of taxes and to that end requests the Collector to make a separate report on the subject. (See **292**/157–61.)		
Garden Lands		
Long leases.	1-10-07	153-4
1. The Board agrees with the Collector that the present mode of renting Circar gardens annually is likely to impair the value of the property, and thinks that any permanent arrangement will be objectionable.		
2. It proposes to conclude a lease upon the principle of levying a fixed rent for a term of 5 or 7 years, with the highest bidders securing to them preference on a future renewal of the agreement.		
Arni		
Restoration to the Jaghirdar. (See **292**/67–72.)	13-11-07	157-61
On the representation of Rajeebhoy, the mother of the minor Jaghirdar, to reinstate her son in the Jaghir, as he has attained his majority, the Court of Wards requests the Collector either to leave it to the option of the Jaghirdar to receive charge of the Jaghir on the day in which his minority terminates or to wait until the accounts shall have been closed.		
Yeomiahs		
Sheikh Adam's appeal.	23-11-07	163-73
1. A yeomiah granted to him on condition of his reading the Koran at the tomb of Anwardeen Cawn has been discontinued because it did not appear to the Collector to be held under a valid sanad and because the petitioner enjoys another yeomiah of Rs. 15 in the district of Chittoor.		
2. Sheikh Adam appeals to the Board and the Board after consideration allows the grant to be restored.		
Retrenchment		
Collector's establishment.	30-11-07	179-86
The Board considers the charges on his establishment is high and proposes certain reductions.		

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1808.

Sunn-hemp		
Exports.	21-7-1808	1-14
As the Board of Directors are in need of a considerable quantity of sunn-hemp, for the use of His Majesty's Government, the Board of Revenue requests the Collectors to report whether any or what quantity may be procured in his district and to give an estimate of its price.		
Revenue Renter		
Resumption of Chidambaram farm.	18- 7-08	21-5
At the request of Mr. Edward Campbell to whom the farm of Chidambaram was rented out for 10 years from 1803, the Governor in Council accepts his resignation and resumes the farms.		
Retrenchment		
Revision and reduction of establishment.	30- 7-08	39-58
The Board requests the Collector to submit proposals for the reduction of pay of officers and the establishments under him, as requested by the Court of Directors, to ease the financial stringency of the Company.		
The instructions are "to suggest to the Governor-General in Council not only every practicable reduction in the establishment of each separate office, but also if any particular offices can be abolished or whether any two or more offices can be united under one person without injury to public interests."		

Item. — Date. — Page number.

Sunn-hemp

Cultivation—Development. — 1- 8-08 — 77-85

The Board communicates to the Collector, a letter from the Acting Resident at Mysore regarding the improvement and extension of the cultivation of hemp and instructs him to get seeds from the Acting Resident, if necessary.

Inams

Resumption proposals. — 5- 8-08 — 87-100

1. The Collector submits to the Board his opinion about the payment of allowances to pagodas, mosques and to village sibbandis.
2. He objects to Government taking up the management of the temple inams and recommends the resumption of cawelly inams but adds that the latter decision depends upon whether or not the Government recur to the cawelly system.

——— The Board desires the Collector to continue the money allowances as heretofore but it is decidedly of opinion that the inams enjoyed by Mirasidars under the denomination of "Yehjaman" maniam and only very lately denominated Monigars' inams or Patta Monigars' inams should, under village rents, be given up and be left to be enjoyed as heretofore by those who can establish a claim to a participation in them where disputed in a court of justice. — 8- 9-08 — 129-31

Inams

Ramarow's appeal. — 28- 8-08 — 133-46, 177-8

1. Ramarow, Sarishtadar to the Court of Appeal in the southern provinces and the proprietor of a garden in Tirupapuliyur village, represents to the Board, that the Tahsildar is unnecessarily demanding an extra assessment on the garden given to his father as an inam over and above the usual quit-rent of St. Pag. 2.
2. The Board requests the Collector to report.
3. The Collector recommends the remission of assessment demanded in excess.

Demand, Collection and Balance

Statement for f. 1218. — 5- 9-08 — 155-72

1. The Board transmits to the Collector its review on the charges and receipts of the revenue under him and observes that the charges on the revenue establishment are abnormal when compared to the total revenue received.
2. The Collector in reply explains the circumstances under which he is forced to spend so much on the Huzoor and other establishments.

Government Pleader

Is he a Government servant ? — 11-10-08 — 185-94

1. The Government Vakil presented a complaint to the Magistrate of the Zillah of Vridhachalam against Ponny and three others on a charge of stealing 8 measures of salt. The complaint is accompanied with an authentic copy of a letter from the Collector to the Board of Revenue and of the Board's orders in which the Collector is authorized to prosecute and to instruct the counsel.
2. The Magistrate refuses to allow the Government Vakil to prosecute the accused on the ground that the copies of the above letters are not intended as authorities to the Vakil and insists on getting an order from the Governor in Council.
3. He also suggests that it is not necessary that the case should be brought in the name of the Government pleader and that any of the servants of the Collector under a vakalat nama may file a complaint.
4. The question therefore reduces to "whether a Government Pleader is a Government Servant."
5. The Collector offers his own opinion disagreeing with the Magistrate and sends it on to the Board for orders.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Revenue Administration		
History of Government's observations on the jamabandi of f. 1217.	26- 9-08	245-64
1. The Board of Revenue transmits to the Collector, its report to the Government on the report and the resolution of the Government thereon.		
2. The Board summarises the development of the revenue administration from 1801, the date of its acquisition, up to fasli 1217. Throughout the Carnatic the revenue of the sovereign had been a definite proportion of the produce of all lands called "waram" or share. This share was however commuted on some kinds of dry grains for a "teerva" or money payment. "This share of the produce or its commutation in money with a large list of extra assessments in grain and in money had been imposed by the rapacity of the native renters or managers and an heavy inland transit duty on all articles of commerce."		
3. In ff. 1211 and 1212 there was no improvement. In f. 1213, a ryotwari rent was introduced and pattas were issued to each individual cultivator defining his rent. In f. 1214 no considerable improvement was secured on account of the secession of the inhabitants and of the karnams. In f. 1215, the survey of seven taluks was completed and the rent continued ryotwari. In ff. 1216 and 1217 the survey was in progress but not completed but it is hoped that it would be finished in f. 1218.		
4. *Abolition of taxes.* During the progress of the ryotwari settlement all the extra assessments in money and in grain and most of the taxes personal and professional as also the inland town and transit duties were abolished.		
5. *Crop sharing.* The rent has been regulated on the principle of an equal division of the crop between the Government and the cultivators of the soil.		
6. The Governor in Council accepts the settlement and congratulates Mr. Ravenshaw, the Collector, for his good work.		
Customs Regulations		
1. The Board transmits to the Collector a draft of a regulation for transferring to the Board of Trade the superintendence over the officers employed in the collection of customs at the sea ports and for amending certain sections and clauses of Regulations IX, X, XI and XII of 1803.	27- 9-08	295-385
2. The Board of Revenue instructs the Collector respecting the duties to be levied under the new regulations.		
3. A copy of the Board's letter to Government regarding the re-establishment of town duties is enclosed.		
Village Settlement		
Modification of.	28- 7-08	287-94 393-416
1. The Board of Revenue communicates to the Collector, the intention of Government to discontinue the system of annual settlement with individual ryots, in those districts wherein that system continues to have effect and to establish in its place village rents on lease for a term of three years.		
2. The rent will be calculated on the collections of previous years. In the case of villages which have suffered from famine and drought, the Collector may make the rent progressive, defer the lease or limit the term of the engagements to one year concluding them either with the ryots collectively or individually. In districts where mirassi right is understood to exist, it is desirable that the rents should, in every practicable case, be concluded with all the mirassidars of the respective villages and that they should be jointly and separately responsible for the rent.		
3. Pattahs must be issued by the renters to the cultivating ryots for their mutual security against the loss on the one hand and oppression on the other.		
4. The recommendations of Lt.-Col. Munro to conclude a perpetual ryotwari settlement are considered to be improper and impracticable.		

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1810.

Item. | Date. | Page number.

Salt

Exports—Encouragement of. 4- 1-1810 1-7 23-69

1. The Board communicates a copy of its letter to the Collector, Vizagapatam, stating that every quantity of salt which may at any future time be exported from any district whether to Bengal or elsewhere may be charged at the general rate of Rs. 20 per 100 Bengal maunds or Rs. 74 per Madras garce.
2. The Governor-General in Council transmits to the Governor in Council of Fort St. George for guidance, the opinion of the Board of Trade.
3. The Bengal Government guarantee a certain demand. The permit price has been raised from Sic. Rs. 66 to 72 for 100 B. maunds and a premium of Sic. Rs. 3 per 100 B. maunds (making the price to Sic. Rs. 75) will be allowed for the second cargo imported in the same vessel in the same year. The selling price of salt for export has been definitely fixed at Arc. Rs. 24 per garce or Arc. Rs. 20 per 100 B. maunds but the Collector will observe that only one half or Rs. 10 per 100 Bengal maunds is to be demanded in the first instance from such freighters as may be desirous to avail themselves of the option of having credit for the other half upon condition of their giving such security as he may deem adequate.
4. The Board of Trade suggests that the credit payable to freighters for the one half of their purchases should be extended to the period of their vessels returning with cargo to the Coast. The only objection to this condition is that it is not sufficiently definite, besides it is possible that some of the vessels may not return at all, it will be proper therefore to ascertain the usual period within which vessels are wont to return, and to fix that period as the limit of the credit.
5. The Board of Revenue communicates to the Collector the correspondence regarding the engagement of further tonnage to convey the required extra supply of salt to Bengal in order to meet the deficiency of tonnage occasioned by the circumstance of some of the vessels, previously engaged, having been taken up for foreign service. As the engagement is not meant to extend to country craft but to such vessels of a higher description as have not been usually engaged in the salt trade, the Collector is requested to inform the Board if he should have an opportunity of engaging such vessels at moderate rate. .. 79-86 89-93 99-100
6. The Collector reports his inability to secure any vessel.

Salt

Messrs. White and Marcilly. 23-6-10 115-28

The Board of Revenue explains the injustice that would be caused in forcing the people to purchase the excess of salt stored by Messrs. White and Marcilly and requests the Collector to endeavour to alleviate their disappointment, by promoting the sale of their salt by all reasonable means.

Salt

Exports. 17-12-10 179-85

The Board requests the Collector that where no salt may remain, salt of the earliest manufacture of the current season may be taken for exportation in order to prevent excessive loss by wastage.

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Letters from the Board of Revenue.
1811-2.

Permanent Settlement

Proposals for introduction. 24- 6-1811 1-15

1. The Board of Revenue communicates to the Collector a copy of their minutes regarding the introduction of a system of levying a permanent assessment or of a fixed kist. 31-8-11 157-225
2. The Board disapproves of the recommendation by the Collector of Cuddapah to introduce a septennial lease and agrees with Col. Munro that the rent should be lowered to a sum which will allow the ryots 2/3 of the gross produce instead of less than one half, so

Permanent Settlement—*cont.*

as to constitute private property in the soil. It observes, however, that a permanent rent or fixed assessment might be established which, as the country improves, would gradually become lighter until at length it would amount to no more than one-third of the gross produce of the country without making any sacrifice of revenues.

3. The Board admits that actual property in the soil cannot be fully established at once without a large sacrifice of revenue. As the public exigencies cannot afford such a sacrifice it is proposed to grant remissions when required.

4. *Triennial lease.*
The defects of a triennial lease are (*a*) the collecton of tax on uncultivated lands and (*b*) loss to the renters on the emancipation of the ryots from arbitrary authority.

5. *Septennial lease.*
A septennial lease may be concluded in those villages where the ryots are too poor and the state of cultivation and the present revenue are too low to admit of an immediate settlement. The rent may be fixed proportionate to the general circumstances of the village and equal to the average collections of seven years.

6. *Permanent Settlement.*
In all other villages a permanent settlement should be made. The value of all inams, etc., should be consolidated with the land revenue excepting merahs and russooms of the village servants. The inam lands of the potail, curnam and village servants should be excluded from the settlement, as also professional and personal taxes, licences, house and shop taxes and every species of revenue independent of the immediate produce of the land.

7. The Board then discusses the merits and demerits of the report received from the Collector of Bellary. They consider the loss of revenue which would result from permitting ryots to relinquish their lands, and the addition of arbitrary power to the Collector which would be necessary to carry out Col. Munro's plan, the inadequacy of means to collect the present high rents, the increase of wealth to the poor at the expense of the Circar and the opinion that a septennial lease is preferable to a permanent settlement. The Board sees no reason to go back on its former decisions. Instructions to the Collector of Cuddapah in the matter are also enclosed.

8. *Suggestions of the Collector of N. Arcot.*
The Collector of the Northern Division of Arcot suggests that the rent of every village shall be reduced to the average collections of seven years and shall be proportionately reduced on waste lands, that cultivated lands which have yielded the fixed rent shall be made over to the ryots to improve the utmost, and that waste lands shall be made over to them at the reduced rent if they desire, but they shall not be compelled to cultivate any land which they do not want, finally that all the inhabitants of a village shall be answerable for the fixed rent.

The Board agrees with the Collector that this was its intention in its original minutes communicated to him. The Board explains that the present proposed system is not a ryotwari system of settlement as it is to be formed with the whole inhabitants for the whole rent of the village and not with each separate ryot for the rent of each separate farm, which was the principle of the ryotwari settlement and explains again the new system in detail.

9. *Method of introduction.*
To a reference on the subject from the Collector of Coimbatore, the Board explains a permanent settlement should be commenced at once of a portion of each district and be extended each successive year to another part of the district so that before the expiration of the term of the decennial lease, the permanent settlement may be completely substituted and established.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Permanent Settlement—*cont.*		
The Collector is advised to fix the demand of Government in the first instance at too high rather at too low an amount, because, that demand may, at any time, be reduced in case of evident necessity whereas, when once fixed, it cannot be augmented. He is asked to submit a statement showing the settlement and collections of each year since the acquisition of the province.		
Collectors' Commissions		
Rules.	30-10-12	241-4
The Governor in Council issues a draft of rules for the adjustment of the commission payable to Collectors on the net revenues derived from salt, sayer, abkari and tobacco monopoly.		413-70
Permanent Settlement		
Mode of introduction.	31-12-11	245-332
1. On the report submitted by the Board to Government the latter observe that the decennial or septennial settlement would not produce the good effects expected from a permanent settlement and direct that a decennial settlement on the conditions the Board has suggested, with a clause in the cowle that it will be made permanent, be concluded in every village where satisfactory terms can be obtained. In villages where it is impracticable to form a settlement, a standard revenue should be fixed upon a calculation of the average collections of former years and the general capabilities and permanent resources of the village.		
2. *No remissions.*		
The Governor in Council approves of the Board's recommendations in full and observes that the persons with whom the permanent settlement may be formed must be bound by their engagements to pay the full rent in all seasons and under all circumstances.		
3. *Wet villages.*		
They propose to rent the tank villages conditionally and to provide for limited advances of takkavi and for the repair of the larger tanks.		
4. *Currency.*		
The Governor in Council requests the Board to decide the coin in which the new engagements should be made payable.		
5. *Pattas.*		
The Board proposes that the Collector should issue a written patta to the lease holders, pending the issue by the Court of Directors of a formal cowle of uniform tenor, containing a provision declaratory of the permanency of the settlement, and the necessity for the introduction of a lease for a definite period of years to be revised and converted into a permanent settlement. The Governor in Council agrees with the Board.		
Customs Regulations		
Modifications.	27- 1-12	333-411
The Board communicates to the Collector the report of the Committee for revising the customs regulations. They propose,		
(*a*) Transfer of the Sea Customs from the Board of Revenue to the Board of Trade.		
(*b*) The reduction of duty by declaring the payment of any of the distinct duties prescribed by the Customs Regualtions of 1803 to exempt from all further demand and also by exempting from duty goods produced within the limits of chowkis established for the collection of town duties.		
(*c*) Imposition of an import duty by sea at the subordinate ports.		

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1812-3.

Yeomiahs		
Transfer from one district to another.	21- 1-1813	13-6
The Board requests the Collector to communicate with the Collectors of North Arcot, Chingleput and Madras, as to the periods from which payments to the pensioners at his cutcherry ceased and to furnish each pensioner transferred to those districts with a certificate descriptive of his person. It communicates the Government order confirming the		21-3

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Yeomiahs—*cont.* sanads issued by them and directing that all persons in possession of sanads for yeomiahs formerly enjoyed during the native Government do continue to enjoy them for life.		
Yeomiahs Khazis of Porto Novo and Chidambaram. The Governor in Council, on the recommendation of the Board, restores the yeomiahs and orders payments of their allowances in arrear from the period at which they were stopped.	21-1-13	16-7 61-82
Yeomiahs Payment. 1. *The Board's opinion.*	24-8-12 11-9-12	19-58

Though yeomiahs are generally to be regarded as charitable donations for the relief of the indigent and might reasonably be withheld from those who have sufficient means of support, yet there are cases in which the refusal to grant the pension becomes unreasonable.

With respect to persons holding sanads for yeomiahs under grants from relations or dependants of the Nabobs, it was resolved to grant pensions to persons who were incapable of gaining a subsistence. This decision clearly points out the distinction between two classes of claimants, those who have other means of subsistence and those who have not. The Board therefore doubts the propriety of ejecting persons of the latter class on the ground of a disqualification which was originally intended to apply to the former. It recommends that the Collector may be permitted to continue payment during the life of the present incumbents.

The Board condemns the Collector for having issued new grants for hereditary pensions and recommends that he may be ordered to cancel the grants now held by the hereditary pensioners and issue instead, others for life renewable at the pleasure of the Government.

2. *Government's opinion.*

The Governor in Council inclines to think that the territories of the Carnatic were charged with the yeomiahs held under regular sanads from the Nabobs precisely for the same principle as church lands and that the consideration under which the yeomiahs were granted by the Nabob should continue to be binding upon the sovereigns of the territories out of the revenue of which they are to be paid. The justice of each claim must be established but that done, the satisfaction of the claim does not, as a matter of right remain optional with the Government. It is quite sufficient to lay down the leading principle that the sanads of the Nabob are to be recognised without investigating into the period of grant. These observations do not apply to yeomiahs granted by the relations and dependants of the Nabob.

3. *The Board's further report.*

The original sanads granted by the Nabobs were lost durihg the incursion of Hyder Ally and the only records in which some reasonable faith may be placed is the register obtained from the dufters and it was followed to determine the authenticity of claims.

It is notorious that, before the cession of the Carnatic, a yeomiahdar never received his daily allowance for more than a certain number of months in the year and it is but just that the British Government should continue all well-founded claims. But the yeomiahdars are now in a better situation as they get their daily allowance throughout the year.

The Persian dufters show that hereditary sanads are not grants to an individual and his heirs but are only life grants.

The Board therefore now proposes to pay them for such periods of the year as were customary during the regime of the Nabobs.

6. The Governor in Council refuses to alter his original opinion excepting to declare that yeomiahs are not hereditary ones.

Vettavalam Restoration of allowances to Poligar. (See **304**/39-60.)	11- 9-12	37-8

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Betel, Tobacco, Etc.		
Consumption duties.	25-1-13	91-2
The Board informs the Collector that the high consumption duty should not fall upon the cultivators of the soil. The duty should be confined to those towns and villages whose population consists mostly of merchants and traders.		
Arrack and Rum		
Confiscated stock.	28-2-13	105-10
Mr. Ravenshaw, the Collector, requests the opinion of the Board on the disposal of arrack and rum belonging to the late arrack renter of Pondicherry and seized on the ground that the farmer violated the conditions of the licence.		
The Board directs that it may be disposed of to the present renter but it cannot allow the rum to be transported by land.		
Salt		
Exports—Irregularity.	8-4-13	131-40
A quantity of salt was exported from Pondicherry to Bengal by Messrs. Johannes Sarkies & Co. on the ship 'Union' without a permit. The Governor-General in Council informs the Governor in Council that the permit price has been paid by the Board of Trade.		
Inams		
Exemption from quit-rent.	10-5-13	157-63
The Board forwards to the Collector for report the petition of Veerasyva Thambiran alias "Siva Shanmooga Arunachala Mannyar" of Tiruppa Tiruppuliyoor praying for exemption from quit-rent on his monastery.		
Salt		
Expenses during transit.	23-7-13	205-8
Messrs. Johannes Sarkies & Co. request the Board to pay them the charges and expenses incurred on shipping two cargoes of salt at Pondicherry.		
The Board requests the Collector to explain the expenditure for cart and coolie hire.		

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1813.

(Sheet much damaged.)		1-2
Village Settlement		
Progress report—Observations of the Board of Revenue.	29-3-1813	3-102 111-3

1\. On the report submitted to the Board by the Collector, Mr. Ravenshaw, about the progress made in carrying into effect the orders of Government for the final settlement of the land revenue and of the results of the settlement in his jurisdiction, the Board observes as follows.

2\. *Mittas.*

The district of Cuddalore was formed into Mootahs or estates in f. 1217 and these, except the cusbah estate, have since been held in permanency.

3\. *Lands paying for services.*

None of the statements in the report distinguishes the amount included under the heads of Devastanam, Cavelly lands or Swarnadayam lands.

4\. *Equality of assessment between villages.*

The Board observes that "equality of assessment whether under a temporary or permanent settlement is scarcely attainable since the condition of villages must be liable to vary according to the different degrees of industry, prudence and means of the persons who possess them. It is nevertheless desirable upon an occasion like the present that the amount of the settlement should be proportioned as nearly as practicable to the relative actual variations of the several villages."

5\. *Amount of the settlement.*

Of the 312 villages belonging to Arcot proper, the full assessment according to the rules established for the settlement amounted to St. Pag. 53,279-7-64. Deducting the remissions granted, the net amount of settlement was St. Pag. 49,160-14-6 from f. 1227, rising by annual gradations from St. Pag. 43,375-15-10 in f. 1222.

Item.	Date.	Page number.

Village Settlement—*cont.*

The Board begins to analyse on the permanent settlement made on 1985 villages, viz.—

	Number of villages.		Amount.
Arcot proper	1835	St. Pag.	2,71,431- 2-17
Mannargoody	127	,,	14,542-39-12¼
Cuddalore	14	,,	3,911- 1-54
Pondicherry on decennial lease	9	,,	6,036-32- 2

and thinks that the amount fixed as assessment is rather high.

6. *Settlement register.*

The Board requests the Collector to prepare a register in which will be entered consecutively the name of each village in the several talooks, the names of the parties with whom the settlement has been concluded, the revenues derived from each on the average of the 3, 7 and 10 years respectively, the amount of the permanent assessment, the extent of lands, arable, waste, etc.

7. *Remission.*

No claim to remission has been admitted in any patta or cowle. It is intended that it shall rest exclusively with Government to decide whether to grant any occasional remission or indulgences in the payment of the permanent revenue in consequence of any extraordinary calamities of season or other circumstances.

8. *Devastanam and kavali lands.*

The devastanam and cavelly lands have been included but the proportion of the rent payable on account of these services has been separately determined with a view to render easy their separation hereafter.

9. *Karnam and taliari.*

The Collector recommends that the offices of curnam and talayari ought not to be rendered dependent on the landholders and that the landholders should make a separate payment to Government, equal to their pay for disbursement through the Collectors.

10. *Disputes.*

The Board agrees with the Collector's opinion that the power to adjust disputes should be vested in the Collector.

Inams

Tubkattee fakirs. — 9- 9-13 — 121-3

1. Shah Allee, the head of a sect of Faqueers of Tubkattee, claims the restoration of a charity inam consisting in the collection of eight Allumgeery pice from each house in the Province of Arcot for the maintenance of himself and his sect.
2. Inasmuch as it is an extra tax on the people, the Board requests the Collector to state what would in his opinion be a fair compensation for the relinquishment of all demands on the inhabitants.

Government Vakil

Vridhachalam. — 30- 8-13 — 135-40

The Government refuse to grant an increase of allowance to the Government Vakil at Vridhachalam.

Dismissal

Sarishtadar and Tahsildars. — 29-10-13 — 207-26

1. The Collector proposes the dismissal of his Head Sarishtadar and four Tahsildars for want of confidence and negligence of duty.
2. The Board observes that the Collector should be circumspect in forming an opinion against his subordinates and recommending a maximum punishment.

   "Daily experience", observes the Board, "shows that those who succeed to the situations of dismissed servants are often not more worthy of confidence than the persons who have been removed" and "that the greater permanancy is attached to situations held by native revenue officers the greater will be the inducement to an honest discharge of their public duties."
3. The Board wants a further report in the present case based on specific charges.

Shrotriems

Veeraperumanalloore. — 19-10-13 — 227-32

The Board communicates to the Collector, the G.O. granting the village of Veeraperumanallore and its dependent muzras to Ramaswamy Pillai on a permanent annual beriz of St. Pag. 800.
(See **298**/21-31).

Item.	Date.	Page number.

Yeomiahs

Succession. — 9-11-13 — 257-8

Noor Mahamad, the yeomiahdar at Porto Novo and Mahamad Hussain, the yeomiahdar at Alatoor, having died, the Board directs that the descendants of the deceased yeomiahdars may be nominated to succeed to the respective offices for the continuation of the services embodied in the grant. This of course should not be quoted as a precedent when the resumption of these yeomiahs may have to be taken up.

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1815.

Shrotriem

Veeraperumanalloor—Application for perpetual grant. (See 297/227-33). — 30- 1-1815 — 21-31

On an application from Ramaswamy Pillai, the shrotriyamdar of Veeraperumanalloor to the Government for the perpetual grant of the shrotriyam to his heirs and successors, the Governor in Council observes that he has no power to make a perpetual grant of any village on shrotriyam tenure and that he will submit the case to the Court of Directors for favourable consideration.

Religious Institutions

Temple management. — 9- 2-15 — 51-109, 121-5

1. Mr. Wallace, the Collector of Tanjore, has submitted a report concerning the Devastanam management, the alienated lands and the receipt and disbursement of the maniam and merahs in Tanjore. The Board, in communicating the Collector's report, its proceedings thereon and the orders of the Government, to the Collector, requests him to submit a report on the present state of the revenue and other income of the Hindu temples which are under his superintendence and on the mode of controlling and auditing the expenditure. The Collector is asked to give his suggestions.

2. *Government's responsibility.*

The Board observes that the revenue of these institutions being derived from an assignment of a portion of the Government share of the produce, it is the duty of the Government to see to the faithful appropriation of the assignment

3. *Mr. Wallace's suggestions.*

He suggests,

(*a*) The management of the Devastanam by a Superintendent and his establishment.

(*b*) The leasing out of the lands for a fixed period on good security.

(*c*) Regulation of the expenditure by the Government.

(*d*) The formation of a Panchayat to supervise the conduct of the ceremonies.

(*e*) The redemption of the lands and jewels mortgaged at various times to several individuals by Tambirans and Stanikums.

(*f*) The recovery of lands proved to be held upon an illegal tenure.

4. The Board directs the Collector to re-measure all the lands now registered and note their correct extent, so as to enable the land in excess of the extent noted in the sanad to be resumed.

5. *Maniams and Meras.*

Great encroachments upon the fund arising from maniams and meras are being made by persons who have no valid claim on it. The Collector proposes to investigate these rights.

Arrack

Illicit traffic. — 24- 4-15 — 163-78

The Board requests the Collector to apprehend and take suitable action against persons reported to be carrying on illicit traffic in arrack between Madras and Pondicherry. He should consult with the Collector of Chingleput.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Estimated Charges		
F. 1223—The Board's review.	27-4-15	180-211
1. The Board reviews the statements of the estimated charges for f. 1223, the actual charges for f. 1223 and the estimated charges for f. 1224.		
2. *Observations.*		
(*a*) *English records.* The Board insists on the preservation of the English records in an efficient state but so soon as this has been done the Collector must try to reduce the establishment.		
(*b*) *Saderward.* It considers the Collector's estimated charges for saderward to be high and requests him to revise the estimate with reference to country paper, lamp oil, brass lamps and hire of a tailor.		
(*c*) *Irrigation repairs.* Regarding the proposed estimate for tank repairs for f. 1224, the actuals generally fall short of the estimates.		
(*d*) *Salt.* The head of "advances for salt" has been struck out as the amount is included in the estimates of payments to manufacturers.		
(*e*) *Other items.* Regarding the other items of expenditure the increase and decrease between the actuals and estimates, the Board offers no remark as they are in consonance with orders.		
Irrigation Repairs		
Estimates.	8-5-15	233-8
1. The Board communicates to the Collector a copy of the report from the Inspector to the Board on the estimates prepared and submitted by the Assistant Collectors for the repairs to several tanks in their jurisdiction.		
2. *Mr. Hyde's work.* The estimates and statements prepared by Mr. Hyde are peculiarly distinct, concise and clear. They furnish every detail and information necessary. The other Collectors may do well to follow the same procedure.		
Convict Labour		
Proposals to utilise.	25- 5-15	243-66
1. The Board requests the Collector to submit for its consideration the project of a work, in the manner suggested by the Magistrate of the Zilla Court, to be executed within the district under his charge, by the united labour of the convicts confined in the several jails within the southern circuit.		
2. *Quarters.* It is proposed that all the convicts shall be employed in constructing a tank at a place to be decided on. They should first build huts for themselves and for their guards which shall be surrounded by a mud wall to secure them at nights.		
3. *Military control.* The construction of the tank shall be under the superintendence of a Pioneer Officer who shall have under him a few pioneers to assist him in exacting labour. A company of regular sepoys shall be employed to control the convicts.		
4. The convicts shall be fed by contract and shall make and repair their own tools.		
Revenue Collections		
Renters' difficulties.	22-6-15	267-82
1. Several Collectors of the southern districts represent their difficulties in collecting the kists from renters, owing to a considerable fall in the price of grains.		
2. The Board therefore resolves that the Collectors in the southern districts should be given discretion to suspend for a limited period, the rigid exaction of the rents, so long as an unusual cheapness of the grain exists.		

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Item. | Date. | Page number.

Revenue Collection—*cont.*

3. *Kistbandi.*

The Board alludes to a defect in the period fixed for the payment of the rents, viz., that in each district the rents fall due on the same day throughout the whole of the district and requests the Collector to suggest a better mode of fixing the kists for payment.

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Decennial Lease

Government observations. 17- 4-1815 1-66

1. The Board communicates to the Collector, the observations of the Government regarding his settlement.
2. Mr. Ravenshaw's selection of renters from those who held the lease under the triennial system and of those who were ousted for misdemeanour is approved. The Collector should give facilities to those who bear the nearest semblance to landed proprietors.
3. The Collector should furnish a statement showing the number of persons with whom settlements were made.
4. The Government approve the average of ten years' collections forming the basis on which the amount of rent was calculated.
5. The average collections of the ten years fall short of the amount of the triennial lease by 3½ per cent. but there is melancholy evidence that the operation of that lease has proved most injurious to this district.
6. The measures taken to fix the rent, when the collections of f. 1220 exceeds and falls short of the average of ten years, are approved.
7. The Governor in Council observes that the pattas furnished to the renters ought to define and explain its value and extent of the lease and disapproves Mr. Ravenshaw's omission to incorporate the provision made by him for securing the under-tenants and ryots in possession of their privileges and directs a revision.
8. *Reservation of waste lands.*

   The Government agree with Mr. Ravenshaw that the waste lands should be excluded from the settlement and observe that it will be the duty of the Collector to take care that reasons against reserving the waste land are not inconsiderably or unnecessarily admitted.
9. The Board requests the Collector to carry out the instructions of the Governor in Council.

Village Accounts

Vellinoor and Bahour districts. 18-11-15 141-61

The Board requests the Collector to explain the discrepancies between the accounts of Mr. Garrow in 1803 and those of Mr. Kenworthy in 1793 of the villages in the districts of Vellianur and Bahour, showing the sums received annually from each according to the cowles granted by the French Government. Mr. Kenworthy has divided the villages under "villages" and "grants" without explaining the necessity for such a division.

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Personal and Professional Taxes

Regulations proposed. 24- 4-15 1-4, 73 126

1. The Board invites the opinions of Collectors on the draft of a regulation proposed for the consideration of Government relating to the levy of taxes on all personal and professional avocations. Two sets of regulations are drafted; one for the Ceded Districts and the other for the Southern districts.
2. During the introduction of the decennial lease it was laid down that the settlement should be formed exclusively of all personal and professional taxes, licences, house and shop taxes and generally of every species of revenue not arising from or connected with the produce of the soil.
3. Mr. Ravenshaw, the Collector, observes in his letter to the Board, dated 26th November 1812 on the subject of the proposed separation of personal and professional taxes from the land tax proper, "that

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Personal and Professional Taxes—*cont.*

permanent rent has been formed as directed exclusive of all professional and personal taxes, licences, house and shop taxes, and every species of revenue independent of the immediate produce of the soil, as well as exclusive of all land inams not hitherto resumed and every species of Government revenue arising from the immediate produce of the soil has been included in it." He promised to report separately on the taxes and other items of revenues so excluded but has not done so till now.

4. The Board discusses the preliminary reports received from Collectors, and especially from the Collector of Cuddapah.

Dismissal

Notification as a warning. — 5- 6-1815 — 9-11

The Board transmits to the Collector a list of native public servants who have been declared by a public advertisement incapable of being re-entertained and requests him to publish the list in his office so that the dismissal and punishment awarded to the offenders may serve as an example to those who are in service.

French Settlements

Commissioners for the restitution of. — 14- 6-15 — 13-6

The Governor in Council appoints Lt.-Col. Caldwell and Capt. James Stuart Fraser as Commissioners on the part of the British Government to conduct the restitution of the French Settlements on the Coast of Coromandel, etc.

The Board in communicating the Government order to the Collector requests him to inform the Commissioners of the number of villages held by the French before the capture of Pondicherry in 1792.

Misconduct

Sarishtadar Sarvotham a Row. — 19- 6-15 — 29-42

The Board transmits the records of enquiry relating to the misconduct of the Sarishtadar Sarvothama Row for reference.

Vridhachalam

Remission of taxes. — 26- 6-15 — 53-71

1. Mr. Cockburn, the Zillah Judge of Vridhachellum, promised to recommend to Government to exempt for three years from all taxes on houses or professions and from all customs, persons who would build houses and settle at that town.
2. The Board, on the recommendation of the Collector, submits to the Government that the duty on articles of trade should continue to be collected but that the tax on houses and professions should be remitted for a period of six years.
3. The Governor in Council approves the recommendation of the Board.
4. The Board communicates the Government order to the Collector for guidance. (See 303/117-32.)

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Karnams

Pay. — 15- 5-1815 — 2-3

1. Karnams in the district are now paid in money in lieu of the privileges resumed. Now that the money is handled by native officers, it is necessary to safeguard the interest of the Karnams.
2. The Board requests the Collector to give his opinion on the best means of securing to the karnams the immediate and the full payment of their dues.

Filing

The Board's letters. — 29- 6-15 — 19-21

1. The Board instructs the Collector to have the letters received from the Board filed in books.
2. *Vernacular letters.*
   Letters received from Tahsildars in the native language are not to be copied fair. However the Board thinks it proper that all letters sent in the English language should be copied fair and entered.
3. *Record rooms.*
   As the Government do not consider it obligatory to provide residence for Collectors, the Board requests the Collector to secure adequate accommodation for the records in the Government house or buildings attached to it.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Decennial Lease		
Effects of attachment for arrears.	13- 7-15	35-41
On the question raised by the Collector of North Arcot whether, on a decennial village lease renter falling into arrears, and his rent being attached, the Collector is at liberty to cancel his agreements with ryots or sub-renters, the Board is of opinion that if, on the attachment of the farm, the agreements subsisting between the defaulter and his tenants are "proved to be collusive or fraudulently continued," the Collector may proceed to cancel them but if otherwise, the existing arrangement should be held valid until the expiration of the current fasli year. Then, in any case, the existing pattahs cease to exist. The Board also observes that the annulment of pattahs or leases is justified only on the reversion of the property or rent to Government which is the case on attachment or sale for arrears of revenue.		
Customs		
Licences for articles of trifling value.	6- 7-15	59-62
The Board approves the action of the Collector in having sent to every chowkidar in his district a supply of authenticated licences on common paper to be issued for the passage of goods under the value of Rs. 2, subject to the established duty but observes that rowannah chittees should not be confined to goods under the value of Rs. 2, but should be issued to all the petty itinerant traders and frequenters of bazaars.		
Sub-Treasury Inspection		
By Collectors.	19- 10-15	187-90
The Board requests the Collector to make surprise inspections of the Tahsildary treasuries and check the cash balance as often as possible and report the result. A copy of the letter received from the Collector of Trichinopoly is enclosed.		
Yeomiahs		
Kyroola Beg Khan.	26-10-15	199-200
One Tuchoorla Beg Khan, the son and other surviving members of the late Kyroola Beg Khan request the Board to continue the payment of the pension paid to the deceased.		
In the account of yeomiahdars submitted by Capt. Graham in 1802, this yeomiah is noted as "The heirs of Khyroola Beg Khan, deceased."		
The Board requests the Collector to report upon what authority the yeomiah was originally granted and why it was discontinued.		
Pensions		
Bahadur Ally Shaw.	9-11-15	203-8
The Board forwards for action accordingly, the petition of Bahadur Ally Shaw, drawing a pension of Pag. 50 a month, in view of the resumption of his Jaghire, requesting the transfer of his pension from Madras to South Arcot.		
Dihat Inam		
The Board directs the continuance of the inam to the claimant Cawder Hussain and payment to him of the arrears due.	7-12-15	249
Misconduct		
Procedure on enquiry.	14-12-15	251-60
The Board requests the Collector to submit for its orders a report in each case comprising a summary of the accusation, defence and the opinion of the Collector. These are to be treated as judicial proceedings and every Collector is amenable to the Zillah Court for any estrangement of law.		

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Letters from the Board of Revenue.

1815-6.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Corruption		
Remedial measures.	22- 4-1816	1-9
From the Board.		
1. The Board in its report to the Governor in Council respecting the prevention of crimes of embezzlement, fraudulence, malversation, etc., committed by native revenue servants, suggests the rooting out of the evil by diminishing the inducements to misbehaviour.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Corruption—*cont.*		
2. It suggests,		
(*a*) The opening of a seminary to improve the morals and education of native revenue servants ;		
(*b*) an increase in the salaries combined with the grant of honorary distinctions and certain shrotriyams ;		
(*c*) the prevention of abuses prevalent among the European servants of the Company ;		
(*d*) the introduction of a Native Pension Fund by stoppages from their salaries ;		
(*e*) the grant to salt and sayer servants, of commissions on all revenue which they may collect above the average collections at each chowki or salt pan ;		
(*f*) the promotion of revenue subordinate servants to higher grades ;		
(*g*) the investigation and punishment of offences connected with embezzlements and bribery, forgery, etc.		
3. The Governor in Council promises to take the question into consideration after it has been revised by the Sudder Adawlat.		
4. The Board requests the Collector to inform his servants of the proposed intention of the Government and to submit estimates for increasing their allowances.		
Decennial Lease		
Report—f. 1221-4—The Board's review.	21-12-15	95-165
1. The Board in its reference, dated 29th March 1813, called for several statements from the Collector which it now proceeds to review.		
2. *Personnel of the renters.*		
1720 head inhabitants who were not concerned with the triennial lease have become parties to the decennial lease, and this clearly shows that the longer lease has increased the feeling of security and encouraged agricultural improvements. The Collector is required to report on the progress made in restoring the ousted renters to their villages.		
3. *The Settlement register.*		
The Collector is requested to complete the register in which is noted consecutively the name of each village in the several taluks, the names of the parties with whom the settlement has been concluded and the revenue derived from each village on the average of 3, 7 and 10 years respectively, the amount of the permanent assessment, etc.		
4. *Waste lands.*		
The waste lands in the villages leased out form an extent of 47,360 cawnis. These lands are of no value unless they can be irrigated. They are situated in lonely places overrun with jungle. It is believed that the artizans who in peaceable times resided in the country and cultivated these lands were driven by the horrors and sufferings of the wars to take shelter in large towns.		
5. *Remissions.*		
Owing to the difficulty of ascertaining the area granted for cultivation before the lease, remissions have to be granted afterwards. This is a defect in both the renting and the ryotwar system but under the latter the remission being made annually is much more easy to effect. Further it is given before the engagement is signed and not after. Under both systems there is a risk of exacting too much from the ryot and therefore of impoverishing agriculture.		
6. *Progress of the decennial lease.*		
The total amount of the settlement of land revenue leased and unleased, to be included in the decennial settlement in f. 1222, exceeds that of f. 1221 by Pag. 80,713-40-63.		
In f. 1223 the total settlement fell short of the estimated permanent settlement in the talooks of Mannargudy and Vurdavoor. The villages not leased in f. 1223 were 144 of which 41 are deserted and 7 have reverted to the Collector's management by the failures of their renters. Notwithstanding these desertions, the revenue yielded by the aumani villages in f. 1223 exceeds that which the same villages yielded in f. 1222 by Pag. 1,625-23-75 and the total settlement of all the villages subject to the decennial lease and under aumani in f. 1223 exceeds that in f. 1222 by Pag. 53,532-20-0.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Decennial Lease—*cont.*		
In f. 1224, the settlement of the villages included in the decennial lease exceeds the settlement in f. 1223 by Pag. 14,857-1-79.		
The increase in the amount of the settlement has arisen almost entirely from the discovery in f. 1220 of lands in cultivation not then known to be cultivated.		
7. *Reduction of rents.*		
Mr. Hyde objected to reducing the rents in order to get villages rented. The Board observes that this is sometimes necessary where the rent is known or discovered to be burdensome.		
8. *Change of policy.*		
Since the permanent settlement has been rejected by the Court of Directors, the inclusion of the village not leased in the decennial rent has become a matter of no importance. The Board therefore consents to the Collector's proposal that the villages not leased should remain under ryotwari management.		
9. *Effects of the lease.*		
The renters have been very generously obliged to lower the survey teerva or their ryots would have deserted them and they must have been ruined. They compensated themselves however for this by inducing the ryots to extend their cultivation, i.e., by bringing waste lands under cultivation. If the waste lands had been reserved, the ryots would have left the villages for good.		
10. *Tank repairs.*		
The conditions under which the Board authorised Collectors to make advances for repairs of tanks in rented villages were, either an increase of rent or the repayment of the amount advanced within a moderate time and with interest at 10 per cent. However, it is seen from the Collector's reports that this system is not approved of by the renters. In South Arcot the question of conditional or unconditional advances rests on narrower grounds than those of general policy. This is due to a clause in the pattahs given by Mr. Ravenshaw which expressly provides that in villages in which there are more than 50 cawnis of wet lands under cultivation the tanks should be repaired at the expense of the Circar.		
Considering the poverty of the renters, the Board allows the clause to continue but directs the Collector to recover amounts spent by him towards the repair of tanks with an ayacut of less than 50 cawnis.		

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Letters from the Board of Revenue.

1816.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Suits		
Renters against Government.	2- 1-1816	1, 7-11
1. Chinna Seevaramiah, renter of Olaca, in the district of Trivady, files a suit against Mr. Hyde, the Collector in the Zillah Court of Vridhachalam for the payment of Pag. 6 being the salary due to him for 6 months as renter.		
2. The Board in conveying the copy of the plaint to the Collector requests him to report about the case so that it may determine whether the case may be defended at Government cost.		
Pondicherry		
Boundaries of French territory.	19- 2-16	37-48
Prior to the restoration of the French possessions to the French Government, it is proposed to survey the boundaries of the district of Pondicherry. On the report of the Surveyor-General of India, the Governor in Council directs that the survey may be finished without any loss of time and that such parts as are held in Jaghir may be distinguished from the rest.		
In reply, the Surveyor-General makes a requisition for the production of a list of villages comprising the French Settlement of Pondicherry, a list of Jaghir villages and a general description of the boundaries, distinguishing the landmarks.		
The Board, at the direction of Government, requests the Collectors to supply all materials required by Col. Mackenzie, the Surveyor-General, for the completion of the survey.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Revenue Expenditure		
F. 1225—The Board's review.	19- 2-16	50-82
The Board in comparing the actual expenditure in f. 1224 with that of the estimates for f. 1225 observes that.		
(*a*) Charges for Huzur servants in the shape of allowance and increase in pay have increased.		
(*b*) There has been an increase in expenditure for payments to manufacturers and for russooms and maniams and commissions in the salt department.		
(*c*) The abkary being rented the only charge is in the shape of commission and in that there is an increase.		
(*d*) The estimated charges for f. 1225 are St. Pag. 35,349-42-14 and there appears an increase of St. Pag. 2,734-9-1 for compensation in lieu of resumed offices. It is chiefly composed of payments to cavalgars of Dehaut inam and of a transfer from the head of pensions.		
(*e*) The items of decrease are in pensions, charitable allowances, endowments of pagodas and mosques. The last sum arises from an advance being made in the previous fasli for the expenses of pagodas and mosques.		
Military Hospital		
Collector's Cutcherry and Treasury to be handed over.	4- 3-16	99-110
The Board requests the Collector to hand over the barracks formerly occupied by the company of cadets and now by the Collector to the O. C. 34th Rt. for removing the sick and convalescents of that regiment for change of air, as ordered by the Governr in Council. The Board also transmits a copy of its report to Government expressing the innumerable difficulties in which the Collector and his staff would be placed when the order is carried out. (See **304**/1-3).		
Vridhachalam		
House building advances. (See **300**/53-71).	11- 3-16	117-32
1. Consequent on the recommendation of Mr. Cockburn a sum of Pag. 5,970 was advanced to the inhabitants of the new pettah of Vridhachalam.		
2. The recovery of Pag. 3,402½ seems dubious. In spite of the Government's order to the Collector to disburse the advances on proper security, the two Tahsildars, Reddy Row and Ananda Row, to whom the duty was entrusted made the advances on inadequate security although Mr. Cockburn emphasised this point.		
3. Mr. Gowan, the Judge, objects to removing his cutcherry to Cuddalore from Vridhachalam where the inhabitants have settled themselves permanently on the understanding that the Court would be permanent there. He observes that the present Tahsildar is endeavouring to collect the arrears and hopes that the losses will be compensated for by the increase of trade and the prosperity of the station.		
4. The Board in communicating the copies of correspondence to the Collector, requests him to report upon the nature of the securities which he possesses for the recovery of the money from the settlers and on the loss likely to arise from the non-payment of the advances. (See **320**/87-97).		

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1816.

Collector's Cutcherry		
Removal of. (See **303**/99-110).	21- 3-1816	1-3
The Board requests the Collector to report whether the old factory at the old town of Cuddalore could be used as a cutcherry and if not to report whether the cantonment where Mr. Ravenshaw had his cutcherry is at present vacant and in what condition it is. (See also pp. 15-9).		

Item.	Date.	Page number
Public Buildings		
Cuddalore—Custody of.	15- 3-16	5-7
The Governor in Council attaches a serjeant of the 1st class to the station of Cuddalore for the care and custody of the public buildings at that place.		
Collector's Cutcherry		
Handing over charge. (See also pp. 1-3).	4- 4-16	15- 9 29-30
The Board communicates to the Collector the order of the Governor in Council directing the handing over of the barracks, now occupied by cutcherry and treasury, to the immediate charge of the detachment of H. M. 34th Rt. recently moved to Cuddalore.		
It requests him to deliver over to the military all the cadet rooms, retaining for the present the Government house for the accommodation of his cutcherry, treasury and public records. (See **308**/65-71).		
Vettavalam		
Poligar's allowances. (See **296**/37-8).	4- 4-16	37-60
1. When the Carnatic was ceded to the British Government, the late Poliger of Vettavallam was found in possession of his poliam consisting of 32 villages whereof 5 were shrotriums. He was paying to the Native Government a peshcush of Rs. 4,000 and a nuzerana of Rs. 1,000. His ancestors were in the uninterrupted possession of the poliam for a period of over 2 centuries. It was conferred upon the first Poligar for his services in having cleared the country of bandits. Besides the poliam, the late Poligar possessed the cavally jurisdiction and emoluments of 377 Circar villages amounting to above Pag. 3,000 annually.		
2. When Capt. Graham assumed the poliam he allowed the Poligar to enjoy his cavally emoluments which, together with a tenth of the net revenue of his poliam, were paid to him till 1804, when the Poligar's allowances were increased to ⅓ of the net revenue of the poliam. Shortly afterwards the cavally fees were resumed. In 1806, 15 per cent. of these fees were settled upon him as a pension with other principal cavalgars. The late Poligar was in the enjoyment of this cavally pension and ⅓ of his net revenue till his death.		
3. Vannamudaroya Bundari, the brother of the late Poligar and successor to his title, applies for the payment of the allowances.		
4. The Board recommends to Government either to continue the pension to the present Poligar or to come to an agreement with the Poligar by which he should agree to waive all claim to his poliam, in consideration of receiving the cusbah village and so many surrounding villages as might equal the profit likely to have been derived from his poliam settled on zamindari tenure.		
5. The Board refuses to recommend the cavally allowances to be paid to the present incumbent.		
6. It requests the Collector to continue to the present Poligar the allowances from the revenue of the Poliam which were granted to his brother and the arrears since his decease and not to continue the payment of cavally pension. (See **306**/9-16).		
Tobacco and Betel		
Consumption duties—Renting considered.	30- 5-16	91-122
The Board, in communicating copies of correspondence from Messrs. Lushington and Cotton and of muchilikas executed for the rent of the duty on tobacco, requests the Collector to report whether it would be advantageous to extend the system of renting to the collection of the consumption duty on tobacco.		
As considerable success has attended the plan of renting the collection of inland duties and consumption duty on betel, the Board requests the Collector to advertise for proposals for renting the collection of the duties either in portions of the district or throughout the district as may be convenient.		
Tiruvendipuram and Ariagosty		
Attachment ordered.	17- 6-16	143-6
The Board acquaints the Collector that the establishment deputed for the attachment of the estates has been sanctioned and that their sales are posted to the 25th of July.		

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Manavadavy		
Sale notification.	8- 7-16	163-6
The Board sanctions the expenses of the establishment deputed for the sequestration of the mootah for arrears of revenue and encloses a sale advertisement for publication.		

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Letters from the Board of Revenue.

1816.

Ryotwari Settlement		
Introduction of.	25- 3-1816	1-70

1. The Board of Revenue, according to instructions from the Court of Directors for the general introduction of an annual ryotwari settlement in all cases where existing leases do not prevent it, communicates to the Collector copies of the following documents for information.
   (*a*) Extract from a general letter from the Court of Directors, dated 6th November 1805.
   (*b*) Copy of letters from Lt.-Col. Munro, dated 30th November 1806, 26th July 1807 and 15th August 1807, regarding the survey and the settlement of the Ceded districts.
   (*c*) Lt.-Col. Munro's instructions to Surveyors, Examiners of the survey, Assessors and to Head Assessors.
2. These papers are furnished for the Collector's perusal and consideration so that he may be in a position to understand and follow the instructions pending issue from the Board.

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Letters from the Board of Revenue.

1816.

Vettavalam		
Restoration of Poliam. (See **304**/39-60).	25- 7-1816	9-16

1. The Board conveys the Government Order approving the arrangements which it recommended to take effect from f. 1226.
2. It desires the Collector to take an engagement from the Poligar to continue the decennial lease, should the renters be desirous of holding their rents till the leases expire.
3. The Board recommends the grant of 13 villages to the Poligar on zamindari tenure, but that the jumma be fixed at the sum of ten star pagodas and a sunad istimirar be issued.

Aleageenuttum and Tundamanattam		
Sale notification.	8- 8-16	23-6
The Board directs the sale of the estates for arrears of revenue.		
Charitable Inam		
Murdoor.	10-10-16	137-45

1. One Rama Row of Ateyoor, formerly Tahsildar of Senkarapoor, had excavated a tank, cleared jungles and constructed several houses for Brahmins to live in. Mr. Hyde, as Sub-Collector, granted him 30 cawnis of land for the maintenance of the Brahmins. Subsequently these lands were given on lease to a person who was not one of the Agraharilias.
2. Rama Row now requests that
   (*a*) the 30 cawnis be assigned to the Brahmins ;
   (*b*) the hamlet of Hanumantapuram may be given on shrotriem tenure at Pag. 10 per annum ; and
   (*c*) that the taxes, if any, recovered from shopkeepers and weavers be utilised towards the benefit of the temple and charity house he has built.
3. The Board transmits the petition to the Collector for report. (See **309**/61-2).

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Letters from the Board of Revenue.

1816.

Inams		
Resumption of—Opinion of the Board of Directors	28-10-1816	1-7

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Inams—*cont.*		
The Board transmits a questionnaire to the Collectors and communicates the following observations of the Board of Directors. "It is satisfactory to learn that an opening has been left in the settlement of Southern Division of Arcot for any new arrangement which it may be thought proper to adopt respecting the cavelly and Devastanam lands and also that the curnums and taliars have been made dependent on Government for the payment of their allowances—we have some doubts whether as these officers are paid by Government their nomination should be left to the renters subject to the Collector's sanction—Mr. Ravenshaw says, it is fair that it should be so, but if there are not good reasons to the contrary, we think it desirable that the power of appointing them should be reserved to the Collectors." They also direct the restoration of the inams of the village officers, wherever they may have been resumed.		
Karnams		
Dismissal of—Collector's authority.	2-12-16	31-2
The Board informs the Collector that although power is given to the Board to dismiss curnums on the representation of the Collector, that power is not to be exercised by him or his native subordinate officers.		
Pondicherry		
Restoration to the French.	9-12-16	39-58
1. The Board of Revenue communicates to the Collector copies of a correspondence between the Government and the British Commissioner at Pondicherry regarding the transfer of the French territory to the French Government.		
2. The Governor in Council sends Lt. Sim of the Corps of Engineers with two sets of maps of the French possessions in the vicinity of Pondicherry to explain the boundary of the settlement. In the maps, the countries held in sovereignty by the French are distinguished from those which, in the year 1792, were held in Jaghir of the Nabob of the Carnatic. These villages are to be restored to the French, subject to the same conditions of tenure with reference to the British Government as may have been duly exacted by the native princes of whom they were formerly held.		
3. The French lands are very inconveniently intersected by portions of the British territory and it is thought that this inconvenience may hereafter be removed to the satisfaction of both parties.		
4. The Governor in Council requires the Commissioner to prepare the French authorities in general terms for such demands as may hereafter be brought against them by the British Government on account of sums outstanding under the head of taccavi and for arrears of revenue.		
5. The cost of the Police establishment will be borne from the first instant by the French Government. This also applies to the revenue establishment which as a temporary arrangement, has been desired to be retained within the limits of the French territory in the immediate vicinity of Pondicherry.		
6. The revenue collections and disbursements on account of the British Government for the districts contiguous to Pondicherry will cease from the 30th ultimo.		

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1816-7.

Pondicherry		
Restoration to the French.	30-12-1816	7-23
1. The Board communicates to the Collector a copy of the Government's report to the Commissioner at Pondicherry. "It does not appear to be either necessary or practicable in the present moment for the Governor in Council to explain particularly the nature of our demands which may be outstanding against the French settlement, nor is he aware that they can be of any other nature than the recovery of advances made to the cultivators and of arrears of revenue which may have fallen due either wholly or proportionately previously to the first instant or to the date from which it may be finally determined that the Revenue shall be collected on the French account."		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Pondicherry—*cont.* 2. Regarding land and sea customs duties, the Governor in Council has in view only the immediate convenience of the French Government and he has no authority for permanently removing or abating the restrictions which exist on the commercial intercourse between the French and British territories or for permitting the free transit of goods by land from one French settlement to another.		
——— Customs duties. Government direct the Collector that the orders for the levy of duties on French commerce are to remain in force till the 1st March so far as they relate to articles imported into the French Settlements.	27- 1-17	35-6
Civil Suits Veeraraghava Goundan against Government—Renter's patta. One Veeraraghava Goundan rented the village of Melchengam and left the village temporarily to Andepallam to obtain treatment for his eyes, leaving the village in charge of his son and Vencatappa Chetty. During his absence Vencatappa Chetty deceived the son of Veeraraghavan and got hold of the patta and subsequently had the patta transferred in his name. This suit is against that action by the Collector. The Board requests the Collector to report about the case to see whether the Government should defend the suit.	13- 2-17	55-9
Collector's Cutcherry Re-transfer of. (See 304/15-9). The Governor in Council directs that the cadet rooms at Cuddalore not being at present required for any military purpose may be again delivered over to the Collector for holding his cutcherry and treasury.	20- 2-17	65-71
Pondicherry Restoration of—Settlement of accounts. 1. Regarding the settlement of accounts with the French Government for the period during which the revenues of the French settlements subsequent to the formal act of restitution have been administered by the servants of the Company, the Board is of opinion that it may be left to the disposal of the British Commissioner. The Collectors are to be considered as having acted on behalf of the French Government and their accounts will be a mere matter of debit and credit, which can be arranged on the spot and which requires no specific orders. 2. *Price of salt.* Regarding the price to be demanded for such salt as may be furnished for immediate consumption either at Pondicherry or its dependencies, the Board observes that the French Government are entitled to the full advantage of any revenue that may be derived from salt consumed within their own territories and is therefore of opinion that the price to be demanded should be limited to the actual cost of the salt to the British Government or the manufacturing price. 3. The Governor in Council approves the recommendation of the Board and the Collector is informed accordingly.	24- 2-17	93-102
——— Customs duties. The Board communicates to the Collector the following rules framed by Government :— 1. All articles exported from French Settlements into British territories and all articles of external trade exported from the territories of the Presidency into any French Settlement shall be liable to the double duty. 2. All articles fit only for internal consumption of the French Settlement shall be liable only to the single duty. 3. Grain, live stock and all other provisions may pass by land into the French Settlement duty free. Grain exported by sea will be subject to a duty of 3 per cent.	27- 2-17	103-10

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Ryotwari Settlement Introduction of. 1. *Experimental survey and settlement.* To introduce the ryotwari system the Board requests the Collector to select a resumed inam village in which there is a proportion of wet lands and cause them to be measured, classed and assessed in the manner suggested by Lt.—Col. Munro. It directs the making of chains and the appointment of an establishment for surveying the village. 2. *Private rights.* The Board instructs the Collector, that all the lawful rights and privileges belonging to the cultivator must be preserved unimpaired and the amount of their shares of the produce be continued, that all fraudulent remission or alienations of public revenue discovered by the measurers or examiners whether in land or produce must be reported for the orders of the Board. 3. *Village census.* It also requires the Collector to report on the number of houses and huts in the village, and the number of inhabitants residing in it, their occupation, the number of ploughs, ploughing and other cattle and the number and size of tanks, springs and wells, used for irrigating wet lands.	7- 4-17	159-66
Revenue Expenditure F. 1226—The Board's review. 1. The Board reviews the statements of the actual charges for f. 1225 and the estimated charges for f. 1226, submitted by the Collector. 2. The Collector has not offered any explanations for the increase and decrease exhibited in the accounts. 3. There has been an increase in the expenditure in the payment of allowances to Huzur servants. 4. The increase of Pag. 482-30-59 in the Salt department is due to the necessity of repairing some of the salt banksals and to the entertainment of additional peons for the security of this branch of revenue. 5. The decrease under the head of 'charges general' and 'extraordinary' is to be attributed to the reduced estimates for the repair of tanks in the current year and to the transfer of various payments in compensation for the privileges resumed. 6. The Board recommends the sanction of the estimated charges for f. 1226.	14- 4-17	185-92
Boodle Begum Claims for arrears in Jaghire. Boodie Begum claims through her nephew Majood-ud-Dowlah payments of the value of grains stored in the Jaghire in the division of Arcot, which have been certified by Messrs. Graeme and Hyde to have been paid into the treasury. She also claims the restoration of a chatram and lands attached to it, in Tinnevelly, which were resumed. The Board transmits the petition to the Collector for report whether the claim is genuine. (See 310 49-50.)	24- 4-17	219-30

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1817.

Embezzlement Salt Amin—Suit against the Collector. The Collector has confined one Maddoo Row, an ameen of Tengoy Teddu, for having embezzled the salt and its revenue. The accused files a suit in the Adalut Court against the Collector. The Board in confirming the suspension of Maddoo Row requests the Collector to report on the plaint filed by the accused. It directs the defence of the suit.	1- 5-1817	1-5 51-4

Item.	Date.	Page numbers.
Head Inhabitants Definition of. 1. The Board explains to the Collector that the words "Head Inhabitants" were not intended to refer to Natamcars but to persons usually called gramatans. Natamcars are heads over nawds composed of many villages. 2. The Board asks the Collector whether the Turrabuddy or Caniyatchy inams allotted to gramattans or the mirasidars, were ever resumed. If not, he should explain from what funds the patta monigars' allowances were paid.	29- 5-17	25-6
Pondicherry Duty on foodgrains. With a view to the immediate relief of the inhabitants of Pondicherry, instructions have been given to the Board for a temporary regulation of the levy of duty on grain imported into that district in conformity to the requisition of the French Governor.	12- 6-17	31-41
Gingee and Mallcherry Death of the Jagirdar. On the death of the Jaghirdar, Tajoo Nath Singh, the Board proposes to grant a pension for the support of his family and requests the Collector to report the annual value of the Jaghir, the place of residence of the family and the amount of pension which he recommends. (See 315/17-25).	12- 6-17	45-6
Charitable Inam Murdoor. (See 306/137-45). The Board authorizes the Collector to apply for a Company's grant in the name of Rama Row for the 30 cawnis situated in Murdoor on a quit-rent of one pagoda a cawni. It also allows Rama Row to hold the village of Hanumantapuram on a rent of Pag. 15 per annum. (See 316/59-68).	26- 6-17	61-2
Yeomiahs Succession. The Board confirms the appointment of Abdool Vahid to succeed to the Mushrooty yeomiah lately held by his father, Mahamod Cabeer Khan, deceased.	7- 7-17	73-4
Charitable Inams Chennamanaikpolliam. The Board grants a piece of ground to Vyapoory Mudali for the purpose of erecting a choultry, subject to the payment of a quit-rent of Pag. 11-2-20 a year. (See 318/179-82).	4- 8-17	95-6
Ranjangudi Jaghir. The Board, in transmitting the report received from the Collector of Trichinopoly, requests the Collector to report with, (*a*) a list of villages composing the Jaghir showing the annual revenue of each village, and (*b*) a list of the family and dependants of the late Jaghirdar with the average monthly expense for the support of the family. It also requests him to report on the relationship of the present Jaghirdar to the original incumbent. (See 310/35-43).	4- 8-17	99-108
Pondicherry Customs duties. 1. The Supreme Government object to the exemption from duties of grains going to Pondicherry. 2. The Board trusts that the very limitation of that indulgence would of itself have been sufficiently explanatory of its temporary value. It observes that it has already recommended that British articles should be exported to the French Settlements duty-free. 3. With reference to the objection against allowing the free transit of articles from one French Settlement to another it observes that such free transit has not been allowed.	14- 8-17	143-71

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Pondicherry Sale of salt. 1. The Board proposes to Government that the French Government should be called upon to state the quantity of salt likely to be tendered for sale in each of their settlements and to nominate a commission to fix the price. It also suggests the appointment of a separate officer to check and detect illicit importation. It recommends the destruction of Company's salt at Pondicherry as the cost of its transport to Cuddalore by sea would be enormous. 2. *Ascertainment of price.* It requests that the British Commission at Pondicherry be directed to ascertain whether the price at which salt is sold in the French territory be merely the same as that at which it is sold in the neighbouring British territory. 3. *General policy.* It suggests two alternatives, namely, to suppress the manufacture of salt in the French Settlements or to purchase at the commutation price the average quantity of salt which has been manufactured in the settlement, with a deduction of 50 garces required for internal consumption. If these fail in preventing the illicit manufacture and sale of salt, then the terms of the convention must be adhered to.	14- 8-17	123-43 171-7
Pondicherry Restoration to the French. 1. *Amount written off.* On the recommendation of the Board to write off to profit and loss the amount of Pag. 13,205-15-33 in Pondicherry, being the balances due in the settlement previously to the current f. 1226, the Governor in Council directs that the amounts may be written off to profit and loss account as they are irrecoverable and as no claim can be made for them in the French Settlement. 2. *Tuccavi.* The French Government will, it is presumed, undertake to pay the balances of tuccavi advances still to be repaid by the inhabitants. 3. *Saltpetre.* The Governor in Council agrees with the Board regarding the dangerous consequences likely to arise from the unrestricted transit of saltpetre into any of the Foreign Settlements and promises to do away with the saltpetre monopoly and to restrict the exportation of saltpetre except on British vessels.	14- 8-17	132-42 177-80
Irrigation Repairs Estimates. On an objection raised by the Inspector of Tank Estimates, the Board requests the Collector to observe that the estimates for one year must not be acted on in another, but that, if any portion of the work should remain unfinished at the close of the fasli, a fresh estimate must be submitted for that part which remains to be done in the succeeding year.	11- 9-17	201-6
Remissions Absconding renters. 1. The renters of eight villages having absconded the Board requests the Collector to report the causes for such desertion. 2. *Remissions.* The Board communicates the intention of the Government, "that the consideration to be given to adverse seasons or the low price of grain or other circumstances unfavourable to the renter, is a matter of grace on the part of the Government."	15- 9-17	209-10
Pensions Gollah Venkata Dossary. The Board in forwarding the petition of Vencata Dossary to the Collector, requests him to report the amount of pension he would recommend. (See 310/59-60.)	18- 9-17	211-6
Shrotriem Veeraperumanallore and Trittalore—Succession. The Board authorizes the Collector to place the heir of Ramaswamy Pillai in possession of the shrotriyam pending the final decision of the Court of Directors.	18- 9-17	219-20

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1817.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Revenue Expenditure		
Estimates for f. 1227—The Board's observations.	6-10-1817	1-16
1. *Huzur cutcherry.*		
There is a net increase of Pag. 103-22-40 a month arising from an addition to the pay of several of the Huzoor servants. The Board considers that the allowances of the Sayer department should be reduced in consequence of the transfer of Pondicherry to the French Government.		
The proposal to appoint assistants to Tahsildars is not allowed.		
2. *Salt establishment.*		
The increase in this department is Pag. 1,630-12-12 a year on account of additional servants at the several chowkis from which arrangement the Collector expects a considerable increase of revenue. The Board proposes to sanction this.		
Ranjangudi		
Allowances to Jaghirdar. (See 309/99-108).	6-10-17	35-43
On the recommendation of the Board, the Governor in Council sanctions an annual allowance of Pag. 6,000 to the heir of the estate, Mootaber Khan, and directs that the payment shall commence from the date when the Jaghir was resumed.		
Boodie Begum		
Jaghirdar's allowances. (See 208/219-30).	30-10-17	49-50
The Board informs the Collector that Government have sanctioned the payment of Pag. 2,186-44-6¼ to Boodie Begum on account of the balances collected from certain villages at the time of the cession of the Carnatic.		
Superannuation Pensions	17-11-17	59-60
Golla. (See 309/211-6.)		
The Governor in Council sanctions a pension of one pagoda a month to Vencatadassary, late Golah peon in the Huzur establishment, and also directs that an appointment may be given to his son, whenever a vacancy occurs.		
Tittagoody		
Poligar's allowances.	8-12-17	85-6
The Government, on the recommendation of the Board, have resolved that one half of the pension of Pag. 108-41-79 which was granted to the late Kanakaraya Pillay shall be continued to his son Vaydinada Kanakaraya Pillai for the period of his life.		
Pondicherry Rupee		
The Governor in Council is pleased to adopt the recommendation of the Mint Committee, that the old Pondicherry rupee should continue to be received in payment of revenue so long as it can be distinguished from the new rupee.	8-12-17 22-12-17	79 93

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Letters from the Board of Revenue.

1818.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Irrigation Repairs		
Closure of breaches.	5- 1-1818	5-9
1. The Board requests the Collector to begin at once to repair all tanks damaged by the late rains, in order that they may be in a state fit to receive water by the next monsoon.		
2. The Superintendent of Tank Repairs gives the following instructions.—		
"In repairing breaches in the banks of tanks the following mode should be observed in order that the work may soon attain a proper solidity, the earth should be thrown up in layers about three feet thick and broken down by the feet of coolies which should also moisten it occasionally with water, the absorption by the hot weather will then render it equally strong with the old work but by the common way it will require some years to acquire this strength and the bank is always liable to give way at the same place. The water passing through a breach commonly excavates the ground to some distance beyond the tank. This should be filled up for a distance of 2 or 3 yards so as to prevent the water from lodging immediately under the outside of the bank newly repaired."		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Irrigation Dispute Vellar river. The Tahsildar of Ariyaloor taluk complains to the Collector of Trichinopoly that the inhabitants of the villages of Anccanoor, Vakoor and Aroongoor villages of Vridhachalam taluk have dug an unauthorised channel from the Vellar river causing deficiency of supply to the crops in the villages of Calanyvasal, Wogalur and Vaduckaloor resulting in a loss of Pag. 609. On a report from that Collector, the Board requests the Collector of South Arcot to take action.	29-12-17	11-7
Concealed Cultivation Enquiry into. Mr. Ravenshaw, in his report to the Board on the introduction of the ryotwari settlement, mentions that his survey has discovered a large extent of arable, dry and wet lands concealed under the head of poramboke, and that there are still lands concealed under that head. To make the point clear, the Board enquires what measure he used in estimating the areas. It also enquires whether false returns of cultivation cannot equally be given under a ryotwari settlement.	5- 1-18	19-24
Pondicherry Customs—Exemption. The Governor in Council is pleased to declare that all European articles of British manufacture, produce or import carried by land into Pondicherry or any other French Settlement shall be exempted from all duty whatever.	5- 1-18	27-8
Investment Salem and Ramnad factories—Effects of cessation. 1. The Court of Directors have ordered the entire cessation of the usual investments at the factories at Salem and Ramnad. The Governor in Council wants to know the effect of such cessation upon the public and the labourers. 2. The Board requests the Collector to furnish such information as he may be able to procure in the present state of the private trade in cloth, cotton, wool and indigo in the province under his charge and on the prospect of an extension of private trade in these articles, whether by European or Native merchants.	26- 2-18	61-8
Agricultural Advances General policy. 1. The Board in transmitting a copy of instructions issued by Lt.-Col. Munro to his subordinate Collectors to prevent the various abuses resulting in the grant of loans without proper scrutiny, requests the Collectors to submit his estimate of taccavi sufficiently early to be sanctioned in time to render the advances really useful. 2. Advances should not be made to persons owing balances, because there is danger that the taccavy money would be recollected in payment of the revenue. Whether a cultivator is compelled to sell his ploughs, cattle or seeds in liquidation of his balance and advances of money are made to him to replace them or whether advances are made to him before the sale of these articles and re-collected in revenue, the result is nearly the same.	16- 3-18	83-100
Superannuation Pensions Tahsildar Nutterkhan. The Governor in Council is pleased to sanction a pension of Pag. 25 a month to Nutterkhan.	9- 4-18	167-8
Chinna Salem Poligar's pension. The Governor in Council resolves that a pension of St. Pag. 385-28-44½ a year being ⅔ of the pension which was granted to the late Gungadarah Nainary, formerly Poligar of Chinna Salem, as a compensation for resumed cavilly privileges, shall be continued to his family.	9- 4-18	175-6
Tiruvendipuram and Manavadavy Attachment and sale. The Board sanctions the attachment and sale of the estates for arrears of revenue and transmits an advertisement in the enclosed form which was notified in the Board's Office.	28- 5-18	219-22

Letters from the Board of Revenue.

1818.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Opium Smuggling		
Sadras.	12- 8-1818	1-8
The Marine Police Officer reports to the Superintendent of Police that he has detected a case of opium smuggling at Sadras. The case was referred to the Government who request the Collector to enquire and ascertain of what country the opium in question is the produce.		91
Public Works		
Frauds by Superintendents, etc.	13- 7-18	9-14
The Board in communicating an extract from the report of the Superintendent of tank works in regard to the various frauds committed by Superintendents and other officers, requests the Collector to see that only the best materials are used.		
Salt		
Sale commission.	23- 7-18	29-35
The Board transmits to the Collector a copy of the G.O. directing that no claim to commission to confiscated salt will be allowed as it is his lawful duty to prevent the salt from being smuggled.		
Village Officers.		
Restoration of maniams.	17- 9-18	69-90
The Board directs the restoration of the maniams and merahs of the village communities, resumed under the ryotwari plan of assessment.		
In condemning the resumption of the inams, Mr. Graeme observes, "this, I am inclined to believe to have been a measure of unnecessary hardship, particularly as the supposed equivalent in ready money, which was established, is by no means equal to the produce of the manium lands and Sotantrams which, they formerly enjoyed. It has too much undermined their hereditary attachment and lessened the interest which they had in increasing the produce of the village. It has besides rendered it too easy under a revenue administration which does not sufficiently respect ancient rights and customs to admit strangers to the head of the villages by the intrigues of revenue servants. I therefore recommend that their former manium lands and Sotantrams be restored whatever system of general management may prevail hereafter for these districts."		
Salt		
Treaty with the French.	21- 9-18	115-48
The Madras Government and the French Government at Pondicherry enter into an agreement on 13th May 1818. The terms are :—		
(*a*) The manufacture of salt shall cease throughout the whole of the French Settlements in India during the continuance of the Company's present Charter.		
(*b*) The French Government guarantee the strict observance of the above stipulation and the further adoption of all such measures as depend upon them for ensuring the effectual prevention of the contraband sale in salt.		
(*c*) The Madras Government engage to pay annually St. Pag. 4,000 as indemnity to the proprietors of salt pans and another St. Pag. 4,000 to the French Government for one year from 1-1-1818 and to continue to fulfil the same engagement until the determination of the Supreme Government or eventually of the authorities in Europe.		
(*d*) The British Government engage to supply to the French Government the requisite quantity of salt for the domestic use and consumption of the inhabitants of the French Settlements in India.		
The Board communicates a copy of the agreement to the Collector and requests him to watch carefully the illicit manufacture and sale of salt.		
Irrigation Repairs		
Payments.	19-10-18	171-9
The Board of Revenue recommends the payment of bills to an amount of Rs. 9,574-9-3 for works executed and duly checked and the Government allow the expenditure.		

Letters from the Board of Revenue.

1818.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Ryotwari Settlement		
Introduction of—Proceedings of the Board of Revenue.	21- 9-1818	1-166

1. The Board communicates to the Collector copies of the papers relating to the introduction of the ryotwari system for information and guidance.

2. *Existing engagements.*
It observes that in those lands where settlement has already been concluded for a certain period of years or in permanency, it is not intended to disturb engagements, to the observance of which the faith of the Government is pledged, so long as the renters or Zamindars may claim the performance of them. If, from various causes, these lands revert to Government, the new plan of settlement is to be introduced.

3. *Modification of existing rates.*
The Board permits the Collector to reduce the existing assessment, after giving his best consideration to the subject and requests him to report his sentiments on the extent of the reduction required.
The Collectors are not authorised to raise the assessment without the previous sanction of the Board.

4. *Mirasidars.*
It requests the Collector to report whether any other measures than those already directed are necessary to restore the mirassidars to their ancient rights. He is also requested to finish the survey which was only partially introduced by his predecessor and to class and assess the remaining taluks of the district according to the instructions given already.

5. *Estimation of outturn.*
It further asks whether it will not be preferable to establish a field assessment by reference to the village accounts of actual produce and selling prices for a series of years past rather than by an estimate of the productive quality of each field.

6. *Payment in kind.*
It advises him that conversion of the payment in kind (waram), into a payment in money is not to take place except with the unequivocal concurrence of the ryots. It contemplates the adoption of a temporary annual settlement in cases where it is impracticable to introduce the new system.
It transmits a draft of the ryotwar regulation for the Collector's guidance and instruction but not to be treated as a law.

7. *Nature of ryotwari settlement.*
The Board in its report to the Governor in Council submits "that the ryotwari plan of settlement, wherever it existed prior to the establishment of the permanent settlement or decennial or village lease, was founded on a money assessment or teerwa on the land. In most of the provinces the revenue from Nunja lands and in some from Punjah lands, was customarily payable in kind, it was therefore indispensable to fix a money assessment in all Nunjah or rice lands and on many Punjah lands also, in order to establish a ryotwari money rent and even where teerwas on Punjah land did exist, they were revised or remodelled under the ryotwari plan of assessment by a new measurement, classification and assessment of the soil, so that a field measurement, classification and assessment formed everywhere the basis of the ryotwari settlement."

8. *Government's orders.*
The Government direct that the settlement should be founded on the basis of the village accounts and should leave untouched all superiorities and other rights in the soil and the teervah should be merely the fixed rent on any extent of land with ascertained boundaries and a known appellation, so that it may gradually lead to the early establishment of a ryotwari settlement of the land revenue formed with due regard to the established rights of every class of the inhabitants and on a rate of assessment calculated to give encouragement to agricultural industry and thereby promote improvement and the general prosperity of the country.

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Letters from the Board of Revenue.

1818.

Item.	Date.	Page number.

Revenue Charges

Disbursements for f. 1227. — 2-11-1818 — 3-17

1. The Board transmits a copy of its reviews to Government on the statements of actual charges for f. 1227 and of estimated charges for f. 1228.

2. *Actuals for f. 1227.*

The increase in charges in the Land Revenue department of Rs. 694-5-8 is covered by salaries and commissions.

The increase of Rs. 4,598-4-6 in the Salt department is due to the payments to manufacturers, Rs. 502-7-3 for russums and mauniams and Rs. 520-13-7 for commissions, all attributable to an increase in the sale of salt.

The increase of Rs. 2,612-2-9 under "Charges General" is covered by the compensation paid in lieu of resumed offices or privileges composed wholly of pensions granted to poligars and their families.

3. *Estimates for f. 1228.*

The increase in the amount applied for sanction, over that of the previous year is due to the increase of establishments, increase of pay to existing incumbents, advances to salt manufacturers and to the proposed erection of choultries and bungalows approved by the Board.

Ryotwari Settlement

Pattas. — 26-11-18 — 63-82

On a draft patta proposed to be issued to the ryots by the Collector of Tanjore, the Board observes that it is defective for various reasons.

(*a*) Amongst others, each field is not separately mentioned and its assessment noted.

(*b*) The sums collected on account of village charges should be voluntary contributions made by the people from their own funds and those funds should be administered by the contributors without any other control than such as the courts will afford.

(*c*) The share of all cultivators where the dues of Government are receivable in kind, should be issued at as early a period as practicable. The detention of the cultivators' share beyond such period is not only illegal but is attended with great loss for which the Collector would be liable.

Pensions

Mootabar Khan. — 3-12-18 — 87-8

The Board informs the Collector that Mootabar Khan Bahadur Fakir has personally signified his wish to receive his pension and the arrears due from the date of resumption of his deceased father's Jaghir from the Collector at Cuddalore.

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Letters from the Board of Revenue.

1819.

Pondicherry

Customs exemption—Cumblies. — 21- 1-1819 — 15

The Board requests the Collector to pass cumblies for the use of the inhabitants of Pondicherry duty-free during the prevalence of cholera in that settlement.

Gingee and Mailchery

Jaghirdar's pension. (See 309/45-6). — 28- 1-19 — 17-25

The Governor in Council sanctions an annual pension of Pag. 500 to the head of the family of Tej Nath Singh, from the date of his decease.

Uncurrent Coins

Gold and silver. — 21- 1-19 — 29-46, 155-74

The Board transmits to the Collector, a statement showing the average weight, fineness and intrinsic value of sundry uncurrent gold and silver coins, received from the Mint Committee.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Shrotriem Anungore village—Villupuram taluk—Chedumbala Vadyar. The Government have granted a sum of one thousand pagodas to Chedumbala Vadhyar for constructing a choultry for the benefit of the public. They also propose to grant him a shrotriem to maintain the choultry. The Government therefore request the Board to ascertain and report whether there is any objection to the proposal and, if so, to state the amount of revenue with which the shrotriem village should be assessed to enable the donor to get a net income of Pag. 500. The Board in turn requests the Collector to report.	4- 2-19	67-73
Medical Service Inams 1. The Medical Board applauds the service rendered by the native medical practitioners during the endemic fever in Dindigul and Madura and requests the Board of Revenue to retain them in the villages by allowing them to enjoy their privileges as usual without interference. 2. The Board of Revenue requests the Collector to report whether any grants of this or any former Government, in money or land, are held by natives on condition of the performance of medical duties.	15- 2-19	105-16
Pondicherry Interchange of territories with the French. The Board communicates to the Collector the order of the Governor in Council agreeing to the interchange of territories as recommended by the Collector and Colonel Fraser, to take effect from the next fasli.	25- 2-19	119-27
————Salt for local consumption. The Board instructs the Collector to furnish the French authorities with the requisite quantity of salt for local consumption at the manufacturing price and to be particularly careful to remove from the French Settlement without delay any salt belonging to the British Government that may not be required for their immediate consumption.	1- 3-19	139-48
Salt Export to Bengal. 1. The Board requests the Collector to report whether any salt is available for exportation from the district, including the stock of old salt which the Board has reason to believe remains on hand at Pondicherry. 2. The Board adds, in transmitting a copy of an advertisement for the export of salt to Bengal, that the Collector should by all means encourage an exportation of 50,000 maunds.	25- 3-19	193-202
Revenue Renter Perane village—Sadashiva Sastry. 1. Sadashiva Sastry, a mirassidar of Peerane village of Chetpet taluk, complains that he has been unjustly deprived of his rent and requests the Board of Revenue for redress. 2. The Board in forwarding a copy of the petition to the Collector, requests him to enquire and report whether the petitioner's assertion that he was one of the renters is correct and, if so, the reason for his being dispossessed of his rent.	5- 4-19	203-10

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1819.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Jumabandi Report Fl. 1226 and 1227—The Board's review. 1. *F. 1226.* There is a net decrease under the head of land revenue to the extent of St. Pag. 18,553-26-67, occasioned partly by the restoration of Pondicherry and its dependencies to the French, partly by the transfer of some villages to the Vaitaveliam Zamindar and partly by the cultivation of some of the aumanee villages falling short of that carried on in the preceding year.	8- 4-1819	13-27 155-9

Item	Date.	Page number.
Jamabandi Report—*cont.*		
2. *Sayer.*		
In the Sayer department, notwithstanding the transfer of the French territories, there is a net increase to the extent of Pag. 1,363-13-48, which is due to the export of betel, tobacco, indigo and clothes being greater than they were last year and also from the establishment of new chowkis around Pondicherry.		
3. *Salt.*		
The decrease in the Salt department is stated to be owing to the sales of salt in some of the pans not being so great as they were in the last fasli and also to no money being as yet collected for the quantity given to the French Government.		
4. *F. 1227.*		
There is a net increase in the revenue to the extent of Rs. 544-14-9, arising from an increase of cultivation in some aumani villages and from a gradual increase in some saulvary villages.		
Owing to the proposals falling short of those made in the preceding fasli, there is a decrease of Rs. 8,739-2-10.		
5. *Sayer.*		
In the Sayer department there is a net decrease of Rs. 18,068-9-0. The principal cause appears to be that cargoes of cloth for the eastward were not required by native merchants in this fasli, in consequence of their vessels having sailed too late in the preceding year and being compelled to put back.		
6. *Choultries.*		
The Board requests the Collector to submit a statement of the extent of land he would recommend to be attached to each of the choultries. At the same time it requests the Government that 13 pensioned sepoys may be placed under the Collector's orders for the purpose of taking care of the buildings.		
The Government agree with the remarks of the Board.		
Irrigation Repairs		
Estimates—Mannargudi taluk.	19- 4-19	33-46
The Governor in Council sanctions Rs. 16,630-12-7 to meet the cost of tank repairs in Mannargudi taluk.		
Shrotriems		
Vullapaukam—Grant to Rama Row. (See 309/61-2).	26- 4-19	59-68
The Governor in Council directed the grant of Vullapaukam village as shrotriem to Rama Row, the Company's Interpreter at Cuddalore, to hold in lieu of his monthly pension.		
He represents to the Board that the village has no irrigation facilities and that it would only yield an amount equal to the assessment fixed by the Government. He requests that he may be given the village of Chellencuppam instead.		
The Board requests the Collector to select another village and to report its value.		
(See 320/75-86).		
Revenue Arrears		
Sale of estates.	29- 4-19	69-80
For the sake of regularity and to enable purchasers to make timely arrangements for the cultivation of the lands for the ensuing fasli, the Board desires the Collector that sales of estates for arrears of revenue may be advertised on the 15th June in each year or on such other day after that fixed for the payment of the last kist in the fasli as to allow the purchaser to take possession before the commencement of a new year.		
Pondicherry		
Customs exemptions—French Government's proposals.	6- 5-19	85-114
The French request the following concessions to be granted to them :—		
(*a*) That the articles intended for the consumption of the French Settlements be free of duty.		
(*b*) That all European merchandise introduced into Pondicherry from Madras and vice versa be duty-free.		
(*c*) That tobacco be free of duty as it is in great demand by Indians.		
(*d*) That the double duty be reduced to that standard which the vessels from England pay.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Pondicherry—*cont.*		
(*e*) That the price of Indian merchandise coming from the interior be valued on the Frontiers according to the price mentioned in the licences produced by proprietors.		
(*f*) That the officers in the custom houses assign an acquittance on the licence for the duty paid and deliver such licences to the proprietors, who can thus establish payment, if they are unable to sell their merchandise at Pondicherry and have to bring it back.		
The Board requests the Collector to report on the points raised by the French Government.		
——Supply of salt.	17- 5-19	143-52
The French Government complain to the Governor of Fort St. George that the Collector has not supplied them with the quantity of salt required for consumption. The Government direct the Collector to attend to it at once.		

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Letters from the Board of Revenue.

1819-20.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Pearl and Chank Fisheries		
Disputes with the Dutch.	29- 4-1819 to 23- 2-20	1-94
1. The Netherlands Government appointed an obnoxious person to be Oolloor Thulleven (Head of the Parawar caste in the town of Tuticorin). A serious riot followed in which one man was killed by a gunshot and several others were wounded. The entire male population of Parawars, with the exception of Oolloor Thalaivan and his party, then fled from Tuticorin with Saudy Thallaivan at their head and came to British territory for protection. As a result the pearl and chank fishing stopped.		
2. The chank renter complained to the Collector of Tinnevelly about the loss he would sustain by the cessation of the fishery. A requisition by the Collector to the Dutch Resident to send away the boats so that the fishery might go on in other parts of the Coast, had no effect.		
3. The Resident of the Dutch Settlement at Tuticorin requests the persons who had fled from the place to come back, promising them complete safety.		
4. The Collector requests the Board to interfere and to adjust the dispute between the Netherlands authority at Tuticorin and the Parawars and adds that unless this is done, there is sure to be a loss of revenue in the present year.		
5. One Mahamed Casim Labby offers to rent the chank fishery provided that the Dutch authorities do not interfere with it. The Collector accepts these terms and reports that the divers cannot be prevailed on to return to Tuticorin until they have obtained some redress for their grievances.		
6. The Resident at Tuticorin objects to the Parawars giving a list of their boats to any person employed by the British Government. The Collector at Tinnevelly represents to the Board that so long as the Dutch people are prepared to hinder the chank fishery it is impossible to take the fishery under aumani.		
7. The Board insists on the Collector managing the fisheries under aumani. When he made preparations for diving, he could procure only ten boats and the divers refused to get into them unless the conjurers who had left the place accompanied them. He went to Saudy Thallaivan at Trichendoor, procured 21 boats from him and was ready for action.		
8. The vakils of the chank renter offer to rent the fishery for P. N. Pag. 4,000 and this proposal, on the recommendation of the Collector, is accepted by the Government.		
9. The Resident of the Dutch Settlement at Tuticorin refers to the terms of the Peace Treaty and to the Proclamation of the Governor of Fort St. George, dated 31st March 1818, viz., "That all the Netherlands possessions should be restored as they had been possessed previous to and until the year 1795" and explains "that after the Nabob had had a moiety in the chank fishery, his commissioner sent for that officer, bound himself that it should be managed as follows, viz., His Highness to be allowed for its management only		

Item.	Date.	Page number.

Pearl and Chank Fisheries—*cont.*

one writer and one conicoopilly who are to keep an account of the chanks which are fished and no other or more persons to be permitted to come within our territory, which customs were unchangeably observed until the year 1795." He objects to the Collector's introduction of any new measures in the Netherlands jurisdiction other than those that existed in 1795 during the Nabob's Government.

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Letters from the Board of Revenue.
1819.

Jamabandi Report

F. 1225—The Board's review. — 14- 6-1819 — 27-36

1. The 3,109 villages were settled as follows :—

	Villages.
Rented on decennial lease	2883
Under aumani	134
Settled permanently	31
Assumed Jaghirs	1
Shrotriums	60
Total	3,109

The Collector is instructed to discontinue the sale of the leases that may be forfeited and to retain the villages under ryotwar management or re-let them for the remaining term of the lease as may be found more expedient.

2. There is an increase in land revenue of St. Pag. 399-26-48 over that of the previous fasli with an increase in the receipts under abkari, customs and salt.

Salt

Administrative changes discussed. — 7- 6-19 — 46-112

1. *Management.*

Regulation I of 1805 established that salt should be purchased from the manufacturers by Government and sold again on their behalf at the monopoly price. The administration of this system was vested in the Collector under the control of the Board of Revenue through an agent.

In 1807, the regulation extended itself to Malabar and Canara.

In 1808, the office of General Salt Agent was abolished and a commission was granted to Collectors who continued to manage the monopoly under the direct control of the Board.

In 1809, the wholesale price of salt was increased from Pag. 20 to 30.

From f. 1224, the commission granted to Collectors was abolished and in f. 1228 the payment was resumed with retrospective effect.

2. *Revenue.*

During these years, the revenue from salt was in a flourishing condition during the first 8 years but subsequently declined along with the abolition of the grant of commissions to Collectors though the latter was never the cause of the decline.

3. *Defect in the present management.*

Before considering the proposal to transfer the control over the salt monopoly from the Board to the Commercial department, the Board observes the following defects and suggests remedies in the present system :—

(*a*) That considering the local peculiarities attending the manufacture of this article on the Coast the monopoly of it is, on the whole, the best and most convenient mode of realizing a revenue from it.

(*b*) Although the Bengal system seems to be the best calculated to secure a large revenue, the Madras system is less oppressive and is still capable of improvement.

(*c*) Although the monopoly of salt is declared to be vested in the Government exclusively and it is ostensibly purchased by Government from the ryots at the manufacturing season, yet this has not actually been the case in districts where the mirasi right is recognized. The present system is not to pay to the manufacturer his full price for the salt, until it is sold. The ryots hold a joint interest in the salt, along with the Government from the time of its manufacture to the time of its sale.

Item | Date. | Page number.

Salt—*cont.*

(*d*) Government lose much more by false wastage covering illicit sales, than if they were to pay for the salt really wasted, at the rate of its prime cost only.

(*e*) The monopoly price being higher than the intrinsic value of the salt, encourages fraud.

4. *The Board's proposals.*

To remedy these defects the Board proposes certain rules.

(*a*) These relate to the details of measurement, storage and custody.

(*b*) The Board, with regard to the actual transfer of salt control, considers "that experience has shown that the chief checks upon frauds in the Salt department are the inland sayer or customs chokies and if even with an extreme range of posts throughout a district it is sufficiently difficult for a Collector to prevent the abuses practised by the inland salt dealers, a Commercial Resident with his limited establishment would prove entirely unequal to the task."

(*c*) The Board of Trade argues that they possess more leisure than the Board of Revenue and Collectors to supervise the Salt department. The Board of Revenue says that it is a strong argument for reducing the commercial body to such a number as may barely suffice with increased exertion to perform the duties attached to that branch of the service and for transferring a part of them to other departments where abundant employment may be found, but it is no argument for confounding distinct departments or for mixing the territorial and commercial concerns of the Company.

(*d*) The customs officials are not only illiterate but also indulge in private trade. The Board of Revenue recommends that the salt monopoly and the control over customs should remain under itself on the ground that it is both the most efficient as well as the most economical method of administration.

Charitable Inams

Soobadar Motoo. — 5- 7-19 — 115-21

The Governor in Council sanctions the grant of a piece of ground in Cuddalore to Mootoo, on which site he has begun to erect a public choultry.

Revenue Budget

F. 1229. — 8- 7-19 — 127-33

1. The Board explains to the Governor in Council that the increase of amounts shown under taccavy is due to increased cultivation and to the loss of cattle occasioned by disease; that under salt manufacture, is due to the increase in manufacture of salt in the current fasli and in consequence of the destruction of banksalls by floods.

2. The Governor in Council accepts the explanation and allows the budget.

Charitable Inams

Quit-rent. (See **309**.) — 22- 7-19 — 179-82

The petitioner Vyapuri Mudali of Cuddalore complains that a sum of Pag. 20-25-70 is being collected from him as quit-rent while the Board's letter, dated 4th August 1817, shows an assessment of only Pag. 11-2-20. He wants the excess collection to be refunded to him. The Board sends his petition to the Collector for report.

(See **321**/111-6.)

Pondicherry

Interchange of lands. — 26- 6-29 — 185-94

The Governor in Council, at the wish of the French Governor, postpones the interchange of land until orders are received from France.

Letters from the Board of Revenue. — **Vol. 319.**

1819.

Ryotwari Settlement

Introduction of. — 26- 7-1819

1. The Board, in its report to Government, makes certain proposals. — 1-2

2. *Settlement for a term of years.* — 7-34

Where the whole of the ryots in a village consent to be parties to the collective village settlement, that settlement should be renewed for a further term of 10 years.

Item.	Date.	Page number.

Ryotwari Settlement—*cont.*

If this cannot be done the putcut individual ryotwar settlement should be introduced for such period as may be agreed upon by the ryots.

3. *Annual settlement.*

Where neither of these settlements can be effected, the annual field assessment ryotwar should be adopted or if not yet introduced, the Board proposes to take the necessary steps to establish it.

4. The Board's object is to bring into one view the means which it considers best calculated for executing the orders of the Court of Directors to enter into direct settlements with the ryots.
5. A copy of the Board's minutes, dated 30th November 1818, is enclosed.

Shrotriem

Grant to Chittambala Vadhyar. — 29- 7-19 — 39-44

The Governor in Council requests the Board to prepare the draft of a cowle for the village to be granted to Chittambala Vadhyar on shrotriem tenure, fixing the annual rent at Pag. 320 which will allow for the expense of collection to be borne by the shrotriemdar.

Revenue Renter

Pytambady—Lease granted. — 9- 8-19 — 59-78

1. One Arumugam, late manager in Sudr Udalut, was allowed to rent the village of Pytambady for a period of 10 years. He requested that the village might be confirmed to him on permanent tenure. Arumugam subsequently died. His son and brother remind the Board of his request.
2. The Governor in Council, on the recommendation of the Board, allows the grant of the village to the heir of the late Arumugam for a term of 25 years.
3. This procedure is adopted to encourage the active industry which must tend to the profit of the Government and to the benefit of the agricultural interests of the country.

Pondicherry

Revenue arrears. — 9- 8-19 — 3-6, 85-86

1. The British Commissioner at Pondicherry in transmitting a letter of the French Governor, requests the Governor in Council to let him know "whether the arrears of revenue now claimed are of such a nature that their recovery could reasonably have been looked for or anticipated had the territory on which they are due remained in British possession and this without interfering with or throwing into further arrears, the ensuing current arrears of the country."
2. The Governor in Council also realizes the difficulty and requests the Commissioner to communicate with the Collectors and to submit his opinion in the matter.
3. *Customs duty.*

Regarding the proposition of the French Governor, the Governor in Council says that orders have been issued that no article whatsoever passing the frontier for consumption in a foreign settlement is to be charged with double duty.

Ryotwari Settlement

Pattas. — 6-9-19 — 133

The Board informs the Collector that the ryotwari pattas not only convey no proprietary or meerassy right, but contain no pledge on the part of Government beyond granting possession of certain lands to a particular individual, for a single year, on condition that the rent is paid and that the patta itself bears internal evidence of its temporary nature.

2. *Mirassidars.*

The Board wants the Collector to explain whether all the pattadars are Pyerkoodees or whether a considerable portion of them are not meerassidars and to state how the real meerassidars are now to be identified, whether they exist generally in every village or in a few only, whether the curnams have a list of meerassidars or by what proofs the meerassidars propose to establish their claims.

He should consider also whether a putcut ryotwar settlement could not be introduced with advantage into the district.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Rooshwandum Resumption of Jaghir. The Board informs the Collector that under the terms of the cowle, the Jaghire cannot be resumed while any one of the grantees are alive.	6- 9-19	139-40
Pondicherry Customs rawanas. The Governor in Council says that he cannot comply with the proposal of the French Government that custom house officers should give up the rawannah to the merchants taking their goods into the French Settlements with a receipt for the amount of duties endorsed in it. He however agrees to the issue of receipts for the customs levied in exchange for the rawannah.	30- 8-19	141-51
Yeomiahs Khader Ahmad Khan. Khader Ahmed Khan was given a yeomiah of Re. 1 which he was receiving in Chittoor Treasury. Owing to his illness, he was permitted to receive his pension at the Arcot Tahsildar's cutcherry. He now claims the arrears of pension for a period of two and a half years. The Board transmits the reference to the Collector for report.	20- 9-19	157-69
Vigie, M. Assignment of land. The Board transmits the application of M. Vigie for assignment of a piece of land in Valavanoor, to the Collector for report.	23- 9-19	173-9

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1819.

Item	Date	Page number
Rooshwandum Jaghire. The Board directs the Collector to continue the grant to the surviving grantees during the term of their natural lives.	30- 9-1819	7
Irrigation Repairs Additional establishment. The Board communicates to the Collector, the report of the Inspector of Tank Estimates, condemning the entertainment of Superintendents to supervise the work of the tank diggers and to check the proper disbursement of their pay and informs the Collector that his proposal to pay the new establishment out of the allowance of the late Sarishtadar, not disbursed, is irregular.	21-10-19	17-24
Manavadavy Revenue sale. The Board approves the sale of the estate to Venkataputty Reddy of Tirupapoolor for Rs. 6,040.	4-11-19	29-30
Survey Maps of the district. The Board transmits to the Collector the map of the district for his use and careful preservation. The map is received from the Surveyor-General of India. A copy of it is preserved in the Board's Office. It is a copy of a reduced map of a survey by the late military institution, the western boundary having been taken from the map of Baramahal and the southern boundary from those of Tanjore and Trichinopoly districts. The scale is that of four miles to an inch.	13-11-19	31-9
Religious Inams Bommayapollam—Re-grant. The revenue of the village of Bommayapollam was, according to the register of alienated lands, continued to the then holder Pullaya Pandaram on the production of a takeed from the Nabob Hassainool Moolk. It appeared to have been granted for life to defray the expenses of a muttam but on the disease of the original incumbent in f. 1219, Mr. Ravenshaw, having ascertained that the village was originally granted for charitable purposes, continued the payment to another Pandaram, his successor. This person also died and the Collector resumed the village on the ground that it is only a life grant.	22-11-19	51-7

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Religious Inams—*cont.*		
On the petition put in by Soccalinga Pandaram and Sevanana Pandaram as agents for the priest, the Board recommended the re-grant of the inam, as it was utilised for the support of the temple.		
The Governor in Council accordingly authorizes the Collector to pay to the present Pandaram the revenues of that village from the date of its resumption, that they may be appropriated to the support of the pagoda as heretofore.		
Vigie, M.		
Assignment of land—Valavanoor.	22-11-19	63
The Governor in Council grants permission to Mons. Vigie to rent the piece of ground applied for.		
Shrotriem		
Chellankuppam, Grant to Rama Row. (See 316/59-68.)	2-12-19	75-86
At the request of Rama Row, the Governor in Council grants him and his next heir, the village of Chellancuppam in shrotriyum tenure, in lieu of the village of Vullapaukam formerly resolved to be granted to him. The rent is fixed at Pag. 50 per annum.		
Vridhachallam		
House building advances. (See 303/117-32.)	29-11-19	87-97
The Board communicates a copy of the proceedings of the Court of Directors directing a reduction of outstanding balances.		
Pondicherry		
Customs complaint.	15-11-19	99-124
The British Commissioner at Pondicherry brings to the notice of the Government that the chowkidar of Cottecoopum chowki either refuses to grant receipts on demand or does not sign the receipts when given and that an extra demand was made for a consignment of Madeira wine. In the course of the report, he observes that the customs native officers have a tendency to exceed the bounds of their duty and that, placed as they are at the gate of Pondicherry, they often render themselves the instruments of very grievous vexation to its inhabitants.		
The Governor in Council directs the replacement of the officer by a competent man who is well-versed in the regulations for the levy of the frontier customs.		
Pondicherry		
Supply of salt.	15-11-19	101 114-7
The British Commissioner at Pondicherry brings to the notice of the Government, that the salt manufactured at Marcannum, Cuddalore and Porto Novo appears to be full of sand and earth and that the French people prefer a good quality of salt.		
The Board requests the Collector to do his best to furnish the French people with salt of the best quality.		

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1819-20.

Fraser, Capt. James Stuart		
Appointed Special Agent for Foreign Settlements.	27-12-1819	1-4
The Governor in Council appoints Captain Fraser of the 18th N.I. to be Special Agent for the conduct of correspondence with the several Foreign Settlements with powers to correspond directly with the Collectors in all matters relating thereto. His station is fixed at Cuddalore.		
Land Revenue		
Estimation of produce.	20-12-19	15-23 73-5
1. The Collector maintains that it would be just to make the meerassidars or ryots responsible for paying the share of the crop as estimated by the Company's servants even though it should fall considerably below the actual quantity. The presumption is that the difference must have arisen from theft and other causes which might have been prevented by the meerassidars.		
2. The Governor in Council is of opinion that it would be manifestly unjust to hold the meerassidars responsible for the errors of the ignorant or the frauds of dishonest estimate makers.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Land Revenue—*cont.*		
As an estimate of the gross produce before the harvest is gathered is of no use, the crop should be thrashed, measured and divided as soon as practicable after it has been gathered. When this is done, the ryots and others will have a defined quantity to be answerable for without any dispute. The Governor in Council also prohibits the taking of muchilikas to keep up the cultivation.		
Pondicherry		
Customs complaint.	20- 1-20	37-50
On the complaint made by M. Le Fancheur against a chowkidar for having unduly exacted duty on the Madeira wine carried by him, the Collector refunded the collection and fined the chowkidar.		
The British Commissioner reports to the Chief Secretary to Government that the best punishment would be to remove the chowkidar from service.		
The Board communicates a copy of the correspondence to the Collector for information.		
Jamabandi Report		
F. 1228—The Board's review.	2- 3-20	87-97
1. *Land revenue.*		
There is a decrease in the revenue of the aumani lands to the amount of Rs. 15,215-15-4. This seems to have been caused by a decrease of three villages in the number of those under aumani and this deficiency is counterbalanced by an increase of Rs. 21,609-15-8 under the heads of leased and salvary villages.		
Though the arrears to be collected are reduced, yet the Collector will furnish information as to his expectations of realizing this balance.		
2. The Collector observes that the labouring classes are very much impoverished whenever a village under lease comes under aumani. This he hopes will cease on the introduction of the annual ryotwari system.		
3. *Choultries.*		
The Board recommends to the Government that the Collector be authorized to grant nine cawnies of dry and six cawnies of wet lands to each of the 12 choultries now built under the orders of the Government and that the same quantity should be given to those natives who are willing to build chattrams.		
Charitable Inams		
Choultry. (See 318/179-82.)	11- 3-20	111-6
The Governor in Council authorizes the Board to cancel the grants issued to Vyapoory Mudali for the ground with which his choultry was endowed and in lieu of them to give him a cowle for the same fixing the quit-rent at Pag. 5 per annum.		
Punnatur		
Restoration of Jaghir.	27- 3-20	137-44
Meer Mahummedally, Meer Abdul Rahim and Meer Hossainally pray to the Board to restore the Jaghir given to them by Anwarddin Khan and to grant allowances to their families.		
The Board transmits the petition to the Collector for enquiry and report.		
Customs		
Levy of duty.	30- 3-20	149-66
1. The Board communicates to the Collector copies of the Government order relative to the levy of duty on foreign trade and of a correspondence between the Board and the Collector of Chingleput concerning certain goods which passed the frontier of South Arcot, without the levy of any duty.		
2. The Board observes that the levy of duty should not be extended to articles transmitted for private consumption but should be confined to articles of trade only.		
Shrotriems		
Veeraperumanallore and Teratalore.	20- 3-20	186-206
1. Ramaswamy Pillai, the shrotriyamdar, died issueless. During his life he adopted his brother's (Ayyahswamy Pillai) minor son, Kesava Pillai, as his son. After the demise of Ramaswamy Pillai, the shrotriyam villages devolved on Kesava Pillai.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Shrotriems—*cont.*		
2. The adoptive mother and the widow of Ramaswami Pillai applied to the Collector to nominate her as the lawful manager of the Shrotriyam as Kesava Pillai was a minor. This was accordingly done. As Vadammal was ill-advised by her relations, the minor was left uncared for. Ayyaswamy Pillai, the natural father of the minor, filed a suit for the recovery of the property from Vadammal and for the management of the estate by the Court of Wards during the minority of the shrotriyamdar. The Court returned the complaint advising Ayyaswamy Pillai to address the Board of Revenue through the Collector.		
3. Ayyaswamy Pillai now addresses the Board requesting it to take the shrotriyam villages under the management of the Court of Wards until the minor comes of age.		
4. The Board forwards the petition to the Collector for report. (See **322**/25-6.)		
Yeomiahs		
Cauze Sheik Mahamod Cabut Khan's family.	2- 6-20	246-8
The members of the family of the deceased Cauze Sheik Mahamod Cabut Khan claim the arrears of yeomiah due to the deceased from 1st June 1805 to the date of his death, 31st December 1819, amounting to Rs. 2,625 at Rs. 15 a month.		
The accumulation of the arrears is due to the omission on the part of the Collector of Trichinopoly to transfer the pension payment order to the Collector of South Arcot at the time of the transfer of the village to the latter Collectorate.		
The Board recommends payment of the arrears and the Government allow it.		

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Letters from the Board of Revenue.

1820.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Shrotriems		
Veeraperumanalloore—Management by the Court of Wards. (See **321**/186-206.)	7- 8-1820	25-6
The Board authorizes the Collector to take the shrotriyam and other property devolving on heirs incapacitated by minority under the management of the Court of Wards.		
Estates		
Tiruvendipuram, Allagunuttam and Ariagootty—Transfer of control.	14- 8-20	45-6
The Board of Revenue directs the Collector to keep these estates under aumani management realizing from them both the current revenue and the balances due thereon until the decision of the pending suit.		
Jamabandi Report		
F. 1229—The Board's review.	23- 8-20	47-51
1. *Form of settlement.*		
The number of villages rented on lease at the close of f. 1228 was 2,830 of which 85 were aumani villages.		
There are 44 villages under zamindari settlement. In f. 1228 the revenue from the leased villages was higher than the lease amount of f. 1229.		
Eleven and a half leased villages have been settled on the ryotwari principle of assessment on their reversion to aumani.		
2. *Decrease in revenue.*		
The decrease in the aggregate of land revenue is due to the impoverished condition of the ryots occasioned by the exaction of the renters. As the tendency of ryotwar management is to improve the condition of the ryots, the Board hopes that conditions may improve in the course of another fasli.		
Charitable Inams		
Anungar—Disposal.	23-10-20	87-94
It was resolved to confer the village of Anungar on Chedumbala Vadhyar for the support of a choultry which it was his intention to have built at that place. Before the completion of the choultry the incumbent died.		
On the recommendation of the Board, the Governor in Council desires that land of the annual value of Pag. 500 may be assigned for the support of the choultry and that, if necessary, the Collector may furnish the small sum required for completing the choultry.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Appeal		
Karnam—Augaram.	23-11-20	119-24
Gopala Pillai, Karnam of Agaram, in his appeal to the Board details the circumstances under which he was dismissed from the service and prays that his office and the property which he has been deprived of may be restored to him.		
The Board transmits the petition to the Collector for report.		
Mirasi Right		
In the land revenue settlement. (Reprint 10/22-30).	4-12-20	147-93

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Letters from and to the Board of Revenue.

1792-4.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Revenue Renting		
Tiruvendipuram and boundary villages.	29- 5-1792	1
The Board directs the Resident at Cuddalore, to rent Trevandaporam and the boundary villages of Cuddalore for five years.		
——— Resident's report.	13- 6-92	23
1. Sashapilla has offered Pag. 26,250 for the boundary villages for five years.		
2. Sashapilla, Vencata Kistana Reddy and others have offered Pag. 52,350 for Trevendaporam for five years.		
Haliburton, David and White, C. N., Messrs.		
Appointed Members of the Board of Revenue.	9-10-92	9
Company's Weavers		
Exemption from taxes.	16- 5-93	28
The Board informs the Resident at Cuddalore that all Company's weavers are exempted from the payment of loom tax and quit-rent for trees or for cultivation within the compound attached to their houses, as the motarpha has been abolished.		
Arrack and Betel		
Renting proposals.	20- 5-93	29
The Board informs the Resident that the proposals of Sashiah and Mootiah Naick for the arrack and betel farms, have been accepted.		
French Possessions		
Transfer to the English.	19- 7-93	34
The Board directs the Resident to depute a person to take charge of the districts near Pondicherry belonging to the French and transferred to the Company.	21- 7-93	
The Resident appoints Kasaviah, Company Amildar, to the post.		
Devakottai District		
Settlement of.	21- 7-93	35
The Board informs the Resident that the proposals for the Devecotah district are inadequate and calls for a statement of revenue from f. 1195 to f. 1201. The Resident reports that there are no weavers at Devecotah.	28- 8-93 6-12-93 7- 3-94	41 49 56-8
Enemy Goods		
Exemption from customs duty.	24- 9-93	42
The Board directs that all goods captured from the French should be exempted from the customary duties of the port of Cuddalore.		
Survey		
Capt. John Norris.	31- 1-94	53
The Board informs the Resident that Capt. John Norris has been appointed to survey the country.		
Devakottai District		
Irrigation.	20- 8-94	66-8
The Board directs the Resident to supply Capt. Norris with coolies to cut a channel from the Coleroon to water the Devecotah district.		
Assistant Collectors		
Native languages.	14- 9-94	70
The Board informs the Resident that Government have sanctioned a monthly allowance of Pag. 10 to Assistants to study the native language.		
Mitford, Mr. John		
Appointed Accountant, Revenue Department.	20-11-94	75

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1798.

Press Listed.

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Letters from and to the Board of Revenue.

1799.

Press Listed.

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Letters from and to the Board of Revenue.

1806-7.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Irrigation Repairs		
The Collector, Mr. J. G. Ravenshaw, gives an estimate to the Board for the repairs of Pumbiar and tanks dependent thereon.	1- 5-1806	1
Remission		
Mr. Edward Campbell's application.		
The Board informs the Collector that the application of Mr. Campbell for remission has been sent to Government.	30- 4-06 19- 6-06	3-6 20-2
Mr. Campbell is the renter of Chillumbarum. The Collector reports, that he holds his lands on the same conditions as a zamindar.		
Police		
Abolition of the kavali system.	10- 5-06	7
The Collector recommends to the Board that the cavelly system may be abolished and "a proportion of the fees assumed from each of those people should be settled on them as a pension for life."	21- 6-06	22-4
Arni		
Jaghirdar's debts.	28- 5-06	10-2
The Collector sends to the Court of Wards two claims preferred against the minor Jaghirdars of Arnee. One from Iyah Pillay for Pag. 26,121 and the other from Sawmy Moodily for Pag. 1,521.		
Tippoo Sultan's Family		
Accommodation at Vellore.	26- 5-06	15
The Board directs the Collector to transfer the ground in the Pettah at Vellore to the Paymaster of Stipends to build houses for the accommodation of Tippoo Sultan's daughters and sons-in-law, who are residing at Vellore.		
Wandiwash		
Jaghirdar's claim.	4- 6-06	17-9
Navab Milick-ul-Nissa Begum, daughter of the late Nawab Wallajah, claims certain balances in grain and money outstanding in her late Jaghir of Wandewash at the time of its resumption.		
The Board calls for a statement from the Collector.		
Arni		
Jaghirdar's pilgrimage to Benares.	23- 6-06	25
The Collector reports that the expense will amount to Pag. 500 and asks the permission of the Board to sanction it.		
——— Settlement report—F. 1215.	1- 7-06	29-31
To the Board.	4- 9-06	59-60
The revenue amounted to Pag. 36,475.		
——— To the Collector.	17- 7-06	49-50
The settlement has been confirmed by the Court of Wards.		
Jamabandi Report		
F. 1215. (See also Reprint 8 1-3.)	1- 7-06	31-7
1. The Collector reports to the Board on the settlement of the district for f. 1215.		

	Pag.
Land revenue	7,29,186
Customs	23,002
Salt revenue	16,200
Total ..	7,68,388

2. *Inams.*

The revenue from the shrotriem lands, which was paid in kind was commuted for a money payment after the district was ceded to the Company.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Jamabandi Report—*cont.*		
3. *Gardens.*		
The teerva on small lands has been abolished and that on large and valuable trees reduced.		
4. *Wet and dry lands.*		
The teerva on nunja and poonja lands has been reduced to Pag. 5 and Pag. 2 a cawni respectively.		
5. *Mannargoody and Chidambaram taluks.*		
The settlement for f. 1214 was Pag. 65,497 and that for f. 1215 is Pag. 60,260.		
——— The Board submits the report to Government.	17-11-06	124-5
Barrett, Col. Thomas		
Property of. (See **291** 79-88.)	7- 8-06	52-5
To the Collector.		
The Board informs the Collector that Government have set aside the claim of the administratrix to the estate of the late Col. Barrett, for the proceeds of the grain, the produce of the Jaghir granted to Col. Barrett by the Nabob of the Carnatic.		
"The Jaghir was one of those granted by the late Nabob in breach of the terms of the treaty and consequently, on the cession of the Carnatic, it could be viewed in no other way."		
Kattubadi Inams		
1. The Collector reports that the Kattubadi inams may be classed as those granted,	8- 9-06	61-3
(*a*) in lieu of pay, or		
(*b*) as life pensions, being a reward for services already performed.		
2. Most of them hold no sunnuds. Further the establishment has become useless. The Collector recommends that their services (first class) be dispensed with and that they may be continued in possession of the inams only for life (second class).		
Indigo		
Manufacture.	18-10-06	91-103
The Board informs the Collector that Government have given permission to Lt.-Col. Cullen to manufacture indigo in the district.		
The indigo is exempted from customs duty.		
Vellore Mutineers		
Apprehension of.	4-11-06	106-9
The Collector sends to the Board a list of mutineers apprehended.		
Cruttenden, Mr. E. H.		
Appointed Assistant Collector.	4-11-06	110
Revenue Arrears		
Ff. 1211, 1212, and 1213.	3-11-06	113-9
To the Board.		
Most of the arrears in ff. 1211-3 have been collected.		
The balances in Manargudy and Chillumbrum Soubahs amount to Pag. 61,965.		
The amount considered to be desperate and therefore recommended to be remitted, is Pag. 60,387.		
Inams		
Ameen-ud-deen Ali.	1-12-06	136
The Board confirms the grant of 50 cawnis of land to Ameen-ud-deen Ali and his heirs in perpetuity.		
Kattubadi Inams		
The Board's remarks to Government. (See p. 61.)	2-12-06	137-40
1. The Board endorses the recommendation of the Collector that the services of the first class inamdars may be dispensed with and "they be continued in possession for life of such part of their lands as they will engage to cultivate on paying a quit-rent equal to half the rent paid for Sirkar lands of the same quality . . . and that on the death of each his lands be assessed at the full rent."		
2. The Government approve the suggestions of the Board.		
Famine Relief		
The Board sends to the Collector an extract of correspondence from Government. The Collector anticipates a famine in consequence of a general failure of the crops. Government suggest that relief works may be started as the Collectors of Chingleput, Tanjore and Trichinopoly have reported that coolies are required to repair tanks and construct roads.	2 1-07	163-75

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Inams		
Subidar Syed Cassim.	4- 3-07	186-7
The Board transmits to the Collector the order of Government granting 50 cawnis of nanjah lands to Subidar Syed Cassim, of 4th Rt., N. Cav., in Vellore taluk.		
Talaiyaris		
Collector's report to the Board.	2- 4-07	194-6
When the cavelly system of police was abolished, 362 talaiyaris in the country were thrown out of employment. But when the new police system was introduced, they were again employed. Their pay will amount to Pag. 258 a month at Pag. 2¼ each. The Collector asks the permission of the Board to retain the establishment of taliars. (See **328**/1-4.)		
Famine Relief		
The Collector reports to the Board that there is only a partial scarcity of grain and requests it to send 50 garce of rice to Arcot.	2- 4-07	196-9
During times of scarcity the people were allowed to clear the forest and cultivate it.		
———To the Collector.	15- 4-07	208-9
The Board advises despatch of 50 garce of rice. (See **328**/30-1.)		
Indigo		
Manufacture.	4- 4-07	201-2
The Board informs the Collector that Government have granted permission to Mr. Cochrane to reside at Vellore for the manufacture of indigo.		
Inam Register		
The Board directs the Collector to scrutinise the register of inams to Yeomiahdars, Durmahdars and Salayendars and send a statement to the Board.	2-10-06	215-22

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Letters from and to the Board of Revenue.

1806-7.

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Letters from and to the Board of Revenue.

1807.

Talaiyaris		
Reorganisation. (See **326**/194-6.)	1- 4-1807	1-4
To the Collector.		
The Board states that "it was the intention of the Government that the provision proposed (by the Collector) should, if necessary, be granted to the full extent."		
That provision was, for "the cawelgars to be maintained from the produce of the cavelly lands and such assistance to be extended to the more indigent village watchers as they may be considered indispensably to require."		
——— From the Collector to the Board.	12- 5-07	4-7
Cavellegars and talaiyaris' pay statement. (See pp. 45-9.)		
Famine Relief		
Food supply. (See **326**/196-9.)		
The Collector asks the Board to send 50 garce of rice to Arcot since the scarcity has increased owing to the sudden stoppage of the importation of grain from Mysore.	25- 6-07 8- 7-07	30-1 35-7
Agricultural Advances		
The Collector asks the Board's permission to advance Pag. 40,000 as tuccavy.	20- 5-07	4
——— The Board sanctions the amount.	20- 7-07	42-3
——— The Collector asks permission to advance an additional sum of Pag. 25,000 as most of the cattle have perished during the famine.	7- 9-07 12-10-07	72-5 103

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Arni		
Settlement report of the Jaghir. F. 1216.	4- 8-07	44-5
The net revenue amounts to Pag. 17,305 including the peisheush of Pag. 628 due from Ragoonaut Row and Sam Row.	12- 9-07	92-5
The minor Jaghirdar comes of age in the month of November and the Collector proposes to hand over the estate to him.		
(See pp. 98-9.)		
Talaiyaris		
Reorganization of. (See pp. 30-1.)	31- 7-07	45-9
The Government are of opinion that the establishment of taliars is "essential" and an allowance should be granted to them. The Government sanction the annual allotment of Pag. 3,102 at Pag. 2¼ a month per taliar. (See pp. 99-102.)		
Settlement Report		
F. 1216. (See also Reprint 8/3-11.)	15- 8-07	56
To the Board.		
The land rent amounted to Pag. 5,13,583, salt revenue to Pag. 21,500 and customs to Pag. 2,148. The total revenue was Pag. 5,37,231. 24,910 cawnis yielding a revenue of Pag. 39,173 was brought under cultivation.	..	59
There is a decrease in the revenue due to the failure of the season.	..	62
Gardens		
Renting of.	22- 9-07	89-90
The Collector proposes to adopt the system of Mr. Ross, renting the gardens to the "highest bidder in perpetuity at a fixed rent." "The gardens have hitherto been let from year to year" and by the change of renters, they "have gone rapidly to ruin."		
——— To the Collector.	1-10-07	95-6
The Board approves the system adopted by the Collector.		
Arni		
Minor's son. (See pp. 92-5.)	21-10-07	98-9
The Collector reports that he has advanced a sum of Pag. 200 to the minor, subject to the approval of the Court of Wards, to perform certain ceremonies connected with the birth of a son to him.		
——— To the Collector.	13-11-07	104-6
The Board informs the Collector that the Jaghir may be handed over to the minor when he comes of age.		
——— Accounts.	..	106-9
To the Board.		
Kavali Lands		
Resumption. (See pp. 45-9.)	2-11-07	99-102
The Collector asks the Board's permission to resume all the cavalley revenue in his district, including Mannargudi and Chillumbaram.		
The revenue amounts to Pag. 7,985.		
"The expense of collecting the cavelley fees and renting out the lands annually by native servants in all the Jaghirs and enam villages. . . would be very great." Hence the Collector suggests that the cavelly lands and fees may be made over to inamdars in return for the payment of "a fixed annual rent." The rent may be fixed at Pag. 4,592.		
The cavellegars should be given an allowance for their maintenance.		

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Letters from and to the Board of Revenue, 1808.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Salt		
Storage.	10- 3-1808	31-2
The salt at Killai is stored on mounds of earth and the Collector proposes to build brick walls round the mounds.		
——— Post of Agent—Abolished.	17- 5-08	57
The office of the General Agent for the Salt Monopoly has been abolished. The management of the salt revenue is vested in the Collector subject to the control of the Board of Revenue.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Salt—*cont.*		
Export to Bengal—From the Board.	11- 6-08	69
Ample encouragement is afforded for the export of salt to Bengal on private accounts by the payment for the salt on delivery at the rate of Sic. Rs. 66 for 100 maunds. The traders are informed that this is "more advantageous than a freight of Pag. 15 per garce."		
——— Valuation.	23- 5-08	111-8
The Collector proposes to abolish the valuation of salt by the anchanahdars. On an average the quantity under-estimated by them amounts to 20 per cent.		
He suggests that salt may be purchased from the manufacturers by actual valuation and they have consented to allow 10 per cent. surplus for wastage, etc.		
The immediate advantage derived from this method is the reduction of establishment and the prevention of embezzlement.		

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Letters from and to the Board of Revenue.
1809.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Religious Institutions		
Exemption from quit-rent.	20-3-1809	47-51
The Collector asks the Board's permission to exempt from quit-rent the land occupied by a number of lingayat monks.		
Customs		
Indigo—Exemption of.	8- 4-09	75-6
The Board directs the Collector not to levy any duty on indigo leaves.		
Village Leases		
From the Board.	27- 2-09	115-9
1. The assessment in certain villages may be raised without risk of failure or detriment to the country. The original rents need not be disturbed, unless there is a considerable increase in a new offer, so that the confidence of the people may be strengthened.		
2. *Inams.*		
The Board is of opinion that "the restoration of the lands of Pagodas and village sibbendy is inexpedient" and the present system of renting these lands in common with the Sirkar lands be continued.		
Syed Ahmed		
Pension.	3- 5-09	129-37
The Board sends to the Collector for opinion a letter addressed to Government by Lt.-Col. W. MacLeod, recommending a pension to Syed Ahmed.		
Syed Ahmed served under Lt.-Col. MacLeod as a public servant from 1790 to 1805. He accompanied the Colonel in the field with the armies of General Meadows and Lord Cornwallis. He was very useful in procuring intelligence.		
He was peishkar under Lt.-Col. MacLeod when the latter was Collector of Salem and Arcot. He was also in charge of the investigation of pensions and on one occasion saved the Government a sum of Rs. 1,500, when double payment was made.		
When Mr. Ravenshaw became Collector his pay was reduced and he was finally discharged from the service.		
Lt.-Col. MacLeod recommends that a suitable pension may be given to him in consideration of his "rare and firm fidelity" and his sincere attachment to the Company.		
Government Pleader		
1. The Board informs the Collector of the opinion of Government on the conduct of the Magistrate in refusing to admit the prosecution which the Collector wished to institute against certain thieves.	12- 5-09	174-81
2. The facts of the case are as follows:—		
Certain persons stole a quantity of salt. The Collector directed the Government vakeel to conduct the prosecution. But the Magistrate refused to recognize him, on various grounds.		
3. The Board reported to Government that the Magistrate's action was wrong and the Government are of opinion that "the Magistrate had only to take cognizance of the theft and commit the offender; there his duty ended."		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Kallakurchi Poligars—Resumption of villages. 1. The Board sends a petition from Allapa Coorumba Goundan and Chinniah Corumba Goundan claiming a certain share in the Poloyam near the Taluk of Kulcoorchy, and calls for a report. 2. The petitioners state that the Poligar is enjoying 188 villages in return for defending the mountains, without paying any tribute to the Company. They have also got a share in it, being his cousins, but the poligar refuses to give them anything. They can deliver the whole village to the Government together with 200 firelocks, if Government can provide them with a party of followers.	15- 5-09	185-90
Rum Distillery Request refused. The Board informs the Collector that Government have refused to grant permission to M. Tardville to establish a rum distillery at Pondicherry.	15- 6-09	229
Cutcherry Arcot. From the Board. Government authorise the purchase of Mr. Ross's house for Pag. 500 to serve as a revenue cutcherry at Arcot.	15- 6-09	233-5
Inams From the Board. Government have sanctioned the restoration of the inams to Meera Velayet Khan.	6- 7-09	269-80
Court Commissioners Appointment of. The Board forwards the instruction of the Government that applications for the appointment of Tahsildars, as Commissioners for the sale of distrained property, should be made to the Zillah Court.	16- 5-09	349
Abkari, Salt and Customs Report for f. 1218. 1. *Salt.* The net revenue is Pag. 34,133. The selling price of salt is raised to Pag. 25 per garce at the inland depots. 2. *Customs or Town duties.* The net revenue is Pag. 15,120. 3. *Abkari licences.* The revenue amounts to Pag. 9,556.	21-9-09	253-63
Russell, Mr. John Appointed Assistant Collector.	6- 11-09	399
Triennial Lease Report for ff. 1218-20—The Board and Government's remarks. 1. The Board sends to the Collector a copy of its remarks addressed to Government on the Collector's report for ff. 1218, 1219 and 1220 and the Government order thereon. 2. The Board remarks that the gross revenue for f. 1218 was St. Pag. 5,92,156 being an increase of Pag. 37,749 over f. 1217. 3. *The village settlement.* "The head inhabitants were invited to form their own villages and in general their offers were accepted." When no offer was made the villages were kept under aumanie. Securities are invariably taken from the renters for the revenue. The amount of rent is fixed on the average collection of seven years.	18 11-09	409-48
"Considering, however, the calamities, the changes of management, the exorbitant settlement of Fusly 1212 and the disastrous season of Fusly 1216 . . . we have every reason to be satisfied with the amount of the settlement of Fusly 1218."		419-20
4. *Government's remarks.* Government confirm the triennial lease concluded by the Collector for ff. 1218, 1219 and 1220 for Pag. 5,36,846, Pag. 5,42,886 and Pag. 5,42,945, respectively. The settlements of Pondicherry for Pag. 11,015 and of Cuddalore for Pag. 17,793 are also confirmed.		442

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Cotton, Mr. John		
Appointed acting Collector.	8-12-09	453
Mr. Cotton, Head Assistant at Tanjore, has been appointed as acting Collector of South Arcot, in the place of Mr. Ravenshaw on leave.		
Cockburn, Mr. M. D.		
Appointed Assistant Collector.	29-12-09	475
The Board informs the Collector that Mr. Cockburn has been appointed as First Assistant under him.		

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Letters from and to the Board of Revenue.

1809.

Pondicherry		
Salt manufacture.	3- 1 1809	9-1
The Board directs the Collector that the future annual manufacture of salt at Pondicherry should be limited to 150 garce.		
Salt Manufacture		
Improvement of—The Board's suggestions.		
From the Board.	23- 2-09	49-93
1. "That this branch of revenue is susceptible of very great improvement is unquestionable." The modes of attaining it are, (*a*) by securing salt against depredation and illicit sale, (*b*) by facilitating and extending the legal sale and (*c*) by raising the monopoly price.		
2. Salt should be stored in banksalls. Assistant Collectors should be sent to different places of manufacture to inspect.		
3. Depots should be established at inland and central situations and cadjan rowannahs under the seal of the Collectors should be issued, when salt is sent from place to place.		
4. The Board is of opinion that the monopoly price should be raised to Pag. 30 per garce.	9-11-09	127
Salt		
Storage—From the Board.	31- 3-09	99-102
The Board authorises the construction of banksalls for storing the inferior quality of salt, at a cost of St. Pag. 729.		

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Letters from and to the Board of Revenue.

1809-10.

Customs		
Horse-gram—Valuation for duty.	20-12-1809	17-24
The Military Board suggests that "each bullock load shall be reckoned at 6 mercalls and the duty paid at once on that quantity" instead of detaining it at the chowkis for measurement.		
Government have approved the proposal.		
Irrigation Repairs		
Flood damage.	18- 1-10	33-5
The Board realises the immediate necessity of attending to damage caused by the late inundation and empowers the Collector with "discretional authority" to carry out the repairs but cautions him against the misappropriation of public money "to which occasions like the present afford but too great facilities."		
Distillery		
Pondicherry—Mr. Chinnery's application.	8- 1-10	45-50
From the Board.		
Government have permitted Mr. Chinnery to establish a distillery at Oulgaret near Pondicherry and rejected his proposal to prohibit "all other distilleries within 40 miles of one proposed to be established by him." One of the conditions of Mr. Chinnery's licence is that he should not "admit a French man to be in any way concerned with him in the works."		
Flood Damage		
To the Board.	2- 4-10	97-101
The Collector reports on the severe damage caused to the crops by the torrential rain.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Revenue Remissions Principles of grant. The Board remarks that. "The ability of the renter is the only rule by which remissions are to be granted or denied." "The extent of loss is not so much to be considered as the means of the renters and in some cases of the inhabitants." "In the Villages where the renters can afford to pay the present year's rent from the gains of the past or from other advantageous circumstances, they ought to pay, even if the whole crop of the present year should have been destroyed." "In the case of renters who cannot afford to pay without suffering great inconvenience and being reduced to great penury, remissions ought to be granted, even although the loss should have been comparatively small."	7- 5-10	161-8
Jamabandi Statement F. 1219. To the Board. The Collector gives a comparative statement of collections in the district for ff. 1218 and 1219.	9- 7-10	199-208
Arrack Renting proposals, F. 1220. The Board approves the proposals made by the Collector. There is an increase of St. Pag. 5,876 in the present fasli.	6- 8-10	269-70
Agricultural Advances From the Board. The Board sanctions the issue of St. Pag. 20,000 as tuckavy.	6- 8-10 27- 8-10	273-4 311-5
Ravenshaw, Mr. J. G. Collector—Leave allowance. Government permit Mr. Ravenshaw to draw full allowance, except tentage, during his absence on leave.	9- 8-10	277-80
Salt, Betel and Tobacco Revenue for ff. 1218 and 1219. To the Board. The Collector reports that there is an increase of St. Pag. 17,872 during f. 1219.	23- 8-10	291-2
Revenue Remissions Statement for f. 1219. To the Board. The Collector gives a statement of arrears for f. 1219. A sum of St. Pag. 30,289 is due, of which the Collector recommends the remission of St. Pag. 12,391. He gives a statement of the extent of cultivation destroyed by the last monsoon rains. "The remission proposed has been determined on an attentive and minute investigation of the ability and means of the renters to make good their engagements with the Circar."	23- 9-10	337-41
Cockburn, Mr. M. D. Assistant Collector—Leave. The Board informs the acting Collector, Mr. John Cotton, that he has been appointed to act as Secretary to the Board of Revenue and his Assistant, Mr. Cockburn, should take charge of the district until the arrival of Mr. Riddell. Under the circumstances, the Board wants to know if Mr. Cockburn could postpone the leave he has applied for.	8-10-10	343-4
Riddell, Mr. John Appointed Collector. To the Board. Mr. Riddell reports that he has taken charge of the office.	18-10-10	351
Indigo Cultivation—Messrs. Parry, Pugh and Breithaupt's petition. 1. Messrs. Parry, Pugh and Breithaupt have applied to Government for increased protection and assistance, "finally soliciting as a necessary encouragement, of their efforts on the part of Government, that the Board would recommend the enacting a regulation prohibiting the erection of any Indigo works within a less distance than fifteen miles of any which are at present established."	22-11-10	379-96

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Item.	Date.	Page number.

Indigo—*cont.*

2. The Board is of opinion that such a recommendation is "neither expedient nor would be attended with any good effect." The earnest wish of the Board is to encourage in any reasonable way the exertions of all individuals engaged in any undertaking.
3. The Board calls for a report on the indigo cultivation in the district.

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Letters from and to the Board of Revenue.
1810.

Arrack Distillery
Poyez. — 19-11-1810 — 1-2
From the Board.
The Board gives permission to Mr. James Cochrane to erect a distillery at Poyez near Pondicherry.

Sunerapoor
Poligar's pension. — -12-10 — 11-4
From the Board.
Wossundapah Cooroома Cunda, the present poligar, informs the Board that he is prepared to "make over all his titles and rights of Polygarship" in return for a reasonable pension.

Quit-rent
Rate of. — 27-12-10 — 15
From the Board. — 15-20
"In future the rate of quit-rent is never to fall short of one pagoda per cawnie and never below 1½ pagodas per cawnie, unless the land be of very inferior quality."

Vol. 334.

Letters from and to the Board of Revenue.
1811.

Mulikool Nisa Begum
Daughter of the late Nabob Wallajah. — 6- 3-1811 — 89-99
From the Board.
"It was finally determined to tender to the Begum the sum of Pag. 1,282, as a remuneration for the grain, the proceeds of which was carried to the account of the Company."
It appears that a quantity of grain belonging to the Begum was stored in her Jaghir at the time of the cession of the Carnatic.
The Board asks the Collector what action has been taken to adjust the account.

Gahagan, Mr.
Application for house-site. — 4- 4-11 — 127-40
From the Board.
Government have rejected the application of Mr. Gahagan for grant of certain ground at Chidambaram, because the arrears for the farm have not been paid.

Cutcherry
Cuddalore. — 29 4-11 — 141
The Board approves the appropriation of the Government House at Cuddalore for the purpose of a cutcherry.

Indigo
Cultivation and manufacture—The Collector's report. — 7- 5-11 — 155 8
1. *Factories.*
There are 18 indigo manufactures in the district of which ten belong to Messrs. Parry and Co., one to the natives and the rest to European firms.
Most of them are within 1½ miles of each other.
2. *Cultivation.*
The extent of land cultivated with indigo plants is 6,403 cawnis and it could be extended by 1,190 cawnis.

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Item. — Date. — Page number.

Village Settlement

Collector's criticisms. — 10- 7-10 — 221-36

To the Board.

The Collector gives his opinion on "the system of fixed kist or permanent assessment upon villages." (Pages partly eaten by vermin).

"From the present well-known state of the country I may venture to say that in general the system has failed in every way."

"The cheapness of grain renders the collection of the revenue difficult and in many cases impracticable."

The "inferior ryots" were oppressed by the renters.

(See 335/109-11).

Agricultural Advances

To the Board. — 18- 7-11 — 217-8

The Collector asks for sanction to issue Pag. 35,080 as tuccavy and Pag. 10,613 for tank repairs.

——— From the Board. — - 7-11 — 237-8

The Board sanctions the amount.

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Letters from and to the Board of Revenue.
1811.

Customs

Exemption—Raja of Tanjore. — 29- 8-1811 — 1-8

From the Board.

The Board informs the Collector that the Raja of Tanjore is exempted from paying duty on articles intended for him which pass through the British territory.

Jaghirs

Resumption of. — 29- 8-11 — 9-44

The Board directs the Collector to send a statement of jaghir lands granted for life, to assist the resumption of the lands on the death of the respective parties.

Certain jaghirs were allowed to continue in the family after the demise of the individuals to whom alone they were granted, viz.,

(*a*) Auvuloonda Droog.
(*b*) Sautumbauk.
(*c*) Caregherry.

Collector's Cutcherry

Proposed transfer to Vridhachallam. — 14-11-11 — 67-74

The Government agree with the Collector that much inconvenience will be caused if his cutcherry is transferred from Cuddalore to Vridachallam, and permit him to reside at Cuddalore.

Revenue Arrears — 22-11-11 — 85-9

To the Board.

The Collector reports that the following amounts are outstanding :—

Fasli.			Pag.
1218	..	..	1,021
1219	..	..	14,739
1220	..	..	8,186

Village Leases

Collector's criticisms. (See 334/221-36). — 13-9-11 — 109-11

1. The Collector reports that the "district has suffered very severely from the leasing system . . . and that any kind of permanent settlement in villages that will admit of it is preferable to a leasing one."
2. He suggests that the following may be included in the assets of the settlement :—
   (*a*) Great Pagoda revenue.
   (*b*) Cavelly lands.
   (*c*) Dehaut villages.
   (*d*) Pondicherry village.
   (*e*) Sunnud and toorabuddy lands.
3. He suggests also that security for revenue should be demanded from the Mootadars.

(See 336/65-8).

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Collea-Nellore		
Jaghir—Claim on.	11-11-11	197-202
The sister of the late Hukeem Ahmed Oollah Khan, Jaghirdar of Collea-Nellore, claimed a certain allowance from the Jaghir. The Jaghirdar has consented to pay Rs. 250 per annum. Since the claimant is dead the Board directs that the allowance may be given to Ghulam Hussain, her sole executor.		
Currency		
Circulation of—Mint Committee's questions.	26-12-11	231-67
The Board directs the Collector to furnish full information on the following points raised by the Mint Committee :—		
(*a*) The statement of collections in ff. 1217 and 1220, "in order to learn variation" . . and "the increased circulation of the coins" issued in Madras.		
(*b*) The bazaar rate of every coin in each Collectorate.		
(*c*) Whether any change has taken place in the species of the coins current.		
(*d*) The export and import of different coins.		

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Letters from and to the Board of Revenue. 1811.

Pensions		
Preparation of list.	23-12-1811	1-12
From the Board.		
1. The pension list should be submitted to the Board for sanction separately from the moyen zabitah.		
2. There is much abuse in the department of yeomiahs. The yeomiadars should be required to be present personally at the Collector's cutcherry once in the year.		
3. (*a*) *Carnatic Yeomiahs.* It is not the intention of the Government "to renew the lavish and indiscriminate profusion of the Native Governments or to entail idleness by the grant of hereditary pensions."		
(*b*) "Service Yeomiahs should be continued so long only as the service of which they were granted may be required."		
(*c*) Of hereditary yeomiahs it is laid down that "in continuing its bounty either wholly or in part to the successors of such pensioners, the Government will exercise its own discretion with reference to the nature of the grant and to the particular circumstances of each individual case."		
——— To the Board.	24- 2-12	101-10
Ff. 1217, 1218, 1219 and 1220.		
Trade		
Food-grains.	5- 1-12	29-57
From the Board.		
"The Board are entirely adverse to any interference on the part of Government with the Grain Trade."		
Ryotwari System		
Introduction of. (See **335** 109-11.)	13- 1-12	65-8
To the Board.		
The Collector reports that the country has suffered much from the leasing settlement (village lease) and asks the permission of the Board to conclude the ryotwari settlement.		
Russell, Mr. John William		
Leave.	19- 3-12	143-8
From the Board.		
The Government have sanctioned an extension of leave for six months to enable Mr. J. W. Russell to study the Persian and Hindoostanee languages in the College of Fort William at Bengal.		
Crop Experiments		
From the Board.	6- 4-12	167
Government have appointed eight examiners of cultivation at Pag. 4 each per mensem.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Omdut Ul Nissa Begum		
Paternal aunt of H.H. the Nabob.	24- 4-12	197-300
1. Her death and removal of her remains to Trichinopoly.		
2. The Government direct the Collectors of the districts between Fort St. George and Trichinopoly to receive "the remains of the princess in their progress to Trichinopoly (where the interment will take place)."		
Pensions		
Forfeiture of.	18- 5-12	277-86
"The Board desire that all pensions, not claimed within the Fusly be forfeited, and that no payment be made in arrears."		
Customs		
Indigo—Exemption annulled.	25- 5-12	291-2
The orders of the Board (9th June 1809) exempting indigo from the payment of the town duty are annulled and indigo is liable to the general inland duty of 5 per cent.		
Mirassidars		
Admission as renters—The Board's instructions.	15- 6-12	347-70
1. *Mirassidars and the settlement.*		
Government are of opinion that "where private property exists, that is, where (as in Tanjore) a net rent is derivable from the land after discharging the ordinary demand of Government . . . . the permanent exclusion of the Merassidars from the settlement upon the ground of their refusing to accede to the terms offered would be a severe if not an unjust proceeding."		
The Board directs the Collector to report the circumstances under which strangers are admitted "to the exclusion of the Meerassidars."		
2. *In Tanjore.*		
It was determined on the renewal of the lease in Tanjore that, "where the Meerassydars refuse to accede to the settlement, they should be removed from the management of their lands, but should receive, in the way of Malikanah, 10 per cent. of the net revenue."		
The villages in Tanjore consist of Yekka Bhogum, single proprietor for the whole village, Pala Bhogum, where lands are divided into fixed separate portions among several owners, and Summadayam, where several owners possess all the lands in common.		
In the case of Yekkabhogum villages, the settlement should be concluded with the sole proprietor.		
In the case of Pala Bhogum, the settlement should be made in the names of all the sharers.		
The proprietors of Summadaya villages are jointly and severally responsible for the revenue.		
It would be improper to exclude for ever from the settlement the Meerassydars of those villages where private property exists, because they may not agree to rent the village.		
(See **338**/405-8).		
Settlement Report		
F. 1221.	22- 7-12	433-5
To the Board.		
The Collector gives a comparative statement of settlement.		
On account of an unfavourable season this settlement has been calculated on the actual cultivation. The gross revenue is Pag. 4,22,273.		
Revenue Charges		
F. 1221.	27- 7-12	483-531
From the Board.		
The Government have sanctioned the estimate for the district for f. 1221.		

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Letters from and to the Board of Revenue.
1812.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Salt		
Establishment charges—Estimate for f. 1221.	17-1-1812	1-2
To the Board.	1- 4-12	23
The charges amount to Pag. 610, as detailed below :—		

	Pag.
Advances	320
Repairs in pans	255
Extraordinary charges	35
Total ..	610

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Salt		
Embezzlement of.	4- 7-12	53-6
To the Board.	5- 9-12	81-99
The Collector reports that the parties concerned in the embezzlement have destroyed the accounts to prevent discovery.		
Pondicherry, Cuddalore, Tripapalore, Porto Novo and Chidambaram are close to the salt pans and "their vicinity to the pans facilitates the clandestine sale of salt."		
Salt Manufacture		
To the Board.	11- 8-12	65-70
The Collector reports that in f. 1216, 2977 garce was manufactured and in f. 1217, the maximum quantity, namely 3,023 garce. The season in those two years was particularly favourable on account of severe drought.		
The manufacture during the current fasli (1221) was 2145 garce.		
Salt		
Embezzlement of.	19-10-12	115-28
To the Board.		
The Collector seeks the advice of the Board "as to the most proper measures to be taken against persons suspected of embezzling."		
At Cuddalore a sum of Pag. 2,867 was not carried to account, though realised from the sale of salt. One Culleapilly is responsible for this transaction, and he was supported by late Tahsildar Coopiah, and the Ameen Arunachella Pillai.		
Another instance of embezzlement was discovered at Cuddalore. Pag. 174, the proceeds of the illicit sale of salt, was divided between Coopiah, Sarishtadar Survut Row, Jawabnavis Muthukrishna Pillai and Mootiah Moodely.		
Similar instances were also discovered at Pondicherry.		

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Letters from and to the Board of Revenue.
1812.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Agricultural Advances		
Estimate.	13- 8-1812	39-42
From the Board.		
The Government have sanctioned the estimate of tuccavy and repairs for the current fasli (1222) amounting to Pag. 18,285 and Pag. 15,600 respectively.		
Revenue Renter		
Woottoocaudoo.	24- 8-12	69-78
The Board asks the Collector whether the village of Woottoocaudoo may be rented again to Ramasamy Pillai.		
Establishment Charges		
F. 1222.	2- 9-12	95-8
To the Board.		
The Collector reports that the estimated charges amount to Pag. 1,04,934. The charges for f. 1221 were Pag. 1,16,122.		
——— From the Board.	28- 9-12	217-33
The charges for f. 1222 have been sanctioned.		

Vol. 338—*cont.*

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Roads		
Improvement of.	3- 9-12	103-16
The Board calls for the opinion of the Collector on the question of improving the highways "facilitating the passage of rivers and nullahs and for remedying the want of accommodation for merchants and travellers."		
——— To the Board.	10- 9-12	139-52
Customs		
Stamps.	21- 9-12	207-9
To the Board.		
The Collector reports that there are 19 principal and 10 subordinate sayer chowkis in the division and states that 64 chops would be required.		
Betel, Tobacco, Etc.		
Customs duty.	2-11-12	313-5
The Board authorises the Collector to levy the consumption duty on betel, tobacco, ganjah, bhang and goodauk. It is, at the same time, anxious that "the high consumption duty should not fall upon the cultivators of the soil but as far as practicable exclusively upon that class of persons which does not in any way contribute directly to the exigencies of the State."		
Ravenshaw, Mr. J.G.		
Collector—Leave.	15-12-12	391
The Collector requests permission of the Board to go to Europe to recoup his health.		
——— From the Board.	21-12-12	439
The Collector is permitted to go to Europe.		
Mirassidars		
Admission as renters. (See 336/347-70).	7-12-12	405-8
The Board directs the Collector that no meerassidar should be excluded from renting the land on the ground that he declined the rent during the triennial settlement.		
Misconduct		
The Board's remarks.	21-12-12	439-51
The report of the Collector on the conduct of the public servants "exhibits a truly deplorable instance of that want of rectitude which constitutes but too prominent a feature in the native character." "The head revenue servant in your district is discovered countenancing and encouraging an organised and systematic plan of corruption and fraud so universal throughout the District."		
The Board is preparing the draft of a regulation providing "for due punishment of bribery and corruption and for preventing the fabrication of false accounts in matters connected with the public revenue."		

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Letters from and to the Board of Revenue.
1814.

Dugalore		
Resumption of Jaghir—Approved by Government.	21- 7-1814	51
Rain Bringing Ceremony		
Charges for performance.	12- 7-14	61
From the Board.		
The Board thinks that the amount of Rs. 300 applied for, seems to be very large, and advises the Collector to defer the ceremony for a short time.		
Agricultural Advances		
The Board authorises the distribution of Pag. 25,170 as tuccavy.	22- 8-14	71-2
Tentage		
The Board authorizes the Collector to draw tent allowance at the usual rate of Pag. 69 a month.	8- 9-14	117-8

Vol. 339—*cont.*

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Cuddalore Factory		
Charge of.	24-10-14	125
The Board directs Mr. Cockburn, Head Assistant, to take charge of Cuddalore factory during the period of Mr. Brooke's absence on leave.		
Public Works		
Cuddalore.	3-11-14	153
The Board authorizes the Collector to repair the bridges between the Old and New Towns of Cuddalore at the estimated cost of Pag. 325 and to rebuild the wall round the Government House in New Town at a cost of Pag. 166.		
Pensions		
Tubkatee Fakeers.	10-11-14	169 80
From the Board.		
The Government have granted to Shah Allee as head of the sect of Tubkatee Fakeers, in the district, a monthly pension of Pag. 50 "for the support of that sect."		

Vols. 340-63.

Jamabandi Statements.
Fl. 1211-30.

Vol. 364.

Miscellaneous Reports.
1775.

Settlement Report		
Tiruvendipuram farm. (See Reprint 4). (Certain pages are missing from the volume).	30- 6-1775	1-94

Vol. 365.

Miscellaneous Reports.
1775.

Settlement Report		
Fort St. David farm. (See Reprint 5). (Pages 1-7 missing from the original volume).	22-10-1775	8-94

Vol. 366.

Miscellaneous Reports.
1786-7.

Accounts—Revenue Journal of Cuddalore Factory	1-5-1786 to 30- 6-87	1-138

Vol. 367.

Miscellaneous Reports.
1797-9.

Pondicherry		
Prisoners—Weekly reports.	19- 6-1797 to 4- 2-99	1-92

Vol. 368.

Miscellaneous Reports.
1805-7.

Daily reports of letters received and sent by Mr. Fallofield, Collector and Magistrate at Pondicherry, from 31st March 1805 to 31st December 1807.	31- 3-1805 to 31-12-07	1-191

Vol. 369.

Miscellaneous Reports.
1808.

Survey and Settlement		
To the Board.	10- 5-1808	1-36
The Collector reports on the survey and valuation of seven taluks in the district. (See also Reprint 8/12-27.)		

Miscellaneous Reports.

1812.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Settlement Report F. 1221. To the Board.	4-10-1812	1-85

1. The Collector reports on the settlement in the district.

2. *Triennial lease.*

   Personal property of the renters worth about Pag. 1,03,353 was sold to realise the arrears.

   The Collector is strongly of opinion that (*a*) seed grain and plough-cattle should not be liable for sale for the payment of rent and (*b*) the renters should not be sent to jail unless there is sufficient reason for doing so and unless they are suspected of possessing property which cannot be found or distrained.

3. *Permanent settlement.*

   The revenue in successive years was as follows :—

Fasli.	Pag.
1221	2,22,920
1222	2,71,398
1223	2,71,414
1224	2,71,421

4. *Inams, Maniums, etc.*

   These have already been resumed and form part of the permanent rent.

   The inams of Potails, or Puttah Monegars, Curnams, Shroffs and Tookerys or Toliars have already been resumed, and an equivalent money payment is being made to them.

   "The permanent rent has been formed, as directed, exclusive of all professional and personal taxes and every species of revenue independent of the immediate produce of the soil."

5. *Ryotwari system.*

   The villages were brought to a high state of prosperity by the operation of the ryotwari system and they were affected in a contrary way by the leasing system, and will continue to be affected by the permanent one.

6. The Collector describes the progress of the settlement conducted in Mannargudy, Cuddalore and Pondicherry.

   Mannargudy has been settled at Pag. 14,542, Cuddalore at Pag. 3,911, and Pondicherry at Pag. 6,036.

7. *Judicial system.*

   "We must accommodate our judicial system more to the actual state and wealth of the population or our subjects will never be reconciled to it." The system is not suited to impoverished and thinly inhabited districts. The Collector is of opinion that powers should be vested in Collectors and their Tahsildars.

8. He recommends his two Assistants, Messrs. M. D. Cockburn and J. W. Russell to "the particular favour and protection" of the Board.

   This is the last report of Mr. J. G. Ravenshaw, as Collector of South Arcot (1800–12).

Vol. 371.

Miscellaneous Reports.

1815.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Inams Resumption statement. To the Board.	1- 2-1815	1-53

The Collector sends a statement of alienated lands in the district. The Collector reports that "the present proprietors of the shrotriums have been allowed to remain in possession of their villages since the Carnatic came under the Company."

Vol. 372.

Miscellaneous Reports.

1818.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Dutch Settlements		
Madras Presidency—Restoration—Mr. John Hodgson's report. (See Reprint 9).	28- 1-1818	1-124

Vol. 373.

Miscellaneous Reports.

1818.

Dutch Settlements		
Madras Presidency—Restoration—Mr. John Hodgson's appendix to the report. (See Reprint 9).	28- 1-1818	1-283

Vol. 373 (1).

Miscellaneous Reports.

1820.

Dutch Settlements

Tuticorin. — 3- 9-1820 — 1-48

1. *Dutch claims examined.*

Major J. S. Fraser, Special Agent, reports that "the Dutch have no valid or original rights whatever for the exercise of the present extensive authority they have assumed" at the town of Tuticorin.

In former days the Dutch had permission from the Princes of the country to settle themselves on "this" Coast (Tuticorin) for the pose of commerce.

The treaty, concluded between the Dutch and the Prince of Madura in 1690, does not throw any light on the right of the Dutch to any "territorial dominion."

2. *Cloth monopoly.*

The Madras Government refused to recognise the "exclusive right to the cloth trade on the coast of Madura claimed by the Dutch" on the ground that the Princes of the country had no power to bestow such a right in perpetuity.

Further, the Mahometan Government of the Carnatic never allowed the Dutch to possess any territory here (Tuticorin).

3. *History of Dutch occupation.*

The Collector explains how the Dutch actually came into possession of the town.

In 1785, the first restitution was conducted by Mr. Irwin, Superintendent of the province of Tinnevelly. He deputed his Assistant Mr. Kindersley to conduct the details. It appears that Messrs. Irwin and Kindersley "long resisted the claim preferred by the Dutch to the town of Tuticorin" and finally surrendered the town.

The Special Agent infers that "the Dutch had neither jurisdiction nor territorial possessions here, except only the ground on which the Fort stood," but that "undisputed possession for a certain length of time is certainly a strong argument in favour of the justice" of their claim.

4. *Limits of Dutch occupation.*

The exact limits of the place were furnished to the Agent by the curnam of Tuticorin. "They comprise a four-sided figure of which the eastern boundary is 180 yards in length; the western boundary 178 yards, the northern boundary 101 yards, and the southern one 92 yards."

5. *Revenue.*

In the jamabundy accounts from 1785 to 1795 "there does not appear to have been a single item of revenue which was not collected by the Nabob's officers and carried to the exclusive account of the Circar, precisely in the same manner as if a Dutch flag had never been seen to float on the coast of Tinnevelly."

Item.	Date.	Page number.

Dutch Settlements—*cont.*

6. *Customs.*

The Dutch were exempted from the export and import duties. One-third share of the customs collections was given to the support of the Parawar Catholic Church.

7. *Anchorage duty.*

They also levied an anchorage duty upon vessels coming into the Tuticorin Roads, but the right cannot be recognised at the present day.

8. *Parawars.*

Jady Tullavan, the Parawar headman, collected the poll-tax on the Parawars and paid it to the Nabob's officers. The Dutch tried to claim jurisdiction over the Parawars but without success. Since the extinction of the Mahometan power, these people regard themselves as the subjects of Great Britain. The Dutch have declared them rebels and severely oppress them.

9. *Proposals.*

The Agent suggests that the Dutch should be directed by the Madras Government to confine themselves within the bounds of the Fort. "The present interference of the British Government is requisite not only for the maintenance of the pecuniary interests of the Company but also for the protection of a numerous body of its own valuable subjects (Parawars) from grievous oppression."

Vol. 4405.

Statements.

Arrear Statements — 1816 — 95

Vol. 4406.

Masulipatam Factory.
From the Board of Revenue.
1815–9.

Masulipatam

Restoration of French Factory. — 26- 5-1817 — 24

1. It has been ordered to restore the factory formerly possessed by the French at Masulipatam. But as the greater portion of the premises has been occupied by buildings belonging to the Company, it is considered advisable to retain them for public purposes and to offer to the French an equal portion of land in exchange. Mr. Courson, the French agent, agrees to the proposition, demanding at the same time an equivalent for all buildings that might have been erected during the war on the French site. Some of the buildings which he claims to have fallen into ruin and some of those which he supposes to have been sold by the English Government had really no existence.
2. The Board is of opinion that the French can only expect to recover by the peace what they have lost by the war. Indeed this principle seems to have regulated the exchange on a former occasion, namely, in 1785, when the Chief and Council at Masulipatam reported to Government that he had delivered up the possessions which belonged to the French nation in the Fort of Masulipatam and its neighbourhood, at the outbreak of the late war. It therefore requests Government to determine the principle on which the proposed exchange should be made.

Customs

Grain—Export duty. — 20-11-15 — 10

1. The Collector of Malabar states that although the customs regulations provide for the exemption from duty of grain on the internal transit, yet they are not sufficiently comprehensive in reference to its export by sea. According to Reg. II of 1812, rice and paddy are liable to pay an export duty of 8 per cent. which, in his opinion, is applicable to goods to be exported out of the province but not to their transit from one port to another within the same province. In Malabar, however, an export duty of 3 per cent. has been levied on the above commodities without reference to destination. They are again liable to export duty if re-exported to another

Item.	Date.	Page number.

Customs—*cont*.

port some time after the landing at the first port. The reduced duty has been regulated according to the inland rate of duty on grain, when intended to be exported from the Company's territories by a land frontier or to the settlements of the foreign European nations. If this is the rule under which the sea duty is collected, it should be conformed to in the full sense and spirit of the regulations and rice and paddy allowed a free transit from port to port and be liable to a duty of 3 per cent. only on its being exported out of Malabar.

2. The Board observes that originally the reduction of the export duty was applicable to such grain as might be imported into Madras, but that later on the Board of Trade extended it to the subordinate ports also. It thinks that the levy of duty on the transit of grain from one port to another is contrary to the true interpretation of the custom regulations and that it is really a consumption duty within the province.

Vol. 4497.

Salt Monopoly.

From the Government.

1816-9.

French Settlements

Salt monopoly—Compensation. — 30-11-1816 — 1, 37, 87

It was stipulated in 1815 that 4 lakhs of rupees should be paid annually to the French Government in consideration of the exclusive right ceded to the British Government to purchase for export salt manufactured within the limits of the French Settlements. Under this agreement the sum of 8 lakhs of rupees became due to the French on the 1st of October. Half of this has been paid to the French Governor-General and the other half remains at the disposal of the Collector of South Arcot. The British Commissioner at Pondicherry is now called upon to arrange with His Excellency and the Collector the most convenient mode and place of payment of this remaining balance.

———————Purchase of. — 15- 4-17 — 13

The Board of Revenue proposes that the inactivity of the salt pans in the French Settlements may be purchased by paying at the commutation price the value of as much salt as they are at present capable of producing and by supplying the French Settlements at the same price with as much salt as they require for internal consumption. The objection to this plan is that notwithstanding the arrangement, salt may still be clandestinely manufactured and conveyed from the French Settlements into British territories. If, however, the measure is calculated to suppress the salt manufacture within these settlements, it may be adopted. The next best arrangement in the opinion of the Government will be to agree as proposed at Tranquebar, to purchase at the commutation price the average quantity of salt which has been manufactured in those settlements with a deduction of 50 garce required for internal consumption, the French Government agreeing to restrict the manufacture to that quantity. By this arrangement, there will be less scope for clandestine manufacture, but more salt will be manufactured in the vicinity than what is required. Failing both these arrangements, there remains nothing but to adhere to the terms of the Convention. The British Commissioner at Pondicherry is therefore asked to report which of the above arrangements will be practicable and agreeable to the French.

———————Compensation. — 30- 9-17 — 33

The Government think that the indulgence shown to the French Settlements in the matter of customs gives them a right to expect concession on questions in which their interests are involved. Proceeding on this basis, they offer to buy the salt monopoly within the French Settlements on payment of the net gain of the manufacturers to be determined from the average of the last five years and on condition of supplying the requisite salt for consumption at those

Item.	Date.	Page number.
French Settlements—*cont.*		
places. Should the French agree, Government will make the following concessions with regard to duties on articles passing the frontier to and from foreign settlements :—		
(*a*) All articles of provision and livestock will be allowed free of duty.		
(*b*) All articles other than grain and provisions will be liable to a duty of 8 per cent., certificates of inland duty of 5 per cent. being received in part payment.		
(*c*) All articles imported at any British port and which have paid the full duty should be allowed to pass in the French Settlements free of duty.		
Supply of salt.	23- 4-19	73
Collectors in the vicinity of the French Settlements are instructed to comply with the demands of the French authorities for supplies of salt and report the quantity so furnished, submitting at the same time any remarks they may have to offer on the subject.		
Pondicherry		
Salt—Prevention of illicit trade in.	1- 5-18	79, 95
The British Commissioner at Pondicherry is asked to adopt effective measures for preventing the illicit import of salt which, he reports, is carried on at Pondicherry to such an extent as to affect the interests of the Government. He should, if possible, establish some principle for determining the quantity of salt to be annually delivered for the use of the French Settlements.		
Dutch Settlements		
Salt monoply—Compensation for.	16-10-18	97
The Supreme Government concur with the Madras Government that it is expedient to obtain the discontinuance of the manufacture of salt within the Dutch Settlements and have therefore no hesitation in sanctioning, as a temporary arrangement, the payment of Rs. 7,000 to purchase the inactivity of the salt pans at those places for one year. It is possible that attempts will be made to manufacture salt clandestinely, and therefore it is advisable to watch the result of a periodical extension of the agreement for three or four years before concluding a final agreement with the Dutch for the remaining term of the Company's Charter.		

Vol. 4498.

Register.
Quit-rent.
1808–20.

Register of Quit -rent Bills	1808-20	1-176

Vol. 4499.

Letters from the Board of Revenue.
1821.

Land Customs		
Renting of.	29- 1-1821 22- 3-21	1 17
The Board informs the Collector that the present system of managing the sayer revenue gives rise to fraud, heavy losses in collection, etc., and that the Board intends to rent out the right of collection of the general inland duty which is at present exercised by officers of Government under Reg. I of 1812.		
The following points are to be observed in renting the sayer :—		
(*a*) Effectual checks should be adopted to prevent the duty from being levied more than once.		
(*b*) It will be expedient to rent the collection of duties by taluks and to permit the taluk renters to sub-rent the chowkis.		
Salt Manufacture		
Improvement in quality—Instructions.	15- 3-21	5
Sea Customs		
Department transferred from the Commercial Resident—Instructions.	19- 4-21	27

Vol. 4499—*cont.*

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Suits		
Supreme Court—Syed Ally and others vs. Kalleemullah and the Company. 1. The Board informs Government that after the above suit was decreed, Kulleemullah, being ruined, had withdrawn from the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court without informing his legal advisers and went away to Pondicherry. 2. In his absence the Master took the accounts as directed by the Court and found a balance against him of 11 lakhs of pagodas. This report was confirmed by an order of Court. 3. Before the confirmation of the report the plaintiffs made an application for the appointment of a Receiver for the Jaghir, which application was strongly resisted by the Collector on behalf of the Company. 4. It is therefore ordered that the Collector should, under directions from the Hon. the Governor in Council, collect the profits of the Jaghir and pay them into the public treasury to the credit of the cause subject to the further orders of the Court. 5. Government inform the Board that the Jaghir granted to Kalleemullah Khan is partly in the Southern Division of Arcot and partly in the Trichinopoly district and request the Board to issue necessary instructions for the collection of the revenues, etc.	27- 4-21	39
Cuddalore		
Factory house—Transfer to the Collector.	7- 5-21	51
Land Customs		
Renting proposals. The Board is of opinion that the new system may be confined to districts where the Collectors consider that the change will be of advantage.	21- 6-21	57
Settlement		
Instructions. 1. The Board informs the Collector that, with reference to the restoration of service lands to the village officers, a further reference will be made to Government. 2. It is of importance to convert bad farms into good estates and to improve the condition of the landholders so that they may become land owners. The 'warum' should be reduced from 50 or 40 per cent. as the Brahmins and other favoured castes are considered to be lowly assessed.	2- 7-21	59
——— Collector's report and Government observations. 1. *The Collector's discretion.* Government observe that the Collector's report is full of valuable information. It will create more harm than good if his experience is encroached upon by general instructions and he should, therefore, be left to his own discretion. 2. *Service inams.* They desire that the orders of the Court of Directors for restoring maniums to village servants in lieu of money payment be carried into effect.	30- 7-21	63
——— Questionnaire—Circulation to Collectors.	23- 7-21	69
Customs		
Indigo leaf—Complaint. The Agent of Messrs. Parry and Dare complains that in the new tariff a duty of 5 per cent. on the indigo leaf is included, that this would put them to a great loss as the leaf will be stopped on the roads at every chowki. Even a slight shower of rain will damage the leaf. The Board asks the Collector to suspend the collection of duties on indigo leaf.	2- 8-21	71
Consumption Duty		
Betel The Board informs the Collector that the duty collected on betel is a consumption duty which is distinct from the general inland duty. It was never the intention of the Board to exempt betel consigned to Madras from duty.	6- 8-21	75
Service Inams		
Particulars of cowle, etc.—Forms and instructions.	30- 7-21	79

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Jaghir		
Mungalore taluk—Aindell and Ruttacoorchy villages.	13- 8-21	109
1. The Board reports to Government that a petition was received from Soorabundyreya, Poligar of Mungalore, stating that he and his ancestors were formerly possessed of Mungaloor taluk as a Jaghir, paying a peshcush of Rs. 10,000 to Sadat-Ool-Lah Khan. The revenues of this Jaghir were afterwards transferred by the Nabob to Mahamet Hoosain Khan who granted two villages on mocassah tenure to the petitioner. The Jaghir was confirmed on Mohcmed Hussain Khan by the British Government. On his death it was resumed by the Collector and the petitioner lost his two villages which were considered as forming part of the Jaghir.		
2. The Board recommends to Government that the two villages may be settled for life on Soorabundyrayer at an annual rent of Rs. 533.		
3. Government agree and order the payment of arrears due from the date of their resumption.		
(See 4500/61).		
Collectors		
Introduction of gradation—Proposals for.	17- 9-21	115
Vellar River		
Improvement to.	25-10-21	129
The Board requests the Collector to state the cost of carrying out the proposed scheme and to discuss whether it will be compensated for by its benefits. (See p. 221).		
Measures and Weights		
Commission—Instructions to Collectors.	5- 7-21	137
Revenue Arrears		
Sale of Mootahs—Bids by Collectors—Discretionary powers.	11-10-21	139
Allowances		
Assistant Collectors—Government orders.	15-11-21	145
Police and Revenue Departments		
Co-operation between.	10-12-21	157
Native Fund		
Abolition of.	24-12-20	165
Parry, Mr. Thomas		
Assignment of land at Ambusanallypettah.	24- 5-21 28 -7 21	177 181
Charitable Endowments		
Valavatee village.	19-11-21	189
A complaint is received by the Board from Ananda Row, son of the late Poorniah, Dewan of Mysore. He states that Poorniah's son-in-law Seeneevasachary of Vasarayah Sawmy Muttom had been granted a village called Valavatee by H.H. the Nabob of the Carnatic, Madar Moolk. Seeneevasachary conferred it on the public as a gift to a choultry and left it in charge of Appachary who managed it according to the wishes of the donor. But on his death his son did not manage it with the same strictness. Vasarayaswamy, therefore, took away his authority. Appachary's son lodged a complaint with the Collector. The Board forwards the complaint to the Collector for such consideration as it may deserve.		
Vellar River		
Improvements to. (See p. 129).	5- 7-21	221
The Head Assistant Collector reports to the Collector that the proposed alterations in the Vellar river will not affect the rights of any individual or property and no remission in revenue can therefore be justly made. The only land of any value is a portion in the Areagosty salt-pans. But as the salt in that portion is made from wells, an equal portion of ground can easily be brought under cultivation from other places. (See p. 225).		
Jurisdiction		
Villapooram taluk.	8-11-21	223

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Vellar River		
Improvements to. (See p. 221). The Civil Engineer asks the Collector to let him know of any objections of a private or revenue nature, to the opening of the proposed channel.	14- 5-21	225

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Letters from the Board of Revenue.

1822.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Chidambaram Temple		
Travancore State contribution. The Dewan of Travancore writes to Government that the State is contributing Kant. Fan. 1095 to the expenses of the temple. To ascertain whether the amount is actually expended for the purpose for which it is taken, Government are requested to authorise the Collector to superintend its expenditure.	1- 1-1822	1
Travellers' Bungalows		
Maniams. The Collector requests permission to grant some mauniam to the choultries lately built. Government authorise him to allot 15 cawnis to each of the choultries and bungalows erected for travellers. If invalid or pensioned sepoys are required as guards, a list of the chatrams and bungalows should be sent to Government.	7- 1-22	7
Vriddhachalam		
Abolition of the District Court. 1. The late Judge of the District Court of Vriddhachallam suggests to Government that with the abolition of the District Court some remuneration may be allowed to its servants. 2. The native servants have constructed houses at considerable expense and these will naturally become worthless. This loss added to their unemployment will be very hard on the old servants. The Court servants, merchants, etc., were granted advances by Government to build houses and shops which have been repaid with great difficulty. The Judge supports their petition to the Government for a remission of the duties imposed upon them. 3. Government ask the Board to furnish a statement of the advances made for house-building, etc., and the amount that has been realised. The Board forwards the whole correspondence to the Collector for action.	23- 1-22	13
Courts		
Sudder Adawlut—Selection of Judges—Instructions.	14- 2-22	21
Assignment of Land		
For military service—The late Sied Cossim, Subadar.	21- 3-22	37
Vellar River		
Alteration of course. (See 4499/225, 236).	18- 3-22	43
	29- 4-22	57
Inams		
Pitchumbut village—Siva Shanmugam Arunachalla Gnaniar's application.	18- 4-22	53
Jaghir		
Mungalore—Vencatappa Sooriah—Boundary and claim. (See 4499/109).	30- 5-22	61
Board of Revenue		
Native establishments—Preparation of accounts.	17- 6-22	69
Ferries		
Introduction of. The Board reports to Government that in the rivers in the South Arcot District, there are no ferry communications and that a sum of Rs. 3,591 may be sanctioned for building ferry boats. Government sanction the amount deferring the construction of choultries, etc., to a future date.	4- 7-22	75

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Ryotwari Settlement		
Instructions for introduction of.	18- 4-22	81
Survey and Settlement		
Progress of.	4- 7-22	93
The Board in its summary lately submitted to the Government, of the state of the survey in each district, states that in South Arcot the lands have been measured but only a part of them has been classed and assessed.		
Education		
Information called for.	25- 7-22	105
Chatram		
Application for a maniam.	2- 9-22	115
1. One Konguroya Pillai, a tenant in the Arnachellam Keyangar in the Buvanagiri Taluk, petitions to the Board. The Board remarks that the petitioner officiates at the ceremonies of Subramanya Pagoda in the village of Pitcham, situated in the jungle of Tricoiloor, a temple which is much resorted to. He wishes to construct a building for the convenience of the pilgrims and solicits the grant by Government of the rent of a village for its maintenance.		
2. The Principal Collector recommends that the village may be rented to the petitioner on an annual rental of Rs. 17-8-0. Its revenues amount only to Rs. 35. The Board supports the application.		
Settlement Report		
F. 1231—The Board's appreciation.	3-10-22	125
Salt		
Sale—Erection of buildings—The Board's remarks.	20- 1-23	147
Tervey Cary Kovil		
Improvements at Government expense—Sub-Collector's application.	30-1-22	155
Irrigation Repairs		
Charge—Sub-Collector's report.	2- 2-22	155
French Possessions		
Shingercoil—Sketch of.	18-10-22	171

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Letters from the Board of Revenue.

1823.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Charitable Endowments		
Anengoor village.	20- 3-1823	1-32
Government assigned the produce of certain lands for the erection of a choultry and its maintenance thereafter. The assignee died and there are several claimants. The Board requires the Collector to report whether the erection of the choultry has been completed and, if so, to nominate the most proper person to superintend the charity under his control.		
Village Courts		
Powers of.	15- 5-23	41
Powers have been granted to village magistrates to try and punish for petty offences. The Board requires from the Collector a statement of the measures taken by him to implement the instructions.		
Pensions		
Mortgage of certificates—Liability and the legality involved—General orders of Government.	21- 7-23	49
Assignment of Land		
Muhamad Sarwar, Subadar Major, Horse Brigade.	15- 9-23	57-66
A piece of land of 40 cawnis is assigned to Muhamad Sarwar in recognition of his good service. Of late, the potails interfere with the free flow of water to those lands. He requests Government to grant instead an equal portion of land elsewhere.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Charitable Inams		
Dhavy Nundell Village.	17-11-23	77-82
Poorooshotam Goshanic, who was managing the Dehaut inam village of Dhavy Nundell, died. The Collector recommends that it may be continued to his son or heir to enable the latter to keep up the traditionary services of the madam, feeding the pundarams, etc.		
Irrigation Disputes		
French and English villages, Mulgulpet and Soompet—Sub-Collector's report.	3- 2-23	101-6
1. The inhabitants of Mulgulpet and Soompet disputed over the extension of the tank. The Sub-Collector ordered that a small cut should be made, not in the bank of the original tank, but in a new one made by the inhabitants of Soompet. The petitioner complained to H.E. that the bank of the large tank had been cut and opened contrary to the usage.		
Pymash accounts "which are the standard way in settling such disputes" are referred to. The dispute is a private one in which the Government had no concern.		
The petitioner alleges "that all the water had run off and an order should be issued to fill up the cut bank." It was accordingly attended to. But this private dispute led to an "act of outrage committed by the inhabitants of Soompet."		
2. The Sub-Collector wanted to adjust the matters amicably. But the "dismissal of the Tahsildar presented some difficulty in bringing the parties together" and "his efforts to reconcile the parties have become fruitless." He further reports that "when parties agree to an arbitration they are bound to abide by the decision of the panchayat." To this effect he obtained razinamahs from individual members of the different parties and forwarded them all to the Collector.	10-10-23	109-38
The French Government transferred the complaint to the court for action. The Court transfers the petition to the Collector to arrange the matter amicably between the two parties.	—	—
Porto Novo		
Complaint by the Dutch.	15-12-23	143
The authority at Porto Novo complains to the Collector of S. Arcot that the British Police servants read a proclamation by beat of tom tom that a house and ground standing on the property of the Netherlands Dominions was under their control, etc., thus "Disannulling the rights and authority of H.M. the King of the Netherlands on his own Dominions."		
House Sites		
Cuddalore.	4- 7-23	156-70
Assignment to European pensioners.		
1. The Quartermaster-General of the Army writes to the Secretary to Government in the Military Department that he observes from the plan that the land recommended for the European pensioners is private property.		
2. "But as H.E. the Commander-in-Chief is of opinion that there is no other ground in the vicinity of Cuddalore which would answer the purpose of hutting, he recommends to the consideration of the Government the propriety of authorizing the Principal Collector to adjust the purchase of the private property which interferes with the space proposed for the pensioners."		
3. Government send the correspondence to the Board for communication to the Collector for action with reference to the purchase of the private lands.		

Letters from the Board of Revenue.

1823-4.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Jurisdiction		
South Arcot, Chingleput and Trichinopoly—The Board's proceedings.	18-12-1823	1-7
" There are five villages in the Chingleput district proposed to be given to S. Arcot and five others proposed to be ceded from that district to Chingleput."		
The Board remarks that the Principal Collector of S. Arcot says that "no lands of this Collectorate are under the authority of another Collector in Sayer Department or are there any of another zillah in this" and that the Collector of Trichinipoly mentions 29 villages which belong to S. Arcot but are within his boundary and 10 villages which appertain to his district yet are situated within the limits of S. Arcot. The Board directs that the Collector be called upon to explain "why these circumstances were not reported in conformity with the circular queries which he was required to reply."		
An extract of the above is sent to the Collector.		
Jaghir		
Kaleemoolah Khan—Management by the Collector. From Government to the Board and Collector.	29 -1-24	11-24
1. The Board informs Government that the Collector has furnished a detailed report upon the management of Kaleemoollah Khan's Jaghir. The Collector states " that he had made a provisional settlement of the whole Jaghir for five years on an annual increase which the Board recommends should stand for as much of that period as it shall remain under the Collector's management."		
2. As regards the inams in the Jaghir the Board remarks " the Collector has not discriminated between those who were rewarded with annuities by the deceased Ahsem Khan the undisputed Jaghirdar and those given by Kullemoollah Khan."		
3. The right of Kullemoollah Khan is challenged and his Jaghir held under attachment. His grants, which amount to Rs. 1,352 in favour of 6 persons, may for the present be withheld and kept in deposit; but as the remaining grants originated from unquestioned authorities the Board begs to recommend that they may be continued.		
4. Government ask the Board that the Principal Collector of S. Arcot should be strictly instructed to comply with the recommendations of the Hon. Company's Solicitor regarding the management of Kallemoollah Khan's Jaghir.		
Turner, Capt. A.		
Assignment of land.	9- 9-24	57
Revenue Arrears		
Areagoshti and Trivendipooram mootahs.—Auction procedure—The Board's orders to the Collector.	23 -9-24 8-11-24	73 89
—— Restoration of Trivendipooram mootah—The Board's orders.	25-10-24	85
Inland Navigation		
Coleroon and Porto Novo rivers—Proposals. From the Civil Engineer to Collector.	20- 4-24	109
Vellar Floods		
Prevention of—Proposals of the Sub-Collector.	5- 4-24	131
The Sub-Collector suggests to the Collector that the channels leading from the Vellar may be cleared, so that the freshes in that river may be utilised for nunja cultivation. If the channels are cleared, floods in the Vellar may be averted and the cultivation in the lower tracts of Boovanagiri protected.		
Inams		
Teacher, Krishnamachary—Continuance to his son—Sub-Collector's letter to Collector.	19- 4-24	145

Letters from the Board of Revenue.

1825.

Item. — Date. — Page number.

Transfer of Registry

Mittahs. — 6- 1-1825 — 1

The Board remarks that the transfer of registry of mittas should only be effected when the contracting parties are present either in person or by a duly authorised vakeel.

Settlement Report

F. 1233—The Board's proceedings. — - 1-25 — 5-20

1. The Board appreciates the exertions of the Principal Collector and his assistant in realizing almost the full amount of the demand for the fasli in spite of the unfavourable season.

2. *The Vellar Channel.*

The Board remarks that "the information afforded by the Sub-Collector respecting the taluk of Buvanagherry is somewhat obscure. It appears that by opening some new channels which had long been in disuse and by throwing a dam across the river Vellar water was obtained for a considerable extent of cultivation which would otherwise have perished, but the inhabitants could not be prevailed upon to make any effort to save their produce until, through the exertions of the Tahsildar, who caused the sluices to be opened and the land to be watered by toties to the astonishment of the cultivators, the crops were recovered and the very man who set his face against the whole affair has reaped from 60 to 80 cullums." The Board cannot understand how the cultivators could be so very blind as not to understand their own advantage.

3. *Karkoons.*

It remarks on the re-establishment of Karkoons since the district reverted from the hands of the renters to the ryotwari system. The Collector submits "that by doing away with the situation of Karkhoons and placing 2 peishcars on the pay of 4 Karkhoons we might procure a set of active men who would be trained for higher situation." The Board states that there are plenty of native officers well-qualified for higher situations from all classes and does not approve the change proposed.

4. *Dasabandhams.*

"The Board requests the attention of the Principal Collector to 'Dasabandhams', great advantages have been derived from these grants in other districts and it seems likely that the system may be adopted with success in this province also." The Principal Collector should understand that no assignment of this kind is to be made without the terms being previously explained and sanctioned by the Board.

Sub-Collectors

Duties—The Board's report to Government. — 7- 2-25 — 23

Inams

Thanapaukam village—Application of Shah Abdool Khader's family—The Board's recommendations and Government's orders. — 24- 2-25 — 35

Settlement Report

F. 1233—Government's review communicated to the Collector. — 31- 3-25 — 47

Opium

Illicit traffic—Prevention of—Questions raised in the Government of India's letter—Communicated toCollectors for opinion. — 16- 5-25 — 57

Civil Servants

Rules. — 28- 7-25 — 81

Natwar Inam

Resumption of. — 4- 8-25 — 95

1. The Collector of N. Arcot reports to the Board that the lands and wurtunah claimed by Appajee Row in his petition "were originally appropriated for the support of his situation as Natwar. They remained in his possession until f. 1213 when they were resumed under a general order."

2. The Board requests the Collector of S. Arcot to ascertain why a general assumption of inams took place in the S. Arcot district in f. 1213 and to state "whether they had been restored or whether any equivalent has been given and if restored what services are expected from the holders of Natwar Inams in particular."

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Jaghires		
Wucknapoor—Claim by the Jaghirdar of Avuloonda.	15- 8-25	107
The Board transmits to the Collector of S. Arcot a petition from the Jaghirdar and a letter from the Collector of N. Arcot on the subject and requests a report " whether Wucknapoor claimed by the Jaghirdar was actually included in the assets of his Jaghire when the lands were put into his possession."		
Revenue Sale		
Alliaganuttam and Trivendipuram.	29- 8-25	119
1. Both Alliaganuttum and Trivendipooram were advertised for sale for arrears. The Mootadar of Alliaganuttam paid the arrears and the mootah was not sold. Trivendipooram had been sold for Rs. 5,020 to Sunker Naick of Cuddalore. The Collector asks the Board whether they confirm the sale.		
2. The Board remarks that the " arrear against Trivendipooram mootah was only Rs. 2,833-9-4 and the permanent beriz on the whole estate was 6,476-12-0." " In the circumstances the Collector should have sold only such portion of the mootah as would be sufficient to realise the arrear, but he has sold the whole portion." Under these circumstances the Board replies that it cannot confirm the sale.		
Religious Endowments		
Teervamuntoor temple.	5-12-25	143
The Dhurmacurta of the Pagoda at Teervamuntoor died, leaving properties to the Pagoda. The Collector conceived that the property should come under revenue management under Reg. VII of 1817. The Board is of opinion that he should not have interfered in this matter. If he had referred to the Board previously it would have given him instructions. The Board now directs him to nominate the successor to the late Dhurmacurta according to the latter's will and release all property taken possession of by the Tahsildar under his orders.		
Settlement Report		
F. 1234—The Board's proceedings.	12-12-25	147-64
Dasabandham.		
The Board recommended the introduction of the Dasabandum system. But the Collector remarks that it would never be productive of advantage to Government or even to the ryots. The " inhabitants not being sufficiently wealthy to make a pecuniary sacrifice in the prospect of a future and distant re-imbursement ", the Board accepts this view.		
Dutch Settlements		
Surrender under Treaty.	16- 5-25	167-84 189 205
The first of June 1825 has been fixed by the Treaty for the transfer of the Netherlands establishments on the coast of Cuddalore to British authority. The Collector should take charge on that day of the Netherlands factory at Porto Novo and its dependencies. The authority at Porto Novo furnishes him with a copy of the Treaty and requests him to favour the former with a regular deed of transfer under the signature of the British and Netherlands officers for submission to the Government of Fort St. George.		
Roads		
High Southern Road—Improvements proposed by the acting Civil Engineer.	7- 8-25	193
Settlement Report		
Trinnomalee, Tricoilur and Chetput.	1- 5-25	211-25
From the Head Assistent Collector.		
Village Service Inams		
Restoration of.	9- 2-25	233
The Collector of N. Arcot writes to the Collector of S. Arcot that, in accordance with the orders of the Board to restore the mauniums and merahs of monygars, curnams, etc., and to place them on the same footing as at the date of resumption, he requests to be forwarded to him all available papers and accounts relating to Vellore, Poloor, Wandawash, Tiruvattoor, etc., taluks which were formerly included in the S. Arcot district.		

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Public Servants		
Treatment by European superiors—Minutes of the Governor's Council.	25- 3-25	237-61
Irrigation Dispute		
French and English villages—Chornavur and Baugoor.	25- 7-25	275

1. The Sub-Collector reports to the Principal Collector that "the water-course (which appears to have been originally made with a view to supply Baugoor tank) separated a considerable extent of cultivated land belonging to the Chornavur village from the side where the inhabitants reside and renders the lands inaccessible to the inhabitants were it not for two bridges." The custom is reported to be for the inhabitants of Baugoor to keep the two bridges under repair as they alone profit by the channel. "The water-course is broad and deep and the bridges very much out of repair. Over one of them the water from Chornavur channel ought to flow to the fields separated by the Baugoor water-course. But this has of late been impracticable on account of the dilapidated condition of the bridge." Hitherto a bund of earth used to be thrown up to turn the water to the Baugoor nullah. The French Government have of late ordered that the bund should be of a durable one in brick and chunam. "The inhabitants of Chornavur are unwilling that any further work should be executed for the benefit of the ryots of Baugoor until the bridges over the nullah should have been placed in a proper state of repair according to the custom."
2. The bricks for the proposed bund were made on land belonging to Chornavur. Seeing that the bricks which were originally intended for the bridges are actually to be used for a different purpose, i.e., the construction of bund, the head inhabitant objected.
3. The French Tahsildar states that it had never been the custom for the people of Baugoor to repair the bridges. He admitted that the proposed construction of the anicut in brick and chunam was contrary to mamool. The Sub-Collector reports that "a mere glance at the position of the land and a consideration of the respective interests concerned would lead one to conclude that the condition of repairing these bridges must have been originally connected with the privilege of enjoying the benefit of the water-course."
4. He recommends to the Collector to address the Special Agent for Foreign Affairs "to inform the French Government that the inhabitants of Chornavur will be directed to throw no further obstacles in the way of the projected work provided the new anicut does not deviate from the direction of the former mud one and does not exceed it in length and height."

Trivamantoor Temple		
Darmacurta's bequest to.	31-10-25	283-92

The Sub-Collector reports to the Principal Collector that Namasevoy Tambiran, as long as he was Darmakarta was repairing the Pagoda and conducting the festivals from his own funds. He died on 13th September 1824, leaving considerable property. It is said that, when dying, he expressed a wish that the property should be appropriated to the support and maintenance of the Pagoda. All the documents, etc., were made in the name of Mootambah, the wife of the Swamy, and not in the name of the Tambiran. So there is no doubt that the properties all belonged to the Pagoda.

The Sub-Collector suggests that to obtain strict impartiality the investigation into the accounts, etc., should be taken up by the Government.

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Letters from the Board of Revenue.

1826.

Tiruvendipocram Mitta		
Sale for arrears.	13- 2-1826	6-12

Tirivendipooram Mootah was put up for sale by public auction for arrears of revenue amounting to Rs. 3,924-6-10, the permanent beriz in the four villages forming the sub-division now put up for sale is Rs. 3,767-10-11. The subdivision was bought in by the Head Assistant Collector on account of Government. The Board recommends the confirmation of the sale and Government approve of it.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Land Valuation Modification of the rules. 1. The Board informs the Collectors that, "the present rule assumes that the land exempt from revenue is worth to the proprietor ten times the annual produce and no more, and that the value of land paying revenue to Government is the same with the produce for one year." These principles of estimation are incorrect. 2. "The rules for valuing land appear to have been taken from the Bengal Code. But it also appears that at that presidency they have long been repealed and that Lakhiraj land is now valued at eight times the amount of produce instead of ten times, while for valuing Malguzari lands different rules are prescribed for different provinces with reference to local circumstances." 3. Under these conflicting circumstances Government think that the Board is the proper authority to go into the rules for the valuation of the lands. The Board asks the Collector to furnish information.	16- 2-26	13-26
Collectors' Commission Motarpha. The Board addresses Government. 1. Government allowed commission to Collectors on the extra branches of the revenue. Some years later the motarpha was also separated from the land revenue and Government therefore granted a percentage on this to the Collector. The subsequent transfer of the sea customs to the Collector of land revenue in Malabar led to a separate reference direct from the Civil Auditor to the Government as to that Collector's commission. The Governor in Council was pleased to determine that on "the revenue from the extra sources inclusive of sea customs and the net receipt from the tobacco monopoly the Collector's commission should not exceed Pag. 1,500 on the average net collections from these sources. This seems to have led to a second reference direct from the Civil Auditor as to the precise nature of the extra sources with which the sea customs is consolidated. 2. The Board submits that motarpha appears by mistake to have been included in the items upon which the amount of commission is subject to restriction. The Board, so far as they can judge from the correspondence before it, is satisfied that this was not the intention of the orders of Government. Their latest orders have led them to raise the standard commission of the Collectors generally to its original amount of Pag. 1,500. 3. Government reply to the Board that they will issue orders to the Civil Auditor that motarpha is not, until further orders, to be recognised as one of the extra sources of revenue on which the standard commission of Collector is fixed. The Board forwards a copy of the correspondence to the Collector.	16- 3-26	27-44
Trivendipooram Mitta Collector's management of.	2-10-26	51
Irrigation Works Rules of the Tank Department.	16- 2-26	77-8
Religious Endowments Shreemoostum Pagoda at Manargoody taluk. The Collector of Trichinopoly wants to know from the Collector of S. Arcot whether there is any evidence to show that a village called Canthaloor in the taluk of Wodiarpollium was granted on shrotrium tenure during the Nabob's time to the pagoda of Streemoostum in the taluk of Manargoody.	5- 6-26	91-4
Tahsildari Schools Establishment of. 1. Government have authorised the immediate establishment of a Hindu Tahsildary School in three of the principal towns in each Collectorate. 2. The principal inhabitants of each town will have a voice in the management and will be called upon to recommend the person to be appointed as master on a monthly pay of Rs. 9,	18- 9-26	95

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Tahsildari Schools—*cont.*		
3. The syllabus will, for the present, be limited to reading and writing in the vernacular. The schools are to be free to all classes from Brahmins to Sudras.		
4. The Committee requests the Collector to fix 3 places in the Collectorate of Cuddalore and impresses on him that the success of their plans must depend on the interest to be evinced by the local authorities and to the superintendence in the early stages.		

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Letters from the Board of Revenue.

1826-7.

Jaghirs		
Collanellore—Continuance on Gholam Hussain—Minutes of the Governor in Council.	15- 1-1827	1-14
1. The Jaghir of Collanellore was renewed by the Government to Hakeem Ahmadoollah Khan, by whom it had been held under the Nabob's Government. On his death the Jaghir was resumed.		
2. Gholam Hussain Ally, styling himself the adopted son of the Hakeem, applied for the restoration of the Jaghir or for a pecuniary allowance. Government renewed the Jaghir to Ghulam Hussain who was only an infant at that time. His family, who were at Lucknow, had been getting Pag. 1,000 for their maintenance from Gholam Hussain. But after sometime he was not willing to pay them. They sued him in court alleging that he was an impostor and the court decreed accordingly. Consequently, the belongings and properties of the Hakeem came into the hands of the plaintiffs who applied to Government for a transfer of the Jaghir also to them.		
3. Government observe that the continuance or restoration of the Jaghir of Collanellore to Gholam Hussain arose from a fraud.		
4. The Collector is furnished with copies of the court decree and other relevant papers together with the minutes of the Government and is ordered to resume the Jaghir and include it in the Circar lands.		
Village Officers' Inams		
Restoraton—Instructions to the Collector.	8- 1-27	15
Settlement		
F. 1235—The Board's review to Government.	12- 3-27	17-70
Survey		
The Board's instructions to the Collector.	23- 6-27 13- 8-27	75 107
Jaghir		
Kolleemullah Khan—Claims of yeomiahdars and inamdars—The Board's suggestions.	22- 3-27	83
The Board instructs the Collector to prevail upon the claimants to depute an intelligent agent on their behalf who could go to the presidency town to hear the explanations offered by the Advocate-General and to correspond with him on the subject. The Board warns the Collector to see that the agent deputed by them is a competent man.		
Puttah Moniagar		
Allowances.	14- 6-27	95
The Board calls for a report.		
Jaghir		
Mailcherry—Kesav Nath Sing's petition for pension.	28- 5-27 30- 8-27	99 129
Education		
The Board for the superintendence of the College of Fort St. George and of the Committee for Public Instruction are amalgamated.	29-12-26	137-8
Education		
———System to be adopted—Circular orders.	20- 1-27	141
Pensions		
Superannuation and Native Fund—Rules.	10- 4-27	149-64

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Weavers		
Loom-tax—Exemption from—The Board's orders.	20- 4-27	165-88
1. "The weavers at Cuddalore appear to consider that the orders which were passed in 1806 entitle them now to exemption from loom-tax." But they did not, when asked to, submit any specific authority for such an exemption and their only plea seems to be that they paid a duty on their cloth. But the custom in the district is that the contractors pay the taxes on cloths and not the weavers. "Mr. Fallofield the former Collector has stated that the weavers who applied for exemption were distinct from those employed in providing the investment, i.e., those who work for the Company being exempt from the general payment of the loom tax." "The Orders of the Government are that all weavers who did not work for the Company should pay a tax."		
2. "It is to be observed that the weavers at Cuddalore are chiefly employed by the merchants of Madras and Pondicherry both native and European." There are no documents to show which of the weavers were actually employed by the Government in a particular fasli and which of them by private contractors. But there is only one document bearing a date 1st June 1791, which secures to the grandfather of one Ramaswamy Naick the possession of a certain extent of land near the village of Trivendipooram, free of all rent, for the purpose of establishing a small village and of encouraging weavers from different parts of the country to settle therein, but it contains no clause for their exemption from taxes of any description.		
Survey		
Report of the Sub-Collector.	8- 6-27	189-207
Settlement Report		
F. 1236—Report of the Sub-Collector.	12- 8-27	209-28

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Letters from the Board of Revenue.

1828.

Bheem Row		
Shrotriem granted for public service.		
The Governor in Council resolved to grant "a Shrotrium of 2,400 star pagodas per annum for three lives to Bheem Row, as a proper reward for the long, zealous, and honest discharge of the arduous and responsible duties confided to him." The Collector of N. Arcot submits that Bheem Row is willing to have the Culput and Tellee villages in the Trivady taluk of the S. Arcot district. The Board asks him to submit a statement of the extent and description of the lands, cultivated and waste and the assessment thereon, and the actual collections from the time the country came under the Company's Government.	4-1-1828	1-6
D.C.B.		
The Board's remarks on the Collector's report.	1- 5-28	12-21
Civil Procedure Code		
Regulation V, 1822. ,, II, 1802. ,, XXVIII, 1802. —Construction—Sudre Adawlut's opinion—Circular to Collector.	22- 5-28	29-43
Jaghir		
Mailcherry—Continuance of pension.	5- 6-28	45-53
1. The Board reports to Government that "when the Jaghirs of Mailcherry and Gingee reverted to Government on the demise of the late Jaghirdar who held them on a life tenure, a pension of 500 pagodas was granted for the maintenance of the family."		
2. One Naval Nath Singh claimed the Jaghir as a lineal descendant of the late Jaghirdar stating that the individual who had all along been considered as head of the family was of a spurious birth.		
3. The Principal Collector has conducted a minute enquiry into the case and finds that Naval Nath Singh is no doubt a lineal descendant. He was sent for by the late Jaghirdar himself from Hindoostan to succeed him. But he arrived some time after the Jaghidar's death.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Jaghir—*cont.*		
From a consideration of the documents enclosed in the Collector's letter the Board is satisfied that the alleged adoption of Kysornath Singh by the late Jaghirdar and who had hitherto been drawing the pension was an imposition practised upon Government, because the Jaghirdar and his wife seem to have been under the impression that the failure of a male heir might be prejudicial to their interests. The Board is therefore of opinion that " by the fraud which he has committed Kysornauth has rendered himself unworthy of any consideration which might have been due to him otherwise."		
4. The gist of the Board's recommendation is that the allowance is intended to support the family and should be confined to those who have hitherto been maintained by the Jaghirdar and that the allowance should be reduced when circumstances may admit of doing so. New claims on it seem to be inadmissible. Naval Nath Singh is a new member, who had not so far been maintained either by the Jaghirdar or his wife, even though he is a lineal descendant and his claims are therefore not tenable.		
5. Government agree with the recommendations of the Board and continue the pension only on the five members who had been getting the pension already. The Collector is furnished with a copy of the above correspondence.		
——— Subsequently the Board informs the Collector that Doal Nauth Singh, the father of Kysoor Nauth Singh, should also participate in the pension to be continued to the members of the late Jaghirdar's family.	26- 6-28	55
Inamdars		
Allowances—Syed Bahadur Hussain, Syed Meera Hussainy Derwish and others—The Board's orders.	21- 7-28	59
The Board informs the Collector that " the inam was granted on the usual terms of a Mootaliquan allowance for the support of the dependants of Syed Meera Hussainy Derwish and not as a personal inam to Syed Bahadur Hussainy subject to the condition of providing for the rest of the family."		
Settlement		
Fl. 1236-37—The Board's proceedings and Government's remarks.	28- 8-28	63-73
	11- 9-28	77-92
	30-10-28	103-11
Trivendipooram Mitta		
Purchase by Collector and confirmation of sale.	16-10-29	95
Mullegraumum Chapel		
The Board's recommendation and assignment of waste land—Government orders.	22-12-28	113
Nazranas		
Government of India's views—Circulated to all Collectors.	26- 6-28	145-93
Chidambaram Temple		
Presentation of an elephant by the Ranee of Travancore.	15- 5-28	197

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1829.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Mushroot Yeomiah		
Secunder Ally's share.	2- 7-1829	1
The Collector reported the death of Secunder Ally, a sharer in a Mushroot yeomiah of Rs. 354 granted for the performance of duties at the Musjid at Vendalore and about the nomination of a successor.		
The Board asks him how and at what period Secunder Ally obtained a share.		
Choultries		
Assignment of land for the support of.	20- 8-29	5-9
Charitable Endowments		
Pitchambut Village—Death of Arunachellum Gnanyar—Application from his disciple.	7- 9-29	12
Yeomiahs		
Sherif Abdul Ali—Continuance to his son Mensoor Ali.	17- 9-29	15

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Prize Money		
Mahrattah war—Rules circulated.	5-10-29	19
Settlement Report		
Sub-Collector—F. 1238.	- 7-29	31-8

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Letters from the Board of Revenue.
1829-30.

Extra Revenue		
D.C.B. for f. 1238—Proceedings of the Board.	17-12-1829	1-11
Settlement Report		
F. 1238—The Board's Proceedings.	1- 4-30	13-41
Public Works		
Civil Engineer's diary—Transmission to the Collector.	13- 1-30	49-59
Irrigation Repairs		
Cuppoor Voikal, The Khan Sahib Canal, Commeratchy Voikal, etc.—Civil Engineer's diary.	21- 9-30	61-101
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1830-1.

Settlement Report.		
Ff. 1239 and 1240—The Board's Proceedings.	30-12-1830	1-17
	29- 9-31	69-79
Extra Revenue		
F. 1239—The Board's Proceedings.	10- 2-31	23-31
Mosques		
Streemoostum—Allowances—Grant to Mahomet Hussain.	31- 3-31	37-9
Revenue Remission		
Principles for granting.	13- 6-31	45-57
Kazi		
Succession rules.	22- 8-31	63
Kattubadi		
Peons—Distribution of duties—Views of Collectors called for.	10-11-31	81-7
Extra Revenue		
F. 1240—The Board's proceedings.	1-12-31	89-101
Cuddalore		
Old factory house—Proposed use as a library and native hospital.	14- 1-31	103
Tahsildari Schools		
Requisition for particulars.	31- 1-31	111-29

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Letters from the Board of Revenue.
1832.

Irrigation Dispute		
Mohoor Moottum.		
The Collector of Trichinopoly reports that some of the inhabitants of Mohoor Moottum prevented a channel being cut from the Coleroon river to the Comarachy Voikal in the Chidambaram taluk. He observes that the "cut proposed to be made by the inhabitants of Comarachy for the purpose of drawing an increased supply of water to their village is likely to endanger the north bank of the Coleroon in the limits of Mohar Moottum to an annual loss of upwards of Rs. 10,000" along that part of the bank. Under these circumstances he requests the Collector of S. Arcot to issue orders to the Tahsildar of Chillambaram to restrain the inhabitants of Comarachy.	3-12-1832	9-15

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Salt Manufacture		
Convention with the French—Effects of—Report called for.	16- 1-32	17
	27- 3-32	33
————Arrangements in Cuddalore.	3- 7-32	43

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1833.

Settlement		
F. 1241—Government's observations.	12- 2-1833	5-9
Extra Revenue		
F. 1241—The Board's Proceedings.	22- 2-33	11-25
Settlement Report		
Of the Sub-Collector—F. 1242.	25- 9-33	33-41
Collectorate and Tahsildary Schools		
Provision of books and stationery.	7- 9-33	43-55
Hindoo Collectorate School		
Cuddalore—Teacher's qualifications—Report of the College at Fort St. George to the Collector.	5- 3-33	59

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1834.

Extra Revenue
F. 1242—The Board's Proceedings. — 6- 1-1834 — 3-17

Iron Ore
Mining lease to Mr. Josiah Morshall Heath. — 1- 5-34 — 23-38

Foreign Settlements
Special Agent's post abolished—Instructions to the Collectors. — 31- 7-34 — 39

1. "The Governor in Council has resolved that from 1-9-34, or at an earlier period, the office of the Special Agent for Foreign Settlements shall be abolished and that ordinary communication between the Government and those settlements shall be carried on through the Principal Collector of S. Arcot."
2. Government desire that "Board should instruct the Collector to correspond directly with the Principal Collector on all matters relating to foreign settlements, which may arise within their respective limits" on the abolition of the post of the Special Agent for Foreign Affairs.

Police Amins
Duties and pay—Regulation XI of 1816—Opinion of the Fouzdaree Udalut and of the Governor in Council on its construction. — 23- 6-34 — 45-61

Military Guards
Furnished to several Collectorates—Particulars called for by Government. — 29- 5-34 — 63-6

Kazi
Allowances, Muhamad Ally Tawker's petition—Orders of the Board. — 3-11-34 — 71-8

1. Muhammad Ally Tawker petitions the Board that his ancestors held the office of the Cauzee for 6 generations successively and enjoyed yeomiah of 6 villages together with a monthly allowance of Rs. 4; that the yeomiah was resumed in the time of his grandfather by the then Nabob Wallajah and in lieu of it one-half of Vengatoor village in the Tindivanam taluk was granted but this was afterwards assumed by the British Government in lieu of a certain allowance.
2. After the death of his grandfather, the duties of the Cauzee were conducted by persons nominated by him or by the petitioner who was then in Mysore; on his return, his name having been omitted from the register, he applied to the Sudder Udalut who confirmed him in the office and granted him sanads.
3. On the Collector's report the Board passes orders that the petitioner is not entitled to any arrears of the office for the time between the death of the last incumbent and the petitioner's appointment to the situation.

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Faslis		
Dates of commencement—The Board's proposed alterations and Government's orders.	8-12-34	79
Settlement		
F. 1242—The Board's Proceedings.	11-12-34	85-99
Irrigation Repairs		
Provision for repairs and Duswundam maniums—Rules issued.	6-11-34	101-10
Coleroon Anicut		
Proposed construction across the head of the Coleroon—Civil Engineer's diary and report—Transmission to the Collector. (See 4513/67-87).	28- 7-34 2- 9-34	131-45 313
Public Works		
Civil Engineer's diary and recommendations—Transmitted to the Collector.	25- 6-34 - 7-34 - 8-34	153-85 195-274
——— Civil Engineer's estimates transmitted to the Collector.	15- 7-34	187-94
Gadilam Anicut		
Construction of—Civil Engineer's diary.	1- 8-34	281
Public Works		
Trivady and Villupuram taluks—Civil Engineer's diary and proceedings transmitted to the Collector.	7- 8-34	283-311

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1835.

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F. 1243—The Board's Proceedings.	1- 6-1835	1-16
Settlement		
F. 1243—The Board's Proceedings.	20- 7-35	19-44
Coleroon Anicut		
Civil Engineer's diary transmitted to the Collector. (See 4512/131-45).	6- 1-35	67-87
——— Collector's report.	15- 6-35	125-70
Public Works		
Civil Engineer's diary for Mar. 1835—Transmitted to the Collector.	20- 3-35	89-107

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Miscellaneous.

From the Board of Revenue, etc.

1820-35.

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Salt Manufacture		
Danish Settlements.	28- 5-1824	53-68
1. Government of India to the Government of Madras.		
2. Agreement with the Danish Government. Copy to the Agent for Foreign Settlements.	22 -6-24	69-74
3. Salt Convention—Ratification by Court of Directors, etc. Extracts transmitted to the Special Agent for Foreign Settlements.	11- 3-31	93
Slave Traffic		
French Settlements—Kidnapping of children.	17- 2-32	101-7
1. There appears to have been a practice of kidnapping children from the Company's territories to be sold as slaves in the French settlement of Mahe.		
2. "The Hon. Governor in Council observes that the correspondence on this subject originated in a report from the Magistrate of Malabar" and was subsequently continued with the Governor-General of the French Settlements direct by the Government of Madras who referred, in one letter, to the kidnapping of a Nair child and requests the latter's co-operation in putting an end to the practice.		

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Salt Manufacture		
French Settlements—Convention with the French Government—Modification—Collector's report.	15-10-34	103-32

1. The Collector in his capacity as Agent for Foreign Settlements in India reports to the Chief Secretary to Government that he has addressed the French Governor on the proposed modification of the Salt Convention.
2. He proposed that "the arrangement made in 1818 shall be continued without any formal renewal." H.E. the Governor-General of French Settlements expresses a doubt "as to the power of agreeing to the new arrangement of the kind offered without previous reference to France." "While the matter remains on this footing it will of course be in the discretion of either party wholly to withdraw from the past engagement."
3. The Collector reports that from the reply of H.E. the French Governor it is observed that H.E., not being aware of the modifications proposed, had only solicited the sanction of his Government for the simple renewal of the Convention as it then stood without any modification.
4. The Collector proceeded to Pondicherry, waited on H.E. and found that H.E. had reasons which prevented him from subscribing to the modifications.
5. "The Government of Fort St. George wished to preserve to itself the right of discontinuing the payment of compensation to the French authorities upon giving one year's notice, if it should at any time be their wish to decline further interference with the manufacture of salt at the French Settlements while so much preservation was proposed to be allowed to the French Government.
6. The French Governor observed that the period of notice was too short and desired two years' notice.
7. The Collector opines that the advantages of the Convention are decidedly in favour of the French Government.

Customs		
Grain—Export from Yanam.	5-10-29	153

Government received information from the Special Agent for Foreign Settlements of the levy of duty at Coringa on the rice shipped at Yanam.

The Board of Revenue instructs the Collector of Rajahmundry that he was not authorised to levy any duty on grain exported from Yanam whether it was produced within the settlement or in the Company's territories.

Jurisdiction		
Crimes committed in French and British territories.	21- 3-35	201-37

1. *Case and counter-case.*
   A British subject lodged a complaint before the Head Police of Nannilam against one Kastury Rangappa Naick and others of the French territories for assaulting him and his people and forcibly carrying away a part of his crop. The Head Police addressed the French Government requesting delivery of the culprits. Some were made over and the rest were reported to be absconding.
2. A similar complaint was lodged before the French Police by K. Rangappah and others against those who accused him of assault. There was point of priority of cognizance of the case between the French and the British Police.
3. *Government's opinion.*
   The Magistrate at Tanjore not being able to decide on the point requests the orders of Government who pronounce that "the jurisdiction between nations in matters of police does not depend on any priority of cognizance"; that "the right of defence of the party charged cannot in any way be hampered by a priority of the cognizance" and that "the test of the jurisdiction is the place where the offence is committed."

Item.	Date.	Page number.

Jurisdiction—*cont.*

4. *The Advocate-General's opinion.*
The matter is then referred to the Advocate-General who holds that "the offences charged have been committed between the opposite parties in each charge, the one under investigation before the Magistrate of Tanjore is within the local limits of the British dominions and the other, under the investigation of the French Police, is within the local limits of the French territories. The offences are therefore perfectly distinct in time and place—and, however similar in quality, they cannot be identified."

"The question of delivering over the culprits depends upon the special treaty."

"The Magistrate appears to think that the two crimes and the punishment of them have some dependence on the relation to each other." This appears to be a mistake in principle. The law of all the nations is "Crime is an offence against the State."

5. "The question rests solely on one point: whether the French authority refuses under subterfuge or otherwise to deliver up or try to discover the offenders who have committed a crime in the British territory. If it does refuse, the offenders demanded by it from British territories should also be refused."

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Miscellaneous.

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1821.

Item	Date	Page number
Salt Monopoly		
Correspondence between the Collectors and the Special Agent for French Settlements.	10- 1-1821 -12-21	1-100

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Miscellaneous.

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1824.

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Jurisdiction		
Dutch at Porto Novo—Correspondence (in French).	13 -4-1824	7-50

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Miscellaneous.

From the Board of Revenue, etc.

1826–7.

Item	Date	Page number
Kazi		
Duties and pay, etc.—Details called for from Collectors—Minutes of Consultation.	28-11-1826	1-6
Dutch Pensioners		
Withdrawal by the Netherlands Government. The pensions of certain Netherlands pensioners were suddenly withdrawn by their Government on their ceding their possessions to the British. These pensions were granted only to the widows and orphans of the Netherlands servants, who were prevented by age from returning to Batavia. The Governor in Council grants them pensions provisionally.	13 - 7-26	163-71
Breach of Contract		
Defendants delivered to French authorities. Certain inhabitants of British territory entered into a contract with the French Government to execute a certain work. They eluded the fulfilment of the contract by returning again to the British territories. A complaint is made by the French Government at whose request the British Government propose to send the defendants back to Pondicherry.	17- 6-27	207-27

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Item.	Date.	Page number.
Irrigation Repairs		
Vuddavar channel—Civil Engineer's estimate.	28-12-26	289
Bridges		
Chellumbrum Road—Improvement of—Civil Engineer's report.	8- 1-27	291-2
Irrigation Works		
South Arcot District—Plans and estimate—Report of the Inspector-General of Civil Estimates.	28-12-27 26- 7-27	293-308 333-41
Public Works		
Annual repairs—Estimate from the Civil Engineer.	23- 8-27	373-9
Military		
Travelling allowance rules.	3-12-27	397-406

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Miscellaneous.

From the Board of Revenue, etc.

1828.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Correspondence		
Between the Collector and the French Settlements.	4- 1-1828	1-220
Irrigation Repairs		
Report of the Inspector-General of Civil Estimates.	25- 6-28 8- 5-28 - 7-28 - 4-28 - 8-28	225-34 237-9 249-52 255-61 265-8
Avenue Trees		
Planting of—Circular instructions.	24-11-28	269-71

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1835.

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Norfor, Mr. R. W.		
Master Attendant at Porto Novo.	26- 1-35	89-96
Applies to the Court of Directors for compensation, giving a sketch of his career.	21- 5-35	243-7
Marine Signals		
Marryat's signal sets are considered unnecessary at the ports of Cuddalore and Porto Novo.	31- 7-35	107
Port Rules	7- 3-35 9- 3-35	123-42 143-55
Unloading Cargo		
Mr. Norfor's dispute with contractor for labour.	5- 5-35	213-8
Marine		
Boat and catamarans—Tender for supply.	3- 9-35	405

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Index.

Letters received.

1834.

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Letters sent.

1835.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Index to letters sent in 1835.	1835	1-30

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Register.

Quit-rent.

1821-54.

Quit-rent bill registers, ff. 1231-1245. — **16 registers.**

Mahe.

Letters to the British Commissioner.

1825–34.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Mahe Extent of French possessions at. 1. *Treaty of 1814—Secret Committee's opinion.* "By the 8th article of the treaty of 1814 it was stipulated that all Colonies, fisheries, factories and establishments of every kind which were possessed by France on the 1st Jan. 1792 in the seas and on the continent of Asia should be restored." "The question to be determined is whether all or any of the places mentioned in the list were in possession of the French at the period specified in the treaty."	6- 5-1825	35-8
2. *French losses in 1789.* "When Tippoo Sultan overran Malabar in 1789, he deprived the French of all the possessions formerly held by them on the northern bank of the Mahe river, leaving them only the settlement known by that name on the southern bank of the river. The country was reconquered from Tippoo by a British force towards the end of 1790. The Secret Committee cannot discover any evidence of the restitution to the French of their lost possessions between the period of their recovery from Tippoo and the conclusion of peace with that prince in March 1792."		
3. *Admitted claims of the French.* "In 1797 Tippoo had caused it to be certified that the Corringotti or Rullayer district remained to all intents and purposes as much under Tippoo's Government as the rest of Malabar excepting only the Tarrahs of Pulloor Shaliaurrah and Pundi kell and that Lord Cornwallis after receiving this information directed the Bombay Government not to molest the three villages in question, the revenues of which together with those of the settlement of Mahe were to be collected separately with a view to their eventual restoration to the French."		
4. *No right to land north of the Mahe river.* The Secret Committee are therefore of opinion "that on the 1st Jan. 1792 the French were not actually in possession of any district or place to the north of the Mahe river and that they never had a right to any territory on the northern bank of the Mahe river with the exception of the Tarrahs of Palloor Shaliaurrah and Pundi kell."		
——— Further discussions—Opinion of the Commissioners for the affairs of India.	16- 5-25	41-3
1. The Commissioners for the affairs of India have considered the subject and are satisfied that the places on the north of the Mahe river were not in possession of the French on the 1st Jan. 1792. The only "document contrary to the above conclusion is a return purporting to show the places occupied by the French troops at the date of capitulation of Mahe in 1793." "From a letter addressed in October 1797 by the late Governor Duncan and General Stewart to the Commissioners in Malabar, it further appears that in consequence of a communication from Lord Cornwallis of the claim which the French had advanced to the district of Coringotte or Kallazee district, Tippoo had caused it to be notified that it remained under his control." "The extent of the territory in question does not exceed two square miles."		
2. *Opinion of the Advocate-General.* "The Treaty of Paris stipulates for the restitution of places in the possession of France on the 1st of January 1792. If there is no ambiguity in the interpretation intended to be put on these terms and if possession is understood to mean actual possession, there ought to be no difficulty in ascertaining it with precision." The Advocate-General is of opinion that the "East India Company may be required to supply more particular explanation relative to the actual possession of the ports, etc., on the northern side of Mahe."	25- 5-25	49-52

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Mahe—*cont.*		
Question of ownership—Discussions.		
3. *The India Board's opinion.*		
The India Board makes a careful search for the particulars required by the Advocate-General and reports that it has not come across any document.	7- 9-25	59-65
"The possessions should not be restored to the French on the simple declaration of the French Ambassadors."	..	73
The French produce a list of places occupied by the French troops. But this cannot be set as proof of possession against the more conclusive evidence in the possession of the British, which tends to prove that the "French never possessed a foot of land on the northern bank of the Mahe after they were dispossessed of their territories in that quarter by Tippoo in 1792."		
4. *The India Board's reference.*		
Mr. Courtenay of the India Board Office writes to Mr. Culloch of the East India House, that the Commissioners for the affairs of India request that the notes presented to Mr. Secretary Canning by Prince Polignac, the French Ambassador, may be laid before the Secret Committee. In the note "the Ambassador controverts some of the statement of fact made by the Secret Committee" and the India Board is desirous of receiving the observations of the Secret Committee.	25- 8-26	109
5. *The Secret Committee's reply.*		
Mr. Culloch replies that he is directed by the Secret Committee (a Committee of the Madras Government) to reply that the "Ambassador's statement desire no confirmation from the Company's records, the question at issue turns upon a mere matter of fact whether the French were in possession of certain territories in the Malabar district on 1—1—1792." From the Marine correspondence it is observed that the French did not possess any territory north of the Mahe river.	13- 9-26	113
6. *The Commissioners' finding.*		
Mr. Courtenay writes to Mr. Joseph Plants that the Commissioners for the affairs of India have considered Prince Polignac's argument that the French held possession of lands on the north bank 'de jure' if not 'de facto.' The Prince does not deny that Tippoo took those lands nor does he assert that Tippoo actually restored them to the French. He merely says that Tippoo ordered them to be evacuated, an argument which the Commissioners hold to be irrelevant. They consider that "no good result will arise from any further discussion in this country."		
7. Mr. Canning of the Foreign Office writes to His Excellency Prince Polignac summing up the whole deliberations of the Secret Committee, India Board and the Commissioners for the affairs of India.	4-12-26	141-55
8. *Discussion with the local French authorities.*		
Mr. Canning writes to the Special Agent for Foreign Settlements that "in pursuance of the instructions of the Secret Committee it is the intention of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council to depute the Special Agent in conjunction with Mr. Sheffield, the Principal Collector of Malabar, to examine and discuss with the French authorities at Mahe the proofs of possession by France of the disputed districts at the period 1—1—1792" and instructs the Special Agent that "the disposal of the question is to depend upon the fact of actual possession which has been stated above and not upon possession *de jure* to which either party may lay claim and that an interchange of evidence between the two parties is to take place and that the Special Agent and the Collector of Malabar are authorized to exhibit to the French authorities whatever documents or papers they may think advisable."	11- 9-27	157-61
Further the Special Agent is warned of the spirit of conciliation and liberality with which the discussion with the French authorities is to be conducted.		
9. *Records called for.*		
The Governor of Bombay and the Resident of Mysore are asked to send such of the records as would throw light on the question of ownership of the northern tract of Mahe.	25- 9-27	165-76

Vol. 4523—*cont.*

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Mahe—*cont.*		
10. *Local enquiry.*		
The Principal Collector of Malabar conducts an investigation and examines a very old and aged resident of the place.	15- 6-28	177-94
11. He represents that his appointment as a Commissioner to enquire into the French case greatly interferes with his revenue duties. Government therefore appointed Mr. Edward Croft Greenway who is at Mangalore.	25- 3-28	317-8
12. The records are examined.	..	333

Vol. 4524.

Dutch Settlements.

Letters to the British Commissioner.

1824-9.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Dutch Territories		
Surrender to Great Britain—Ratification of Treaty.	14-10-1824	1-34
1. The Secretary to the Government at Fort William transmits to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Fort St. George a copy of the secret letter from the Secret Committee together with a copy of the treaty concluded between the British and Netherlands Government.		
2. The letter from the Secret Committee states that as the treaty cannot be laid before Parliament until the ratifications have been exchanged, it is to be retained in the Secret Department. It is intended by the treaty that all the Dutch Settlements on the continent of India and on the peninsula of Malacca which are to be ceded to Great Britain should be transferred to the East India Company.		
3. "The most important matter arising out of the treaty so far as the British Government in India are concerned is the cession of Bencoolen and the Company's possessions on Sumatra to the King of the Netherlands."		
Dutch Territories		
Commissioner appointed.		
1. The Governor in Council appointed Lt.-Col. J. S. Fraser as a Commissioner to take possession of the Netherlands Settlements. He is instructed to be in readiness to proceed to Sedras for that purpose.	12-11-24	35
2. The Special Agent for Foreign Settlements is furnished with an extract of the proceedings of the Hon. the Governor in Council and the opinion of the Advocate-General on certain private cases affected by the treaty, etc.	23- 9-25	83-6

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Dutch Settlements.

Letters to the British Commissioner.

1818-21.

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Dutch Territories		
Restitution of—Treaty of 1814, etc.	31- 3-1818	1-3
1. The total claims made by the Netherlands Government on the British are proposed to be translated into English as they are in the Dutch language and in this connection a proposal is made to appoint a Dutch Translator to Government.	- 8-21	15-7
2. In 1795, when the Dutch possessions in the vicinity were ceded to the English an inventory was made of all the public property delivered over. This should also be done now.		
3. *Pulicat.*		
It appears to have been the custom when the Dutch were in the vicinity of Pulicat to collect the customs to be divided between H.H. the Nabob of Arcot and the Dutch Company but the latter assert that they possessed the sole right of taxing the town. They think that document on the subject will be found if a reference is made to the Nabob's Durbar.		
The question of the boundary of Pulicat is settled.		
4. *Tranquebar.*		
As a consequence of the engagement, the Principal Collector proposed to remove the English Port Office at Tranquebar. The inhabitants protest against this. The Special Agent for Foreign Settlements is furnished with a copy of the above correspondence.		
5. *Bimlipatam Factory.*		
The factory at Bimlipatam with the three bleaching grounds is made over to the Dutch.		49-50

Vol. 4526.

Miscellaneous.

Letters to the British Commissioner.

1825-35.

Item.	Date	Page number.
Dutch Pensioners		
In surrendered territories.	24- 6-1825	7-10
1. The Chief Secretary to Government writes to the Special Agent for Foreign Settlements that the Hon'ble the Governor in Council has determined on Mr. Duynevelt a monthly pension of Pag. 15 from the date when Sadras was transferred to the English.		
2. The Governor in Council is desirous that by means of communication with the local officers and the Netherlands Commissioner the Special Agent should satisfy himself with respect to the grounds of all applications for pecuniary assistance from any of the inhabitants of the Netherlands Settlements recently ceded, and that a general list of them should afterwards be submitted with his remarks.	- -	-
Dutch Pensioners		
Continuance of pensions under the British Government. (Already detailed in a previous volume).	3- 7-27	133-6

Bun. 4527.

Miscellaneous.

Letters to the British Commissioner.

1822-35.

Item.	Date	Page number.
French Settlements		
Boundary dispute—Manamadoo and Molugrampet village.	14-10-1835	File 1
The Collector of South Arcot, having received information that the inhabitants of Manamadoo, a French village, were charged with having removed grains from the English village of Molugrampet, reports to the Governor-General of all the French Settlements in India, that he was not aware that there was any dispute regarding the boundaries of the two villages and that he concurs in the view of the Governor-General that the boundary dispute should be settled first before any ulterior action is taken.		
Calicut		
French Factory—Right of taxation.	27- 5-31	File 2
1. The Principal Collector of Malabar reports to the Board that from the translation of a communication from the Zamorin and other documents accompanying it, it is established that the privileges allowed to the French were exclusively confined to trade. "To carry on the trade the French were permitted under the Hindoo Government to erect a factory house and to keep up a small establishment which was immediately subordinate to the Government of Mahe." The French authorities never claimed nor did they ever exercise the privilege of levying or raising revenue within the very small limits assigned to their factory in any way or shape whatsoever. Consequently the Collector of Malabar concludes that if their factory at Calicut should at any time be re-established, its only use would be to afford shelter to servants and other individuals belonging to their factory and that the right which they now claim to raise revenue within those limits is without foundation.		
2. The Board of Revenue forwards this correspondence with all the enclosures to Government stating that it seems quite clear from the evidence, that the factory at Calicut was erected with the permission of the ruling authority solely for trade purposes, and that authority exercised the same powers within the limits of the factory as without and that the French Residents never collected any revenue.		
3. The Government after perusing the documents sent by the Zamorin come to the conclusion that it is quite incontrovertible that the privilege allowed to the French under the Zamorin and subsequently under Hyder and Tippoo to have a factory for commerce at Calicut, can convey no right of taxation. They decline to accept the argument that, because the French flag flies over the factory at Calicut, they enjoy the highest prerogatives of sovereign power. It is something like the right of taxing the people in China or Hamburgh because British establishments for commerce are permitted to be maintained there.		

Bun. 4527—cont.

	Date.	Page number.

Calicut—cont.

"The Governor in Council feels assured that the Governor of the French Settlements in India, on a further consideration of the question discussed in the papers referred to, will see the propriety of at once relinquishing the exercise of a right which cannot be supported on any just grounds."

"As regards the sale of toddy on a small spot possessed by the French at Masulipatam, which has been referred to as a precedent by the local authorities of the French Government in the case of the factory at Calicut, the Governor in Council observes that the Board of Revenue immediately brought to the notice of the French in 1822 and recommended methods for the removal of the nuisance. But the Government, being unwilling to raise a discussion on a matter of so trivial a nature and one which was never expected to be drawn into a precedent, resolved that the Special Agent for Foreign Settlements should be instructed to endeavour to procure a transfer of the piece of ground in question to the British Government either by sale or on lease."

4. The Governor in Council resolves that the Special Agent for Foreign Settlements should request the French Government to relinquish the French right of taxation at Calicut.

French Ground at Masulipatam

	Date.	Page number.
Opening of a toddy shop.	29- 3-22	File 4

1. The Collector at Masulipatam reports to the Board of Revenue that a native lately erected a shop and commenced selling toddy. The Collector stopped this, but when he came to know that it was established by the authority of the Chief Mr. Durhone he withdrew from interfering.
2. The subject is of greater importance because the shop is exactly in the centre of the Pettah where troops are quartered and the European soldiers are frequenting it.
3. The Board refers the matter to Government who forward the whole correspondence to the Special Agent for Foreign Settlements with instructions to endeavour to procure a transfer of the piece of ground to the British Government either by sale or by lease.

Boundary Dispute

	Date.	Page number.
Villagers of Vilvanoor and Calititacoopam.	28-11-35	File 7
	17- 8-29	„ 8
	9- 9-25	„ 9

Bun. 4528.

Miscellaneous.

Letters to the British Commissioner.

1834-5.

Special Agent for Foreign Settlements

	Date.	Page number.
Abolition of the post.	26- 8-1834	File 1
	8- 7-35	„ 3
	15- 7-34	„ 4
——— Retention of certain establishments.	30- 8-34	„ 5

Bun. 4529.

Miscellaneous.

Letters to the British Commissioner.

1825-34.

	Date.	Page number.
Index to letters sent.	1834	File 1
Panchand, Mr. John		
Disposal of the estate of.	25-11-1825	„ 4

Bun. 4530.

Miscellaneous

Letters to the British Commissioner.

1826-33.

Suits

	Date.	Page number.
British subjects in French Courts.	30- 8-1833	File 1

1. The Advocate-General is of opinion that "the British Government ought not to and cannot conveniently interfere in any manner with respect to suits in progress through the French Courts against British subjects whose persons or property happen to be within the ordinary jurisdiction of those Courts exercised according to regular course."

Item.	Date.	Page number.
Suits—*cont*.		
2. The Governor in Council concurs in the view taken by the Advocate-General, but it should be published in the Fort St. George Gazette that "official significations by the French tribunals may involve the interests of British subjects."		
Dutch Settlements		
Adialchery and Bimlipatam.	31- 5-31	File 2
1. Extract from a general letter from England dated 24-11-1830 which states that the lands ceded by the Dutch at Adialchery, annexed to the Zamindari of Anicut, and at Bimlipatam, annexed to the Zamindari of Vizagapatam, had been included in the assets of the respective Zamindaris in forming the permanent settlement. "They were given up as ancient possessions to the Dutch in 1819. Upon the subsequent cession they were claimed on fair grounds by the respective Zamindars." The terms are fair and are therefore approved.		
2. With reference to the "future cession of territory from foreign Governments on the Coast it may happen that the whole of the revenue may be alienated and it is therefore obvious that is a matter for the vigilance of the British Government. Whenever such cession may hereafter be in contemplation it is necessary to enquire accurately into the engagements under which the land may be held, and the amount of the revenue which may remain derivable from it to the Government."		
3. Another extract from a letter from the Board of Revenue conveys that the Board has understood "that some of the foreign Governments on the Coast since their return to India have in some instances disposed of their rights in perpetuity over certain of the lands situated within their territory." "If the cession be accompanied by the usual provision for respecting private property and landed tenures, it may lead to a transfer to the British Government of a territory void of any revenue."		
4. The correspondence is forwarded to the Special Agent for Foreign Settlements for guidance.		
Jurisdiction		
French and British.	25-10-27	„ 3
House belonging to Ragoonaickloo, shroff of Masulipatam Cutcherry.		
Cholera		
Inoculation.	29-12-26	„ 4
Report of the Medical Board.		
Communicated to the Special Agent for Foreign Settlements.		
Affleck, Lt. G.		
Disappearance of.	14- 9-27	„ 11
Lieut. G. Affleck took leave from his Regiment. His whereabouts are being traced. The Special Agent for Foreign States is furnished with a copy of the correspondence.		
Danish Tribute		
To Tanjore.	27- 4-32	„ 16
1. His Excellency the Governor of Tranquebar objected to the payment of the sums hitherto paid to the Rajah of Tanjore for the loss of certain advantages to which the Danish Government were entitled.		
2. The paper gives an extract from a treaty between the King of Denmark and the Rajah of Tanjore in November 1620, which grants to the Danes a duty-free commerce with Tanjore on the payment of an annual tribute by the Crown of Denmark to the Rajah of Tanjore.		
Vanspall, M. P.		
A Dutch inhabitant of Tuticorin.	26- 2-33	„ 17
Petitions to H.E. the Governor in respect of his grievances. The petition is sent to the Special Agent for Foreign Settlements.		
Passport		
European Subjects entering the Company's territories—Regulation and advertisements.	31- 1-26	„ 19

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